The Sydney Morning Herald.

No. 10,104.--VOL. LXII. SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1870. PRICE TWOPENCE.

BIRTHS.

On September 12th, at her father's residence, Harlyn Cottage, Ashfield, the wife of W. B. MULHALL, Esq., Luddenham Estate, near Penrith, of a daughter. Both well.

On the 25th September, at Barney Downs, New England, Mrs. JOHN G. DICKSON, of a son.

On the 3rd instant, at Richmond, the wife of the Rev. J. CAMERON, M.A., of a daughter.

On the 5th instant, at her residence, 580, George-street, Sydney, Mrs. J. M'EVOY, of a son. Both doing well.

On the 6th instant, at Brisbane Cottage, Parramatta, the wife of JAMES DENNIS, Esq., of a son.

MARRIAGES.

On the 17th of August, at the residence of the bride's parents, by the Rev. W. Slatyer, ADAM PATTERSON, sixth son of Mr. W. WARDNER, of Cleveland-street, Redfern, to ESTHER, youngest daughter of Mr. R. SPENCE, of George-street, Redfern; both natives of the colony.

On the 25th August, at the residence of the bride's sister, Balmain, by the Rev. Colin M'Culloch, HENRY, eldest son of the late EDWARD ECTON HUGHES, Esq., of Bath, England, to Miss BRIDGET GEORGINE, third daughter of THOMAS WILLIAM NEWMAN, joiner and builder, of Rosehill-street, Redfern.

On the 22nd September, at St. James's Church, Sydney, by the Rev. G. C. Bode, RICHARD, son of the late RICHARD MARTIN, Adelaide, to ROSE, daughter of the late CHARLES HEYWARD FURNITH, and granddaughter of the late Rev. Thomas Heyward, Sheffield, Yorkshire.

On the 3rd instant, by special license, at St. Mary's Cathedral, by the Rev. Mr. Mahony, JAMES COAN, Sydney, to MARIA, third daughter of MATTHEW DIVINE, Ireland.

On the 3rd instant, at the residence of Mrs. Watson, Liverpool-street, by the Rev. R. Sellors, JEFFREY son of JOHN GRIME, Esq., of Casino, to JOSEPHINE HARRIET, daughter of the late JOSEPH FYLES, Esq., of Richmond River.

On the 3rd instant, at his residence, 41, Burton-street, South Head Road, by the Right Rev. Dr. Bailey, Bishop of the Free Church of England, Mr. PETER PAUL SAMUEL KNIGHT, sawyer, to SUSANNA, daughter of Mr. JAMES PUGH, both of Anne-street, Balmain.

On the 6th instant, by the Right Rev. Dr. Bailey, Bishop of the Free Church of England, Mr. THOMAS GATES, of Athlone-street, Parramatta-street, Glebe, to MARGARET, daughter of Mr. EDWARD WHITE, formerly of Dublin, Ireland, of Woolloomooloo-street, Woolloomooloo.

DEATHS.

On the 15th January, suddenly, at the residence of his father, JAMES, fourth son of Mr. JOHN DOUGLASS, of Elmwood Avenue, Belfast, Ireland, late of Rosehill-street, Redfern, Sydney.

On the 2nd instant, at his residence, Bridge-street, Mr. JAMES WALTER MITCHELL, of Market Hill, near Belfast, Ireland, aged ... Belfast papers please copy.

On the 7th instant, at 361, George-street, AMELIA, beloved wife of EDMUND ROGERS, in the 44th year of her age, native of the city of Norwich, England.

SHIPPING.

OVERLAND ROUTE TO ENGLAND.—The PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Steamship,
GEELONG,
1584 tons, 250 horse-power,
R. T. Dundas, commander,
will be dispatched for GALLE, with her Majesty's mails, passengers, specie, and cargo, on SATURDAY, the 8th October, 1870, at 9 a.m., touching at MELBOURNE and KING GEORGE'S SOUND.

Cargo will be received until 5 p.m. on the 5th, and specie and parcels until 3 p.m. of the 6th.

For particulars regarding freight and passage, with information on all subjects connected with the PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S LINES, apply to
HENRY MOORE, Agent.
Moore's Wharf, Sydney, 8th September, 1870.

An allowance of 20 per cent. on the charge for Return Passengers is made to Passengers from Australia to Europe (or vice versa), re-embarking within six months from day of landing; and to Passengers from Australia to India (or vice versa) re-embarking within three months.

SAN FRANCISCO AND OVERLAND TO ENGLAND.
THE CALIFORNIAN, NEW ZEALAND, AND AUSTRALIAN MAIL LINE OF STEAM PACKETS, under Contract for a Monthly Mail Service.—The splendid steamship CITY OF MELBOURNE, 1250 tons, H. Grainger, commander, will be dispatched from SYDNEY, on the 31st instant, at 4 p.m., via AUCKLAND and HONOLULU, SANDWICH ISLANDS, carrying an experienced Surgeon. Superior accommodation for Saloon, Cabin, and Intermediate passengers. A good table, with attendance, can be relied upon in each department. Saloon passengers are provided with every requisite. Wines and spirits extra. Bedding is not provided for the second cabin or intermediate. Parties proceeding to the United States of America or Europe should avail themselves of this line, which is admitted to have decided advantages over all others, having calm seas, and avoiding the disagreeableness of a long sea voyage. The whole journey may be considered a pleasure trip, and cheaper and quicker than any other route. Special arrangements will be made with families. 10 per cent. will be allowed on return tickets. Immediate application for passages should be made to avoid disappointment, as many berths are already engaged.

For full particulars apply to M. METCALFE and CO., No. 3, Bridge-street; or at the Head Office, Grafton Wharf.
H. H. HALL, U. S. Consul.

H. R. N. S. N. CO.—STEAM to the HUNTER.—THIS (Saturday) NIGHT, at 11, the PATERSON.
On MONDAY NIGHT, at 11, the CITY OF NEWCASTLE.
Goods received for Miller's Forest on MONDAY.
F. J. THOMAS, Manager.
Offices—foot of Market-street.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.
TO MELBOURNE.—Auckland, Monday afternoon, at 4; and Alexandra, Tuesday afternoon, at 4.
TO FIJI, via AUCKLAND.—Auckland, Saturday, 22nd instant, at 2 p.m. (See special advertisement.)
TO HUNTER RIVER.—Collaroy, Monday morning, at 7; and Coonanbara, Tuesday night, at 11.
TO PATERSON RIVER.—Goods received on Saturday and forwarded per Collaroy, on Monday morning.
TO BRISBANE.—Lady Young, this afternoon, Saturday, at 2.
TO MARYBOROUGH.—Havilah, Thursday afternoon, at 4.
TO ROCKHAMPTON.—Balclutha, Wednesday afternoon, at 4.
TO BROAD SOUND and Pioneer River.—Balclutha will take cargo to be transhipped at Rockhampton, per Tinonee.
TO CLEVELAND BAY, via Port Denison.—Boomerang, on or about Thursday, 20th instant.
FROM BRISBANE TO ROCKHAMPTON, calling at Maryborough and Gladstone.—Steamer weekly.
Cargo is now being received for transmission to any of the above ports.
NO CARGO received for the steamers going to Melbourne or Queensland after 3 p.m. on their day of sailing.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.
A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

C. AND R. R. S. N. CO.'S STEAMSHIPS.—For GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER, via NEWCASTLE.—The AGNES IRVING, TUESDAY NIGHT, at 10 o'clock.
For the MACLEAY RIVER, via Newcastle and PORT MACQUARIE, the DIAMANTINA, MONDAY NIGHT, at 10.
For the MANNING RIVER direct, the FIRE KING, MONDAY AFTERNOON, at 4.
No cargo received after 3 o'clock for the Manning.
W. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

STEAM TO THE RICHMOND RIVER, via NEWCASTLE.
The WAIMEA, on TUESDAY, the 11th October, delivering cargo at all parts by steam tender Lotus, and landing passengers within a mile of the diggings, on the NORTH BEACH.

STEAM to BRISBANE WATER.—ALCHYMIST, on SATURDAY, at 8 a.m. Lime-street Wharf.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
STEAM TO THE FIJI ISLANDS.
The steamship
AUCKLAND,
F. Moore, commander,
will be dispatched for
THE FIJIS,
via AUCKLAND,
on Saturday, 22nd instant, at 2 p.m.
Intending passengers and shippers of stock and cargo will please make early application, to the Traffic Manager, for full particulars of fares and freight.
FREDK H. TROUTON, Manager.
A. S. N. Co.'s Wharf, Sussex-street.

FOR AUCKLAND direct.—
The favourite steamship,
HERO,
765 tons register, 300-horse power,
Thomas Logan, commander,
will be dispatched from the Grafton Wharf, for Auckland, on WEDNESDAY, 12th October, at 4 p.m.
Goods received free of wharfage.
For freight or passage apply to ELDRED and SPENCE, 62, Margaret-street.

STEAM TO NEW ZEALAND, calling at all Ports.—
The steamship
RANGITOTO
will be dispatched from MELBOURNE on the 15th October, via Hokitika.
Through tickets to and from all New Zealand ports issued by the undersigned.
For rates of passage, freight, and any information, apply to JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, 3, Bridge-st.

ELLEN, for TWOFOLD BAY and TATHRA, on MONDAY, 10th October. Victoria Wharf.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS.—TO SHOALHAVEN.—Illalong, TO-MORROW, 9 p.m.
WOLLONGONG.—Hunter, MONDAY, at 11 a.m.
Illalong, MONDAY, at 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—Hunter, MONDAY, at 11 a.m.
CLYDE RIVER.—Hunter, MONDAY, at 11 a.m.
KIAMA.—Illalong, MONDAY, at 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA.—Hunter, THURSDAY, at 10 a.m.
MORUYA.—Kembla, 21st instant.

PARRAMATTA AND RIVER STEAMERS.
THIS DAY, 7, 9, 11, 1.15, 3, 5. To RYDE, 6.15, 11.
From Parramatta, 7, 9, 11, 1, 3, 5.
N.B. — EXCURSION TICKETS, at SINGLE FARES, available from 1 p.m. to 6.15 p.m.
TO-MORROW, the EMU—
From King-street, 9.15, 2.15, 6.15.
From PARRAMATTA, 7, 12 noon, 4.30 p.m.
CALLING at COCKATOO, HUNTER'S HILL, FIVE DOCK, GLADESVILLE, RYDE, ERMINGTON, NEWINGTON, SUBIACO.
Gladesville and Parramatta—Saloon, 1s 3d; return, 2s. Steerage, 1s; return, 1s 6d. Children—return, saloon, 6d.
Omnibuses attend to convey passengers to and from the steamers, and Parramatta Park, &c., fare 3d.

GEORGE'S RIVER AND LIVERPOOL.
Steamer from BOTANY WATERWORKS on SATURDAY, 8th October, calling at SANS SOUCI at 11 a.m., and at LIVERPOOL at 3 p.m., returning to Botany before dark. Passengers by the 1.40 afternoon cheap train to Liverpool can return by the steamer. Passengers by steamer can return by cheap train in the evening. Fares: Single, 3s 6d; return, 5s; ladies and children, return tickets, half-price.
Omnibuses from Wynyard-square at 9.15.

STEAM TO HOBART TOWN, calling at Eden, Twofold Bay. — Steamship CITY OF HOBART, from Grafton Wharf, on TUESDAY, 18th instant, at 9 a.m.
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—REGULAR WEEKLY COMMUNICATION,
by steamships
MACEDON and DANDENONG,
which will be dispatched as follows:—
MACEDON,
THURSDAY, October 13th, at 4 p.m.
from Struth's (late Q. S. N. Co.'s) Wharf, with passengers and cargo. The saloon is amidships.
Fares—£4; return tickets, £6 10s.
Return tickets available for two months.
The attention of second-class passengers is directed to the accommodation provided in the above vessels, with enclosed cabins for females and families.
MELBOURNE STEAMSHIP COMPANY,
Struth's Wharf.

GREAT REDUCTION OF FARES.
STEAM TO QUEENSLAND.
The regular trading steamship
BLACKBIRD, 1000 tons,
W. Rouse, commander,
will be dispatched from the Grafton Wharf, on TUESDAY, the 11th October, for
BRISBANE,
GLADSTONE, and
ROCKHAMPTON,
taking passengers and cargo at
GREATLY REDUCED RATES.
FARES:

To Brisbane.				
Saloon	..	..	..	£4 0 0
Steerage	..	..	..	1 10 6
To Gladstone.				
Saloon	..	..	..	£5 10 0
Steerage	..	..	..	2 17 6
To Rockhampton.				
Saloon	..	..	..	£6 0 0
Steerage	..	..	..	3 0 0

The saloon is amidships.
A stewardess is appointed to attend in the ladies' saloon.
A liberal table is provided, and every attention paid to the comforts of passengers.
The attention of steerage passengers is called to the superior accommodation provided for them.
A separate cabin for females and children.
Shippers are respectfully informed that Bills of Lading will be signed only at the office, on the wharf, and on forms to be had there or at our office.
For all particulars apply to
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents,
3, Bridge-street.

WATSON'S BAY STEAMER THIS DAY.—The HERALD leaves Queen's Wharf, 7, 10.15, 2.15; Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 2.30. Watson's Bay, 8.15, 11.30, and 5. Return tickets, 1s. Children, sixpence.

WATSON'S BAY STEAMER.—On SUNDAY, the VESTA leaves Circular Quay, 10.30, 2.30; Watson's Bay, 12 and 5.
Return ticket, Sixpence.

WATSON'S BAY STEAMER.—On SUNDAY, the HERALD leaves Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 2.45; Watson's Bay, 12 and 5.
Return ticket, Sixpence.

STEAM TO MANLY BEACH, THIS DAY.—Steamers GOOLWA, PHANTOM, and COBRA leave Queen's Wharf 10.15, 2.30; Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 2.45; Manly Beach, 8.15, 12, 5. Fare—Return ticket, 1s 6d; children, 1s.
TO-MORROW, Sunday—Queen's Wharf, 10.15, 2.30; Woolloomooloo, 10.30, 2.45; Manly Beach, 12, 5. Fare—Return ticket, 1s; children, 6d.
N.B.—No freight taken after 10.15 on Saturdays.
THOMAS HESELTON.

LANE COVE RIVER.—Steamer TO-MORROW, Sunday.—The FERRY QUEEN leaves Queen's Wharf 2.15; returning at 6. Return ticket, 1s 6d.
N.B.—Passengers landed any part of the River.

FIRST SHIP FOR LONDON.
FOR WOOL and PASSENGERS ONLY.
The favourite A1 clipper ship LIBERATOR, 700 tons register, Alexander Levie, commander, having the whole of her dead weight and a large portion of her wool on board and stowed, will be dispatched in a few days.
The saloon accommodation is of first-class description.
Wool received at Talbot's Stores.
For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, or to
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO., Agents.

FIRST SHIP FOR LONDON.
FOR FEBRUARY SALES.
THE ALEXANDER DUTHIE
will be dispatched on the 25th October.
Intending passengers are invited to inspect the splendid saloon accommodation of this favourite ship. A milch cow will be put on board for the use of passengers. Apply on board to Captain NORIE; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
Wool received at Flood's.

MESSRS. GREEN'S BLACKWALL LINE OF PACKETS FROM MELBOURNE TO LONDON.—To sail 26th October. The magnificent frigate-built ship, ALNWICK CASTLE, 1200 tons, F. De Carteret, commander.
Fares: £16 and upwards.
SALOON CABINS fitted with CABIN FURNITURE.
SECOND CABIN supplied with table utensils and STEWARD'S ATTENDANCE.
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., 364, George-street.

ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—For LONDON.—NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.—The following first-class vessels, making an average passage of 80 days, will be dispatched on or about the following dates:—

	Tons.	Commander.	
DAMASCUS	964	Taylor	Oct.
QUEEN OF NATIONS	846	Donald	Oct.
JOHN DUTHIE	1031	Robertson	Nov.
MAID OF JUDAH ..	667	Bain	Nov.
HARLAW	894	Philip....	Dec.

to be followed by other first-class vessels.
The dietary arrangements are superior, and each vessel carries an experienced surgeon.
Apply to MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., O'Connell-street.

FIRST SHIP for LONDON—FOR FEBRUARY SALES.
ABERDEEN CLIPPER LINE.—FOR LONDON.—The A1 clipper ship DAMASCUS, 964 tons register, Thomas Taylor, commander, having the whole of her dead weight down, and the greater portion of her wool engaged, will have immediate dispatch. This vessel has roomy and well ventilated saloon accommodation, to which the attention of intending passengers is directed.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Circular Quay; or to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

TO PASSENGERS FOR LONDON.—The magnificent clipper ship THE LORD WARDEN, A1 13 years, 1257 tons register, J. Smith, commander, belonging to Messrs. Green, of Blackwall, will be dispatched on 15th January, 1871.
This splendid ship has been built expressly for the passenger trade, her cabins being unusually large and fitted with bed places, washstands, &c. There are also ladies' and gentlemen's bathrooms, and a smoking-room; in fact, every convenience for the comfort of passengers.
For terms apply at the office of the undersigned, where plans can be inspected.
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO., Pitt-street, or to
YOUNG and LARK, Margaret-street.

TO PASSENGERS FOR LONDON.
The undermentioned first-class passenger ships will be dispatched by the undersigned in the following order, during the ensuing season:—

	Tons.	Commander.	To sail.
ALEXANDER DUTHIE....	1158	Norie	Oct.
MARTHA BIRNIE	831	Taylor	Oct.
LA HOGUE	1331	Goddard ..	Nov.
ZEMINDAR	1096	Johnson ..	Nov.
ANN DUTHIE	993	Birnie	Dec.
RESOLUTE	1072	Campbell ..	Dec.
			1871.
DUKE OF SUTHERLAND	1047	Loutitt	Jan.
DUNBAR CASTLE	925	Rowe.......	Jan.
PARRAMATTA	1521	Swanson ..	Feb.
SOBRAON	2130	Elmslie....	March.

For plans of cabins, rates of passage, and all other information, apply to
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR LONDON.
The LA HOGUE
will be dispatched on the 23rd NOVEMBER.
The attention of intending passengers is invited to the enlarged and improved Second Cabin accommodation.
Rates of Passage Money.
Saloon as per agreement.

Second Cabin........	£31 10 0
Intermediate........	21 0 0
Steerage............	18 0 0

For freight or passage apply on board to Captain GODDARD; or to GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

MONEY, WIGRAM and SON'S LINE OF PASSENGER SHIPS, FROM MELBOURNE TO LONDON.—The splendid new clipper ship ESSEX, 1042 tons, W. H. Merryman, commander, will sail on MONDAY, 17th October.
The passenger accommodations of this fine ship are very superior.
Saloon (according to accommodation required).

Second cabin..........................	£25 to £27.
Third cabin	£18 to £20.
Steerage..............................	£16.

M. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

NOTICE TO INTENDING PASSENGERS.—STEAM TO ENGLAND UNDER 60 DAYS.—MONEY WIGRAM and SONS splendid new steamship SOMERSETSHIRE, 2342 tons register, 300-horse power nominal (1500 indicated), J. S. Attwood, commander, will leave Melbourne for London, on SATURDAY, 12th NOVEMBER. The passage accommodations of this favourite steamship are unsurpassed. The saloon is provided with bedding, linen, &c., and every requisite for the voyage.
For terms of fares, and all particulars, apply to
M. METCALFE and CO., 9, Bridge-street.

FIRST VESSEL for HONGKONG.—The well-known clipper ship
ASHBURTON, 1000 tons,
Captain Smith, will be dispatched in a few days.
Has splendid accommodation for CHINESE PASSENGERS, with good height 'tween decks.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Throckmorton's Wharf; or to
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

FIRST VESSEL FOR HONGKONG. — The magnificent first-class clipper ship
ARCHER,
956 tons register, Captain Power, is now loading at Macnamara's Wharf, and will sail positively on SATURDAY, the 15th instant. Has superior accommodation for Chinese passengers.
For freight or passage, apply to
WILLIAMS and CO., Gresham-street; or to
JOHN BLACK and CO., 54, Pitt-street North.

FOR HONGKONG.—The clipper American ship AKBAR, 1400 tons, Captain C. W. Samson, will be dispatched from Newcastle on or about the 22nd October. For light freight or passage apply to
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, 3, Bridge-street.

FOR PASSENGERS AND FREIGHT FOR CALCUTTA, the ship ROBERT LEES, on or about 8th October.
Apply on board; or to WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

ONLY VESSEL for HONOLULU.—The A1 brig SUSAN, Captain Hughes, now lying at Campbell's Wharf. For freight or passage apply to
T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

FOR NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA direct.—The fine barque ELLESMERE, J. M'Kenzie, master, now alongside the wharf, will commence loading THIS DAY, and be quickly dispatched.
For freight or passage apply to R. J. HARDY, Lime-street Wharf; or JAMES THORNE, Exchange-corner.

FOR NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA.—The clipper schooner CHALLENGE clears at the Customs on MONDAY. Shippers will please complete shipments, pass ENTRIES, and send in bills of lading for signature.
BIFFIN and CLARKE, 147, Pitt-street.

HARRIET ARMITAGE, for OVALAU, FIJI and TAVIUNU, has been detained till MONDAY, at request of SHIPPERS, when she will positively proceed to sea; is now fast loading, and cargo must be sent down at once.
Has unrivalled accommodation for passengers in CABIN and STEERAGE, and early application is necessary to secure berths.
For all particulars apply on board, at the Corporation Wharf; or to
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

FIRST VESSEL for LEVUKA, FIJI ISLANDS.—The clipper schooner YOUNG AUSTRALIAN, Captain John Lake, having the greater portion of her cargo engaged, will be dispatched positively on MONDAY, 10th instant.
For freight or passage apply to
JOHN FRAZER and CO., York-street; or to
E. VICKERY, Pitt-street.

FOR LYTTELTON, N.Z. direct.—The fine A1 barque JOHN KNOX, 400 tons register, B. Jenkins, commander, will be dispatched in a few days.
For freight or passage apply to the Captain, on board, at Grafton Wharf; or
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.

FOR FIJI.—The clipper barque NORMAN will be dispatched for LEVUKA, TAVIUNA, and SAVUA SAVUA, on the 15th instant.
For freight or passage apply on board, at Campbell's-Wharf; or to
T. and J. SKINNER, 15, Macquarie-place.

FOR FIJI and FRIENDLY ISLANDS.—The clipper schooner PRINCE OF WALES will have quick dispatch, having the greater part of her cargo engaged.
Apply to E. LOWTHER, 117, Sussex-street.

CIRCULAR SAW LINE of SAILING PACKETS FOR AUCKLAND, conveying cargo to other NEW ZEALAND PORTS.
KATE, Captain Cooper, 16th October, now loading
NOVELTY, Captain Nearing, 1st November
CONSTANCE, Captain Gibbon, 16th November.
Goods received for this LINE, FREE OF WHARFAGE, at PATENT SLIP WHARF.
For all particulars apply to
LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

FOR WELLINGTON.—The fine steamer LADY BIRD.
For freight or passage apply to LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO., Charlotte-place.

FIRST VESSEL for CANTERBURY, N.Z.—The A1 barque JOLIBA, T. J. Bowton, master, will sail for LYTTELTON direct in a few days. For light freight or passage, apply to the Master on board; or to
BEILBY and SCOTT, Agents.

FIRST VESSEL for ADELAIDE.—The fast-sailing brig LALLA ROOKH will sail on or about the 10th instant. For freight or passage apply to
T. G. SAWKINS, Exchange.

TO BROAD SOUND and MACKAY.—The HANNAH NEWTON, detained by shippers, will clear at the Customs on Thursday, 13th October. For freight, &c., apply to J. L. HAYNES, 6, King-street; or LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO.

FIRST VESSEL for CLEVELAND BAY.—The clipper brigantine ROYAL DUKE is now loading, and will have quick dispatch.
For rates of freight apply ROBERT CAMPBELL, Commercial Wharf.

ROYAL DUKE for CLEVELAND BAY.—Shippers are requested to complete shipments at once.
For rates of freight apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., or ROBERT CAMPBELL, Commercial Wharf.

FOR RICHMOND RIVER.—The schooner LOOK OUT sails first fair wind. For freight or passage apply on board, at Cowper's Wharf, Woolloomooloo Bay.

RICHMOND RIVER GOLD-FIELDS.—The WAIMEA, on the 11th October, landing diggers within a mile of the NORTH BEACH. N.B.—The gold-fields are all NORTH of the Richmond.

BELLINGER RIVER, first fair wind, going up to the Falls.—The clipper schooner COUNTESS OF BELMORE. For freight or passage apply on board, Market Wharf.

FOR BELLINGER RIVER.—Schooner CLEONE first fair wind. Lime-street Wharf.

RICHMOND RIVER—all Parts.—Sarah Nicoll sails Monday. Freight, &c., G. and B. Nicoll, Erskine-st.

FOR NANBUCCRA RIVER.—MARTHA, from Commercial Wf., Saturday evening. H. F. Camroux.

SHIP CAPE CLEAR, from Liverpool.—NOTICE to CONSIGNEES.—This vessel will discharge at Campbell's Wharf, and having reported at Custom-house, consignees are requested to pass ENTRIES without delay. All goods for which entries are not passed within the time allowed by law will be landed and bonded without further notice. The ship will not be responsible for damage to or loss of cargo after the same has been landed. Freight must be paid and delivery orders obtained at the office of the undersigned before any goods can leave the wharf.
LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME, Agents,
30, Hunter-street.

Captain LANDSBROUGH, of the above ship, will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his crew without his written authority.

SHIP ROBERT LEES, Captain Rose, from London.—All ACCOUNTS must be rendered in duplicate by noon on MONDAY, 10th instant, or they will not be recognised.
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

SHIP SARAH GRICE, from London.—Notice to Consignees.—This ship having reported 30th ultimo, all cargo for which ENTRIES have not been passed, will be cleared, landed, and stored as it comes to hand at consignees' risk and expense, without further notice.
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

FOR SALE, barque MAUD HELEN, 700 tons register.
This well-known barque is for sale by the undersigned at a figure very much below her real value.
She underwent extensive repairs and was reclassed in 1867. Is well found in stores, boats, anchors, chains, &c. Her masts, sails, standing and running rigging are in first-class order, and may be considered almost new.
She is now lying in Lavender Bay, where intending buyers can inspect her upon application to Captain ROSS, on board, from whom and the undersigned inventories and all further information can be obtained.
BEILBY and SCOTT.
Pitt-street North.

WANTED, a handy VESSEL, to load wool from South Australia to London. Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.

CHARTERS. — TONNAGE wanted for
Bombay
Calcutta
Shanghai
Hongkong
San Francisco.
To load either at Sydney or Newcastle.
JOSEPH WARD and CO., Agents, 3, Bridge-street.

CHARTERS.—Wanted, TONNAGE for BOMBAY, CALCUTTA, SHANGHAI, HONGKONG, and other EASTERN PORTS; also for SAN FRANCISCO. Good rates and quick dispatch. For all particulars apply to LAIDLEY, IRELAND, and CO., Lloyd's-chambers.

CHARTERS.—Tonnage wanted for Bombay and for Shanghai. WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

FOR SALE, the remarkably fine first-class Vessel—Barque SOUTHERN BELLE, 347 tons register. BRIGHT, BROTHERS, and CO., Brisbane; or ELDRED and SPENCE, 62, Margaret-street, Sydney.

PRIVATE SALE.—To be SOLD, a bargain, the iron screw steamer ENTERPRISE, 16-horse power. Apply HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, Yacht DAISY, 5 tons, very cheap. J. L. ADAMS, Commercial Bank.

KETCH for SALE, 40 tons. For particulars apply to A. BURNS, Cowper Wharf, Woolloomooloo.

LIGHT SKIFF, with gear complete, all in good order, £15. At Mr. RODD'S, 132, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, a WHALEBOAT, cheap. Apply to Mr. JOHNSON, Cuthbert's Patent Slip, Sussex-st.

FOR SALE, or Hire, several small STEAMERS. H. PERDRIAU, Balmain Steam Ferry, Lime-st.

FOR SALE.—Barque, 600 tons burthen, on easy draught
Barque, 320 tons burthen; very smart, desirable vessel
Brig, 340 tons burthen, well found, ready for sea
Brigantine, 250 tons, on 10 feet 6 inches, newly coppered
Number of small craft, from 40 to 100 tons.
Apply to JAMES THORNE, Exchange-corner.

YARROW AND HEDLEY'S SMALL STEAMERS and STEAM LAUNCHES.
Steam Launch complete with machinery.

23 feet long, to seat 8 persons	..	..	..	£145
30 feet long, to seat 12 persons	..	..	..	195
37 feet long, to seat 20 persons	..	..	..	245
43 feet long, to seat 30 persons	..	..	..	360
Machinery to suit boats built abroad.				
Of about 23 feet long	..	..	..	£95
Of about 30 feet long	..	..	..	115
Of about 37 feet long	..	..	..	140
Of about 43 feet long	..	..	..	180

Any of the above Steamers can be carried on a ship's deck complete, and ready for immediate use.
Full particulars forwarded on application to YARROW and HEDLEY, Engineers and Builders, Isle of Dogs, Poplar, London.
Prospectuses can be obtained at the HERALD Office.

QUAY BERTHS VACANT. CHARLES MOSSMAN, Patent Slip Wharf.

3 LARGE sized Surf BOATS, cheap, suitable for Fiji. Macbeth, 120, Sussex-street.

TO SHIP-MASTERS AND SHIP-OWNERS.—The AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY'S Patent Slip is open to Engagement for Vessels up to 2000 tons at current charges. General Ship Repairs executed cheaply and expeditiously.
FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

THOMAS D. MACNAB, Practical Diver, fourteen years' experience in the colony. Ships' bottoms examined. Metal replaced. Iron vessels cleaned, and all submarine work performed.
MITCHELL and CO.,
Ship Chandlers,
7, Circular Quay.

PRINCE ALFRED YACHT CLUB.
OPENING TRIP.
Yachts to rendezvous in Farm Cove, THIS DAY, at 1 p.m.

PORT DIVISION.	STARBOARD DIVISION.
1. Pomona	2. Foam
3. Australian	4. Scud
5. Era	6. Josephine
7. Torment	8. Ixion
9. Psyche	10. Zephyr.

By order,
W. READING, Hon. Sec.

MEETINGS OF PUBLIC COMPANIES.

BANK OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—NOTICE is hereby given, that the Half-yearly General MEETING of the Proprietors will be held at the Banking-house, George-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, the 26th day of October instant, at noon, to consider the Report of the Board of Directors to be then made; to elect a Director in the room of Thomas Walker, Esq., who retires by rotation, but is eligible for re-election; to elect two Auditors in the room of the Hon. John Richardson, Esq., M.L.C., and James Milson, Jun., Esq., who retire at this time, the latter being eligible for re-election; and to consider such other matters and things as may then be brought forward by the Board of Directors relating to the affairs of the corporation.
By order of the Board of Directors,
SHEPHERD SMITH, General Manager.

By the 45th clause of the Deed of Settlement, it is provided that every proprietor who shall become a candidate for the office of director shall give notice thereof to the Board of Directors, in writing, at least fourteen days before the day of election.
Bank of New South Wales, Sydney,
4th October, 1870.

THE SYDNEY MARINE ASSURANCE COMPANY.
NOTICE is hereby given that the Tenth Half-yearly MEETING of the Proprietors of the Sydney Marine Assurance Company will be held on MONDAY, the 24th day of October, 1870, at the Company's Office, 227, George-street, Sydney, at 11 a.m., to receive the report of the directors for the half-year ended the 30th September; to elect a director in the room of Richard Jones, Esq., who retires in conformity with Clause 38 of the deed of settlement, but is eligible for re-election; to elect an auditor in the room of James Reading Fairfax, Esq., who retires by rotation, and to transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting in terms of the deed of settlement.
By order of the Board.
SAMUEL H. SMYTH, Manager.
Sydney, October 1st, 1870.
By the 40th Clause of the deed of settlement, proprietors becoming candidates for the office of director are required to give fourteen clear days' notice thereof to the Board of Directors in writing, to be left with the manager, at the Company's office.
In pursuance of the above clause, RICHARD JONES, Esq., has given the requisite notice that he is a candidate for the office of director.

ENTERPRISE QUARTZ MINING COMPANY (Limited).
NOTICE is hereby given, that a Special General MEETING of the Shareholders will be held, at the Chamber of Commerce, in the Exchange-buildings, Sydney, on FRIDAY, the 21st October, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of taking into consideration the propriety of dissolving the Company.
By order of the Board of Directors,
A. H. J. BAASS, Secretary.
14, Spring-street, Sydney, 5th October, 1870.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY.
A Half-Yearly General MEETING of the Shareholders in this Company will be held at the Offices, Pitt and Hunter streets, on MONDAY, the 17th instant, at half-past 2 o'clock, p.m., to receive the report of the Directors for the half-year ending 30th September, to elect two Directors in the rooms of Messrs. Jones and Smart (who retire by rotation, but are eligible for re-election), and to elect an auditor in place of Mr. James Skinner (who is likewise eligible for re-election).
By order of the Board,
ALEXANDER THOMSON, Secretary.
1st October, 1870.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY.
RICHARD JONES, Esq., and Hon. T. W. SMART, Esq., M.L.C., have given the requisite notice that they are CANDIDATES for re-election, as above, to the office of Director.
ALEXANDER THOMSON, Secretary.
6th October, 1870.

MEETINGS.

CIVIL SERVICE CLUB.—A Balloting MEETING of the members will be held at the Club House, on TUESDAY next, the 11th instant, between the hours of 1 and 2 and 4 and 5 p.m.
CHAS. A. GOODCHAP, Hon. Secretary.
7th October.

THE PERPETUAL BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that the Second Annual General MEETING of the Members of the Society will be held at the office, 3, Spring-street, on THURSDAY, the 20th October, 1870, at 3 o'clock.
To receive the report of the Directors and statement of accounts for the year ended 30th September, 1870; to elect Directors in the room of H. E. Allan, Esq. (who retires, but is eligible for re-election), and Mr. J. H. Miller (disqualified); and to consider any other business that may be brought forward in accordance with the rules.
CANDIDATES for the office of Director are required to give three days' notice to the Secretary of their desire to act.
By order of the Board,
W. H. DELOITTE, Secretary.
3, Spring-street, Sydney, 6th October, 1870.

N. S. W. TYPOGRAPHICAL ASSOCIATION.—A Special General MEETING of the members of the above will be held at the Currency Lass Hotel, on SATURDAY, 8th instant, at 4 p.m., to consider important business in connection with the trade. Committee to meet at 3 p.m. J. PINKSTON, Secretary.

COUNCIL OF EDUCATION.—A MEETING of Officers and Teachers will be held in the Model Public School, Fort-street, at 11 a.m., on SATURDAY, the 8th instant, to consider the propriety of offering a welcome to Mr. WILKINS, upon his return to the colony.
EDWIN JOHNSON.

ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE.
I hereby convene a Special General MEETING of the subscribers to the funds of Saint Andrew's College, to be held in Phillip-street Presbyterian Church, on MONDAY, the 7th day of November next, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon, for the purpose of taking the votes by ballot of all those subscribers entitled to vote for the election of a Council, to be called the Council of Saint Andrew's College, in accordance with the provisions of an Act of the Legislature, passed on the 12th December, 1867, entitled "An Act to Incorporate Saint Andrew's College as a College within the University of Sydney."
WILLIAM GRANT,
Moderator of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church of New South Wales.
21st September, 1870.

PYRMONT REGATTA. — MEETING at Royal Oak, on MONDAY, at 8 p.m.

STARR-BOWKETT BUILDING SOCIETY, NO. 2.—A MEETING will take place, for the purpose of appropriating the sum of £300 by sale, on TUESDAY next, 11th instant, at 9 p.m.
There are 4 Shares open for allotment, for which early application must be made.
T. MILLER, Secretary.

BRICKLAYERS.—A Public MEETING of the Bricklayers of Sydney will be held on WEDNESDAY, October 12, at Mr. Seale's, Square and Compass Hotel, corner of George and Goulburn streets, to pass a Petition to be presented to the Parliament, in favour of the Eight Hours Bill now before the Legislative Assembly.
The chair to be taken at eight (8) o'clock sharp.
By order of the O. B. S.,
F. T. SMITH and W. LOWER, Committee.

MASONIC. — DISTRICT GRAND LODGE OF NEW SOUTH WALES, E.C.
The Quarterly COMMUNICATION of the above-named Lodge will be held at the Hall, in York-street, on MONDAY, 17th instant, at half-past 7 o'clock prompt.
By command of the R. W. the District Grand Master.
JOHN A. MATHEWS,
District Grand Secretary.

LOST AND FOUND.

STRAYED, from Crown Lands Office, Black and Tan Toy TERRIER. Finder rewarded on returning same.

DOG LOST.—Lost, on Saturday, from 1, O'Connell-street, a SKYE TERRIER; answers to name of "Rags." Liberal reward on dog being delivered at 1, O'Connell-street; or at DAWSON and CO.'S, 246, Pitt-street.

LOST, on Wednesday night, on Hyde Park, a Gold LOCKET. Reward at Lister and Son's, 204, Pitt-st.

LOST, a Lace COLLAR, between William and George streets, in paper. Reward, Mr. BOZON'S, William-street.

LOST, "COLLINS'S MOONSTONE," vol. 1, in the neighbourhood of Double Bay. Any person returning it to MADDOCK'S Library, 383, George-street, will be rewarded.

LOST, CHEQUE, drawn by J. G. Hanks, No. 452, for £25 18s 5d, attached to two bills lading ex Zemindar and Ann Duthie. Apply J. G. HANKS, George-street. Reward given.

LOST from George's Hall, a bay HORSE, white hind feet, star in forehead, branded FOX on near shoulder. Any person bringing the same to G. R. JOHNSTON, George's Hall, will be rewarded.

LOST in Pitt-street, between King and Park streets, a CHEQUE on the London Chartered Bank, drawn by Henry Bell in favour of Thomas Quinlan, for the sum of £56 odd. Payment stopped at the bank. THOMAS QUINLAN, 96, William-street.

LOST, on Thursday Evening, between Newtown and Sydney, a Package of LETTERS; also, Envelope containing some PHOTOS. of a little boy. A reward will be given to the finder, if he will kindly bring them to the address that is on some of the envelopes.

FOUND, a TERRIER. Owner can have it by giving description, &c. 15, Argyle-street.

FIVE SHILLINGS REWARD.—Lost, on Wednesday, a King George's Sound COCKATOO. Five shillings will be paid on returning the same at the Union Inn, Newtown.

£1 REWARD.—LOST, from 18, Jamison-street, a Brown Curly Retriever DOG PUP, five months' old, with a few white hairs on breast.

£5 REWARD. — STOLEN from our premises, George-street South, an ITALIAN GREYHOUND PUP, about 3 months old. The above reward will be paid on conviction of the thief.
L. UHDE and CO.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

BOROUGH OF WATERLOO.—NOTICE is hereby given that the election for an ALDERMAN, in place of Mr. REUBEN HERROD, is hereby adjourned until WEDNESDAY, the 12th October, 1870.
THOMAS BARBER GOLDFINCH,
Returning-officer.
Waterloo, 4th October, 1870.

FANCY DRESSES, the best in Sydney, by the Opera Costumier. Mr. FORD, St. James's Hall.

THE MAYOR'S BALL.—Fancy Dresses, in every variety. J. Hogan, HarbourView Hotel, Dawes' Point.

FANCY DRESS BALL.—Red, White, and Blue BEARDS, at WIGZELL'S, 143, South Hd. Road.

FANCY DRESS BALL.—WIGS of every description on HIRE, at WIGZELL'S, 143, South Hd. Road.

PERSONS ADVERTISED FOR.

ANN COSTELLO.—Please call on Miss FOWLER immediately. 309, Castlereagh-street.

JOHN CAIN, Mail Driver, Port Fairy, communicate with your BROTHER, THOMAS, 39, King-street.

MR. DARCY MURRAY, late from Fiji, call immediately on JACOBS and CO., Bell's-chambers.

MR. O. A. CARR, B.A., from America, will preach (D.V.) in the Christian Chapel, Elizabeth-street, TO-MORROW EVENING, at 7.

W. A. DIXON (late of Malden Island), WILLIAM GIBSON is in Sydney. Please leave address at HERALD Office.

VOLUNTEER NOTICES.

NOTICE TO BOATING PARTIES.—Shot PRACTICE by the Volunteer Artillery, THIS AFTERNOON, at the Macquarie Battery, at 3 o'clock. All boats are cautioned against crossing the "line of fire" in the bight between Robinson's Point and Bradley's Head.
By command, &c.,
S. HOPKINS, Lieut. R. A.,
Captain and Brigade Adjutant Volunteer Artillery.

NO. 2 BATTERY V. A.—SHOT PRACTICE, TO-DAY, at 3 p.m. W. DEANE, Captain.

NO. 4 BATTERY.—SHOT PRACTICE, THIS DAY, at 3 p.m. sharp. W. COOPER, Captain.

6 BATTERY.—Carbine Practice, THIS DAY, at 3 p.m. sharp. Paddington Range.

VOLUNTEER Rifle Club.—Committee Meeting, on Monday, the 10th, at 4.30, at Volunteer Club.

NO. 5 CO. S. B. V. R.—Standing Subscription and Additional Handicap Prizes; also Rifle Club Quarterly MEETING, THIS AFTERNOON, at 2.30 sharp.
A. O. MORIARTY, Captain.

NO. 6 COMPANY S. B. V. R.—ELECTION OF ENSIGN.—Fall in opposite HYDE PARK Barracks, on next MONDAY EVENING, at 7.30 p.m. Meeting will be held in a Schoolroom opposite the Mint, Macquarie-street. Those who cannot attend at night can record their votes at the Brigade Office, Phillip-street, between the hours of 12 and 2 o'clock on MONDAY.
GERARD PHILLIPS, Captain.

SUBURBAN BATTALION.—Major's Parade, to be formed at Hyde Park Barracks, on MONDAY EVENING next, 10th instant, at 7.45 p.m. sharp.
By order.
JAMES WILSON, Lieutenant,
Adjutant Suburban Battalion.

SUBURBAN BATTALION.—Drill for all Non-commissioned Officers of the Battalion will be resumed as follows on and after 13th instant:—

Paddington, St. Leonards, Balmain, No. 1 Highlanders	Every Monday, at Hyde Park, at 7.30 p.m.
No. 2 ditto, Glebe, South Sydney	Every Thursday, at Railway Station, at 8 p.m.

By order,
JAMES WILSON, Lieutenant,
Adjutant Suburban Battalion.

NO. 1 CO. HIGHLANDERS.—Major's PARADE on MONDAY next, at 7.15 p.m., Hyde Park.

NAVAL BRIGADE to MUSTER on Flagstaff Hill, with carbines and sword bayonets, at 7.30 p.m., on MONDAY, the 10th instant. Dress blue, with white cap covers; band to attend.
FRANCIS HIXSON, Captain, Commanding.

RELIGIOUS ANNOUNCEMENTS.

BATHURST-STREET BAPTIST CHURCH, SUNDAY, October 9.
Morning:
Rev. THOMAS JOHNSON.
Evening:
Rev. JAMES GREENWOOD, M.A.
Services commence 11 a.m. and 7 p.m.

BOURKE-STREET CONGREGATIONAL CHURCH.—The Anniversary SERVICES of the Sabbath School, in connection with the above Church, will be held as follows:—
On Lord's Day, 9th October (TO-MORROW) SERMONS will be preached in the Morning, at 11, by the Rev. J. GREENWOOD, M.A.; in the Afternoon, at 3, by the Rev. S. C. KENT; and in the Evening, at 7, by the Rev. THOMAS JOHNSON.
On TUESDAY EVENING next, there will be a Public TEA MEETING, when addresses will be delivered by Revs. J. G. Fraser, M.A.; J. Greenwood, M.A.; T. Johnson, S. C. Kent, and W. Slatyer. Tickets, 1s. Tea on the table at 7 o'clock prompt. Collections will be made at each of the above services in aid of the School funds.

CONGREGATIONAL HOME MISSIONARY SOCIETY FOR NEW SOUTH WALES.—The Committee meet in the Vestry of the Congregational Church, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY, the 11th October instant, at half-past 4 o'clock in the afternoon.
ROBERT GARRETT, Secretary.

WESLEYAN CHURCH, WAVERLEY.—Preachers TO-MORROW: Rev. B. CHAPMAN, at 11; Rev. W. KELYNACK, at 7. A TEA MEETING in the Schoolroom on MONDAY, at 7 o'clock, and PUBLIC MEETING afterwards, to be addressed by Dr. M'Gibbon, Revs. F. Ward, W. Schofield, G. Woolnough, and others. Chair to be taken by E. Vickery, Esq. After the services a Collection for the Trust Fund.

LONDON MISSIONARY SOCIETY.—A SERVICE in connection with the above Society will be held at the Congregational Church, Point Piper Road, TO-MORROW MORNING, when the Rev. H. NESBITT, of Samoa, will preach, at 11 o'clock.
The public MEETING will be held on WEDNESDAY EVENING, at 7.30, when the Rev. H. Nesbitt, J. Jones, J. P. Sunderland, and Mr. Shaw will address the meeting.

WESLEYAN CHURCH, GLEBE ROAD.
ANNIVERSARY SERVICES.
Sermons will be preached on SUNDAY, October 9th, In the Morning, at 11, the Rev. R. SELLORS
Afternoon, at 3, the Rev. R. LEWERS
Evening, at 7, the Rev. W. CLARKE.
The Annual TEA MEETING will be held in the Church on MONDAY EVENING, October 10th; to be followed by a PUBLIC MEETING. Chair will be taken by Joseph Wearne, Esq., M.L.A.; and addresses delivered by Revs. Creed, Piddington, Clarke, Sellors, Caldwell, Mr. John Graham, and others.

ST. MICHAEL'S CHURCH.—On SUNDAY next, the 9th October, SERMONS will be preached (D.V.) and Collections made in aid of the Parsonage Building Fund; and on MONDAY EVENING, October 10th, a MEETING will be held in the School-room, Fitzroy-street, at 8 o'clock, to receive a Progress Report from the Churchwardens and to pay in subscriptions.
The Rev. ROBERT TAYLOR, Incumbent of Newtown, will preach in the Morning.
Rev. THOMAS WILSON, M.A., Incumbent of Randwick, in the Evening.

FREE CHURCH OF ENGLAND, Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, SUNDAYS, at 11 and 7.
Marriages, &c. without compulsory fees—Voluntary Offerings only. Right Rev. Dr. BAILEY, Bishop of the Free Church of England in New South Wales. Private residence, 41, Burton-street, South Head Road.

FREE CHURCH OF ENGLAND.—I am directed by the Right Rev. Dr. BAILEY, Bishop of the Free Church of England in New South Wales, to notify, that he receives Candidates for Holy Orders, for immediate missionary labour. The strictest adherence to the Articles and Prayer Book of the Church of England, as established by law, absolutely indispensable; whilst the call by the lay members of the Church to all grades of the Ministry, with voluntaryism in secular matters, must be upheld as distinctive and fundamental. By order, A. PENFOLD, Secretary, 41, Burton-street, South Head Road.

EBENEZER CHURCH, Riley-street.—The Rev. Mr. NAIRN will preach, D.V., Sabbath morning at 11.

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH.—The Rev. Mr. Mills will preach at 11 forenoon, Rev. Mr. Nesbitt at 7 evening.

LECTURES.

TEMPERANCE HALL.—A Free LECTURE will be delivered by J. G. BURTT, Esq., M.L.A. of Victoria, next WEDNESDAY, commencing at 8 p.m. Subject: "The Nail, Screw, and Rivet." Mr. B. Mountcastle presides.
B. MOUNTCASTLE, } Hon.
J. OSBORNE, } Secretaries.

TEMPERANCE HALL.—Next Wednesday Evening a free Lecture, by a Teetotaller of 40 years' standing.

CHRISTADELPHIAN LECTURE, at United Temperance Hall, corner of Pitt and Bathurst streets, SUNDAY, 7 p.m., by Mr. GRAHAM. Subject—"The War, its end—the result of the end." No collections.

ICE. ICE. ICE.—The public and subscribers are hereby informed that Ice can be had daily at the New Branch Ice Works, in George-street, adjoining the Royal Hotel, in blocks of 2 lbs. upwards.

TO CONTRACTORS.—Quantities, &c., of all Government works. C. MAYES, C.E., 179, Pitt-st.

GOVERNMENT NOTICES.

NOTICE UNDER REAL PROPERTY ACT.—Applications having been made to bring the Lands hereunder described under the provisions of the Real Property Act, Certificates of Indefeasible Title will issue, unless Caveats be lodged in form B of the said Act on or before the dates named opposite each case respectively

Property.	Names of Applicants.	Residence.	Dates up to and inclusive of which Caveats may be lodged.
			1870.
No. 2545. DUNCAN AND SUSSEX STREETS, SYDNEY—1 rood 34½ perches: Commencing in Sussex-street at south-east corner of land of James Oatley; bounded on north by that land and a lane south-westerly and westerly 62 feet 9 inches, 92 feet 7 inches, and 128 feet to Duncan-street; west by that street southerly 76 feet 3 inches; south by a line passing through the centre of a party-wall easterly 204 feet 4 inches; south-east and again south by a right of way 15 feet wide; north-easterly and easterly 63 feet 9 inches, and 40 feet 2 inches; east by Sussex-street northerly 55 feet 7 inches, to the point of commencement, being part of a sub-division by Thomas Barker of 6 acres 1 rood 32 perches	Thomas Barker	Maryland	October 21
No. 2592. NEWTOWN, PARISH PETERSHAM, 2 acres 1 rood 17 perches: Commencing at intersection of Forbes-street and the Newtown Road; bounded on the east by Forbes-street southerly to Wilson-street; south by Wilson-street south-westerly 98 feet 11 inches to Queen-street; south-west by that street north-westerly 748 feet to Newtown Road; north-west by that road north-easterly 175 feet 7 inches, to the point of commencement. Also, 1 acre 3 roods 4 perches, commencing in Queen-street, at north-east corner of land of John Brierly; bounded on the south-east and north-east by that land south-westerly 97 feet 6 inches, south-easterly 44 feet; again south-east by land of S. Bennett south-westerly 168 feet; south-west by properties of R. Henderson and others north-westerly 275 feet; north-west and again south west by land of George Pile north-easterly 30 feet, north-westerly 100 feet to Newtown Road; again north-west by that road north-easterly 167 feet 3 inches; again north-east and north-west by lot 45 south-easterly 48 feet 2 inches, north-easterly 66 feet, to Queen-street; again north-east by said street south-easterly 49 feet 4 inches; again south-east, north-east, and north-west by land of Robert Birnie south-westerly 183 feet, south-easterly 62 feet, north-easterly 183 feet; and again north-east by Queen-street 100 feet 6 inches, to the point of commencement. Also, 2 roods 4 perches, commencing in Queen-street at south-east corner of land of J. Brierley; bounded on the north-west by that land south-westerly 97 feet 6 inches; south-west by land of S. Bennett south-easterly 232 feet; south-east by land of Mr. Templeton north-easterly 100 feet to Queen-street; north-east by that street north-westerly 232 feet, to point of commencement,—being portions of the Camperdown Estate	Edward Mason Hunt	Rose Bay	October 21.
No. 2617, PARISH DUNGOG, COUNTY DURHAM, 640 acres, near Dungog, on Tabbil Creek, being eastern moiety of 1280 acres granted to Mary Wardell	William Chatfield	Sydney	October 21.
No. 2660, TOWN OF ORANGE, COUNTY WELLINGTON, 2 acres and 5 perches: Commencing at intersection of Summer and Sale streets; bounded on the east by Sale-street northerly 330 feet 8 inches; north by lot 2 westerly 268 feet; west by land of J. Collins southerly 330 feet 8 inches; south by Summer-street easterly 268 feet, to point of commencement, being part of lot 1 of section 14, granted to John Collins	Commercial Banking Company	....	October 21.
No. 1868, BALMAIN, PARISH PETERSHAM, 28½ perches: Commencing in Campbell-street, at northern corner of property of Mr. Donovan; bounded on south-west by that property south-easterly 118 feet; south-east by land of J. Cavill and Mary Greenwell north-easterly 66 feet; north-east by property of E. Bailey north-westerly 118 feet to Campbell-street; north-west by said street south-westerly 66 feet, to the point of commencement, being lot 7 of a subdivision by R. Campbell, tertius, of part of the Balmain Estate	George Alfred Lloyd	Sydney	November 15.
No 2513, WEST MAITLAND, 6 perches: At intersection of Scotia and Church streets; bounded on south by Scotia-street easterly 135 feet 6 inches; east by St. Mary's School northerly 13 feet 6 inches; north by property of Mrs. Collins, westerly 135 feet 6 inches; west by Church-street southerly 11 feet 6 inches, to the point of commencement. Also, 2 roods 25½ perches: Commencing at intersection of Scotia and Church streets; bounded on north by Scotia-street easterly 135 feet 6 inches; east by property of St. Mary's School southerly 205 feet 6 inches; south by land of Mr. Griffin westerly 143 feet; west by Church-street 208 feet 6 inches, to the point of commencement,—being part of 36 acres and 16 perches granted to George Yeomans	Samuel Owen and Isaac Beckett	West Maitland	November 15.
No. 2628, SOUTH HEAD ROAD and GIPPS-STREET, PADDINGTON, 28 perches: Commencing on the South Head Road at south-west corner of property of Richard Roberts; bounded on south-east by that property north-easterly 205 feet 6 inches; north-east by Gipps-street north-west 49 feet 10 inches; north-west by property of Mr. Conway south-west 101 feet 6 inches; south-west and again north-west by land of Mrs. Wilson south-east 25 feet and south-west 102 feet 6 inches to the South Head Road; and again on the south-west by that road south-easterly 25 feet 4 inches to point of commencement,—being part of the land known as the Australian Library Grant	Arthur Cooper and Alfred Nathan	Sydney	November 18.
No. 2707, PARISH COOLAC, COUNTY HARDEN. 39 acres 3 roods, in North Gundagai Reserve, portion 35, granted to Michael Clune and James M'Grath	Bernard Kelly	Bumbolee, near Tumut	December 16.
No. 2712, COUNTY ST. VINCENT, 35 acres, on the Barren Flat, granted to Cornelius Leary	Thomas Quin	Sydney	December 16.

Diagrams delineating these lands may be inspected at the Registrar-General's Office, in Elizabeth-street, Sydney.
Dated this 6th day of October, 1870, at the Registrar-General's Office, Sydney.

E. G. WARD, Deputy Registrar-General.

General Post Office,
Sydney, 23rd August, 1870.

CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.—TENDERS for the Conveyance of the undermentioned Mails by coach or on horseback are invited. For full particulars see GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, a file of which is kept at every Post-office in the colony. No tender will be considered unless the terms of the notice published in the GAZETTE be strictly complied with.

Tenders will be received at this Office up to 11 a.m. on MONDAY, the 24th October next.

Conveyance of Mails to and from
WESTERN ROAD.

1. Railway Station and Post-office, Parramatta, including the clearing of all Iron Letter Receivers at Parramatta, four times or oftener daily
2. Sackville Reach and Lower Portland, three times a week
3. Penrith Post-office and Railway Station, Penrith, three times or oftener daily
4. Railway Station, One-tree Hill, and Post-offices, One-tree Hill, Little Hartley, and Hartley, six times a week
5. Post-offices, Lithgow and Bowenfels, six times a week
6. Withdrawn.
7. Withdrawn. Vide supplementary advertisement.
8. Rydal and Sodwalls, six times a week
9. Coonamble and Merri Merri (M'Lean's Station), via Bimleyon, Bundey, Ningey, and Coanbone, once a week
10. Hartley, Fish River Creek, and Oberon, once a week
11. Mudgee, Merrendee, Burrendong, and Ironbarks, twice a week
12. Molong and Ironbarks, three times a week
13. Mudgee and Barragon, once a week
14. Mudgee and Cassilis, twice a week
15. Yetholme and Mitchell's Creek, twice a week
16. Mitchell's Creek and Palmer's Oakey, once a week
17. Guyong and Icely, three times a week
18. Bathurst, Calcola, Long Swamp, and Trunkey Creek, via Denis Island, three times a week
19. Carcoar and Mount Macquarie, once a week
20. Cowra and Grenfell, three times a week
21. Cowra and Wood's Flat, three times a week
22. Blayney and Teesdale, once a week
23. Cowra and Marengo, via Bang Bang, Watemandra, and Crowther, twice a week
24. Forbes and Billabong, twice a week
25. Molong and Obley, twice a week
26. Warren and Mount Harris, via Drungalee, once a week
27. Mount Harris and Wammerawa, once a week
28. Booligal and Wilcannia, once a week.

SOUTHERN ROAD.

1. Railway Station, Campbelltown, and Post-offices, Campbelltown, Narellan, and Camden, twelve times a week
2. Camden and Brownlow Hill, six times a week
3. Picton Railway Station, and Post-office, Picton, two or three times daily
4. Picton and Oaks, six times a week
5. Railway Station, Campbelltown, and Post-offices, Campbelltown, Appin, Weonona, and Wollongong, six times a week
6. Wollongong, Dapto, Jamberoo, and Kiama, six times a week
7. Nowra, Milton, and Ulladulla, three times a week
8. Withdrawn. Vide supplementary advertisement.
9. Nowra and Burrier, twice a week
10. Berrima and Moss Vale Post-office and Railway Station, twelve times a week
11. Moss Vale, Kangaroo Valley, Cambewarra, and Nowra, via the Bommaderry Ferry, three times week
12. Bungonia and Windellama, once a week
13. Bungonia and Jacqua, once a week
14. Withdrawn. Vide supplementary advertisement.
15. Binda and Tuena, via Junction Point, twice a week
16. Binda, Biggs, and Reid's Flat, once a week
17. Goulburn and Boro, six times a week
18. Boro and Braidwood, six times a week
19. Braidwood and Windellama, once a week
20. Crown Flat, Lower Araluen, Mullenderree, and Moruya, six times a week
21. Boro, Bungendore, Queanbeyan, and Cooma, three times a week
22. Cooma, Adaminaby (via Russell's), and Kiandra, once a week
23. Queanbeyan and Lanyon, three times a week
24. Withdrawn. Vide supplementary advertisement.
25. Cooma, Nimitybelle, and Bombala, twice a week; Cooma and Bobundarah, twice a week; Bobundarah and Bombala, via Gunningrah and Buckalong, once a week; and Bombala and Delegate, via Craigie, three times a week
26. Bombala, Cathcart, Pambula, and Eden, twice a week
27. Major's Creek and Ballalaba, twice a week; and Ballalaba and Fairfield, once a week
28. Goulburn and Currawang, once a week
29. Withdrawn. Vide supplementary advertisement.
30. Yass and Taemas, via Warroo, twice a week
31. Tumut, Adelong, and Adelong Crossing-place, six times a week
32. Junee and Sebastopol, via Junee Reefs, once a week
33. Tarcutta and Wagga Wagga, three or six times a week
34. Wagga Wagga, Narrandera, and Hay, via Angel's Station, twice a week
35. Hay, Maude, and Balranald, once a week; and Hay, Maude, Oxley, and Balranald, once a week
36. Balranald and Swan Hill, via Tooleybuc, twice a week
37. Adelong, Upper Adelong, Tumberumba, and Ten-mile Creek, via Reedy Flat and Gilmore, with a branch post to and from Copabella, Gingilliack, and Welaregang, twice a week
38. Ten-mile Creek, Walbundrie, and Urana, once a week, for one year only
39. Albury and Dight's Forest, once a week
40. Corowa and Wahgunyah, six times a week
41. Bateman's Bay, Mullenderree, and Moruya, once a week

It is clearly understood that the Mails shall leave Bateman's Bay immediately after the arrival there of the steamer from Sydney, and shall leave Moruya in time to meet the steamer leaving Bateman's Bay for Sydney, the contractor finding adequate means for both requirements.

42. Moruya, Bodalla, and Eurobodalla, twice a week
43. Moruya and Kiora, twice a week
44. Eurobodalla and Wagonga, once a week
45. Nelligen and Braidwood, once a week
46. Nelligen and Araluen, once a week
47. Kameruka and Candelo, twice a week.

NORTHERN ROAD.

1. Sydney, Lane Cove, Hornsby, Gosford, and Kincumber, twice a week
2. Newcastle and Stockton, six or more times a week
3. Newcastle Wharf, Post-office, and Railway Terminus, fourteen or more times a week
4. Langworthy's and Monkerai, once a week
5. Stroud and Myall River, twice a week
6. Tinonee, Wingham, and Dingo Creek, twice a week
7. Wingham and Woodside, Upper Manning, twice a week
8. Port Macquarie, Huntingdon, and the junction of the Ellenborough and Hastings Rivers, once a week
9. Kempsey, Fredericton, Seven Oaks, Darkwater, and Summer Island, twice a week
10. Kempsey and Armidale, via Toorookoo, Nulla Nulla, and Eber, once a week.
11. Tomago and Williamtown, twice a week
12. Railway Station, High-street, and Post-office, West Maitland, fourteen or more times a week
13. Morpeth and Hinton, seven times a week
14. Bandon Grove and Underbank, once a week
15. East Maitland, Largs, and Paterson, with a branch mail from and to Largs and Woodville, seven times a week
16. East Maitland and Mount Vincent, three times a week
17. Mount Vincent and Cooranbong, twice a week
18. West Maitland, East Maitland, and Morpeth, seven times a week
19. Railway Station and Post-office, Branxton, fourteen or more times a week
20. Railway Station and Post-office, Lochinvar, thirteen or more times a week
21. Railway Station and Post-office, Singleton, fourteen times a week
22. Railway Station and Post-office, Camberwell, six times a week
23. Singleton, Scott's Flat, and Westbrook, twice a week
24. Railway Station, Muswellbrook, and Post-office, Armidale, six times a week
25. Tamworth, Manilla, Barraba, Bingera, and Warialda, via Barker's, North Bingera, twice a week
26. Murrurundi, Quirindi, Breeza, and Gunnedah, twice a week
27. Scone and Moonanbrook, once a week
28. Murrurundi, Yarraman, and Oaky Creek, once a week
29. Cassilis, Turee, and Coolah, twice a week
30. Coolah and Coonabarabran, once a week
31. Denison Town and Cobbora, twice a week
32. Bowling Alley Point, Dungowan, and Tamworth, via Nemingha Flat (to travel along the Peel River), once a week
33. Uralla and Rocky River, three times a week
34. Armidale and Bundarra, once a week
35. Armidale and Walcha, once a week
36. Inverell and Ashford, via Byron and Buckalla, once a week
37. Gunnedah, Gulligal, Narrabri, Wee Waa, and Wallgett, twice a week
38. Cobbadah and Moree, via Crawley's Station, Currangandi, Ullembarella, Eulorie, Rocky Creek, Terrihi-hi, and Ticanna, once a week
39. Wallgett, Baradine, and Coonabarabran, via Bogawan, once a week
40. Wallgett, Brewarrina, and Bourke, via Moorabri, twice a week
41. Wallgett and Brenda (Tate's Station, Culgoa River), via Gideon's Inn, Forrester's on the Barwan and Narran River, Thorold's on Bokhara River, and Currawillinghi, once a week
42. Armidale and Grafton, once a week
43. Grafton and Casino, once a week
44. Lawrence and Casino, once a week
45. Casino, Lismore, and Ballina, once a week
46. Tabulam and Tooloom, once a week
47. Casino and Tabulam, via Wooroowoolgin, Dyraaba, and Sandiland, once a week
48. Glen Innes and Grafton, via Shambigne, Buccarimbi, Broad Meadows, Newton Boyd, and the Big Hill, once a week
49. Glen Innes and Wellingrove, twice a week
50. Wellingrove and Inverell, via King's Plains, once a week; and Wellingrove and Inverell, via Waterloo once a week
51. Inverell and Warialda, via Bannockburn, Reedy Creek, and Gragin, once a week.

SUBURBAN LINES.

1. Newtown and Marrickville, six times a week
2. General Post-office, Randwick, and Coogee, twelve times a week
3. General Post-office and Moore's Wharf, and General Post-office and Circular Quay, on arrival and dispatch of English Mails.

DANIEL EGAN.

General Post Office,
Sydney, 1st October, 1870.

CONVEYANCE OF MAILS.—Supplement to general advertisement, dated the 23rd August, 1870, calling for Tenders for Mail Services, to commence on the 1st January, 1871.—TENDERS for the following Mail Services will be received up to 11 a.m. on MONDAY, the 24th October instant, viz.:—

1.—To and from Ebor and Kempsey, via Toorookoo and Nulla Nulla, once a week.
(It must be distinctly understood that the successful Tenderer will be required to meet the mailman, who will travel between Armidale and Grafton, at Ebor, at any time which the Postmaster-General may fix.)
2.—To and from Kiama, Gerringong, and Broughton's Creek, three or six times a week.
3.—To and from Broughton's Creek, Bolong, and Nowra, via the Bommaderry Ferry, three times a week.
4.—To and from Goulburn and Laggan, twice a week.
5.—To and from Laggan and Tuena, once a week.
6.—To and from Laggan and Crookwell, once a week (for one year).
7.—To and from Laggan and Bolong (County of Georgiana), once a week.
8.—To and from Cooma and Buckley's Crossing-place, via Gegedzerick (Claremount) and Woolway, once or twice a week.
9.—To and from Mundarlo and Clarendon, via Wantabadgery, once a week
10.—To and from Yass and Gundaroo Post-office, via Murrumbateman, Nanima Station, and Gundaroo Township, twice a week.
11. To and from Orange, Stony Creek, Ironbarks, Black Rock, Wellington, and Montefiores, three times a week; and to Orange, Molong, Black Rock, Wellington, and Montefiores, three times a week

(The above services, Nos. 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, and 11, are called for in lieu of the services numbered 8, 14, 24, and 29 Southern Road, and 7 Western Road, advertised on the 23rd August last, which have been withdrawn.)

For full particulars see GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, a file of which is kept at every Post-office in the colony. No tender will be considered unless the terms of the notice published in the GAZETTE be strictly complied with.

The Tenders must be addressed to the Secretary to the Post Office, Sydney, and indorsed "Tender for the Conveyance of Mails."

DANIEL EGAN.

Department of Public Works,
Sydney, September 17th, 1870.

TENDERS for PUBLIC WORKS and SUPPLIES.—Tenders are invited for the following Public Works and Supplies. For full particulars see GOVERNMENT GAZETTE, a file of which is kept at every Police Office in the colony.

No tender will be taken into consideration unless the terms of the notice are strictly complied with.

The Government does not bind itself to accept the lowest or any tender.

Nature of Works and Supplies.	Date to which tenders can be received at this office.
Stone Trucks for Breakwater, Newcastle	11 o'clock a.m., on Tuesday, 11th October.
Erection of a Gaol at Bourke	11 o'clock a.m., on Tuesday, 18th October.
Additions to the Hospital at Gladesville	11 o'clock a.m., on Tuesday, 25th October.

JOHN SUTHERLAND.

MUSICAL FESTIVAL
EXHIBITION BUILDING.

THURSDAY, the 6th, FRIDAY, 7th, and SATURDAY, 8th of October.

A SPECIAL TRAIN will leave Sydney on each of the above-named evenings, at 11 o'clock p.m., for Parramatta and intermediate Stations.

JOHN SUTHERLAND,
Commissioner for Railways.
Department of Public Works, Railway Branch,
Sydney, 5th October, 1870.

PUBLIC COMPANIES.

AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL PROVIDENT SOCIETY.
Established 1849.
FOR MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE, &c.

Principal Office—New Pitt-street, Sydney.

DIRECTORS:
George King, Esq., M.P., Chairman.
Professor John Smith, M.D., Deputy Chairman.
Edwin T. Beilby, Esq. | Boulton Molineaux, Esq.
John Fairfax, Esq. | Samuel Lyons, Esq.

Accumulated and invested fund	£700,000
Total annual revenue	200,000
Reserved fund	£50,000

Prospectuses, Forms of Proposal, &c., may be obtained from the Agents of the Society throughout the colony; or on application to

ALEXANDER J. RALSTON, Secretary.

SYDNEY INSURANCE COMPANY
Established 1855.

A COLONIAL proprietary (with unlimited liability of shareholders).

Insurances against FIRE risks effected at reduced rates of premium.

ALEXANDER THOMSON, Secretary.

IMPERIAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.—Capital, £1,945,000. Income, £230,000. Reserve fund, £240,000.

Established in 1803. Losses paid since the foundation of the Society, £3,132,000.

Insurances effected on buildings, merchandise, and ships. Losses from fire by lightning made good, and all claims on adjustment paid in Sydney.

FANNING, GRIFFITHS, and CO., Agents, Spring-street, Sydney.

AUSTRALIAN GENERAL ASSURANCE COMPANY.
Office, 129, Pitt-street, Sydney.
MARINE INSURANCES
Effected at lowest current rates of premium, particulars of which can be obtained at the office.

Policies to Great Britain granted in triplicate, and made payable in London, if required.

HENRY T. FOX, Manager.

NORWICH UNION FIRE OFFICE, Established 1821. Paid-up capital, £550,000. Lowest rates. Losses promptly settled in Sydney. 181, Castlereagh-street.
ROBERT SEMPILL, Agent.

AUSTRALASIAN INSURANCE COMPANY
FIRE, LIFE, AND MARINE.

Head Office—Collins-street, Melbourne.

The undersigned are prepared to issue Policies on every description of insurable interest, on lowest current terms. Marine losses made payable in India, China, London, or any of the Company's Colonial Agencies.

MONTEFIORE and MONTEFIORE,
Gresham-street, next Exchange.

VICTORIA INSURANCE COMPANIES.
FIRE and MARINE, LIFE and GUARANTEE.
United capital..............................£2,200,000.
LOCAL DIRECTORS:
George Thorne, Esq. | J. de V. Lamb, Esq.
Chief Offices for New South Wales and Queensland—New Pitt-street, Sydney.
WILLIAM JACK, Resident Secretary.

THE EUROPEAN ASSURANCE SOCIETY for LIFE ASSURANCE and FIDELITY GUARANTEE.

The only Guarantee Society empowered by Special Act—27 VICTORIA—of the New South Wales Parliament to sue and be sued in this colony.

HEAD OFFICE,
17, WATERLOO-PLACE, PALL MALL, LONDON.
ANNUAL REVENUE UPWARDS OF .. £300,000
CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED BY MORE THAN 1600 SHAREHOLDERS NEARLY £800,000
DIRECTORS:
GENERAL SIR FREDERIC SMITH, K.H., F.R.S., CHAIRMAN.
EDWARD HAMILTON ANSON, Esq., late H.M. Bengal Civil Service.
REV. A. ALSTON, D.D., London.
ALFRED R. BRISTOW, Esq., Admiralty.
R. M. CARTER, Esq., M.P. for Leeds.
EDMUND HEELEY, Esq., Birmingham.
REGINALD READ, Esq., London.

NEW SOUTH WALES BRANCH.
OFFICES—34, HUNTER-STREET, SYDNEY.
DIRECTORS:
Hon. JOHN HAY, M.L.A. JOHN YOUNG, Esq.
G. O. ALLAN, Esq. C. ROLLESTON, Esq.
GEORGE THORNTON, Esq., J.P.

LIFE ASSURANCE.
This Society, from its peculiar constitution and the large amount of its income, from Premiums, &c., is in a position to transact Life Assurance business upon terms favourable to Assurers.

FIDELITY GUARANTEE.
The European Assurance Society is specially constituted to grant bonds or policies of indemnity to bankers, merchants, public companies, municipal corporations, and others, against losses occasioned by the dishonesty of their employés.

The European is specially authorised by Imperial Parliament to guarantee the fidelity of Government officials.

Government and bank officials are charged the lowest rates of premium.

FREDK. J. JACKSON Resident Secretary.

THE LIVERPOOL AND LONDON AND GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY FOR FIRE, LIFE, AND ANNUITIES.

Life Reserve	£2,183,000
Reserve Fund	971,000
Reinsurance Fund	133,000
Capital paid up	391,000
Total Invested Funds	£3,678,000

£300,000 of which are invested in AUSTRALIA.

Forms of Proposal for Fire and Life Insurance, and every information, can be obtained at the Head Office, 50, Margaret-street, Wynyard-square, Sydney; or at any of the agencies.

A. STANGER LEATHES, Resident Secretary.

SYDNEY MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY
(Unlimited Liability.)
Capital, £100,000.

DIRECTORS.
Richard Jones, Esq., Chairman.
Henry Mort, Esq.
James Laidley, Esq.
AGENTS.
London—Mr. William Mort, 155, Fenchurch-street.
Brisbane—Messrs. J. and G. Harris.
Newcastle—Captain Charles Robertson.
MARINE SURVEYOR—Captain James Donald.

N.B.—Time risks on ships, with particular average taken, subject to special arrangement.

Policies on merchandise to Europe granted in triplicate, payable in London in case of loss, if required.

A table of the rates of Premium can be obtained at the Company's Offices, Lyons-buildings, George-street.

SAMUEL H. SMYTH, Manager.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA grants indefeasible Policies of Life Assurance, Annuity, and Endowments. Principal Office, 247, George-street, Sydney.

PACIFIC FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY OF SYDNEY.
Capital, £1,000,000.

DIRECTORS:
G. Wigram Allen, Esq., Chairman.
H. E. A. Allan, Esq. | Henry Prince, Esq.
S. A. Joseph, Esq. | E. Vickery, Esq.
London Agents—Messrs. Young and Lark, Cornhill-chambers.

Marine losses may be made payable in London, if required.

C. M. SMITH, Manager.

THE CITY BANK.—Interest allowed at the rate of three per cent. per annum on the weekly minimum balance at credit of current accounts where such balance does not fall below two hundred pounds.

By order of the Board,
J. THOS. FORD, Manager.
Sydney, 1st July, 1870.

THE MERCANTILE BANK OF SYDNEY allows INTEREST on DEPOSITS at the rate of—
6 per cent. per annum, payable in 12 months
5 ditto ditto, ditto 6 ditto
4 ditto ditto, ditto 3 ditto.
By order of the Directors,
C. G. D'ALBEDYHLL, Manager.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

£25 REWARD.—Whereas, on the night of the 5th instant, some evil disposed person destroyed a quantity of young ORANGE and APPLE TREES, growing in the Orchard of Mr. THOMAS ATKINS, Windsor Road. The above reward will be paid for information that will lead to the conviction of the guilty party.

NOTICE.—The PENSIONERS and DISCHARGED SOLDIERS who have registered their names, at Volunteer Brigade Office, will attend at Victoria Barracks, on MONDAY, the 10th instant, at 7.30 p.m., to take Oath of Allegiance.

By command, &c.,
THOMAS BAYNES, Captain,
Brigade Adjutant Volunteer Force.

NOTICE.
PENSIONERS and DISCHARGED SOLDIERS, in possession of certificates of good character, desirous of being enrolled for partial military service, with remuneration, are requested to register their names, addresses, &c., at the Volunteer Brigade Office, 166, Phillip-street, without delay.

By command, &c.,
THOS. BAYNES, Captain,
Brigade-Adjutant.

LLOYD'S AGENCY.
The undersigned, as Agents for the PACIFIC INSURANCE COMPANY OF SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNIA, are prepared to accept proposals for all kinds of Marine risks.

All claims will be promptly adjusted and settled here, or at any port where an Agency of the Company exists, at the option of the insured.

The following are some of the principal Agencies of the Company, fully authorised to adjust and pay losses.
Head Office, San Francisco, California.
Alsop and Co., Valparaiso and Lima
Stanley M'Nider, Panama
Ladd and Tilton, Portland, Oregon
Charles A. Laton, Chicago, Illinois
Bishop and Co., Honolulu, H. I.
J. Robertson Stewart, Victoria, H. I.
Walsh, Hall, and Co., Yokohama
Russell and Co., Hongkong and Shanghai
Bell, Nott, and Co, Liverpool.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.,
Agents for New South Wales.

ALL PARTIES claiming to participate in the SALVAGE OF WOOL BURNT at Flood's Stores in February last, are requested to send in statement of their claims to the Office of
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.
October 5, 1870.

ROBERTSON TESTIMONIAL FUND.
E. C. WEEKES and S. D. GORDON,
Honorary Treasurers.
M. BURDEKIN and THOS. GARRETT, Hon. Secs.
Committee Rooms—61, Elizabeth-street North.

CITY AND SUBURBAN BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.
THE USUAL MONTHLY PAYMENT falls due on MONDAY, 10th October.
BALLOTING FOR ADVANCES to commence at 9 o'clock precisely.
By order of the Board,
JOHN PURKIS, Secretary.
267, George-street.

IN THE GOODS of LESLIE DUGUID, late of Crown-street, Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Gentleman, deceased.

NOTICE UNDER TRUST PROPERTY ACT OF 1862.
CREDITORS and other claimants are desired to send particulars of their claims to the undersigned on or before the fifteenth day of October next, after which date all further claims are, by virtue of the above Act, peremptorily excluded.

Dated this third day of September, A.D. 1870.
HOLDSWORTH and BROWN, Solicitors for the Administratrix, 69, New Pitt-street, Sydney.

THE FLOWER SHOW.—Exhibitors are informed that Schedules of Prizes and forms for application for space may be obtained of the Secretary, George-street Markets.
JNO. GELDING, Secretary.

THE BLACKWALL WOOL STORES,
Circular Quay.
NOTICE.—The undersigned, having THIS DAY taken over the above Stores from Messrs. Read and Co., begs to inform the public that he intends carrying on the business as heretofore, and respectfully solicits the support of all those interested in the shipment of Wool and other Produce.
EDWARD FLOOD.
July 7th, 1870.
P.S.—All communications to be addressed to the above Stores.

MORT AND CO.,
CIRCULAR QUAY, SYDNEY.
LIVE STOCK AND STATION AGENTS,
SHEEP AND CATTLE SALESMEN.
LIBERAL ADVANCES on Wool, Sheepskins, Tallow, Hides, Leather, and any other Colonial Produce consigned to them for Sale in Sydney, or for Shipment to their Agents, Messrs. W. MORT and CO., 155, Fenchurch-street, London.

N.B.—Mort and Co. insure all produce against fire whilst stored in their warehouses; but if any of their constituents wish their consignments to be protected against risk of fire while in transit, or whilst lying on the wharfs, it will be necessary that they give specific instructions to that effect. Wool in process of shipment is at present covered by policies taken out by captain or agent of ship.

GREAT WESTERN PARCEL DELIVERY AND FORWARDING AGENCY, AUCTIONEERS, &c., &c., RYDAL.
To Squatters, Storekeepers, and the Public generally.
NEWMAN and LANGE, having amalgamated with J. W. LITTLE in the above business, are now prepared to receive any description of goods for transmission or for sale by auction, and having secured premises opposite the Railway Station, Rydal, will receive small parcels and dispatch same without delay, and at the lowest rates of carriage. Our Mr. J. W. Little will take charge of the Sydney office.

A weekly SALE of stock, merchandise, furniture, &c., &c., at the Rydal Auction Mart.

Account sales and proceeds furnished immediately after the sale.

MESSRS. HALLEY and CLYDE desire to tender their thanks to their many friends who, for the past 18 years, have favoured them with their support, and they trust, by unremitting exertion, to secure a continuance of favours and a considerable extension of patronage. They are encouraged to hope for this from having obtained the highest prizes at the two great Intercolonial Exhibitions in Sydney, viz., a first-class in 1869, and four first-class in 1870.

They would also desire to draw attention to their patent Break, which has been highly commended by several of the best judges of such things in the colony, including the gentlemen appointed as judges at the Exhibition this season. From the facilities possessed by H. and C. for procuring the best materials, and unrivalled workmanship, they are prepared to compete with any establishment in the colonies in the production of first-class carriages of every description.

379, 381, and 383, Pitt-street.

NEW SOUTH WALES SHIPOWNERS' ASSOCIATION.—The Committee invite, from the Members of the Association, Suggestions for Inquiry into any matters tending to the improvement and advancement of the Shipping interests.
To be addressed to the Hon. Secretary.
GEORGE R. DIBBS, 127, Pitt-street,
13th September, 1870.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN,
STOCK and STATION AGENTS,
WOOLBROKERS, AUCTIONEERS,
and
CATTLE SALESMEN,
WOOL STORES—Circular Quay.
SALE YARDS—Victoria Yards, Petersham.
OFFICES—Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney.

WOOL, SHEEPSKINS, TALLOW, HIDES, LEATHER, &c.—The undersigned continues to receive at the Wool Stores, Circular Quay, hitherto occupied by the late firm of "IRWIN AND TURNER," wool, sheepskins, tallow, hides, leather, &c., for SALE, or shipment, and will make liberal allowances thereon.
JOHN A. TURNER, Offices, 171, Pitt-street.
Stores, Circular Quay.

No. 70-78.
Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 1st October, 1870.
DISTRESS WARRANTS.—CITY RATES.—NOTICE is hereby given, that DISTRESS WARRANTS are about to be issued indiscriminately, for the recovery, with costs, of all City Rates due for the current half-year, unless paid into the office of the City Treasurer forthwith.
CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

No. 70-77.
Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 1st October, 1870.
UNPAID SEWERAGE RATES.—NOTICE.—The Municipal Council have given instruction for legal proceedings to be taken for the RECOVERY of all SEWERAGE RATES, now outstanding, unless paid into the office of the City Treasurer forthwith.
CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

PRIVATE INQUIRY and GENERAL AGENCY OFFICE, 135, Elizabeth-street, nearly opposite Registrar-General's Office.—Mr. JOHN WOLFE, twenty years a principal officer in the police force of Scotland, New South Wales, Victoria, and Queensland, conducts all kinds of inquiries with secrecy, tact, and dispatch. Agencies arranged on moderate terms. Writs served; rents and debts collected. Mr. Wolfe's testimonials can be inspected at his office. Reference: The Inspector-General of Police, New South Wales. Branch offices throughout the colonies. Terms moderate.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, that the PARTNERSHIP lately subsisting between us, the undersigned WILLIAM GOODMAN HENFREY and JOHN THOMAS TOOHEY, as Mineral Waters and Cordial Manufacturers, Auctioneers, Brewers, and General Commission Agents, at Sydney, under the firm of "Henfrey and Toohey," was, on the seventh day of October now instant, dissolved by mutual consent; and that the said business will be carried on by the said William Goodman Henfrey in his own name, and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm will be received and paid by the said William Goodman Henfrey.

As witness our hands this seventh day of October, A.D. 1870.
W. G. HENFREY.
JOHN T. TOOHEY.
Witness—S. C. BROWN.

NOTICE OF PARTNERSHIP.
We, the undersigned, have THIS DAY, entered into Partnership, as GENERAL IRONMONGERS. The business in future will be carried on under the style of REILLY and COHEN.
RICHARD REILLY.
SIDNEY COHEN.
1st October, 1870.

IN REFERENCE to the above notice, I have to return thanks to my numerous friends for their past support, and hope they will accord the same liberal patronage to the new firm.
RICHARD REILLY.
424, George-street.

BOROUGH OF DARLINGTON.
NOTICE.—Plan showing the level of Alma-lane is now lying at the Council Chambers, Rose-street, Darlington, daily from 9 a.m., to 6 p.m., for the inspection of persons interested; and any objection thereto must be lodged with the Council Clerk, at the Chambers, within thirty days from the date hereof.
By order of the Mayor,
THOS. WEBB, Council Clerk.
October 7, 1870.

SERVANTS' TRAINING SCHOOL.—The Committee are prepared to receive applications from Parents or Guardians, for the admission of Girls to the above Institution. Further particulars may be obtained from Captain SCOTT; or the Secretaries, at the Institution, Upper Dowling-street, Darlinghurst.

NOTICE.—All persons TRESPASSING on, or REMOVING CATTLE from my Station, No. 10 WEST BOGAN, without my written permission, or that of my authorised agent, will be prosecuted with the utmost rigour of the law.
J. E. SERISIER.
Dubbo, 30th September, 1870.

IN BANKRUPTCY.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a Public Sitting in Bankruptcy of the Supreme Court of New Zealand, Northern District, will be held at the Supreme Courthouse, at Auckland, on THURSDAY, the 27th day of October, 1870, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, for GEORGE TURRELL, of Auckland, merchant, to pass his last examination, and to make application for his discharge, under the Bankruptcy Act, 1867, and the Bankruptcy Act Amendment Act, 1868.

Dated at Auckland this 27th day of September, 1870.
JAMES RUSSELL,
Fore-street, Auckland, Bankrupt's Solicitor.

WE do not think Mr. Thame's evidence respecting his exchange of cheques, so far as it relates to us, sufficiently explicit; we beg to supply the following:—

On the 23rd September, 1869, Mr. Thame called upon us and requested as a favour to change a cheque of their firm, dated same day, for one hundred pounds. We sent their cheque at once to the bank, got it paid, and then gave him our cheque for the like amount. This is the only transaction of the kind we have had with the firm before or since the date mentioned.
W. LOVE and CO.
October 7th.

BOROUGH OF WATERLOO.
NOTICE is hereby given that PROCEEDINGS will be taken against ALL PERSONS in arrear on the 15th October instant.
By order of the Mayor.
T. M. SLATTERY, Council Clerk.

TELEGRAMS FOR EUROPE.—Greville's Telegram Company (Reuter's Agents) have the satisfaction of informing merchants, bankers, and others that the charges on the transmission of messages to England, the Continent, and America have been reduced. Telegrams received until the departure of the mail from Adelaide. Time of transmission to London—from Sydney, 24 days; Melbourne, 21 days. Messages sent to America by the Atlantic Cable.

Printed scale of charges can be had on application at GREVILLE'S Commercial Rooms, George-street, next door to the new Post Office.

TO PUBLICANS.—The undersigned have a customer for a house doing a good bar trade; in George-street preferred. They have also several applications for good houses in town and country.
CHANDLER and CO., Auctioneers, Hotel Brokers, and General Agents, 401, George-street.

HOTELKEEPERS and PUBLICANS in town or country are informed that the undersigned have OPENED an AGENCY for the SALE or TRANSFER of HOUSES, and for the transaction of all matters connected with the above business. Their extensive connection, and the central position of their offices, enable them to afford the greatest facilities to their constituents.
CHANDLER and CO., Auctioneers, Hotel Brokers, &c., 401, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

TO PARTIES LEAVING SYDNEY.—Messrs. CHANDLER and CO., Auctioneers, are prepared either to purchase for cash, or advance the estimated value of HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, PIANOFORTES, LIBRARIES, or any property entrusted to them for sale, leaving the vendors in possession until their departure.
CHANDLER and CO., Auctioneers, 401, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

VACCINATION.—Government Vaccination, Free of charge, every TUESDAY, THURSDAY, and SATURDAY MORNINGS, at 10 o'clock, at WEEKES', Parramatta-street.

SYDNEY FEMALE REFUGE SOCIETY.
Received with thanks from Messrs. NOWLAN and SCOTT, Executors of the late WILLIAM INNES, Esq., a Cheque on the Commercial Bank for the sum of FIFTY POUNDS (£50), bequeathed by him as a DONATION to the above Institution.
E. RAMSAY, Collector, 279, George-street, Sydney.

HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.—SPECIAL NOTICE.—The Society's Grand SPRING FLORAL EXHIBITION will be held, by the kind permission of the Honorable the Minister for Lands, in the LOWER BOTANIC GARDENS, on the 19th and 20th instant. JNO. GELDING, Secretary.

WHOLESALE HAT WAREHOUSE.—This establishment will be CLOSED on MONDAY, 10th instant.
349, George-street. BENJAMIN BRAUN.

IT HAVING come to the knowledge of the Directors that certain persons are in the habit of selling inferior and dangerous oils of a low inflaming point as the standard WHITE OILS of the Western Kerosene Company, the public are cautioned that the genuine standard White Oil of this company is invariably of the same pure white colour and safe character as that exhibited in the late Exhibition, to which a silver medal was awarded by the judges.
JOHN M'DONALD, Jun., Secretary.
251, George-street, 7th October.

MEDICAL CHEMICALS AND DRUGS.

THE AUSTRALIAN OINTMENT.—To be obtained from all respectable chemists and druggists.

TO LADIES.—Mrs. WELSH'S Female Pills remove all difficulties (not Widow Welsh's). Letters attended to. The pills sent by post. To be had only at 468, Elizabeth-street South near Albion-street, Sydney.

PAINKILLER.
An invoice of Perry Davis's celebrated PAINKILLER, now landing, and for SALE to the Trade by the undersigned.
BEILBY and SCOTT.

TO CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS.
Messrs. LANGTONS, SCOTT, and EDDEN will be happy to execute all indents forwarded to them through the undersigned.
Price lists and terms on application to
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

PODOPHYLLIN.—New discovery for Indigestion Bile, Sick Headache, Flatulence, Loss of Appetite, 6d and 2s 6d; by post, 2s and 3s.
W. LARMER, 323, George-street.

PRATT'S BALSAM OF HOREHOUND, a certain and speedy cure for coughs, colds, influenza, asthma, difficulty of breathing, and all diseases of the chest and lungs. Prepared only by W. PRATT, Dispensing Chemist, 521, George-street, Sydney. Sold by druggists and storekeepers, in 1s 6d and 2s 6d bottles.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. PAGE WOOD stated publicly in Court that Dr. J. COLLIS BROWNE was undoubtedly the Inventor of Chlorodyne, that the whole story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, and he regretted to say it had been sworn to.—TIMES, July 13, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.—The Right Hon. Earl RUSSELL communicated to the College of Physicians and J. T. Davenport that he had received information to the effect that the only remedy of any service in cholera was Chlorodyne.—See LANCET, December 31, 1864.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, "Is prescribed by scores of orthodox practitioners. Of course, it would not be thus singularly popular did it not 'supply a want and fill a place.'"—MEDICAL TIMES, January 12, 1866.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is the best and most certain remedy in coughs, colds, asthma, consumption, neuralgia, rheumatism, &c.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne is a certain cure in cholera, dysentery, diarrhoea, colics, &c.

Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne.—Caution.—None genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle. Sole manufacturer, J. T. Davenport, 33, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. The immense demand enables the proprietors to reduce the price; it is now sold in bottles, 1s 1½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, and 11s, containing double quantity hitherto.
Agents: Sydney, Messrs. ELLIOTT, BROTHERS.
Agents: Melbourne, Messrs. FELTON, GRIMWADE, and CO.

MOORE'S Transparent CEMENT, sold in bottles, at 1s and 2s each. Prepared J. Moore, 34, S. H. Road.

MOORE'S COLOURLESS TRANSPARENT CEMENT.—This really useful preparation is now extensively employed, and everywhere meets with the highest approval for repairing broken glass and earthenware articles of all kinds, and for joining wood, shells, card board, meerschaum, &c., &c. Prepared by J. MOORE, Druggist, 34, South Head Road.

A CARD FOR THE DRESSING-ROOM.
Caution to the public, beware of spurious imitations, and ask for
MURRAY and LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER.

Ladies, your attention is invited to the especial advantages of
MURRAY and LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER
over every other perfume.
It is manufactured from fresh floral extracts, not from unwholesome chemical combinations intended to counterfeit their odours. Besides being the most delicate and delightful of floral water, it has important sanitary recommendations. Its aroma relieves headache, prevents fainting fits, promotes sleep, and soothes the nerves. Infused into the bath, it renders it more invigorating and refreshing. Combined with water, it imparts whiteness to the teeth, preserves the enamel, and renders the gums hard and rosy. No other toilet water retains its fragrance so long after contact with the atmosphere.

☞ Beware of counterfeits; always ask for the legitimate Murray and Lanman's Florida Water, prepared only by LANMAN and KEMP, New York. All others are worthless.

Wholesale Agents:
EDWARD ROW and COMPANY,
219, Pitt-street, Sydney.
And sold retail by all Chemists and Perfumers in the colony.

RATS, MICE, BEETLES, COCKROACHES, &c., what nasty things they are.—Buy HUNTER'S INFALLIBLE VERMIN DESTROYER. Testimonial from James Froud, chemist, Dorchester:—"Your poison succeeds to admiration. It is as effective as an infernal machine."

[COPY.]
Marrickville, September 26, 1870.
Sir,—I promised to let you know how Hunter's Vermin Destroyer acted. Its effect was wonderful; in one night I destroyed all the rats and mice about my house, which was swarmed with them.
I am, Sir, yours respectfully,
(Signed) GEORGE EAGER.
To Mr. Mitchell, Druggist, Pitt-street, Sydney.

Sold in packets at 3d, 6d, and 1s each, by most chemists and apothecaries, and wholesale by Messrs. Graham, Thacker, and Hoffe, wholesale druggists, Dublin. Wholesale agents—EDWARD ROW and CO., 219, Pitt-street; and by all chemists and druggists.

STOP THAT COUGH!
ALLEN'S LUNG BALSAM WILL DO IT.
NEVER DESPAIR OF A CURE until you have tried this celebrated remedy for every description of lung disease. Sold by all druggists. VENNARD and STEVENS, Wholesale Agents, 220, Pitt-street.

LARMER'S MEDICAL ESTABLISHMENT, 323, George-street, near Bank of New South Wales.
Now landing, the following goods:—
Bishop's citrate of magnesia, all sizes
Delectable jujubes, Keating's lozenges
Entire wheat flour, Hard's food, camphor
Seidlitz powders, chlorodine lozenges, spongio-piline
Cod liver oil, sarsaparilla, quinine, fruit essences, &c.
Ess. lemon, ess. bergamot, revalenta, ganogines
Hostetter's bitters, otto of roses, and musk.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1459072

CHARCOAL LOZENGES.—Recommended by the Medical Profession.—A remedy for Indigestion, Heartburn, Flatulence, Fetor of Breath, &c. Packets, 1s. FANE, Medical Hall, 84, King-street.

GENUINE NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.—A direct importation from Norway, and specially selected for the Australian colonies, is from C. JORDAN'S Oil Steam Factory, in Throndhjem, and proved to be the finest and purest medicinal oil made, free from all nauseous taste and smell. To be obtained at the principal druggists; and from J. HAMILTON, Botany Road, Sole Wholesale Agent.

ABRAHAM'S BALSAM, Horehound, and Linseed for all Chest complaints. 446, George-street, nr. Royal.

EX QUEEN OF NATIONS.—CHLORAL HYDRATE. W. T. PINHEY, Pitt-street.

ENCOURAGE AUSTRALIAN INDUSTRY, and benefit yourselves by using HENRY'S COLONIAL OINTMENT, which is the best remedy for the cure of all sores, eruptions, &c., may be had (lid pots) from 1s to 2s 6d, at all Chemists and Storekeepers, and at the Stores of the Inventor and Proprietor.
JAMES HENRY,
792, George-street South, near Railway Station.

RANDERSON'S PODOPHYLLIN ANTIBILIOUS LOZENGES, the only reliable cure for bilious complaints and liver disease. 1s and 2s boxes.
RANDERSON, Chemist, opposite the Royal.

SOAP POWDERS on SALE. Ward and Co.'s Australian 1st prize. D. Mitchell and Co., 424, George-st.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS, a certain cure for sick Headache.—Their virtue in such cases is known in all parts of the world. Those afflicted with liver and bowel complaints, or indigestion, cannot use a better remedy. Sold at 533, Oxford-street, W.C., London, and at all druggists throughout the world.

PODOPHYLLIN SEIDLITZ POWDERS. MITCHELL, Druggist, corner Pitt and King sts.

TASTELESS WORM POWDERS. MITCHELL, Druggist, corner Pitt and King sts.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

BRYAN CORCORAN, WITT, and CO.
48, Mark Lane, London, England,
MILLSTONE MAKERS, WIRE WEAVERS, BRUSH MAKERS, &c.,
Manufacturers of all kinds of Flour Mill Machinery, and every article required by Corn and Rice Millers, Cement and Coprolite Grinders, Maltsters, Paper Makers, &c., Dealers in Paper and General Merchants.

The New Fire-Proof
IRON SMUT MACHINE,
"The Premier."
This Machine is complete in itself, with Fan and Exhaust, having an outer case of sheet iron; it is free from transmitting fire, which materially affects insurance policies, and can be placed in any part of the mill.

IRON SMUT MACHINES
for small Mills,
with powerful wind fan attached. Can be had with or without separator.
Single, Double, and Split Cane Brushes.
Machine and Jumper Wires.
Square Bar Smut Wire Wove specially for Smut Machines.
N.B.—A good supply always on hand.

TO MALSTERS AND OTHERS.
Makers of Woven Ironwire Malt Kiln Plates to any dimensions, the best Floors for Malt Kilns, offering the least possible resistance to the current of heated air passing through, and is of the longest duration, some lasting over 40 years. Used by the principal maltsters in the United Kingdom, the Continent, and the Colonies.
Prices of Wire Plates, Ironwork, Cowls, &c., on application.

Erectors of
MALT KILNS, on Improved Principles.

CORN AND SEED MEASURES
TRUCKS, SIEVES, WEIGHING MACHINES, &c.
MALT SCREENS, and BARLEY SHOOTS,
Corn Screens, Wood and Iron Shovels.
Receivers for Sampling Corn in Bulk.
MALT GAUGES.
CHONDROMETERS, for ascertaining the Weight of Grain per Bushel.

WIRE WEAVERS and WORKERS,
Manufacturers of Wire Flour Dressing Machines, Smut Machines, Bolting Mills, Worms, Creepers, Separators, Elevators, Jumpers.
IMPORTERS OF SWISS DRESSING SILK, AND MAKERS OF SILK BOLTING CLOTHS.
Manufacturers of the best description of Silk Flour Dressing Machines, with wooden shaft, Broken Wood Worm, &c.
Brushes for all sorts of machinery.
Sack Chains, Jiggers, Punches, Spanners, &c.
Agents for Blackmore's Bolting Cloths.
Paper Machine Wires, Felts and Felting, Patent and India-rubber Feckle Straps, Moulds and Dandy Rolls, Gut, Indiarubber, Gutta Percha, Leather, and other Driving Bands.
Messrs. BEILBY and SCOTT, Agents for Sydney, New South Wales.

BRYAN CORCORAN, WITT, and CO.,
48, Mark-lane, London, England.
Prize Medals and Honourable Mentions,
Paris, 1855. London, 1851.
Leicester, 1868.

Agents—Messrs. BEILBY and SCOTT, Sydney, N.S.W.

BUILDERS OF FRENCH MILLSTONES,
Of Free Cutting Brown Nutmeg Burr, superior to any yet discovered, for grinding all sorts of English, Colonial, and Foreign Wheats.
BUILDERS OF FRENCH MILLSTONES,
For grinding Roman and Portland Cements, Coprolites and Artificial Manures. These Burrs are selected of a very hard and tough quality and built edge and end ways.
N.B.—A good supply of the above Wheat Stones always in store.

DERBYSHIRE GREY PEAK STONES, of best quality for Barley, Oats, Peas, Beans
COLOGNE STONES, of finest quality, for Paints, Colours, White Lead, Peas, Printers' Ink, &c., &c.
CORNISH AND SCOTCH GRANITE EDGE RUNNERS, for crushing Seed, Drug Grinders, &c., &c.
HARD PEAK RUNNERS, for Oil Mills, &c.
FINE GRIT WHITE PEAKS, for Rice Shelling, Barley Mills and Cotton Mills
NEWCASTLE and other GRINDSTONES of superior quality
Best Cast Steel MILL BILLS and PICKS, Mahogany STONE STAFFS, Cast Iron STONE PROOFS.

SOLE IMPORTERS of the celebrated Anchor Brand
SWISS SILK,
for Dressing Flour and Separating Rubbles.
39 Inches wide.
No. 0000, 16 threads to inch; 000, 25 threads; 00, 30 threads; 0, 35 threads; 1, 45 threads; 2, 50 threads; 3, 55 threads; 4, 60 threads; 5, 70 threads; 6, 75 threads; 7, 80 threads; 8, 85 threads; 9, 95 threads; 10, 110 threads; 11, 115 threads; 12, 125 threads; 13, 130 threads; 14, 140 threads; 15, 150 threads; 16, 160 threads.
Eyelet-Hole Tape and Lacing
Silk Coverings made up to size of Reel.
Silk Dressing Machines, with all the latest improvements.
Messrs. BEILBY and SCOTT beg to inform Millers that they have a good supply of the above Brand Swiss Silk, also a good supply of
THE PATENT NEEDLE LUBRICATORS,
on a pneumatic and self-acting principle, in glass; the stopper is made of wood, in preference to metal, because it allows the neck of the globe to expand or contract, by heat or cold, without breaking the glass. Its economy in saving of oil is incredible; an ordinary globe, containing but a small quantity, will lubricate a small shaft turning 150 to 200 revolutions per minute, for upwards of a month.

Orders received by the undersigned, who have been appointed agents for
BRYAN CORCORAN, WITT, and CO.,
Mark Lane, London, England,
for Steam Engines, Portable Mills, Machinery, and all articles used in Flour, Rice, and Paper Mills, Oil and Seed Mills, Cement and Coprolite Grinding, Malting, &c., &c.
Messrs. BEILBY and SCOTT, Sydney, N.S.W.

PORTABLE FIRE ENGINES.—The "Extincteur" will be found invaluable in country places, where hay stacks, barns, &c., are liable to be destroyed by fire. Two of the latest improved make are for SALE by the undersigned.
P. N. RUSSELL and CO.

THOS. NOSSITER and CO., 62, New Pitt-street, have on SALE,
Hennessy's and T. Hine and Co.'s brandies, in bulk and case
Cliquot's champagne; Bass No. 3 ale, small packages
Woolpacks, tinplates, IC, IX, IXX
De Roubaix candles, American axes, guns
Electro-platedware, sheep shears.

T. HINE AND CO.'S BRANDY.
We having been APPOINTED SOLE AGENTS for this much esteemed brandy are in a position to supply orders in bulk and case.
THOS. NOSSITER and CO.

SELLING OFF, SELLING OFF.—CHINA, Glass, and Earthenware, at greatly reduced prices, in consequence of expiration of lease. G. LANE, Staffordshire Warehouse, 359, George-street.

BASS'S Ale, in barrels and half-hogsheads. HAZELAND and CO., Lime-street.

BUCELLAS, Sweet Lisbon, Marsala, and Catalan. HAZELAND and CO., Wine Merchants, Lime-st.

ELASTIC WEB for SALE; Offices to Let; free goods stored, at W. BARKER'S, Queen's-place.

RUM.—The undersigned have on SALE a Parcel of Queensland Rum. WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

INDENTS executed by the undersigned through their London firm, and Colonial Produce received for SALE, on the lowest terms of commission.
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

INDENTS.—The undersigned are prepared to execute indents for all classes of goods from Great Britain on the most favourable terms. LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME, 30, Hunter-street.

BAR AND ROD IRON—
Round, square, and flat, all sizes
Hoop iron, angle iron, pig and hematite iron
Boiler and Lowmoor plates, boiler tubes and rivets
Galvanized corrugated iron, Morewood's and others
Water socket pipes, 2 to 6 inch diameter
CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO.

FENCING WIRE—
Nos. 6, 8, 10, and 12, best annealed drawn
Ryland's and Joseph Rowell and Co.'s R over XL brand
Galvanized wire rope, twine, canvas, black paint
Blasting powder, castor oil, window glass
Europe rope, bolt rope, spunyarn, wire nails.
CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO.

MUNTZ YELLOW METAL—
Muntz yellow metal rods, ½ inch up to 1½ in.
Chain cables, and anchors, sheathing felt
Soda crystals, soda ash, glass jar salt, alkali
W. I. arrowroot, Bath bricks, whiting
Young's paraffin candles, dried codfish
Preserved salmon, herrings, in half-barrels and firkins
Moir's salmon, herrings, jams, marmalade, &c.
Tobacco pipes, Windsor and Liverpool soap
Wotherspoon's confectionery, in 12-lb. and 7-lb. tins
Whisky—Scotch and Irish, in bulk and bottle
Ditto—Old Glenlivet, in bulk, and Dawson's in bottle
Sherry, in hogsheads, quarter-casks, and octaves
Borthwick's bottled Dublin stout, quarts and pints
Brown and grey papers, printing papers, paper bags.
CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO.

PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES.—
10, 11, and 12 h.p. portable steam engines
Steam hoisting engines and winches, 3, 5, and 6 h.p.
Turning lathes, 7½, 9½, and 13 inch centres—from 12 to 20 feet beds, steam hammers, punching machines
Drilling machines, Bourdon's pressure gauges
V. I. R. sheets and belting, Brighton lamps
Lithographic press and stones complete.
CAIRD, PATERSON, and CO.

METALLIC OXIDE PAINTS.
FOR SALE, by private contract, the above in oil and powder, all colours, 20s per cwt.
PEEK and FRERICHS, 273, George-street.

INDENTS.—The undersigned are prepared to execute indents for all classes of Goods from Great Britain on the most favourable terms. LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME, 30, Hunter-street.

ANTI-FOULING COMPOSITION, for prevention of fouling on iron and wooden ships.
For references and particulars apply to
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO., Agents for the British and Oriental Ship Coating Company.

ON SALE, by the undersigned, ex late arrivals.
BEERS—Whitbread's stout, in hogsheads; Field's, D'Arcy's
Robin M'Millan's, Worthington's, M'Ewan's ales, draught and bottle
Bass's ale, bottled by R. Porter and Co., Harpur, Boulton, and Co.
Barclay's stout, bottled by Scroggie, Ashton, and Baker; Guinness's stout, Burke
Tennent's ale, in quarts and pints
Flower's, M'Ewan's ale, in bottle, and in jugs
Jeffrey's bottled ale and stout
BRANDY—Martell's; Jules Robin, Dulary, and low quality, in hogsheads, quarters, and cases
RUM—Preston's, in hogsheads and quarters; Maryboro', 32 to 34 per cent.
WHISKY—Thorne's, and Dunville's, bulk and bottle, Scotch and Irish, Brown Bess; Burnett's old tom
SHERRIES — Burdon's best, and low qualities, in quarters
PORTS—Hooper and Son's, 2 to 5 anchor, in quarters; and low qualities; Selby's Masdeu
GINGER wine, vermouth, absynthe, champagne, clarets, in bulk and cases; raspberry balm, curaçoa
GROCERIES — Assorted soups, haddocks, pastes, sauces, jams, pickles, Coward's oilmen's stores, corn flour, hams, cheese, Queensland arrowroot, Keillor's confectionery, starch, soft soap, oatmeal, pearl barley, cutty pipes; salad oil, pints, and half-pints; Slee, Slee, and Co.'s vinegar, in bulk; and Waters's and Williams's, in bottle; curry powder; rock, fine, and coarse salt; malt, in tanks; lime juice, Bavarian and Kent hops, caustic soda and soda ash, soda crystals, castor oil, cordials, plaids, paper bags, and corks
OILS and PAINTS—Raw and boiled oil, in drums; assorted varnishes, turpentine and colza oil, white and red lead, green and black paint, dry red lead, roll lead, pitch, resin, umber, palm oil, China oil, mutton bird oil, castor oil, black oil
IRONMONGERY—Bar and tire iron, round ditto, ⅜ to 1¼ inch; pig iron, corrugated ditto, boiler plates, boiler tubes, cotton waste, wire nails, sodawater bottles; window glass, blasting fuse, Hall's blasting powder, and Pigou and Wilks's sporting ditto, millstones, assorted brushware, 3-bushel bags, woolpacks, seaming twine, sheet lead and zinc, Portland cement, tinplates, Muntz metal, nails
LEATHERS—Kangaroo, calf, kip, basils, sole leather, and mutton bird fat, grindery, uppers, awls, knives, &c.
ON SALE.
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.,
Charlotte-place.

MELBOURNE MOULD CANDLES.
The HOBSON BAY WORKS are now enlarged, and we are able to supply all orders.
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.,
Agents.

RITCHIE'S TASMANIAN OATMEAL Mills rebuilt. 7 lb., 14 lb., and 28 lb. bags.
Supplies freely coming to hand.
LEARMONTH, DICKINSON, and CO.,
Agents.

UNITED VINEYARD PROPRIETORS BRANDY.
The undersigned are in receipt of regular shipments of this much-approved brand, in bulk and case, and are prepared to supply trade orders.
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.

CLOUZEAU'S BRANDY.
The undersigned, Sole Agents in Sydney for this favourite brand, continue to receive regular shipments, in bulk and case, and are prepared to execute orders for same.
DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.

SCHWEPPE'S SODAWATER and LEMONADE can be obtained of the principal Wine Merchants and Storekeepers in the colony.
Manufactory, Berners-street, London,
Agents, E. and W. PAUL, 62, Margaret-street.

RUINART'S CHAMPAGNE, CARTE NOIR, A dry wine, much esteemed by connoisseurs.
Sold by the principal wine merchants.
Agents, E. and W. PAUL, 62, Margaret-street.

WHITBREAD AND CO.'S
EXPORT LONDON STOUT AND ALE.

	Per Hhd. Casks included.
Export Stout	£4 0 0
Export XX Ale	4 4 0

Delivered free on board in London.
Cash one month from date of invoice, less 5 per cent. discount.
Messrs. WHITBREAD and CO.
recommend that orders for export should be shipped between 1st November and 1st May.
Brewery, Chiswell-street, London, E.C.

TO CONSUMERS OF KEROSENE OIL.
Ask for THE WESTERN KEROSENE COMPANY'S STANDARD WHITE.
This MAGNIFICENT ILLUMINATING OIL, the SAFEST, BEST, and CHEAPEST procurable, may be had at the following houses:—
John Keep, Barrack-street
Alfred Fairfax and Co., George-street
E. T. Fels, 456, George-street
F. Lassetter and Co., George-street
H. P. Palser, 427, George-street
J. B. Holdsworth, George-street
Burrows and Barnard, George-street
William Thomas, 5, Erskine-street
John Davis, 477, George-street
John Murphy and Son, 21 and 23, Parramatta-street
James Macgregor, 320, George-street
Stanford and Co., 307, George-street
J. Barlow, 758, George-street
Peate and Harcourt, 258, George-street
William Love and Co., George-street, opposite Markets
Bennett, Brothers, George-street
E. C. Curtis, George-street

GALLOWAY BOILER TUBES.—No Cornish or Lancashire Boiler should now be made without having the flues strengthened by means of these TUBES. They effect a considerable saving in fuel, increase the quantity of steam, and also improve the circulation; thus preventing priming, &c. W. and J. GALLOWAY and SONS, Engineers, Manchester.

THE "GALLOWAY" CONICAL TUBES, for BOILERS, economise fuel, raise steam quickly, promote thorough circulation of water, and are also easily adapted to existing boilers. Above 40,000 at work. For prices, &c., apply to the patentees, W. and J. GALLOWAY and SONS, Engineers, Manchester.

GALLOWAY and SONS, MAKERS of every description of STEAM-ENGINES, General Millwrights, Corn and Flour Mills, Lead Pipe Machinery, Lead Rolling Mills, Iron Bridges, &c.

ALUMINIUM WATCHES and Jewellery.—B. Rittenberg, importer, 363, Geo.-st., nr. Telegraph O.

BRAZILIAN PEBBLE SPECTACLES. — Best quality.
ALL SIGHTS, 10s 6d PER PAIR.
W. MAC DONNELL and CO., 386, George-street.

FINE GOLD JEWELLERY, first-class WATCHES, &c., consisting of the latest designs, in gipsy rings, earrings and brooches; THE NEWEST in necklets, ladies' albert chains, DIAMOND and other bracelets, scale and keys; lockets for 2, 4, and 6 photographs; improved SILVER CARD CASES, bouquet holders, ladies' and gentlemen's silver and gold KEYLESS LEVER WATCHES, &c., &c., just unpacked per mail.
At A. BLAU'S, 9, Hunter-street.
N.B.—Chronometers rated, watches repaired, jewellery manufactured to order by efficient workmen.

MEERSCHAUM PIPES, direct from Vienna, consisting of the Belgique, Yachting, the Abyssinian, the Dublin, the Cosmopolitan; carved heads, claws, &c. Just unpacked per mail. At A. Blau's, 9, Hunter-street.

ROYAL ARCH and Master Mason Aprons for SALE, at reduced prices, at A. BLAU'S, 9, Hunter-street.

EX MAIL STEAMER.—J. H. MYERS has received an assortment of superior Brierwood PIPES (some in cases), and a few very fine Meerschaums. Gentlemen are requested to note the above.
J. H. MYERS, Tobacconist, &c., 105, King-street, Sydney.

PRIZE MEDALS AT ALL THE EXHIBITIONS.
RICE STARCH,
Invented, Patented, and Manufactured by
ORLANDO JONES and CO.,
is the best for all laundry purposes.
As many spurious imitations are sold, see that each packet bears the name of ORLANDO JONES and CO., Starchmakers to the Queen.
Sold by the principal Grocers.
Agents—E. and W. PAUL, 62, Margaret-street.

TO SUGAR MANUFACTURERS. — Centrifugal Machine (new), complete, with pulleys, drums, belting, and shafting; makers, Manlove, Alliott, and Co., Nottingham. For SALE, cheap.
J. C. NEILD, Jun., 227, George-street.

FOR SALE, by the undersigned
BRANDY, RUM, GENEVA
BEER—Tennent's and Ind, Coope, and Co.'s
CANDLES—Roubaix and Brandon's
BLASTING POWDER—Kames and Co.'s
WOOLPACKS, Sacks, Bagging, Twine
PAPER and Paper Bags
FENCING WIRE—Nos. 6, 8, 10, and 12
OILS, Colours, and Paints—North British Colour Company
PORTABLE STEAM ENGINES, 8, 10, 12, and 18 h.p., by Ruston, Proctor and Co., Lincoln; and C. D. Young and Co., Perth
CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS
STATIONARY ENGINES and Steam Boilers.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

INDENTS.—The undersigned are prepared to execute Indents on the most favourable terms.
GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

DUNVILLE'S Old Irish WHISKY on SALE by WILLIAM HERON, Agent, Spring-street.

PRIVATE FAMILIES are informed that every description of WINES, SPIRITS, ALE, and PORTER, of genuine qualities, are supplied by the undersigned at the following reduced charges:—

SHERRY—a really good wine	25s dozen.
Ditto—Amontillado	35s
PORT—a fine rich-flavoured wine	25s
Ditto—very old and crusty	36s
BRANDY—(genuine Martell's) dark or pale	45s
RUM—real Jamaica	32s 6d
WHISKY—very superior SCOTCH	28s
Ditto—5-years-old IRISH	37s 6d
ALE or PORTER—superior quality	8s 6d

Any of the above also, in draught, at reduced prices. PUBLICANS will find a saving in getting their supplies from us.
D. MITCHELL and CO., Wine and Spirit Merchants and Wholesale Grocers, 426, George-street.

THE "EXHIBITION" BATH, manufactured only at F. R. ROBINSON'S, Plumber, &c., 486, Geo.-st.

SCOTCH-AMERICAN Cooking STOVES, received highest honors at Intercolonial Exhibition; greatest economy of fuel; excellence and durability guaranteed.
F. R. ROBINSON, 486, George-street.

SHIPS' STOVES.—The best stock in the city. F. R. ROBINSON, Stove Warehouse.

AMERICAN Self-heating IRONS, from 4s; great comfort for ironing in summer, at ROBINSON'S.

COOKING STOVES repaired, and all extra fittings on hand, at F. R. ROBINSON'S.

LAUNDRY Washing Coppers, superior make. "Highly commended." F. R. ROBINSON.

MILNER STEPHEN'S Prize Medal Patent GOLD WASHING MACHINE, and Portable Hammer Battery, for Quartz-crushing, ON VIEW, at the Manufactory, Lower Pitt-street.
ALFRED and GEORGE STEPHEN,
General Managers.

TANKS, Tanks. Tanks.—For SALE, 400-gallons Tanks. Apply E. E. SMITH, Struth's Wharf.

IRON WATER TANKS, each 400 gallons, for SALE, Goodlet and Smith, timber merchants, 483, George-st.

FIJI AND QUEENSLAND COTTON PLANTERS UNIVERSAL COTTON GINS AND CONDENSERS will clean, with two horses in 10 hours, 1500 lbs., and with 4 horses 3000 lbs. Can be worked in the open field by any ordinary labourer.
The "Cotton Supply Association of Manchester, England," awarded this machine the highest honours over all others, and declared the samples ginned entirely uninjured, a compliment never before or since given to any other by this association.
Parties are invited to inspect the machines, one of which is erected for the purpose of exhibiting to those interested, and full particulars given, at No. 1, Custom-house-buildings.
BARRON and AUSTEN, Provision Merchants.

FURNITURE, ETC.

WANTED, for cash, Household FURNITURE and Requisites. J. B. North and Co., brokers, Geo.-st.

MATTRESSES & Palliasses.—Horsehair, pulu, flock, fibre, and flax mattresses. J. Lawler, 316, Pitt-st.

MATTRESSES carefully cleaned and re-made by steam. J. Lawler, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-st.

ALCOCK and CO., BILLIARD TABLE MANUFACTURERS
to
his Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh,
132, Russell-street,
MELBOURNE.

ALCOCK'S PATENT DINING and BILLIARD TABLE, altered for either purpose in one minute, on view at the Exhibition.
Manufactory—
Russell-street, MELBOURNE.

IRON BEDSTEADS, IRON BEDSTEADS, IRON BEDSTEADS.
T. MOORE begs to inform persons furnishing and others that, in order to effect an immediate sale, he has reduced the price of his large and varied stock of Iron and Brass Bedsteads to a price that will defy competition.
Observe the address—
T. MOORE, Furniture, Iron Bedstead, and Bedding Bazaar, 337 and 339, Pitt-street, near School of Arts.

SINGER'S NEW IMPROVED LOCK-STITCH SEWING MACHINES, the best, cheapest, most simple and durable of all sewing-machines. STANFORD and CO., Sole Agents, 307, George-street.

SEWING-MACHINES.
BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS!
The success which has attended the Wheeler and Wilson Machine has produced many imitations, several of which are being offered for SALE in this city. It is, therefore, necessary that purchasers should be careful not to get a spurious article.
None are genuine without this Trade Mark of the Company, which is stamped on the cloth-plate of every machine they issue:—
"WHEELER & WILSON M'F'G. Co.
BRIDGEPORT, CONN."
VENNARD and STEVENS,
Sole Agents,
220, Pitt-street.

CABINET-MAKER AND UPHOLSTERER (by appointment) to his Royal Highness the DUKE OF EDINBURGH.
JAMES LAWSON begs respectfully to call the attention of parties furnishing to his large and well-assorted stock of Drawing, Dining, and Bed Room FURNITURE, BEDSTEADS, and BEDDING which he offers at very low prices.
Ships' cabins fitted up with every requisite.
249, George-street, near Hunter-street, Sydney.

INTERCOLONIAL EXHIBITION, 1870.—The Silver Medal was awarded to Messrs. HUDSON, BROTHERS, for the excellence of their manufactures, comprising joiners' work, coopers' work, railway and telegraph apparatus.

GOODLET and SMITH, Timber and Galvanized Iron Merchants and Drain Pipe Manufacturers, 483, George-street, near Bathurst-street; Parramatta-street, near Railway; and Surry Hills Pottery, Riley-street.

TO LANDLORDS and PUBLIC GENERALLY.—ESTIMATES given for General Repairs, Painting, Papering, &c. GRUBE and SPECK, 65, Market-street, and 714, George-street.

COPPER WORK of every description manufactured. Sheet Copper on SALE. W. Robison, 67, Sussex-st.

TENDERS.

TO CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS.—TENDERS will be received until SATURDAY, the 22nd instant, for the SUPPLY of MEDICINES to Members and Families of the HERALD Office Benefit Society. For particulars apply to Mr. CHARLES PRINCE, Secretary, HERALD Office.

TO CHEMISTS and DRUGGISTS.—TENDERS are invited to supply members of the Wesleyan Benefit Society and their families with medicines,—will be received until the 17th instant. Information may be obtained from WILLIAM BROWN, 207, Pitt-street.

TO CARPENTERS.—TENDERS are required for making the Seats of St. John's Church, Glebe. Plans and specifications to be seen on application to Mr. EDMUND T. BLACKET, Pitt-street, to whom tenders are to be addressed on or before THURSDAY, October 20th. No tender will be accepted unless it is perfectly satisfactory.

TENDERS are invited for the erection of a Brick COTTAGE, at Balmain, and will be received up to MONDAY, the 17th instant, by Mr. O'BRIEN, of the Native Youth Inn, Pyrmont.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited for the Erection and Completion of two first-class Dwelling Houses, in Victoria-street,
The works may be tendered for as under:—
1st. Excavation, drainage, masonry, and brickwork in one sum.
2nd. Carpenters' and joiners' work and all finishing trades, in one sum.
3rd. Or the whole of the works in one sum.
Plans and specifications may be seen on application to Mr. G. ALLEN MANSFIELD, Architect, of 165, Pitt-street, Sydney, to whom tenders are to be addressed on or before THURSDAY, 27th instant, at 4 o'clock p.m.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received on 15th instant, for the Erection of two semi-detached third-class Houses, in Dowling-street, Surry Hills.
Plans and specifications may be seen at the Office of Mr. THOMAS ROWE, Architect, Nos. 56 and 57, Vickery's-chambers.

SYDNEY HOMŒOPATHIC PHARMACY, 227, George-street.
No eligible Tender having been received for the PURCHASE of the BUSINESS, STOCK-IN-TRADE, &c., of the above establishment, NOTICE is hereby given, that further TENDERS will be received up to MONDAY, the 10th instant.
The stock includes all the newest Homœopathic Remedies, the best Guides and Works on Homœopathy, and a choice assortment of Medicine Chests, a full inspection of which is solicited.
Tenders must be signed by the parties tendering.
The highest, nor any tender not necessarily accepted.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be accepted until WEDNESDAY, the 12th instant, for the erection of two houses. Plans and specifications at No. 13, Railway-place, Strawberry Hill.

No. 70-79. Town Clerk's Office,
Sydney, 6th October, 1870.
LEASE OF EXHIBITION BUILDING.—TENDERS will be received at this Office, until 3 o'clock on MONDAY, 17th instant, for a lease of the Exhibition Building, Prince Alfred Park, for a period of ten years.
Particulars and conditions of lease may be obtained on applying to the undersigned.
The Council will not be bound to accept the highest or any tender.
CHAS. H. WOOLCOTT, Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF PADDINGTON.—TENDERS will be received at the Council Chambers, until 7 p.m. on TUESDAY, the 11th instant, for the undermentioned works:—Ballasting Glebe and Cameron streets; ballasting and kerbing Caledonia-lane; and for kerbing and guttering to be laid in various places. Specifications to be seen on application to the Council Clerk.
By order of the Mayor.
JESSE COWLEY, Council Clerk.
5th October, 1870.

BOROUGH OF ALEXANDRIA.
Sealed TENDERS of the following works will be received at the Council Chambers, until 7 p.m. WEDNESDAY, 19th October:—
1. For excavating, forming, and ballasting north-end of Wyndham-street.
2. For kerbing and guttering north-end of Wyndham-street and Boundary-street.
3. For forming and ballasting Raglan-street.
4. Forming and ballasting part of Phillip-street.
5. For clearing drain and culvert in Wyndham-street.
Plans and specifications can be seen at the Council Chambers.
All tenders to be marked on envelope "Tender for ——." The Council do not bind themselves to accept the lowest, or any tender; and no tender will be accepted unless accompanied by sufficient bonds.
WILLIAM BRYANT, Mayor.

TENDERS wanted, for Draining and Excavating, Millers' Arms, Hay-street.

TENDERS invited for building wall, three closets, drainage, &c. Particulars at 118, Goulburn-street.

TO ENGINEERS, BOILERMAKERS, &c.—TENDERS will be received until TUESDAY, the 11th instant, for making two large Cornish BOILERS. Plans and specifications to be seen at Parkenson and Robinson's, engineers, &c., 111, Bathurst-street, where all particulars may be obtained. Tenders to be addressed to RICHARD SIM, Esq., Flour Mills, Sussex-street, until TUESDAY, at 4 p.m.

BUILDING MATERIALS, ETC.

SLATES.—10,000 best Bangor Ladies', 16 x 10. WILLIAM LONG, 540, George-street.

PAPERHANGINGS.—E. CURTISS, having disposed of his business, is selling off, at cost price.

PAPERHANGINGS.—E. CURTISS would advise you to see the prices, before purchasing elsewhere.

PAPERHANGINGS.—E. CURTISS, 344, George-st., must clear out the whole of the stock before Jan.

PAPERHANGINGS.—Save 50 per cent., and buy of E. CURTISS, as the STOCK must be SOLD.

PAPERHANGINGS, from 3½d per roll, by the bale. WALTER RENNY, Royal Blue House, Pitt-st.

PAPERHANGINGS.—Beautiful Satin Papers, 1s 6d per roll; very elegant, 1s 9d roll. Royal Blue House.

PAPERHANGINGS, in gold, 3s 6d to 10s 6d per roll, the best in the colony, at 170, Pitt-street.

PAPERHANGINGS, Decorations, Figures, Medallions, and everything in papers. Royal Blue House.

PAPERHANGINGS.—All new goods, ex latest arrivals. No clearing out of old stock. 170, Pitt-st.

PAPERHANGINGS, glass, paints, varnishes, from 10s per gallon. 714, George-street.

PATENT WROUGHT NAILS.—J. J. CORDES and CO., the patentees and sole manufacturers of the well-known patent wrought nails, commonly known as "EWBANK'S NAILS," desire to make it known that they have adopted a "Star" or "Cross" as their trade mark, and that all nails now made and sent out by them, except clasp, bear this mark upon their heads, and that within every package sent from their works is also placed a card bearing their name and address. Any nails, therefore, which are not distinguished as above must not be confounded with "Ewbank's Nails," the quality of which is so well appreciated as being far superior to that of any other make.
Doe Works:—Newport, Monmouthshire, England.

900,000 FEET Oregon, Baltic, and Maryborough flooring, Baltic deals, cedar, colonial hardwood, shingles, doors, sashes. MILLER and HARRISON, Albion Wharf, and Barker's Wharf.

400,000 FEET Foreign and Colonia Pine. ROLFE, Circular Quay.

500,000 FEET hardwood, cedar, doors, sashes. ROLFE, Circular Qy.

750,000 FEET Maryborough, Colonial, and Oregon FLOORING. SEAMER and ROBERTSON, Saw Mills, Bathurst-street.

850,000 FEET Colonial HARDWOOD, Pine, Cedar, Architraves, skirting, &c. SEAMER and ROBERTSON, Woolloomooloo Saw Mills.

300,000 FEET PINE Shelving, Hardwood, H. T. and Hardwood Palings, &c. SEAMER and ROBERTSON, Old Parramatta Road, Glebe.

IRONBARK Girders. Small cargo for SALE. FRANCIS STREET, Street's Wharf, Sussex-street.

TO MASONS.—For SALE, the Derrick, Planks, Trussels, &c., of the late Mr. Broadfoot. Apply to HUGH WILSON, Wemyss-street.

LIME.—Pure Marble Lime, ex Fire King, fresh from kilns, for SALE. Marble Lime Depot, 8, King-st.

FOR SALE, Post and Rails, 75s, 6 feet; Palings from 9 to 14. 89, Devonshire-street.

SLATES, Slates, Slates.—Best Bangor Slates 20 by 10. J. and W. LONG, 57, Botany Road.
ESTIMATES given for Slating, best materials.
J. and W. LONG.

CHIMNEY-PIECES, in British, French, and Italian Marbles.—Received a fresh shipment ex Sarah Neumann, all in first-class condition. F. MURPHY, City Marble Works, 104, Liverpool-street.

BUSINESSES FOR SALE.

FOR SALE, a Dairy and Greengrocery BUSINESS, in full working order, and doing a good paying trade. Reasons will be given that will satisfy any person. For address and particulars, J. ROPER, Stores, op. Railway.

FOR SALE, a snug little Tobacconist BUSINESS in William-street. S. LEVIN, 164, King-street.

TO CHEMISTS OR MEDICAL MEN.—For disposal, a well-established paying BUSINESS in the interior. Would suit a surgeon, as the only medical man in the district is leaving. Bona fide reasons for disposal. Address, in confidence, T., HERALD Office.

VERY CAPITAL CORNER WINE AND SPIRIT ESTABLISHMENT situated in the centre of Hunter-street, Newcastle.—J. C. BONARIUS has for SALE privately the Lease, License, Goodwill, Fixtures and Furniture of a first-class Public-house, doing a good business, the present owner leaving entirely on account of ill health. The furniture is new, and may be taken at valuation, but is at the option of the purchaser. The above offers an opportunity seldom met with. The house was expressly built for a public-house, is situated in the best part of the city, and is doing a first-class business. Apply early to J. C. BONARIUS, Auctioneer, Newcastle.

TO BE DISPOSED OF, the Lease, Licence, Goodwill, Fixtures, &c., of the National Hotel, William-street; incoming moderate; good reasons can be given for leaving. F. PIERCE, Auctioneer, &c., 77, William-st.

MISS HAYES will leave the colony in a month, and would SELL her BUSINESS of Paper Models, &c., at a great sacrifice. First-class fashionable trade, work light, expenses small, and profits good. 157, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

TO PUBLICANS.—A RARE CHANCE for a good business couple to make a SPEEDY FORTUNE. One of the best paying houses in the centre of Sydney, doing from £60 to £80 per week. Only for disposal on account of proprietor's ill health, and will be sold a bargain. Apply to CHANDLER and CO., Auctioneers, &c., 401, George-street.

HOUSES AND LAND FOR SALE.

TO CAPITALISTS.—For SALE, 3 splendid FARMS, on the Hawkesbury River, situate within 2 miles of the township of Richmond, and near the Richmond Bridge. One Farm contains 60 acres; and the others 30 acres each. Full particulars on application to GEORGE M. PITT, George-street, Sydney.

EVERY MAN A FREEHOLDER.
THREE YEARS' CREDIT.
ISLINGTON ESTATE,
NEWTOWN.
This Estate lies between the Erskineville and Cook's River Roads, a short distance only from the Newtown Railway Bridge, and commands an extensive view of Botany and the surrounding neighbourhood. It is subdivided into allotments of 30 feet frontage, about 110 feet in depth, and affords a rare opportunity for persons of small means to secure a freehold in this fast-increasing neighbourhood. The property is now being brought under Torrens's Act, so that purchasers will be subject to only a trifling expense for conveyance.
Plans of the subdivision may be seen at the offices of the undersigned.
TERMS—£5 cash, and the balance by quarterly payments extending over three years, without interest.
RANDOLPH NOTT,
305, George-street.

FINEST BUILDING SITES IN BALMAIN.—The undersigned is instructed to SELL the remaining ALLOTMENTS in DARVALL-STREET, DONNELLY-STREET, and BRADFORD-STREET, at reduced rates, and to make the terms such as will meet the requirements of persons of small means.
Torrens' Act Title.
Lithographs of the property on application.
R. NOTT, 305, George-street.

STANMORE.—For SALE, 20 Building ALLOTMENTS, magnificent view, overlooking Botany Bay and the Heads; this land is well worth inspection. Price low. Stanmore Hotel, or 75, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

VICTORIA STEAM FLOUR MILLS, to be SOLD or to be LET. For particulars apply to Mr. SMART, Moss, Darling Point.

EBSWORTH'S TWEED FACTORY, SUSSEX-STREET.
This important valuable Property, with extensive Plant and Machinery, complete and in perfect working order, is FOR SALE on easy terms, or will be leased for a term.
For full particulars, inventory, &c., apply to
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, on liberal terms, or to LET.
MOSSMAN'S BAY, OR GREAT SIRIUS COVE, NORTH SHORE.
VALUABLE IMPROVED ESTATE.
129 ACRES, with extensive land-locked deep water harbour frontage, wharf, stores, superior substantial residences, and numerous improvements, suitable for SHIPBUILDING, combined with a Dry or Tidal Dock, or any manufactory requiring large wharf accommodation, abundance of fresh water, and commodious factory buildings.
Plan and further particulars, apply at the Rooms.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

EXTENSIVE CITY PROPERTY, HUNTER-STREET.
FOR PRIVATE SALE, at a low figure, those extensive substantial CITY PREMISES, in Hunter-street, opposite Elizabeth-street, occupying about one quarter of an acre of land, having 68 feet frontage to the street, and well known as portion of the estate of the late W. Sharp, Esq.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Pitt-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, on liberal terms,
SEA VIEW VILLA,
PADDINGTON,
A commodious family residence, with large block of land, upwards of 76 feet frontage to the South Head Road, depth 230 feet.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH, Pitt-street.

LAND for SALE, South Kingston, near Station; terms, easy. J. ABBOTT, Randle's-ter., Newtown.

FOR SALE, 120 acres FARM, good land, well timbered and watered, well fenced, four-roomed Hut, and outbuildings, about 5 acres grubbed, and 30 ring-barked. Apply C. A. SCRIVINER, Auctioneer, Liverpool; or N. J. CROKER and CO., Brickfield-hill, Sydney.

FOR SALE or to LET, 60 acres of LAND, near Parramatta Junction. JAMES SCHIMEL, Waterloo.

TO BUILDERS, &c.—Corner Block LAND, near Newtown station, SALE, cheap. H. Priestly, 53, Sussex-st.

FOR SALE, capital FARM of 100 acres, 11 miles from Sydney, on which is a good 4-roomed cottage and kitchen; 50 acres cleared, 4 acres under cultivation. C. H. MAY, House and Business Agent, 109, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

FOR SALE, 60-acre FARM on the main Canterbury Road, 9 miles from Sydney, nearly all cleared, securely fenced, and sub-divided into cultivation paddocks, 3 acres of orchard planted with choicest variety of fruit trees, &c.; House contains 6 rooms, verandah, detached kitchen, storeroom, stable, barn, cowshed, &c.; unlimited supply of water. C. H. MAY, Estate and House Agent, 109, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

CITY FREEHOLDS.—For SALE, 4 Brick HOUSES at Surry Hills, in capital order; a nice little investment; rental, £109; price £750. Also neat Brick House, verandah, balcony, hall, 4 rooms, &c.; £320. Also at Windmill-street, off Fort-street, Cottage and splendid Building Allotment 24 x 80; price £215. Also a first-class Building Site, 22 x 120, close William-street, Woolloomooloo, a bargain. H. E. SHORTER, 128, Elizabeth-street North.

ORCHARD for SALE, situate on the Parramatta River, consisting of 8 acres, planted with every description of choice fruit trees and grapes, in full bearing; with comfortable stone Cottage of 4 rooms, kitchen, and other outbuildings. For particulars apply C. H. MAY, Estate, House, and Business Agent, 109, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

OLD NEWTOWN ROAD, close to the City Boundary. —ALLOTMENT, 40 feet frontage by 60 feet deep to a lane at rear, with Wooden COTTAGE, 3 rooms and wash-house, &c. Is well adapted for a butcher's, or any kind of business; fronts three thoroughfares. Price, £170. Title—under Torrens' Act. R. NOTT, 305, George-street.

PROPERTIES FOR SALE.
NEWTOWN ROAD.—Cottage, 3 rooms, &c.; 40 by 60; £170.
NORTH SHORE, Milson's Point.—Stone House, 2 rooms, allotment 25 x 140, good well; let 8s. £150.
BALMAIN.—Stone Cottage, plastered, first-rate order, 4 rooms, good well; freehold; 39 x 90. £280.
BURWOOD.—Cottage, 4 rooms, kitchen, garden and orchard of half an acre; abundance of water. £350.
PARRAMATTA-STREET.—2 brick Houses, 4 rooms each; let at 8s; always occupied. £325.
DEVONSHIRE-STREET.—Brick House, 4 rooms. Allotment 15 x 90; space to build in front. £230.
SHEPHERD'S PADDOCK.—Brick House, 4 rooms and kitchen; freehold; let at 12s. £250.
CAMPERDOWN.—Two Houses, 4 rooms; let 6s. £220.
WOOLLAHRA.—Stone House, 3 rooms and shop. £265.
NORTH SHORE.—Stone House, 4 rooms, garden with fruit trees; 30 feet to Berry's Bay x 124. £250.
ROCKY POINT ROAD.—50 acres fine land, fenced, partly cleared, 3 acres market garden, 4 acres orchard, Stone House, 6 rooms, kitchen, store room, stable, &c.; all in excellent order. £800. Terms easy.
WATERLOO.—Brick House, 3 rooms, good well. £90.
Building Allotments and numerous other Properties for Sale on easy terms.
Cash purchasers for HOUSES in City and Suburbs.
City Estates managed; Property Sales effected; Mortgages negotiated. Insurances effected, and Rents collected.
R. NOTT, 305, George-street.

CHANDLER and CO.'S REGISTER OF PROPERTIES for SALE.
CITY FREEHOLDS.
Dwelling-house, a few yards from George-street, and close to the banks, £1160
Block of six substantial brick-built Houses, producing rental £270 nett, £2600, on easy terms
Two Shops and Dwelling-houses, in Goulburn-street, £900
Brick-built Cottage, 3 rooms, hall, kitchen, &c., in Macquarie-street South, £370
Three stone-built Houses, in Palmer-street, £425
Brick-built House, 4 rooms, kitchen, &c., £310
Four Cottages, near Haymarket, £325
Shop and Dwelling-house, in Sussex-street, £550
Three brick built Houses, 5 and 6 rooms, kitchen, £1000
Three brick-built Houses, hall, 6 rooms, kitchen, £1400.
SUBURBAN FREEHOLDS.
ENMORE.—Cottage, 4 rooms, kitchen, £140
ENMORE.—Brick-built House, 6 rooms and kitchen, on allotment 65 x 127 feet, £320
COOK'S RIVER.—Six brick Cottages, each 4 rooms, gardens, &c., frontage 159 feet by 200, £800
BALMAIN.—Weatherboard Cottage, 2 rooms, kitchen, &c., allotment 30 feet x 127, £80
BALMAIN.—Waterside stone-built Cottage, 6 rooms, kitchen, stabling, &c., 1½ acre land, £1150
WOOLLOOMOOLOO.—Two brick-built Houses—one contains shop and 5 rooms, the other 6 rooms—£700
NORTH SHORE.—Stone-built House, 4 rooms, &c., water frontage, £250
SURRY HILLS.—Four brick Houses, 4 to 6 rooms, kitchens, &c., £750
SURRY HILLS.—Brick-built House, hall, 4 rooms, kitchen, and outhouses, £375
WAVERLEY.—Two stone-built Houses, each 4 rooms, &c., £420
REDFERN.—Brick-built Cottage, 6 rooms, kitchen, and outhouses, £370
STANMORE.—Brick-built Cottage, 4 rooms, kitchen, and out-houses, good garden, £250
FOREST LODGE.—Brick House, 4 rooms, sheds, yards, &c., £300, on terms
DARLINGTON.—Weatherboard Cottage and Carpenter's Shop, £130
MOORE PARK.—Newly-erected brick-built House, 6 rooms and hall, £500.
SOUTH HEAD ROAD.—A valuable property near the Lighthouse, to be sold a bargain.
LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES.
WATERLOO ESTATE.—Weatherboard Cottage, 3 rooms; lease, 85 years; ground rent, 1s per week; £75
WATERLOO ESTATE.—Four brick-built Houses, each 4 rooms, and vacant Land; lease, 85 years; £475
PYRMONT.—Two stone-built HOUSES, 5 and 6 rooms, kitchen &c.; £300 each
BUILDING ALLOTMENTS.
SHEPHERD'S PADDOCK.—Corner Allotment
MOORE PARK.—Allotment, 30 x 140, facing Park Road, £5 per foot
MOORE PARK.—Two Allotments, Regent-street, 20 feet x 100, £3 10s per foot
PYRMONT BRIDGE ROAD.—Splendid building Site, 124 feet frontage by 500 feet, £500
PYRMONT BRIDGE ROAD.—Allotment, 30 feet x 72, £30
PORT MACQUARIE.—Allotment, in centre of town
FARMS.
COOK'S RIVER.—31½ acres Land, weatherboard Cottage, 6 rooms, out-houses, and improvements, £350
BRISBANE WATER.—100 acres Land, two weatherboard Cottages, and improvements, £200
BRAIDWOOD.—840 Acres, with Cottage and improvements, about 600 sheep, &c., 7s 6d per acre.
Also various other properties.
For full particulars apply to CHANDLER and CO., Auctioneers, House, Land, and Estate Agents, 401, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.
Wanted to purchase several properties for investment and residence.
£2500 Trust Money to Lend on mortgage of freehold property.

FOR SALE.
Substantial stone-built House, with land to build two more houses, Pyrmont, price £350
Three Brick Houses, rental £78, price £600, Surry Hills
Five Brick Houses, in thorough repair, Surry Hills
Weatherboard Cottage, 3 rooms, Waterloo, £70
Cottage, 3 rooms, Botany-street, Waterloo, £30
Two Allotments, each 100 feet square, Lane Cove, £60
Redfern—60 feet Land, fronting Pitt-street, Redfern, by a depth of 200 feet; a bargain.
W. U. HARRIS, Agent, No. 25, Botany Road, near Bank of New South Wales, Parramatta-street.

RUSHCUTTER'S BAY.—For SALE, two ALLOTMENTS, 44 x 163, on which is built a 3-roomed cottage, kitchen, &c., verandah, and flower garden. C. H. MAY, Estate and House Agent, 109, Elizabeth-st., Sydney.

BALMAIN.—Chelsea COTTAGE, Hosking-street, 8 rooms, kitchen, and garden. Bargain.

STOCK AND STATIONS.

STORE BULLOCKS for SALE, 400 now travelling to Dubbo, thence to Wagga Wagga, ages 4 to 7 years. Apply to J. C. MANCHEE, Ashfield, near Sydney, or to W. H. GRAVES, Deniliquin.

STORE SHEEP.
DAWSON and CO. are instructed to offer for PRIVATE SALE
6500 Wethers, 3 and 4 years old
2500 Ewes, 5 and 6 years old,
which can either be delivered on station, near Gayndah; at Goondiwindi, or anywhere between there and station; or at Dubbo.
Full particulars of
DAWSON and CO., 246, Pitt-street, Stock Agents.

ON SALE.
Buggies—all kinds—by Abbott, Downing, and Co., Concord, Conn., U.S.A., the celebrated builders
Waggons by same builders
Phaetons
Broughams
Gigs, &c., &c.
DAWSON and Co., 246, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, 1000 mixed, quiet, well-bred STORE CATTLE, near Gladstone. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO.

FOR SALE, 500 Female CATTLE, all Coochin Coochin bred, and specially deserving of attention. Apply to SCOTT, HENDERSON, and CO., 322, George-street, Sydney.

GLEN BARNETT,
50 MILES from TAMWORTH.
SPLENDID CATTLE STATION.
FOR SALE BY PRIVATE CONTRACT.
JOHN A. TURNER has been instructed to sell the GLEN BARNETT RUNS, situated on the Barnard River, near Tamworth.
The improvements are substantial, and capable of working 1000 head of cattle. Area, 14 square miles. The country is well grassed, and permanently watered by several creeks.
Terms, easy.
Full particulars on application to
JOHN A. TURNER,
Bell's-chambers, 171, Pitt-street.

STORE CATTLE.
The undersigned has for sale:—
600 bullocks, 3 years; 300 ditto, 2 years; 100 speyed cows — A splendid draft of store cattle, in prime condition, selected from a first-class herd, deliverable in the Gwydir district.
For full particulars apply to
JOHN A. TURNER,
Stock and Station Agent,
Bell's-chambers, 171, Pitt-street.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.
SHEEP STATION.
MARANOA DISTRICT.
QUEENSLAND.
Comprising 5 Blocks of country, area 140 square miles, Permanently watered by two large creeks, well grassed, and abundance of saltbush.
Together with 8000 SHEEP, mixed ages and sexes.
Fine homestead, several huts and yards on the Run, and every requisite for working 15,000 sheep and a herd of cattle.
Apply to
JOHN A. TURNER,
Stock and Station Agent,
Bell's-chambers, 171, Pitt-street.

STATIONS FOR SALE.
NEW SOUTH WALES
and
QUEENSLAND.
The undersigned has for sale, by private contract—
Several extensive Squattages in this colony, with either sheep or cattle; some of the Runs are fenced, and all are highly improved.
Also, in Queensland—
A magnificent Cattle Station, with a herd of 7000 head, completely enclosed, and only 40 miles from a shipping port.
Terms, easy.
JOHN A. TURNER,
Bell's-chambers, 171, Pitt-street.

HEIFERS FOR SALE.
DAWSON and CO. are instructed to offer for private SALE—
200 HEIFERS, 2 years old, out of cows with three crosses of pure blood; the heifers by pure bulls, English and colonial, to be stinted to pure bulls.
200 Ditto, 2 and 4 years old, very little inferior in breeding to the first lot, to be stinted to pure bulls also.
For all further particulars, apply to
DAWSON and CO., 246, Pitt-street, Sydney.

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NEW SOUTH WALES PARLIAMENT.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7.

THE SPEAKER took the chair at twenty-nine minutes past 3 o'clock.

HAM COMMON.

Mr. MOSES brought up a bill to authorise the resumption and re-dedication of Ham Common.

The bill was read a first time, and it was then ordered that it be printed.

WELL SINKING.

Mr. PHELPS asked the Secretary for Public Works,—"1. What progress is being made in the sinking of wells, and the finding of fresh water, on the road between Booligal and Wilcannia? 2. Is the Government aware that that region of New South Wales is now, and has been for months a vast plain, covered generally with rain water? 3. Has the Government given to the officers in charge of these well-sinkings instructions to map and report on such places as collect most readily the largest quantities of rain-water, with a view to making such places reserves for sinking tanks for storage of water when it happens that these regions get rains, to enable stock to travel? 4. If not, does the Government intend to give such instructions this season—it being so very exceptionally fortuitous for these most important objects, which have been so long neglected?"

Mr. SAMUEL said, in reply to the first question, that all the wells and one tank were in progress. The only work required, and which was not yet in hand, was the tank between Mount Monaro and Teryaweynya, which could not be proceeded with at present. In reply to the second question, he said Yes. In reply to the third: Yes, in the vicinity in which they are employed. The officers of the Harbours and Rivers department have also been making inquiries. In answer to the fourth, he said that the Crown Lands Commissioners and surveyors had been so instructed.

JUDGE SIMPSON.

Mr. S. BROWN asked the Colonial Secretary,—"Has the honorable the Colonial Secretary sought for any further explanation, or received any further communication, from his Honor Mr. Judge Simpson, with reference to the charge brought against him by the honorable and learned member for West Sydney, Mr. Windeyer, on the 20th of September last; if so, will he furnish the information to the House?"

Mr. COWPER said he apprehended that the letter to which the hon. member alluded was the following, which he received from Mr. Simpson:—"Sydney, 27th September, 1870. My dear Mr. Cowper,—I notice that Mr. Windeyer asserted in the Assembly, on Tuesday last, that my conduct in the case of Reg. v. Harris was 'the talk of the place, and that the common line of observation was that the Judge must have known the woman Jones.' I can only give you my assurance that this is utterly untrue. The gentleman who signed the letters addressed to you and the Attorney-General were all in Maitland, and about the Court for fully a week after the trial, and they all deny the existence of any such scandal as that suggested. Fortunately for me, nearly all the Hunter members were in and about Maitland during the week, and they will, I am sure, be glad to state to you whether they ever heard any remarks at all made. I feel that I have been most grossly treated by Mr. Windeyer, and that an aspersion has been cast upon me altogether unwarranted. If the common talk of the place was as stated by Mr. Windeyer, it is most likely that some of the members would have heard it. Mr. Dodds, Mr. Lee, Mr. Campbell, Mr. Wisdom, Mr. Dillon, and Mr. Nowlan would be able to tell you whether they ever heard anything; and if you ascertain from them the real state of the matter, I trust I am not going too far in asking you to state, in a public manner, what you have been able to learn. If any remarks were made at all they were caused by Mr. Windeyer himself, who, I am informed, went about asserting that, some time or other, I had known the woman Jones, and that, in a private communication, I had told him so. I assert, upon my honour, that no such conversation ever did take place—that I never did tell Mr. Windeyer anything of the kind—and I assert also, on my honour, as a fact, that I never did know the woman, that I never spoke to her in my life, and that I never heard her voice before I heard it in the East Maitland Court-house, on Monday, the 12th instant, during the trial of Harris Jacobs. I beg that you will do me the justice of making this denial known in as public a manner as the suggestion was made. I am induced to bring this matter under your notice, not from any personal feeling (though I should be quite justified, as one holding a judicial office, in soliciting your protection of my character against false charges made in Parliament), but solely for the purpose of upholding the dignity of my office, and protecting the administration of justice. I remain, yours, faithfully, G. B. SIMPSON." He (Mr. Cowper) had not had the letter long enough to give it much consideration. He abstained from laying it before Parliament, because he thought he gave sufficient information on a former occasion.

PUBLIC DEBT.

Mr. G. A. LLOYD asked the Colonial Treasurer,—"If he has any objection to lay upon the table of this House the statement of public debts sent to England, certified to by the Auditor-General, by the Treasurer, and other officers, and verified by his Excellency the Governor, referred to in the Treasurer's Speech of 29th September last; also copies of any correspondence connected therewith?"

Mr. SAMUEL said the document would be laid on the table on Tuesday next.

CUSTOMS SEIZURES.

Mr. WILSON asked the Colonial Treasurer,—"1. Were any seizures made by any other officers of the Customs than landing-waiters from the 1st of January, 1867, to 25th March, 1870? 2. If so, why do they not appear in the return laid on the table of the House on 12th August?"

Mr. SAMUEL said the return would be laid on the table immediately; it was owing to an error that it had not before been placed on the table.

TRIAL SURVEYS.

Mr. PARNELL asked the Secretary for Public Works,—"1. Are any trial or other surveys being performed for the extension of railways from the points already authorised; if so, where? 2. If surveys are being performed, how many civil engineers are engaged thereon; what are their names; and under whose direction in the field are they?"

Mr. SAMUEL, in the absence of Mr. Sutherland, replied: 1. Yes; from Goulburn to Yass, and from Bathurst to Orange. 2. Six surveyors are employed; and they are under the direction of the Engineer-in-Chief.

CLAIM OF JAMES HARRIS.

Mr. E. BROWN asked the Colonial Treasurer,—"Whether he can state when the claim of James Harris, for goods supplied to the intestate estate of Andrew Demery, as stated in certain letters to D. B. Hutchinson, Esq., will be paid?"

Mr. SAMUEL said he could not tell when the claim would be paid, as there were no funds available for such a purpose.

PETITIONS.

Mr. S. C. BROWN presented a petition from the Municipal Council of Redfern; and Mr. HILL presented a petition from the Municipal Council of Randwick, in favour of an alteration in the present system of licensing public vehicles.

Mr. WILSON presented a petition from 497 inhabitants of Araluen, Mr. ALLEN presented a petition from 134 residents of Balmain, Mr. DODDS presented a petition from 150 inhabitants of East Maitland, Mr. E. BROWN presented a petion from 67 mothers and daughters of Argyle, Mr. CLARKE presented a petition from inhabitants of Bombala, and Mr. LACKEY presented a petition from inhabitants of Central Cumberland, in favour of the Retail of Fermented and Spirituous Liquors Regulation Bill.

The above petitions were received.

PETITIONS PRINTED.

Mr. S. C. BROWN moved, as a formal motion,—"That the petition presented by him on the 5th October, from the Municipal Council of Newtown, relative to the licensing of public vehicles, be printed."

The question was put and passed.

Mr. WILSON moved, as a formal motion,—"That the petition presented by him on the 5th October, from Mr. Stephen Brown, chairman of a public meeting of operative stonemasons, in favour of the Labour Bill of 1870, be printed."

The question was put and passed.

CASE OF HUGH MAGUIRE.

Mr. SPRING laid upon the table the report of the select committee appointed to investigate the case of Hugh Maguire, and moved that the documents be printed.

The question was put and passed.

RETAIL SALE OF SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS REGULATION BILL.

Resumption of the debate on Mr. WEARNE'S motion,—"That this bill be now read a second time."

Mr. W. FORSTER did not rise with any hope of altering the opinions which hon. members had expressed in regard to this measure; and considering the character of the debate which had already taken place he felt the fallacy of any such hope. Indeed it was the character of the debate which induced him to speak, because he felt that although the debate had been a lengthy one it had been by no means of a satisfactory character. He grounded this opinion upon a consideration of three most able speeches made upon the bill—speeches made by hon. members who intended to vote for the second reading, but whose addresses contained the most powerful arguments against it. It was rather a curious thing that these speeches against the bill should have concluded with the announcement that the speakers intended to vote for it. The hon. member for East Sydney delivered what might be called a denunciation of the measure, and yet proposes to vote for it, because as he said, he believed in the principle of having the question relegated to the people. That seemed a somewhat singular reason; and the hon. member's motion of what the principle of the bill was seemed peculiar. The hon. member, looking at the bill as inefficacious and likely to be injurious, voted for it because it contained the principle of relegation to the popular tribunal. Would the hon. member vote for a bill which proposed to make the abolition of capital punishment dependent upon the votes of two-thirds of the residents in any municipality? Yet he might just as well vote for such a "principle" in one bill as in the other. The hon. member for Kiama had made a very powerful speech against the bill, quoting largely from some London paper upon the subject. The quotations and arguments of that hon. member tended to show to what extent this bill would interfere with the liberty of the subject, and he (Mr. Forster) endorsed all the hon. member said, as he himself had formerly expressed precisely similar views upon the question. After all, however, the hon. member said he would vote for the bill because it could do no harm. That was a most extraordinary statement for the hon. member to make, after having shown that the bill would do great harm to working men by infringing upon their rights. Certainly the hon. member had sheltered himself under the expedient of altering the bill in committee, which was a very convenient course for persons to take who wished for some reasons of their own to vote for a bill to which they strongly objected. The amendment, however, that the hon. member proposed would entirely do away with the principle of the measure; and it did not seem to him that the course pursued by the hon. member was a constitutional course, or a course that was justified by the reasons given for it. The hon. member for West Sydney (Mr. Windeyer) took a nearly similar course—spoke with great force against the bill, and yet said that he intended to vote for its second reading; and this hon. member had not given any reason for his conduct. He did state some intention of altering the bill in committee, but failed to show what those alterations were to be, or whether they were to be consistent with the objections he had urged. There seemed to be some confusion in hon. members' minds as to what was meant by the principle of the bill. Surely the principle of this bill could not be as stated by the hon. member for East Sydney, Mr. Buchanan, for if we took that to be the principle we might put it into every bill that came before us. The principle of any bill must in some way embody the purpose of the measure. In some bills we had a great number of principles, and some hon. members were apt to shelter themselves under the confusion of ideas to take a course which was inconsistent. Most hon. members regarded this as a bill for the suppression of intemperance, and that, at any rate, was one of its objects. We all admitted that intemperance was a very great political and social evil, and if it were made clear that the bill would effect that object we should have no more to discuss. It had been assumed by nearly every speaker that intemperance was really the cause of crime; but, while he did not deny that intemperance might be an immediate cause of many crimes and evil consequences, yet he denied that it was one of the original or primary causes. He thought that the question had been involved in a great deal of ambiguity, because hon. members had overlooked the stage at which intemperance was the cause of crime. He doubted very much that intemperance was anything more than the accompanying condition of crime; and, although some persons regarded it as a crime itself, he did not think that we should be doing right if we treated the drunkard as a criminal. Some of our greatest criminals had been men of sober habits. [Mr. HILL: These are the exceptions.] How could the hon. member be certain of that? The fact that they were sober men gave them greater subtlety and tenacity of intellect which enabled them to become great criminals. It was almost impossible that drunkards could be great criminals, for they could not have that superiority of intellect, which was necessary for great criminals. From the perversity or evil disposition of human nature, drunkenness and crime sprang, and he was not by any means clear that drunkenness was the cause of many crimes in itself. No doubt a great many worthy people said that drunkenness was the cause of crime because they saw it associated with crime. He distrusted the authority of clergymen and other respectable gentlemen on a point such as this; and he did not argue that they had any want of intelligence and ability, but simply that their education and the circumstances by which they were surrounded debarred them from being good authorities on a point of this kind. He thought that it was pretty much the same with Judges. It would be a very great advantage to the community if we could get rid of intemperance; and he thought that the mover was entitled to credit and thanks for making this attempt. The next question was, as it appeared to him, whether legislation could be regarded as an effective instrument for moral purposes of any kind. The less legislation meddled with moral questions the better. It was far better to leave this matter to be dealt with by the agency of good, earnest, active men, than to trust to our laws to effect improvements or reforms in this respect. We were told on all sides that the temperance organisations were doing great good, and he thought that interference of this kind was only calculated to nullify the good that those noble associations were doing. There was no moral purpose in a man who was coerced into doing what was right, but spontaneity was an essential element of moral excellence. By this bill they were attemping to move the community by a fulcrum that rested upon the community itself, that depended upon the will of the people to be moral. Representative institutions purported to express the will of the people in the most emphatic and comprehensive form. How could you make the people moral by law, when, if they chose to be immoral, they could be immoral without legislation. (Attention was called to the state of the House, and a quorum was formed.) He now proceeded to consider the question of how the bill proceeded to deal with the question of intemperance. The bill had been described as a bill to abolish public-houses, and this was rather a comprehensive title; but supposing it to be a bill for such a purpose, they were entitled to ask in what respect public-houses induced intemperance. The hon. member for East Sydney (Mr. Buchanan) denied that public-houses caused intemperance, and said it was putting the cart before the horse. [Mr. BUCHANAN: "Hear."] No doubt there was a great deal of truth in that, but it seemed to him that public-houses had such an effect upon intemperance that it caused it to be greater than it would be if the number were more limited. If they went to the root of the institution they would find that public-houses in very many instances depended upon the increase of intemperance, and the public revenue was derived in a great degree from intemperance. Taking an extreme case, he would suppose it to be possible that 10,000 drunkards could be added to the present number, and it would be obvious that the revenue would be increased. The publican was a man who in many cases earned his living, unless amongst his customers there were a number of drunkards, and, therefore, the very profits of his business depended upon it. He did not make this remark as implying any disrespect for the publican, for there were many who were in better positions and who could earn a living legitimately by providing accommodation for travellers; but in new districts where competition was very great the inevitable consequence would be that the whole business and fortunes of the publican would depend upon the increase of intemperance. How did the hon. gentleman who had charge of the bill propose to deal with that matter. The bill did not propose the abolition of public-houses, but to confine them to certain areas and exclude them from others; but did it not appear to follow as a consequence that the evils you drove out of the favoured area would be centred in other parts of the colony in an aggravated form? This struck him as a very possible result of the bill. [Mr. BUCHANAN: Hear, hear.] He did not see what was to prevent public-houses from being established upon the borders of municipalities from which they were otherwise excluded. They knew very well that the boundaries of municipalities ran across large properties, and public-houses might be established on these, and they would have public-houses doing as much harm and, perhaps, in a worse form than they would do if extended over the municipalities; that he thought was one objection to the bill, and he mentioned it as a proof that the measure was not a bill to abolish public-houses. If intemperance be the cause of crime, and if they desired to abolish it, and if public-houses be the cause of intemperance, surely the proper way to deal with the question was to do away with the restriction and prevent monopoly. The easiest way to abolish public-houses was to take away the foundation upon which they stood, by doing away with restriction and monopoly, from which he believed the evil of intemperance arose. [Mr. BUCHANAN: Hear, hear.] They had a large class of men whose fortune depended upon intemperance, and these men were allowed a monopoly in the sale and retail of spirits. Well, the most logical conclusion was that the monopoly should be abolished. They did not find persons making themselves drunk upon opium, because there were no shops for the sale of opium; but he questioned whether if houses were opened for such a sale, people would not get educated to the consumption of opium. If the Government would give the monopoly up, they should have no publicans, and would certainly be going a long way to abolish public-houses; but this was objected to, because it would injure the revenue. The bill he (Mr. Forster) proposed some time ago, would have struck a great blow at the public-houses, but he had been met, by a past and the present Colonial Treasurer, with an objection on the score of revenue; that he thought indicated one difficulty in the way, for if they aimed at getting rid of this monopoly as one of the causes of the increase of intemperance, they found the Government objecting on the score of revenue. He would now come to the consideration of the means by which the bill proposed to abolish public-houses. It was proposed by this bill to give to the ratepayers of a municipality, by a majority of two-thirds, power to determine this question. He thought that whatever objections there were to the treatment of moral questions by legislation, they would apply still more strongly to the mode of legislation proposed. They all, no doubt, respected the principle of decision by majorities as embodied in legislation in various ways; but that was a very different thing from submitting to popular suffrage any particular question. If they were to adopt the principle in this case where were they to stop? In political questions the votes were given for men who were supposed, rightly or wrongly, to be the embodiment of some particular opinion, and, as a general rule, it was the man who was voted for and not the opinion. He (Mr. Forster) declined to submit to popular suffrage a moral question in a direct form. They knew what mistakes were made by the electors in dealing with men; how much more, then, would electors be likely to make mistakes in regard to a matter that implied, and involved, and rendered discussion necessary? He thought the objection went further than he had stated, because what he had said implied an appeal to the electors generally, whereas this bill proposed to give to two-thirds of the ratepayers power to deal with a moral question. And if it were right to give this power why should the cumulative vote be shut out. He never had been averse to giving the people the fullest control in the choice of the men they elected. They were entitled to have their opinions influenced by the men and the opinions they held; but that was as different as the poles asunder from submitting to any popular body the decision of any moral question. But this bill proposed to give this power to the electors of a municipality. He should say the same if it were proposed to have a *plebiscitum*. This was a proposition to have a *plebiscitum* in a municipality. Why not propose to have a *plebiscitum* all over the country? It looked no doubt ridiculous in that large form, but it was not less ridiculous while it was likely to be much more dangerous when applied to a municipality. He said nothing about the majority of two-thirds—that was a matter of detail. As regarded the decision he thought it would have been more consistent with the principle of municipal institutions if the councils were allowed to decide, for the principal was generally acknowledged that municipalities were entitled to some cognisance in regard to matters relating to public health and morals. It seemed to him that the most logical mode of abolishing public-houses was to give up our monopoly and the revenue derived from it. The objections he entertained to this measure were not the least obviated by a consideration of the machinery by which the hon. member sought to obtain his object. He protested against the legislation contemplated. He did not see why areas were to be favoured by being made more moral than others when there was every chance that the immoral driven from them would be driven into other localities. He objected to the areas proposed for moral or political experiments. The areas, too, would be arbitrary, because the municipalities were proclaimed for different purposes. Supposing the machinery was right there was no reason to suppose that the area proposed was the proper area over which it was to operate. He was quite sure that the hon. mover would believe in his sincerity when he said that he (Mr. Wearne) was entitled to thanks and credit for introducing this discussion on this difficult question; and although he by no means thought that from his point of view he was not greatly justified in making this attempt, he (Mr. Forster) for one with great reluctance (because he would like to be a party to putting down intemperance), should be obliged to give his vote against the second reading of the bill. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. ECKFORD said he detested drunkards, but at the same time he could not support this bill, which he regarded as one of the first measures of the kind ever submitted to a British legislature. Many persons thought that publicans got licenses from the Government for the purpose of allowing men to get drunk, and to enable him to make money out of drunkards. It was a mistake. Licenses were granted for the accommodation of the general public, and if some of the clauses of the Licensing Act were carried out strictly, there would not be so much so-called crime and lunacy—if those evils resulted from public-houses. He confessed that there was a good deal of poverty brought about through public-houses, but that was the fault of the authorities, who were not sufficiently careful to whom licenses were granted. This table was groaning with petitions in favour of the bill now under discussion; but he had no doubt that three-fourths of the signatures were those of persons who had at one time been among the most disreputable in the colony. He had been a publican for 22 years, and he defied any man to say that he had encouraged men to get drunk. If the police were to do their duty, and act strictly up to the Licensing Act, we should not have anything of the sort, and liquors would not be drugged. He thought that a great deal of good might be accomplished by the appointment of an inspector to inspect the liquors sold by the publicans. The publicans had been charged with adulterating the liquors which they sold, but the fault lay more frequently with the storekeepers; the liquors were often adulterated before they got into the hands of the publicans. With regard to the teetotallers, they were doing a good work, but he did not think it was right to pass a law to enable them to push their views down the throats of other people. It would be much better to amend the present Act. If public-houses were done away with the public would suffer. For it could not be expected that persons who had private houses would be bound to get out of their beds to let travellers in. There were many persons, too, who enjoyed their glass of grog, and he did not see that it was right that a law should be passed to prevent them.

Mr. BROOKES moved the adjournment of the debate until Tuesday next.

Mr. RYAN said he intended to vote for the second reading of the bill, in the hope that it might be put into proper shape in committee. The difficulties which surrounded the question were very great. The hon. and learned member for East Sydney (Mr. Buchanan) said the other evening that the lessening of the number of public-houses in any district would not cause a less quantity of drink to be consumed. Admitting that it would not, he contended that the remaining public-houses would be better kept than they now were. Suppose, for instance, that in any district where there now 50 public-houses, the number was to be cut down to 25, he contended that those 25 would be more respectably kept than when there were 50.

Mr. BUCHANAN asked Mr. Speaker whether the hon. member was in order in speaking to the main question on a motion for adjournment.

Mr. SPEAKER said that when an hon. member spoke on the main question on a motion for adjournment, he would be precluded from speaking again on the main question when the debate was resumed.

Mr. RYAN continued: He had no wish to speak again. It would be a very difficult matter to say which of the public-houses in any district should be done away with, and which of them should be allowed to remain. He thought some credit was due to the hon. member who had charge of the bill for having brought it in; for although he did not approve of it in its present shape, he thought some legislation was necessary. If they could pass a law which would get rid of the great temptations which were now held out by publicans for persons to drink, it would be productive of a great amount of good. And publicans ought to be compelled to sell nothing but the legitimate stuff. (Laughter.) He thought he could take a glass of liquor as well as any man, and be social over the matter; but drinking that stuff get over him altogether. (Laughter.) He had been an observer all his lifetime of this very nefarious matter of the public-houses. Public-houses! Talk about them! Why, he knew many houses that, if it was not for the sign out and the light at night, you would not believe anybody inhabited the place at all. He was desirous, as far as this went, to make himself clearly understood, and not be like those men who wished to kill the whole branches, and throw the whole thing down, and scatter it root and branch over the face of the earth. (Laughter.) He was desirous to put in the thin end of the wedge, and in the course of years it would have its effect; but how could it have its effect unless we began pruning, and not pulling the thing up root and branch with these radical changes that the hon. member for East Sydney wished to introduce. He was surprised at the hon. member—but law! he was not surprised at what the hon. member stated. (Laughter.) There was another portion of the bill which was objectionable to him. Some years ago, on the first introduction of the Wine Bill, he was an advocate for it. He was still an advocate for it, and he should not like anything in this bill to interfere with that Wine Bill. We had a sanction for this Wine Bill some years ago, and we had induced many people to plant vineyards. He believed if we drank nothing but colonial wine we should be a sober class of people. (Hear, hear.) And he said fearlessly and unmistakably upon the point, that if we did after introducing that Wine Bill and giving vent to that very grand institution, which was now coming out of its primitive state, a real genuine matter—good for the country—if we passed this bill without providing for this Wine Bill we did an injustice to the people whom we had induced to go into this agricultural wine growing. He thought we had done a great deal of service, and he thought that colonial wine drinking had become a source of satisfaction to most people when they could get it. (Laughter.) But we could not get it. How was it we could not get colonial wine? How was it colonial wine was not introduced into the public-houses? He had been trying to induce publicans to introduce this wine, but they objected to the introduction of this very beverage. He would tell them what—there were twenty-seven public-houses in his district, and after his advocacy of that Wine Bill he could not get one to put his head in at his second election, except one miserable hovel that was open. (Laughter.) But he had claimed his seat again in spite of them, and was here now to advocate this Wine Bill once more. If he did not think the House was competent to deal with the matter in committee he should not vote for the second reading, but he thought the House was competent to deal with it, and lick it into shape. He wished the hon. member had put a few more clauses into the bill. We might have had six, or ten, or twenty more. He did not desire to interfere with the Wine Bill, or to disturb vested interests; but he did desire to pluck up those places that vended poison and wretchedness—to remove from the publican class those men who were licensed in hovels, holes, and hells—who invited men into their dens to either rob them themselves or put somebody else on to do it. He should vote for the second reading, with a view to the amendment of the bill in committee.

Mr. WILSON suggested to the hon. member for Northumberland to withdraw the motion for adjournment.

Mr. LLOYD made a similar request, and said that there were five or six hon. members who could not conveniently stay in the House to vote for the second reading of the bill, as they would have to leave to attend to their correspondence by the outgoing English mail.

Mr. BROOKES was willing to withdraw the motion.

Mr. DRIVER objected to the withdrawal of the motion. He condemned the bill, because while it prevented the poor man from buying his glass of ale, it did not prevent the wealthy from resorting to their sly grog shops—the refreshment room of the Assembly and the cafés—and regaling themselves as they liked.

Mr. FLOOD rose to order, and expressed his astonishment at the hon. member persistently speaking to the main question when the question under consideration was a motion for adjournment. The hon. member had alluded to a debate which took place yesterday, but there was no analogy between the two, because the hon. and learned member (Sir James Martin) was entitled to a reply. He trusted that Mr. Speaker would put a stop to any irrelevant discussion upon a motion for adjournment.

Mr. SPEAKER thought hon. members ought not to evade a rule of the House by speaking a second time on a motion for adjournment, because it was quite certain if such a course were persisted in the rule would be set aside altogether. In the House of Commons no doubt it had been done on particular occasions, and members had spoken once who took occasion upon a motion for adjournment to speak a second time; that was an exception to the ordinary rule. But what applied to one applied to another. It would be better if hon. members observed the rule of only making one speech upon the main question, but he did not think the Speaker could interfere, because the House itself had power to decide the question. In the House of Commons, and also in that House, motions of adjournment were frequently brought forward to enable members to discuss a question which was not before the House.

Mr. WILSON: But this is a motion for the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. SPEAKER thought that made no difference at all. The exercise of the privilege must be left entirely to the House to determine whether it will conform to the rule or not.

Mr. W. FORSTER said that he was entitled to allude to a previous debate upon a discussion of a point of order. He thought the rule of the House was infringed in a most obvious way on a previous occasion by the hon. and learned member for East Sydney (Sir James Martin).

Mr. WILSON: No.

Mr. FORSTER: Did the hon. member mean to say that Sir James Martin did not speak a second time upon the motion for adjournment?

Mr. WILSON: I mean to say it was not a similar case.

Mr. FORSTER continued: Of course it was not a similar case, because the one was the question of a vote of censure, and the other the second reading of the Permissive Liquor Bill. But there was no distinction between the cases, because the connection in principle was the same. There were two main questions and two motions for adjournment, and the hon. and learned member for East Sydney violated the rule——

Mr. WILSON: You are stating the case unfairly.

Mr. FORSTER did not think he was, for the parallel was clear enough. The questions in principle were alike, although no doubt they were not the same. He would suggest to his friend, the hon. member for Carcoar, that he could pursue his course of argument on the main question to the full, on the motion for adjournment.

Mr. WILSON rose to speak, when

Mr. DRIVER asked what was the point of order?

Mr. SPEAKER said the point of order was whether a member could speak to the main question upon a motion for adjournment.

Mr. WILSON wished to say that there was no parallel between the two cases, that the hon. member for Queanbeyan could not possibly justify the hon. member for Carcoar in speaking. There was no parallel between the case which took place in the House yesterday and that of to-day. It was the Hon. the Colonial Treasurer who yesterday evaded the question by going into the debate upon a question of adjournment, and Sir James Martin then replied to the hon. member's remarks. That was the difference between the two cases; and, inasmuch as the Treasurer was allowed to infringe the rule, it could not be said that Sir James Martin furnished the parallel.

Mr. PIDDINGTON could not understand the hon. member for Queanbeyan justifying an infringement of the rule. The hon. member had not, however, justified it, but alluded to some infringement upon a previous occasion by another member of that House. What he (Mr. Piddington) objected to was that the hon. member had not taken exception to the infringement of the rule by the hon. member for Carcoar, but had attacked the hon. and learned member for East Sydney in his absence, when he stated that that hon. member had done something similar at another time.

Mr. PARKES wished to say one word upon the point of order, chiefly because he did not think the course taken by the hon. member for East Sydney had been fairly put. He thought that hon. gentleman did nothing more than reply to the hon. the Treasurer, and he was justified in doing so under the circumstances. It seemed to him there was a wide difference between the two cases, simply because this was the second reading of a bill which admitted of many opportunities of speaking, while the other question was a motion the introducer of which was entitled to a reply. On a previous evening the motion for adjournment was made which the hon. and learned gentleman was under the impression precluded him from making his reply, and under these circumstances he delivered it with, he (Mr. Parkes) thought, the unanimous assent of the House, accorded to him because the thought be could not deliver it on a motion for adjournment.

Mr. W. FORSTER said the statement of the hon. member for the Hawkesbury was quite unjustifiable, and he thought he had a right to defend himself by saying that he made no attack on Sir James Martin, but simply stated what that hon. and learned gentleman had done, as an instance that the House had assented to a certain course.

Mr. SPEAKER said the question now raised was not whether an hon. member had a right to speak on a motion of adjournment, but whether he might on such a motion debate the main question. The irregularity now objected to could not be justified by something which took place yesterday with the concurrence of the House. He seldom took notice of a departure from rule in this respect unless it was likely to lead to inconvenience or subsequent disorder.

Mr. DRIVER said he admitted the force of Mr. Speaker's observations, and would not pursue his remarks further; but he could not help asking whether the rule was to apply in all cases. It had been said that some hon. members had letters to write. Probably some had indents to send home for beer and brandy; if so, they would be better occupied in doing it than in discussing the principles of this bill.

The question of adjournment was put and negatived.

The question was then put, "That the bill be now read a second time," and the House divided.

Ayes, 20.

Mr. Cowper	Mr. Lackey	Mr. Neale	
Robertson	G. W. Allen	Wearne	
S. C. Brown	Lord	Church	
Sutherland	Dodds	Byrnes	
Brookes	Farnell	Windeyer	Tellers.
Wilson	Campbell	E. Brown	
Parkes	Clarke		

Noes, 6.

Mr. C. Stephen	Mr. Eckford	Mr. Weaver	Tellers.
W. Forster	Fitzpatrick	Driver	

PAIR.

Buchanan. Dillon.

The bill was read a second time.

Mr. WEARNE moved that the committal of this bill stand an order of the day for Tuesday.

Mr. DRIVER said, as he had been prevented by the supporters of this bill from speaking on the previous motion, he should avail himself of the present opportunity to address himself to the subject at greater length than he originally intended, and he would, at every stage, give this measure his most determined opposition. He believed that if it were not for a political dodge, and to suit the wishes of certain political agents out of doors, this bill would have been scouted from the commencement. (Hear, hear.) Unless many hon. members had feared to offend certain people out of doors, they would have entertained a similar opinion to that which he held. If hon. members were prepared to close their refreshment-room, he would believe in their sincerity. If people, instead of reeling drunk from their clubs, would do what they could to prevent drunkenness, then he would believe them to be sincere in their support of a measure of this description. But it was because he found that the bill would keep only poor men from the public-house that he objected to it. In this city there were three or four different clubs to which the poor man could not obtain access. But at all hours of the day or night, whether Sunday or not, those who had been so favoured by fortune as to be able to become members of these clubs could drink to their hearts' content. Talk about the gin palaces of Sydney being palaces of hell or palaces of death, what was the best of them compared with one of these clubs? Every room of the clubhouse was well lighted up, and everything that was done there was concealed from the public eye; and yet it was some of the gentlemen who belonged to those clubs who were now coming forward to support this bill. He could not believe that those gentlemen were sincere, or they would make an attempt to remedy some of the evils which he had described. [Attention called to the state of the House, and a quorum formed.] That was another strong evidence of the sincerity of those gentlemen. They had recorded their votes for the second reading, and wished it to be published to the world that they were in favour of the Permissive Bill. Many who had voted for the second reading of the bill must, and did, know that what he had stated as taking place in those clubs and in the Parliamentary refreshment room was a fact. Hon. members had, on more occasions than one, been compelled to witness scenes that did more to degrade the institutions of this country than anything that could possibly take place. They had seen members led from one side of the chamber to the other in a beastly state of intoxication to give a party vote. And yet we found these men coming forward to vote for the second reading of a bill of this description, and talking by the half-hour in its favour. If they were the patriots they pretended to be, if they desired that the country should be a great and a prosperous country, and if they desired that crime should be put down by such means as they had suggested, why did they not show their patriotism by putting down such scenes as he had described. Was it more degrading to see half-a-dozen drunken men taken to the watch-house than to see a drunken man reeling from one side of that Chamber to the other? He might appeal to Mr. Speaker to bear him out in what he said. It was not the rule, he said, but the exception. And if hon. members really desired to put a stop to intemperance why did they not bring in a bill which would have the effect of putting down such things as he had described. He did not desire to speak any longer with a view of having the House counted out; he would be no party to getting rid of the bill in that way. But he should do all he could to prevent its passing into law, believing it to be a sham, that it was the greatest—he was going to use an unparliamentary expression—but, at all events, that many hon. members, Ministers of the Crown, and others who took wines and spirits to excess, were not unfrequently found among the supporters of such bills as this, was mockery and rot.

The motion was agreed to.

CAPITAL PUNISHMENT ABOLITION BILL.

Mr. BROOKES moved,—"That the Order of the Day for the second reading of the Capital Punishment Abolition Bill stand an Order of the Day for Friday next.

Mr. PARKES desired to know whether it was the intention of the hon. member to proceed with the bill during the present session? The order had been postponed on other occasions, without any reason having been assigned.

Mr. BROOKES said it had unfortunately happened from circumstances which he could not control, that he had been compelled to postpone this Order of the Day. Once it was down on the same evening on which the Matrimonial Causes Bill came on for discussion. It was his intention, however, to proceed with it on Friday next.

The motion was then agreed to.

GOULBURN MEAT-PRESERVING COMPANY'S INCORPORATION BILL.

On the motion of Mr. DRIVER, the Goulburn Meat-preserving Company's Incorporation Bill was read a second time, and the House resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the bill in detail. The clauses were agreed to without amendment. The preamble was also agreed to. The House resumed, and the bill was reported without amendments. The report was adopted.

PAYMENTS TO MEMBERS.

Mr. MORRICE moved,—"That there be laid upon the table of this House, a return showing the several amounts received by members of Parliament, other than Ministers of the Crown, for services rendered to the Government since the 1st January, 1867, specifying the names of such members, [and the services so rendered."

He had known some members who received Government money lose their seats, while others received it and their seats were still retained; and, therefore, he brought this motion forward for the sake of fair play.

Attention was called to the state of the House, and there being only nineteen members present, exclusive of the Speaker, the House was adjourned at fifteen minutes past 7 o'clock until 3 o'clock p.m. on Tuesday next. The following members were present when the House was counted out, viz.:—Mr. Lackey, Mr. Wearne, Mr. J. Suttor, Mr. Hill, Mr. Parkes, Mr. Farnell, Mr. Flood, Mr. Weaver, Mr. Brookes, Mr. Church, Mr. Eckford, Mr. Sutherland, Mr. Robertson, Mr. Morrice, Mr. Consett Stephen, Mr. Driver, Mr. Neale, Mr. W. Forster, and Mr. Dodds.

PAIRS ON VOTE OF CENSURE.—On Sir James Martin's vote of censure the following gentlemen paired off:—

For	Against
Mr. Allen	Mr. S. C. Brown
Wisdom	Butler
Ryan	Jennings
Watson	Church
Speer	Fallon.

LAW.

SYDNEY QUARTER SESSIONS.

FRIDAY.

BEFORE his Honor Mr. District Court Judge DOWLING.

SENTENCE.

Samuel Robert Pembroke, convicted on the 4th instant of having obtained money under the false pretence of a valueless cheque, was brought up for sentence.

The prisoner made a short statement relative to the unfortunate circumstances of his case, tending to explain that there was no intention on his part to defraud. His son had remitted the amount for which the cheques were drawn on the very day the warrant had been taken out. He had fully expected that he would have had sufficient means to meet the drafts, and begged to assure his Honor that he had been possessed of some hundreds of pounds during the last twelve months. This had been banked by him at Yass, but a series of unfortunate reverses had thrown his affairs into disorder, and had reduced him to his present state of embarrassment. He came down to Sydney to seek for employment as a schoolmaster, and did succeed in obtaining such employment, but the charge which had been brought against him had of course destroyed all the expectations he had looked for from that quarter. He had a large family of eight children, and had hitherto preserved an unblemished reputation. He trusted that His Honor (as the jury had decided against him) would deal with him as leniently as possible.

Mr. Williamson corroborated the statement of the prisoner as to the means which he had been possessed of at Yass, to within a few months past. He knew him to have had £200 in the bank during the last twelve months, and was aware that the prisoner had met with reverses in his business.

His Honor said that he could not dissent from the finding of the jury, and expressed his deep regret at seeing a man of his station, and apparent respectability, in such a position. The sentence of the Court was that the prisoner be imprisoned in Goulburn gaol for six calendar months.

APPEAL CASE: CARRYING FIREARMS ON A SUNDAY.

The Court proceeded to consider the matter of a case of appeal sustained by John Wheeler, the elder, of Narrabeen, against a conviction (before a Court of Petty Sessions at Sydney) for having, on Sunday, the 31st day of July last, at Narrabeen, "illegally carried firearms." The date of the record of said conviction was the 18th of August last. This appeal case was brought before Mr. District Court Judge Josephson on the 23rd August, 1870, but when the case was called on the Court decided that it had then no jurisdiction, the appeal being made within six days of the sittings of the Petty Sessions.

Mr. Hellyer appeared for the appellant, Mr. James Wheeler. The police supported the conviction.

The main facts of the case appeared to be not materially controverted. The policeman, John Garton, heard a gun fired in a certain direction, near Narrabeen, and, going in that direction, saw a party of men, four in number, with guns in their hands. Mr. Wheeler, the appellant, was one of this party, and was carrying a gun in his hand, when the policeman came up. That was the second time that he saw Wheeler carrying a gun that day. The party had two wallabies with them, recently killed. Garton saw them pulling in a boat up a creek at Narrabeen; he spoke to them and told them that he would have to summons them for unlawfully carrying guns on a Sunday. He saw Wheeler carrying a gun twice on that day. He heard a shot fired from that boat when he saw it earlier in the day. When the policeman first saw the shooting party (amongst whom was Wheeler with a gun in his hand), Wheeler was about sixty yards from his own house. Wheeler was then on his own ground, about two miles away from the main road. Witness had, at that time, remained where he was (when he so saw Wheeler) for about one hour. Witness was, during part of that time lying down behind a log, that he might not be seen; he was on Wheeler's ground, about sixty yards from Wheeler's house; there were crops growing in the neighbourhood, but Garton could not say whether they were or were not Wheeler's.

The defence was, that the policeman was not *dans son droit*, that he was himself then evidently a trespasser, being where he was, on Wheeler's ground, and that Wheeler was not breaking any law or statute if he *did* carry a gun at that time; that the place was several miles away from any church whatever, so that there could not possibly be any interruption caused (even if Wheeler had discharged his gun) to the quiet performance of Divine service. Another point of the defence was that Wheeler had once been shot at in that secluded and rather "disturbed" locality, and that he had since been accustomed to carry firearms in self-defence.

Mr. Richard Hill, J.P., remembered that the prisoner Wheeler had been shot at, and that he himself had said to Wheeler that he should, in his position, carry arms in self-defence, if he thought it necessary. The district was a disturbed and lawless region. There were some very rough characters in it, but the character of Wheeler was good. This witness also gave evidence which went to shew that there appeared to him to be some ill-feeling on the part of the constable Garton towards Wheeler.

The evidence of Mr. Bransby, one of the shooting party, tended to exculpate Wheeler from the charge of having that day fired off his gun at all. He did see him "carrying a gun." Witness was one of the party who went to Narrabeen on the Saturday night—the day before the 31st of July last. Witness had himself been fined, and had not appealed against the decision, because he had not time to prosecute any such appeal. Mr. Wheeler told witness that he was going after the wallabies. Witness was not present when the two wallabies were killed; believed that one of them was shot. The wallabies were afterwards eaten, but witness did not eat any of them. Mr. Wheeler had crops of young corn growing near to where he was seen carrying his gun.

Mr. Hellyer contended that the terms of the conviction under the Act had not been sustained. The evidence only went to show that Wheeler had been seen carrying "firearms," and he had only been shown to be carrying a gun. Moreover, the "exceptions" provided for by the Act had not been proved; and by the express construction of the Act, it was quite clear that the "illegal carrying of firearms on a Sunday" must be only such carrying of firearms for shooting a pigeon match, or for gain, pleasure, or profit. The Act gave no right to the police to trespass on private property to enforce the provisions of this Algerine Act, apparently only passed to prevent the disturbance of Divine service, and to discourage the immoral practice of pigeon shooting on Sundays. If the ground he contended for was denied, it must be clear that any man who took up his gun in his own residence—if he only carried it across his own drawing-room—might be convicted; and it might even be argued that the police would have a right to force themselves into any freehold, to carry out these arbitrary provisions. The Act must be construed with proper and constitutional limitations. The definitions of the powers and duties of constables were laid down by common law, and further regulated by colonial enactments, but those definitions would not authorise a policeman to enter without warrant upon private premises to enforce this Act—two miles from a public road, and six miles from any church. He contended that Mr. Wheeler had a perfect and indefeasable right to carry a gun at any time on his own land. Mr. Hellyer quoted a judicial authority for this view. The statutes gave the policeman no right of entry upon any man's land without a warrant in respect of any such offence as a supposed breach of this Act. The terms of the Act gave the police no right to arrest a man carrying a gun on his private land. It was an enormous assumption of power on the part of the police. The Act relied upon was to "prevent shooting at pigeon matches, and for pleasure, sport, or profit, on Sunday;" and it was an Act not to be overstrained in such a manner as to make it penal merely to "carry a gun." In this instance crops belonging to Wheeler were growing hard by, and if Wheeler shot wallabies he did no more than was quite lawful and proper for him to do. He submitted that the conviction could not be sustained. If a man carrying a gun sixty yards from his own house on a Sunday could be convicted under this Act no man would be safe.

His Honor said that he had attentively listened to all the arguments of the learned advocate, and was quite of opinion that the provisions of the Act were quite strong enough to support a conviction against any person "carrying firearms on a Sunday" unless it could be clearly shown that such person was carrying firearms for some unquestionably lawful purpose. There was, in his opinion, quite sufficient evidence to shew that no such "exception" had been proved; but that, on the contrary, Wheeler and those with him had been breaking the Sabbath, "shooting for pleasure," as was prohibited by the express terms of this Act. The conviction would be sustained.

This being the last case, the Court adjourned *sine die*.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

FRIDAY.

BEFORE his Honor Mr. District Court Judge SIMPSON.

WALPOLE V. KENT.

This was an action to recover £10, for injury said to have been inflicted upon a horse through defendant's negligence. It appeared that plaintiff had engaged defendant to clip a horse for him, and after the performance of the work it was discovered that one of the animal's eyes had been destroyed. The defendant stated, in reply, that the injury was not caused during the operation of clipping, and that it was not brought about by negligence. His Honor held that no negligence had been proved, and gave a verdict for defendant, for whom Mr. Johnston appeared.

STEPHEN V. DOYLE.

Plaintiff brought his action to recover £8 13s. 1d., for non-completion of lease by defendant. It appeared that defendant rented a paddock from plaintiff, who acted as trustee for a Mrs. Callaghan, but, in consequence of some misunderstanding after entering into possession, defendant expressed a wish to surrender the lease. Plaintiff admitted having told defendant that he might leave, and that he (plaintiff) would not bother about it. Defendant pleaded never indebted, and acceptance of premises by plaintiff amounting to a surrender in law. His Honor, while expressing an opinion that it was a very hard case that defendant should be compelled to pay for a lease after plaintiff had agreed to let him retire, thought there had been no surrender by operation of law, and gave a verdict for the amount claimed. Mr. Makinson for plaintiff, and Mr. R. B. Smith for defendant.

RAPHAEL AND ANOTHER V. FORRESTER.

Plaintiff sued to recover balance of account, £2 18s. 6d., for goods sold and delivered to the defendant. The goods consisted of two walnut tables and several other articles of furniture, and the only question raised was as to the price which had been agreed upon for the tables. His Honor after hearing evidence for either side, considered that defendant had not proved conclusively that the agreement was for a lower price than that stated in the invoice, and gave a verdict for the plaintiff for £2 18s. 6d. Mr. Driver for defendant.

CLUNES V. WILKIE.

This was an action to recover three weeks' rent of house, rented by defendant. Plaintiff stated that defendant admitted his liability on the 30th May. Defendant denied any acknowledgment on his part, and disputed plaintiff's authority to collect. Verdict for plaintiff—19s., with 7s. 6d. costs.

GOTCH AND ANOTHER V. LEE.

An action to recover £3 5s. 3d. for goods sold and delivered to defendant. Plaintiffs are newspaper and advertising agents, carrying on business in George-street, and the goods consisted of a number of newspapers. Defendant swore that on the 2nd November he paid £1 12s. 11d., being portion of the account, in the office of plaintiffs, and received an acknowledgment, which, however, has been mislaid. He admitted a liability amounting to £1 10s. up to the 30th December, 1869. Evidence to rebut defendant's statement as to payment was produced by the plaintiff, and his Honor gave a verdict for £1 10s., with costs.

MALONE V. DOYLE.

Plaintiff claimed the sum of £3, for services rendered to defendant, as a stonemason. The work consisted of flagging, in Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo. Defendant stated in reply, that he did not employ plaintiff to perform the work. His Honor considered that plaintiff had not made out his claim, and gave a verdict to defendant.

ROWLAND V. MARTIN.

Plaintiff claimed for twenty weeks' cooking, at the rate of 2s. 6d. per week; and 4s. per week, for the same term, for washing. He also sought to recover for money lent. The parties were formerly engaged as splitters, at Murrurundi, and plaintiff alleged that defendant agreed to pay his (plaintiff's) wife so much per week for cooking and washing. Defendant denied that such an agreement existed, or that he had borrowed money from the plaintiff. Verdict for the plaintiff in the amount claimed.

A number of *ex. so.* motions, of no public interest, were heard and disposed of.

INSOLVENCY COURT.

FRIDAY.

BEFORE the CHIEF COMMISSIONER.

In the estate of John A. Bryant, a single meeting. Three debts were proved. Insolvent was allowed his wearing apparel and tools of trade.

In the estate of Jabez Connor, a single meeting. Three debts were proved. Six months' accounts to be filed on or before the 17th, and the meeting was adjourned until the 21st October.

In the estate of James Moran, a single meeting. The official assignee lodged his report.

In the estate of James Madden, a single meeting. Fifteen debts were proved. Insolvent was examined by Mr. Gannon, and was directed to file better accounts, under rules 22 and 23, on or before the 17th October. The meeting was adjourned until the 26th October.

In the estate of Samuel Matthews and Thomas Vote, a single meeting. Two debts were proved, and insolvent Matthews was examined by Mr. Curtis, for a creditor.

In the estate of John Devine, a special meeting. Two debts were proved, and the meeting was adjourned until the 14th October.

In the estate of Michael Stackpool, a special meeting for examination. Postponed until the 11th October.

SURRENDERS.

William Salisbury alias William Brown, of Kent-street, Sydney, late of East Gosford, sawyer. Liabilities, £64 17s. Assets, £6. Mr. Humphery, official assignee.

Daniel Bucklen, of Albury, blacksmith. Liabilities, £435 15s. Assets, £405 13s. 1d. Mr. Sempill, official assignee.

RULE NISI.

William Macarthur and others v. John Huxham Blatchford, of Araluen, storekeeper. Returnable 27th October. Mr. Mackenzie, official assignee.

MEETINGS OF CREDITORS.

Monday, October 10, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Richard Thame and William Walker, adjourned examination from the 6th instant.

Monday, October 10th, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioners: James Joseph Buckley, first, or only meeting, at Orange; Daniel Sheridan, first, or only meeting, at Mudgee.

Tuesday, October 11, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Michael Stackpool, examination of witnesses, adjourned from the 7th instant; Michael Stackpool, adjourned single or only meeting, from the 7th instant.

Wednesday, October 12, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Mary Teresa Smith, third meeting; Charles Whitfield, special meeting, for proof of debts and directions of creditors; William Maguire, special, for proof of debts; Charles Tubbenhauer, first meeting; William Henry Stevens, first meeting; Charles Vernon Coote, first meeting; William Pender, first meeting; Richard Thame and William Walker, first meeting; David Jarvis, adjourned third, from the 28th ultimo; William Briggs Cole and Thomas Wright, adjourned single or only meeting, from the 30th ultimo.

Wednesday, October 12, at 11 a.m.—Before the District Commissioner: Thomas Maher, first or only meeting, at Murrurundi.

Friday, October 14, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Isaac Shaffran, first or only meeting; William John Doran, first or only meeting; Samuel Pritchard, first or only meeting; Lyall Scott, first or only meeting; Henry Dayrell, deceased, special for proof of debts; Frederick Mark Drinkwater, adjourned first or only meeting, from the 28th ultimo; John Alexander Boyd, adjourned first or only meeting, from the 28th ultimo; Thomas M'Mahon, adjourned second, from the 28th ultimo; Henry Pritchard, adjourned single or only meeting, from the 5th instant.

Friday, October 14.—Before the District Commissioner: William Manning, first or only meeting, at Grafton, at 11 a.m.

APPLICATIONS FOR CERTIFICATES.

Tuesday, October 11, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Donald M'Donald, John M'Dougall, Henry Jacobs, David Brislen, William Wagstaff, James Pateman, adjourned from the 20th ultimo.

Tuesday, October 18, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Phœnix Wells, Thomas Waite, William Hartzel, James Phillips, Ralph Tickle.

COURT BUSINESS.

Thursday, October 13, at 11 a.m.—Before the Chief Commissioner: Motions.—Official assignees to move for the confirmation of the plans of distribution in the following estates;—1. Estate of Alexander Gilchrist, a first plan dividend, 5s. 1 27-474. in £ on concurrent proofs; 2. Estate of Mary Finn, a first plan dividend, 3s. in £ on concurrent proofs; 3. Estate of Edmund Doherty, a first plan dividend, 3s. 11 9-10d. in £ on concurrent proofs; 4. Estate of William Andrew Mitchell, a first plan dividend, 7 1-16d. in £ on concurrent proofs, preferent proofs in full; 5. Estate of Henry John Gruber Curry, a first plan dividend, 6s. 11d. in £ on concurrent proofs, preferent proofs in full; 6. Estate of James Calder Middleton, a first plan dividend, 4s. 4 3-8d. in £ on concurrent proofs, one preferent proof in full; 7. Estate of Phœnix Wells, a first plan dividend, 2s. 10 55-64d. in £ on concurrent proofs, one preferent proof in full. Compulsory sequestration—order nisi returnable: John Meeks v. Nicholas Jacobson. Motions: Estates of Samuel Chatwin, Joseph Watson, Martin Gardiner, John Ambrose Bryant, for ratification or otherwise of directions of creditors. In the estates of William M'Ilveen and Mackinlay, Brothers, official assignee to show cause why accounts and plans of distribution should not be lodged.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

FRIDAY.

BEFORE their Worships the Police Magistrate, Messrs. Hordern, Levey, Oatley, G. Hill, and Caraher.

Seven persons were fined 5s. each for drunkenness.

Ellen Ringwood, found guilty of being a common prostitute wandering in a public place, and behaving in a riotous manner, and Ellen Webb, a vagrant, were sentenced to be imprisoned three months.

Charles Brown, alias Benton, who was yesterday committed by this Bench to take his trial for stealing a number of hats from a box on board the schooner Commerce about the 19th September, was, this morning, charged with stealing £17 18s., the money of Ambrose Eldridge. Sergeant Goldrick deposed that when he received prisoner into custody on this charge, he was wearing a suit of new clothes and new boots, which, at the station, he made him take off; in the vest watchpocket found the finger of a glove, in which was a £5 note, and in his stockings were three £1 notes; when given into custody on the former charge on Wednesday night, he had £2 9s. in his pockets; in consequence of something said by prisoner on Wednesday evening, witness yesterday proceeded to the Belmore Hotel, Circular Quay, and inquired if such a young man had been stopping there; Griffiths replied that a young man had breakfast there on Wednesday morning, and left, wearing an old suit of clothes, and returned in the evening with new clothes, which he put on, and went away leaving the old suit. Ambrose Eldridge, of York-street, out of business, deposed that on the evening of the 26th September, he saw the prisoner at Mrs. Chapman's Hotel, Morpeth, while he (witness) was in the act of paying some money to Mrs. Chapman; between 9 and 10 o'clock they went to bed in the same room; witness had in his pocket three £5 notes, two £1 notes, and 18s. in silver; he awoke about 5 o'clock next morning, when he found himself alone in the room, and his money all gone; cannot recognise any of the notes produced—had no mark on his notes by which he could identify them; next time he saw prisoner was in this Court yesterday, when he was committed for trial upon another charge. The prisoner was committed for trial at the Central Criminal Court.

Nine prisoners were discharged, and three were remanded.

On the summons paper were twenty-three cases. Maria M'Grath was fined 5s. for unauthorisedly permitting music to be played in her public-house, and a like sum for permitting dancing. Thomas G. Kelly was fined 5s. for keeping his public-house open for the sale of liquors after the hour for which he is licensed; and Emily Thompson and Jane Barton were fined 5s. each on conviction of having been found bringing liquor from Kelly's house at said unlawful hour. In Wagner v. Lock,

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a suit for wages, complainant obtained an order. Margaret Kelly pleaded guilty to an information in which she was charged with keeping open her shop for the sale of groceries on Sunday morning, and was fined 2s. 6d. for her offence. John Reddin was fined 2s. 6d. for riding upon the footway of Parramatta-street. Michael Scanlon was fined 2s. 6d., and John Lane was fined 5s. for allowing carts to stand upon public thoroughfares a longer time than was necessary for either loading or unloading. John Purcell and Charles Hammond were fined 40s. each for having by furious driving endangered the safety of persons passing on Newtown Road. Thomas Farrell, Henry Hanson, and William Griffiths were fined 20s. each, for driving cattle, being neither milch kine nor workers, during prohibited hours; and John Brennan was fined 1s. for not having his name, &c., in legible characters upon his cart.

LICENSING BUSINESS.—The license of the Star Hotel, Balmain, was removed to a house in Clarence-street, known as the Ship Inn; the license of the Golden Fleece, King-street, was transferred from William Penman to Frederick Ferrier; and a stage coach license was granted to Edward Alexander.

WATER POLICE COURT.

FRIDAY.

BEFORE their Worships the Water Police Magistrate, Messrs. Hale, Spence, Stewart, and Kettle.

Five drunkards were fined.

Annie Wallace, who was fined 10s., in default three days' imprisonment, for being drunk and disorderly, was further sentenced to pay a penalty of 20s., with the alternative of seven days in gaol, for making use of obscene language in Junction-lane.

Charles Peters, for indecent behaviour in Essex-street, was ordered to pay a fine of 20s., in default seven days' incarceration.

On the summons sheet there were eleven cases, two of which were withdrawn, four postponed for a week, and in another there were no parties. Michael Nowlan, for being at such a distance from his cab as not to have control of the horse attached thereto; William Short, for carrying an intoxicated person in his cart, and William Favill, for not standing with his cab in due rotation from the stand in Erskine-street, were each fined 5s. and 5s. costs of Court. Peter M'Mahon, for suffering his cab to loiter in Pitt-street, was fined 7s. 6d. and 5s costs.

Chin Sha appeared before the Court, on bail, charged with being the keeper of a common gaming-house, situated in Vinegar-lane, off George-street. It appeared from the evidence that the search warrant upon which the house rented by defendant was entered, was granted by the late Water Police Magistrate in January, but was not acted upon until the 27th September, when a number of Chinamen were detected gambling; they were apprehended and fined, and the present fresh information was then laid against the defendant. Mr. W. Roberts, who appeared for the defendant, submitted that when the warrant to search the premises and to apprehend all persons found therein was issued by the late Water Police Magistrate in January last, an offence must have been supposed to have occurred, and it was the duty of the police at once, or within a reasonable time, to have enforced it, and not to have allowed its enforcement to remain in abeyance for a period of nearly nine months; and he contended that the offender ought to have been prosecuted within six months, under the provisions of Sir John Jervis' Act, which gave their Worships jurisdiction only under cases of summary convictions. Moreover, there was not sufficient evidence that defendant was the owner or keeper of the house in question, nor that any unlawful game was carried on in any house, or that it was used as a common gaming-house. In any event he hoped that their Worships would deal summarily and leniently under the circumstances. The Bench found defendant guilty, and ordered him to pay a penalty of £5; in default, one month's imprisonment.

Before his Worship Mr. St. Julian.

Ah Coon appeared on remand charged with perjury. This case arose out of some evidence given by prisoner against another Chinaman who was charged with stealing a watch, and who was tried at the Quarter Sessions and acquitted. Case dismissed. Mr. J. Greer appeared for the prosecution, and Mr. W. Roberts conducted the defence. Another case of perjury against a Chinaman was postponed until the 17th instant.

LICENSING BUSINESS.—The licenses of the Blue Bell Hotel, Phillip-street, and Warwick Castle Hotel, Balmain, were transferred—the former from Walter Daniels to Benjamin Yeend, and the latter from William Imber to Walter Daniels. The application of the official assignee in the insolvent estate of Henry Edmonds, for the removal of the license of the Boyswater Hotel, Double Bay, to a house on Waverley Road, Upper Paddington, was granted.

THE MURDER OF THE BROTHERS POHLMAN.

(From the Wagga Wagga Express.)

AT the Circuit Court, Wagga Wagga, on the 4th October, Robert Campbell, alias Palmer, was charged with the wilful murder, at Yanco, near Narandera, of John Pohlman, on or about the 13th March, 1868.

Mr. Forbes, instructed by Mr. Willans, was assigned by his Honor as counsel to the prisoner, who pleaded not guilty.

The Crown Prosecutor opened the case at considerable length, and asked the jury to fully and thoroughly disabuse their minds of every feeling caused by anything they had heard or observed, or from the perusal of newspaper paragraphs in reference to the case before them, and then clearly recapitulated the facts as they bore against the prisoner, and, upon the conclusion of his address, called

John Chisholm, who deposed: I am a constable at Mansfield, Victoria; I arrested the prisoner, who said his name was Robert Palmer, at the Sheepwash Hotel, Oxley, on the 13th of July last, for the murder of the Pohlman brothers; prisoner said that he knew nothing about it, and laughed; he afterwards said that, had the rivers not been up, he would have given me some trouble to catch him, and afterwards, whilst travelling with me in a coach, asked me why he was not arrested at the time some other men were arrested for the murder.

Cross-examined: I have been examined at Wangaratta by a Bench of Magistrates, and also at Albury; I do not know whether I said on either of these occasions that the prisoner laughed when I told him the charge; I swear positively that he did laugh.

The Crown Prosecutor put in as evidence the *Gazette* descriptions of the supposed murderers of the Pohlman brothers.

Cross-examination continued: I arrested the prisoner because I believe that he fully answered the description now read, which states that the supposed murderer had a large wart or lump on his forehead, and the prisoner, in this respect, fully answers the description.

Thomas Woods deposed: I am a driver in the employ of Mr. M'Eeheren, of Coonong, and in March, 1868, was in the employ of Mr. Jenkins, of Buckenbong; on the 13th of March, 1868, I saw the prisoner at a waterhole near a sandhill on the Yanco run below Narandera; there was another man with him, and both had swags rolled up in blue blankets; I had some conversation with them, and told them that I was going to Booligal; they asked me to take them with me, as they wished to go to Booligal, and said they had a sick companion lying under a tree close by; I said that I would take one of them, but could not take them all; they said they were hard up, and had been drinking; I gave them some dinner, and stayed with them for about an hour, and then proceeded on my way, leaving the whole of them behind me; shortly afterwards I met a person in the employment of Mr. Flood, to whom I spoke, and passed on; I met two other persons in a covered dray, who appeared to be hawkers; I have never seen either of these persons since; I could not describe them, but they were both small men; I swear positively that the prisoner is one of the men to whom I gave a dinner on the 13th March, 1868.

Cross-examined: I would not be able to swear so positively to the other men; I am positive that I noticed the wen or wart upon the forehead of the prisoner, and that he is the same person; he is slightly altered; he is thinner than at that time; I do not think prisoner is six feet high; I think he is about five feet ten inches; I think the description now read is the one I gave to the police; I said he was five feet ten inches to six feet high.

Re-examined: In consequence of what I heard some one of the men say I hurried away sooner than I otherwise would from my resting-place.

John Clynes deposed: I am in the employ of Messrs. M'Neill, brothers, of Yanco, and was so in March, 1868; I remember at that time hearing of the murder of two hawkers; I remember two hawkers being at the head station, and I had a conversation with them; they left on the 13th March, and had a covered dray drawn by two horses, a bay and a grey (photographs of the hawkers produced); I swear one of the photographs produced is a likeness of one of the men who left Yanco on the day named; I have never seen either of the hawkers since; I have seen the same horses they drove away since in a large paddock at Yanco; one had hobbles on, and the other blinkers; I have seen the prisoner before; I saw him the day after the hawkers left the Yanco station, in company with two other men; they were in a large sheep paddock on the Yanco station, near a spot called the "round waterhole;" they came up to me where I was at work, and we all conversed together for some time; they told me that they were going to Tubbo station for employment, and that they had come from the Merool; I asked them many questions about the way they had come, and they seemed annoyed, and said that it was no matter which way they had come, that they had come across the bush; I observed that one of the men had a new pair of elastic side boots and new socks or stockings on; they all had large swags; that of the prisoner's was the largest; I asked them if they had seen two German hawkers, and they said they had, and seemed so huffed that I did not ask them any more; the three men were fully half-an-hour in my company; I swear positively that the prisoner is one of the men; I heard nothing of the murder for fully a fortnight afterwards.

Cross-examined: When the prisoner and the other two men came up they first asked where the nearest crossing-place on the river was.

William Garrow Elwin deposed: I am superintendent at Yanco Station, and was so in March, 1868; I remember two hawkers at the station some time during that month; I heard of the murder about a fortnight after they left the station (photographs again produced); the photographs I now look at are the photographs of the two hawkers whom I knew as John and Louis Pohlman; they had, when at Yanco, a large assortment of general goods, consisting of drapery, pipes, and many kinds of fancy goods, and boots and shoes; I did not see them leave the head station, but about a fortnight afterwards heard of a cart resembling theirs at a sand-hill near the "round waterhole," and found it there covered from view from the road by some saplings, which had been half cut through, and bent over in such a way as to keep them growing and effectually screen the cart from view from the road; I sent information to the police at Narandera, and the next day accompanied constable Foley to the spot and made accurate search; the goods in the cart were much upset, and there was the appearance of a large fire having been made about 150 yards from the cart, the remains of which we together closely examined, and found a quantity of buttons and pieces of bone, four half-crowns, some hinges, and a portion of a cash-box.

Senior-constable Timothy Foley deposed that he examined the remains of the fire in company with Mr. Elwin, and found certain articles which he handed over to sergeant Carroll.

Sergeant John Carroll deposed that he received the articles produced from constable Timothy Foley.

John Garrow Elwin re-examined: The articles produced resemble the ones picked from the ashes by constable Foley and myself; I assisted constable Foley to take the cart and all the other articles to the police station at Narandera; the remains of the fire gave it the appearance of having been a very large camp fire; it could have been seen from the Narandera Road; the cheque produced I recognise as one which was paid to the Pohlman, Brothers, by one Robert Graham, who lived on the station, but is since dead.

Cross-examined: The boxes in the hawkers' cart were not locked—they were merely kept with closed lids; I only looked into one box, and the goods in that one had been moved right down to the bottom, and carelessly put back; in addition to the large fire mentioned, there were also signs of a small fire, which had evidently been used as a camp fire; I knew that the hawkers had a dog, and I found the remains of a dead dog near the hawkers' cart; the bolts produced appeared to belong to a portion of the tilting of the cart; the tilt had been broken, and the bolts found in the fire and produced corresponded with those in use in the rest of the tilt.

Francis Woodcock deposed: I am a labourer, and was in the employ of Messrs. M'Neill in March, 1868; remember two German hawkers being there in that month; of the photographs produced I recognise one as the likeness of one of the hawkers; they had, when at Yanco, a large quantity of goods on a tilted dray; saw them last about noon on the 13th March, 1868, they were then near a sandhill; I had some conversation with them; I know nothing whatever about the prisoner, and did not see him at any time at the Yanco Station.

Carl Muller deposed: I am a German, residing in Wagga Wagga; I knew the brothers Pohlman; the photographs produced I recognise as the likenesses of John and Louis Pohlman; they stayed at my place previous to starting down the river.

Timothy Foley deposed: I am constable, stationed at Narandera; on the 30th March, 1868, I accompanied Mr. Elwin to a spot near the "round water-hole," on the Yanco Run, and there found a cart covered with saplings which had been half-cut through and bent down over the cart; in the cart there was a quantity of goods which had been thrown in loosely; near the cart there was a spot where a large fire had been burning; I carefully examined the remains of this fire and found, with the assistance of Mr. Elwin, several articles, consisting of a portion of a cash-box, several metal buttons, four half-crowns, some buckles, and a number of pieces of bone much charred; in the cart, in a small compartment of a box, I afterwards found a number of documents which I now produce.

Robert Clark Robinson deposed: I am a duly qualified medical practitioner, residing at Wagga Wagga; the bones produced I have seen before; they are human bones; I can pick out from them a quantity of skull bones, but cannot pick out the skulls of two persons; but there is more than a sufficient quantity of bone for one skull.

Cross-examined: I believe that I cannot be mistaken in the opinion that there are bones of two individuals in the lot now produced.

John Carroll recalled: I produce a pair of boots and a shirt, which I received from Mr. Patrick Rogers, publican, at Kyamba Creek.

Patrick Rogers deposed: In the month of March, 1868, I saw the prisoner at my house, in company with two other men; I bought from one of the men, I think the prisoner, 3½ lbs. of tobacco, a portion of which I afterwards gave to sergeant Carroll; the tobacco produced, I believe to be the same; a man named Brett bought a pair of boots and a shirt also in my presence; prisoner stated they had bought the goods they were endeavouring to sell from Mr. Forsyth's store, at Wagga Wagga; a man named Glover also bought some things in my presence from one of the men; the prisoner and the other two men, after selling a portion of the clothing, went to a small hut close by, where they camped, and afterwards returned to my house, and endeavoured to sell a watch, and other articles; I am positive that the prisoner is one of the men who came to my house at the time named; I identify him by a lump on his forehead more particularly.

Cross-examined: I do not see any change in him only that he is paler and thinner.

John Manton deposed: I am a contractor, and in March, 1868, was at Mr. M'Neill's Yanco Station; the Pohlman Brothers were camped there; I purchased many articles from them, and they gave me a sample of tobacco called "nail rod."

To the Judge: The tobacco produced is like the kind of which the Pohlman, Brothers, gave me a sample.

James Delaney deposed: I am a licensed publican residing on the Tarcutta Road; I saw the prisoner about the 20th March, 1868; I was then working at Cunnindroo with a snagging party; another man was with the prisoner, and they both had goods which they offered for sale; the prisoner offered a pair of wellington boots and a pipe; the man accompanying the prisoner offered a black cloth vest for sale, and prisoner afterwards offered some crimean shirts; prisoner said that he had been shepherding on the Brookong station, and that he purchased the things he was then offering for sale at Wagga Wagga; I am perfectly certain that the prisoner is the person who offered goods for sale on or about the 20th March; I do not see any alteration in his appearance, only that his hair is longer.

Henry Solomon deposed: I am a partner in the firm of Myers and Solomon, Sydney, and I knew the brothers Pohlman; they had been customers of our house for about two years; one of the photographs produced I recognise as a likeness of one of the Pohlmans; they bought a quantity of goods about January, 1868; amongst which were some double-cased geneva watches, of Nos. 7006 to 7010, and 65582 to 65587; the watches produced are like the watches sold, and I believe are the same; the box produced, in which the watches are packed, is the same that was invoiced to the Pohlman, Brothers, and bears the private marks of our firm.

Thomas Boyce deposed: About the latter end of the month of March, 1868, I saw the prisoner; he was then in company with another person; I bought a watch from him; of the two watches in court, I identify one as the one I purchased from the prisoner; on the following day prisoner wanted to sell to me a pair of black cloth trousers, and a vest; he stayed about the place for three or four days; I am positive as to the identity of the prisoner with the man who sold me the watch.

Cross-examined: I identify him by the lump on his forehead; he is not much altered in appearance; but is thinner, greyer, and his whiskers are longer.

George Dixey deposed: I am a farmer residing near Lake Albert; some time during the month of March, 1868, I saw two men at the Farmers' Home, one of whom I believe to be the prisoner; he asked me to buy a watch, which he showed me; I looked at it, and said I would do so for twenty-five shillings if I could borrow the money from the landlady; this I did, and paid him that amount for the watch, which I have since handed over to the police; I cannot swear positively that the prisoner is the same person from whom I purchased the watch.

J. D. Meares deposed: I am sub-inspector of police at Wagga Wagga; the watch produced was handed to me by sergeant Carrol, who has already sworn that he received it from George Dixey.

James Wild deposed: I am a farmer residing at Lake Albert; towards the end of March, 1868, I saw the prisoner and another man at the Farmers' Home, and saw George Dixey buy a watch from prisoner; after the sale of the watch prisoner wanted me to buy some tobacco, which I looked at, and asked him where he got it; he said at Forsyth's; I bought the tobacco (all he had), and paid him 12s. for it; the tobacco was of the kind called "nail-rod;" I am positive that he is the same man who sold me the tobacco; he is slightly altered; he is greyer, and his beard is longer.

Edward Andrews deposed: I am the son of Mrs. Andrews, who kept the Farmers' Home in March, 1868; I saw the prisoner there about that time; he had some tobacco, which he wanted to sell; he had about 40 lbs. of a kind called "nail-rod," of the same kind I now look at; he also wanted to sell some crimean shirts, some boots, and a watch; the one he wanted to sell resembled the one I now look at, but I cannot swear it was the same; I identify him as the same man by his voice and general appearance.

Rowland Ingram deposed: I am a grazier residing at Collengully; I have known the prisoner for the last four years; I saw him during the month of March, 1868, in company with two other men; he wanted to sell me some tobacco, some pipes, and a silk handkerchief; he was then at the Gillenbah and Deniliquin cross-roads; I have always known him by the name of Robert Campbell; when he left he went in the direction of Wagga Wagga; about ten days after he left I heard of the murder of the Pohlman brothers.

Allan Bradley Morgan deposed: I am a duly qualified medical practitioner; I have carefully examined the bones I now see; they appear to have been subjected to the action of fire for several hours; they are human bones, but I cannot say whether they are the bones of two persons, but from the quantity of skull bones, I think it almost certain that they are the bones of two persons.

Cross-examined: It is quite possible that these are only bones of one person; I have examined them very carefully, and have failed to discover signs of two individuals.

William Brett deposed: I remember being at Mr. Rogers's place on the 24th March, 1868; I saw prisoner there; I had known him some time previously at Rutherglen, in Victoria; I purchased several articles of clothing from him at Rogers's, consisting of one pair of trousers, a vest, and a pair of boots; the boots I afterwards sold to Mr. Rogers, and have worn out the other articles.

James Fox deposed: I am a shopman in the employ of Messrs. Forsyth and Co., and was so in March, 1868; I have never seen any tobacco of the kind produced in the store of Messrs. Forsyth and Co.; they have never kept any of the kind.

This closed the case for the Crown.

Mr. Forbes for the defence submitted that there was no case to go to the jury, as no evidence had been adduced to show that John Pohlman was actually dead. The medical testimony failed to show that the remains of the two brothers had been found, and consequently they could not say which of the two had been killed. The learned counsel cited several instances in which juries had been directed to bring verdicts of acquittal where no direct evidence of the finding of the body of the murdered person could be adduced.

His Honor overruled the objection, and stated that in his opinion there was a case to go to the jury.

Mr. Forbes then addressed the jury for the defence.

The Crown Prosecutor replied, and the jury returned a verdict of guilty.

The prisoner was sentenced to death.

ESTATES SURRENDERED OR PLACED UNDER SEQUESTRALION FROM 1ST JULY TO 30TH SEPTEMBER, 1870.

	Estimated. Liabilities.	Estimated. Assets.
George Price, Alexandria, labourer	49 11 8	4 10 0
Samuel Chatwin, Redfern, machinist	875 1 0	1227 0 0
James Walton, Sydney, drayman	44 6 9	10 10 0
James Lawson, Lane Cove Road, clerk	180 17 6	30 0 0
James O'Connor, Sydney, butcher	197 15 6	12 10 0
Joseph Carberry, Gundagai, farmer	206 3 2	30 0 0
John Tait, Cathcart, yeoman (compulsory)	Rule discharged.	
Edward John Swyny, Glenmore Road, bootmaker	1259 4 0	872 8 11
Sarah Pile, Sydney, widow (compulsory)	2312 3 2	2057 0 0
Daniel Brislen, Sydney, miner	52 14 3	3 10 0
Frederick Samuel Britcher, Sydney, butcher	394 3 10	318 7 0
Thomas Haslam, Sydney, agent	166 16 6	89 15 0
Joseph Eckford, West Maitland, publican	Schedule not filed.	
Francis Lewis, Araluen, carpenter	219 8 10	31 7 0
John Richardson, Cobbora, out of business	291 12 8	32 15 0
William Benson, Sydney, carpenter	32 17 0	2 0 0
James Storm, Balmain, builder, lately a publican	274 7 1	81 9 6
George Walburn, Sydney, cabman	20 14 7	4 13 0
Patrick Murphy, Mount Tamar, Bathurst	903 2 8	4 10 0
Nicholas Gallanie and Athens Lazarus, Little River, Braidwood, miners	55 13 8	4 0 0
John Edwin Irwin, Sydney, auctioneer	5151 1 2	2112 0 0
James Phillips, Blandford, farmer	211 12 0	15 15 0
Robert Blackwell Turner, Redfern, stonemason	152 13 6	8 10 0
William Greenhalgh, Bathurst, tinsmith	132 0 4	3 10 0
Charles Lea, Sydney, publican	231 0 9	36 0
Joseph Watson, Sydney, builder	957 7 0	170 17 5
James Gough, Sydney, bootmaker	68 5 11	23 14 0
Patrick Cullen, Newcastle, publican (compulsory)	681 10 4	81 11 0
Ann Elizabeth Stephens, Tambaroora, storekeeper	685 16 8	512 2 11
Joseph Marie Philippe, Hunter's Hill, labourer	222 15 7	139 15 8
Thomas Daniel Ford, Kelso, farmer	1480 5 10	940 0 0
John Thomas, Sydney, boarding-house keeper	200 6 9	30 0 0
John Johnstone, Newtown, late of One-Tree-Hill, sailmaker	37 6 3	5 2 6
William Flood and Charles Clark, Narandera, storekeepers	1839 17 10	3079 0 0
George Shadgett, St. Leonards, drapers' assistant	101 12 3	53 7 10
Daniel Benjamin, Grenfell, jeweller	150 18 9	78 17 0
James Burraston, Ualla, labourer	336 10 0	24 0 0
Joseph Hokin, Sydney, builder	175 14 1	36 2 6
Thomas Cordell, and Samuel Schackie, Paterson, farmers	360 18 9	33 0 6
Morris Cohen, Sydney, writing clerk	227 11 3	40 0 0
Charles Bowtell, Sydney, builder	23 1 8	3 16 6
Edward Darrant Scott, Hay	292 12 10	93 0 0
Charles Hill, Sydney, fruiterer	471 11 8	506 5 0
William Summerville, Pyrmont, sailmaker	152 6 6	18 0 0
Mary Teresa Smith, Sydney, publican	715 16 1	211 19 6
Daniel Driscoll, Piney Range, late publican	291 13 1	80 7 9
Charles Tubbenhauer, Grenfell, wine merchant	429 16 0	299 2 6
Lyall Scott, Brisbane Water, timber merchant	Schedule not filed.	
John Henry, Chippendale, drayman	74 17 5	12 0 0
Heber Garty, Sydney, storeman	54 14 0	17 10 0
Charles Jenkins, Yass, late of Murrumburrah, surveyor	237 7 9	147 0 0
John Donaldson Kinnear, Sydney, late of Nattai, surgeon	52 6 3	6 0 0
James Pinkerton, Sydney, baker	77 11 0	7 0 0
John Moses, St. Leonards, dealer	180 1 6	8 0 0
James Irons, Sydney, mariner	46 3 9	22 3 9
James Riley, Lamb's Valley, Lochinvar, farmer	33 6 0	13 0 0
Alexander Finch, Booligal, publican	2988 15 5	2800 1 8
William Manners Clarke, Sydney, conveyancer	6845 2 9	5601 7 9
Daniel Dolan, Penrith, farmer	148 8 2	11 0 0
Harris Jacob, Newcastle, dealer	100 17 8	38 18 6
Richard Thame and Richard Walker, Sydney, grocers and wine and spirit merchants	Schedule not filed.	
John Witt Myall, Port Stephens, innkeeper	434 1 9	216 13 2
Helena Curran, Orange, widow	270 1 2	233 0 9
William Brodie, Parramatta, writing clerk	120 11 2	13 16 0
James Thurling, Bathurst, blacksmith	151 0 0	79 7 5
George Hawkins and Charles William Sandon, South Creek, bakers	42 1 6	10 15 3
David Aarons, Sydney, carpenter	49 7 2	7 0 0
Charles Barnett, Waterloo, boatman	31 6 5	4 0 0
Jeremiah Hourigan, Waterloo, labourer	60 10 2	25 0 0
Claud Massey Winniett, Newcastle, professor of music	67 14 7	13 0 0
Henry Osborne M'Cormack, Wentworth, surveyor	3407 12 10	116 0 0
Nicholas Jacobsen, Sydney, cabinet maker (compulsory)	Rule pending.	
Isaac Shaffran, Sydney, barber	30 0 0	2 0 0
William John Doran, Sydney, baker	391 2 6	150 9 1
Thomas Maher, Warland's Range, Murrurundi, innkeeper and railway contractor	591 10 0	85 0 0
Samuel Pritchard, St. Peters, Waterloo, brickmaker	146 0 8	98 11 6
Charles Livie, Sydney, stevedore	812 19 7	15 0 0
Samuel Croker, Cape Hawke, farmer	60 19 0	5 0 0
William Shoesmith, Lambton, storekeeper	477 15 7	232 9 1
William Snedden, Newcastle, licensed victualler	281 5 11	164 0 0
Charles Schroenn, Balmain, carpenter	24 8 0	5 10 0
Edward John Lilley, Sydney, coachbuilder	235 17 10	60 2 6
William Henry Stevens, Armidale, miller	1054 9 9	339 3 6
James Wilson, Albury, tailor	146 2 11	126 5 6
Conrad Hertzhaeuser, Sydney, surgical instrument maker	122 0 5	31 0 0
Frederick Hanson, Waterloo, mariner	33 9 6	7 10 0
Alfred Johnson, Sydney, late of Morpeth, labourer	47 13 7	2 10 0
Duncan William Campbell, Mathoura, butcher	227 11 0	450 11 4
Thomas George Booth, Wagga Wagga, printer	55 9 8	18 0 0
George Hinde, Newcastle, storekeeper	130 16 1	42 2 7
Henry Edmonds, Double Bay, hotelkeeper	253 17 0	40 0 0
Charles Vernon Coote, Araluen, storekeeper	1060 7 2	557 19 8
William Hickey, Parramatta, coachman	309 0 0	14 0 0
John Aldcorn (compulsory), farmer	Rule pending.	
Peter Jansen, Sydney, seaman	33 4 5	6 0 0
John Sampson, Sydney, wheelwright and blacksmith	95 6 10	8 0 0
William Pender, West Maitland, builder	468 19 2	178 3 11
William M'Guire, Sydney, gentleman	644 3 6	242 3 3
George Webster, Sydney, master mariner	108 10 0	19 8 0
John Robinson, Newcastle, shipwright	96 5 0	7 0 0
John Swan, Armidale, farmer	222 0 0	28 10 0
Michael Stackpool, Woollahra, storekeeper	362 15 9	66 3 11
Thomas M'Mahon, Sydney, dealer (compulsory)	583 5 3	348 10 7
John George Islaub, Pitt Town, farmer	95 13 3	29 14 6
William Charlton, Newcastle, tailor	294 0 7	183 14 0
John Banfield, Waratah, storekeeper	277 4 3	195 10 6
James Willard Lowe, Sidmouth Valley, Bathurst, grazier	2992 19 8	3281 13 1
James Burke Duffy, Sydney, milkman	206 14 3	28 17 7
Frederick Mark Drinkwater, Parramatta, shoeing smith	86 17 5	46 7 2
Peter Beans, Sydney, boarding-house keeper	91 19 8	6 0 0
John Edward Smythe, Manly Beach, dentist	43 15 2	5 0 0
Barnabas Hartshorn, Canterbury, storekeeper	299 16 5	611 9 9
John Brenan, Waverley, omnibus driver	36 2 8	4 0 0
Edward Vaughan, Sydney, moulder	52 15 4	3 0 0
John Alexander Boyd, Sydney	268 7 6	45 0 0
William Briggs Cole and Thomas Wright, Sydney, builders	154 0 6	25 0 0
Andrew Calvin, Hastings River, farmer	183 18 3	22 16 0
Richard John Kimber, Sydney, oyster dealer	273 10 3	13 1 0
Catherine Kelly, Sydney, lodging-house keeper	147 5 11	52 0 0
Martin Gardiner, Balmain, clerk to the Municipal Council	348 0 0	16 0 0
John Luck, Wagga Wagga, farmer	87 14 0	36 0 0
Henry Pritchard, Sydney, dealer	331 15 0	156 0 0
George Howell, Sydney, tailor	312 10 0	348 8 0
William Pearce, Sydney, builder	50 15 4	19 18 0
Patrick Read, Bingera (compulsory)	663 0 11	49 10 3
Timothy Richard Machin, Sydney, printer	47 18 10	22 10 0
John Ambrose Bryant, Sydney, tailor	442 9 7	78 9 7
Jabez Connor, Waterloo, builder	518 15 6	473 13 0
James Joseph Buckley, Icely, miner	81 3 5	5 0 0
James Moran, Balmain, labourer	21 2 8	2 0 0
James Madden, Sydney, publican	320 17 3	99 11 0
Samuel Matthews and Thomas Vote, Redfern, bricklayers	612 17 0	505 0 0
Thomas Vote (separate estate)	21 0 0	5 0 0
Samuel Matthews (separate estate)	7 0 0	5 0 0
Daniel Sheridan, Mudgee, publican	36 17 0	20 0 0
William Hankinson Wigley, Sydney, lithographer	425 15 1	340 4 0
William Manning, Grafton, labourer	148 0 5	7 0 0

MARAVILLA COCOA.—For Breakfast.—The GLOBE says "various importers and manufacturers have attempted to attain a reputation for their prepared cocoas; but we doubt whether any thorough success had been achieved until Messrs. Taylor, Brothers discovered the extraordinary qualities of 'Maravilla' Cocoa. Adapting their perfect system of preparation to this finest of all species of the Theobroma, they have produced an article which supersedes every other cocoa in the market. Entire solubility, a delicate aroma, and a rare concentration of the purest elements of nutrition distinguish the Maravilla cocoa above all others. For homœopaths and invalids we could not recommend a more agreeable or valuable beverage." Sold in packets only by all grocers, of whom also may be had Taylor, Brothers' Original Homœopathic Cocoa and Soluble Chocolate, Steam Mills—Brick-lane, London.—ADV.

SALVAGE from the wreck of the schooner Colonist.—We are requested to direct attention to Messrs. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb's sale, this day, at Campbell's Wharf, of large quantity of valuable goods saved from the wreck of the Colonist, including flour, maize, groceries, ironmongery, drapery, &c., &c.—ADV.

WE are requested to call attention to Bradley, Newton, and Lamb's sale, this day, at their rooms, Pitt-street, of valuable household furniture, cut glassware, paintings, Rouen ducks, thrushes, &c., &c., commencing at 11 o'clock.—ADV.

THE GOVERNMENT GAZETTE.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS.—The names of Messrs. William Nash and Edward Field are substituted for Messrs. Edward Nash and William Field in the list of members of the Public Schools Board at Hartley, published in the *Government Gazette* of the 16th August last. The undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed additional members of the Public Schools Boards in connection with the Public schools established at the places specified, viz.:—Goulburn—Mr. Hugh Savage Clarke. Rockley—Messrs. James M'Phee, George Stiff, Abraham Collins, and Watson Augustus Steel. Wattle Flat—John Smeed, Esq.

ARSON—£200 REWARD.—On the night of the 12th ultimo, a store at Yetman, near Warialda, the property of Messrs. Dight, Yetman, was with its contents destroyed by fire; and as there are reasons for believing that the fire was the act of an incendiary, a reward of £100 is offered by the Government (in addition to a reward of £100 offered by Messrs. Dight), for information that may lead to the apprehension and conviction of the guilty person or persons.

ACCEPTED TENDERS.—The undermentioned tenders have been accepted by the Government:—Messrs. Williamson and Dalton—Steam tug for dredge Hunter; Messrs. T. Smithyman and Bartholomew—Reconstruction of Yass bridge; Mr. G. Michael—Erection of bridge, Little Cattai Creek; Mr. P. Ryan—Erection of bridge, Kingdon Ponds Creek.

LEGALLY QUALIFIED MEDICAL PRACTITIONERS.—The President and members of the New South Wales Medical Board certify that the undermentioned persons have submitted to that Board the necessary testimonials and qualifications:—John Murray Forrest, M.D.; Arthur Litton A. Forbes; Meziere de Liperyanche, M.D., and are entitled to be deemed legally qualified medical practitioners.

NEW PUBLIC SCHOOL.—An application has been received for the establishment of a Public School at Bundywalla.

INSPECTOR OF SLAUGHTER HOUSES.—The undermentioned members of the Police Force are appointed Inspectors of Slaughter Houses and of cattle intended to be slaughtered:—Michael Carroll, senior constable at Michelago; Richard Lisson, constable at Two-mile Flat.

INTERCOLONIAL NEWS.

NEW ZEALAND.

FROM Auckland we have files to the 30th September.

With regard to the obstruction offered by the natives to the construction of the telegraph line, the Tauranga correspondent of the *New Zealand Herald* writes:—Mr. Commissioner Clarke and Major Hamlin (resident magistrate for Maketu), returned from Katiteriria on Wednesday last. At Orakeikorako, Mr. Clarke met the obstructive natives who have stopped the telegraph line there, and, after a lengthened discussion, did not succeed in removing their objections. He left the settlement without any arrangement having been come to, as the natives insisted, with dogged obstinacy, on their determination to prevent the line crossing their country—a distance of five miles—unless they were paid £500, together with a yearly payment of £1 for every post erected, and 5s. additional for each post cut in their forest. These repetitions of vexatious and extortionate demands are becoming quite disheartening.

The *Thames Advertiser* contains a long account of a visit paid to the native settlement of Kerepehi Pioka, by Mr. Robert Graham, Mr. Grace (interpreter), and the writer of the letter, accompanied by the whole of the Ngatemaruas and a considerable number of Ngatitamateras. The party left Shortland on the 22nd September with the intention of visiting Te Moanonui and the other chiefs who had fled to the Hauhaus when the Supreme Court bailiff lately attempted to apprehend them. On arriving at the settlement they found the chiefs mentioned, together with Te Hira and his celebrated sister, Mere Kuru, where a tangi took place, and lasted for twenty minutes, after which a korero was held on the subject of the land. Te Moanonui stated that he had fled to the King to prevent an irruption—which, we presume, meant to prevent himself being apprehended. He said the Europeans were a "low people," and he was not going to be made a fool of by them; the fact was, what they (the English) wanted was to get complete possession of the island. He would wait and see the Governor, and if they did not agree they would go upon their respective ways. A grand feed then ensued, after which Mr. Graham addressed the natives upon the subject of the ground. He was answered by several natives, and the upshot was that they pronounced in favour of Graham.

A large fire occurred at Purivi, which (as reported in the *Thames Star*) broke out on 26th September in the drying-room of the flax mill, resulting in the total destruction of the mill, buildings, engine and boiler, valuable machinery, some *six or eight* tons of prepared flax, about 30 or 40 tons of raw material, and a quantity of other valuable property. The fire broke out about a quarter-past 8, and it was at once seen that any efforts to save the building would be hopeless, so the exertions of the workmen were directed to rescuing the prepared flax from the flames, a portion of which was dragged out. Some of the men are losers by the calamity, having lost blankets and clothes; and one man was severely burnt in the hand while engaged in trying to save property. The building was of large extent, and the works gave employment to about thirty men, besides boys, who are by this disastrous fire suddenly deprived of the means of subsistence. Eleven Polynesians were also employed on the mill. Owing to the building being of wood, and the quantity of combustible material lying about, in three-quarters of an hour from the outbreak of the fire not a stick of the building was left standing—the whole having been consumed. The mill was, we believe, the property of Messrs. Brissenden and others, of Auckland, whose loss will be considerable. Puiri has for some time past been mainly supported by the flax works, and it is said to have been fast becoming a thriving little community, owing to the efforts of mill-owners and the manager to make the employés comfortable. The hopes of numbers have been rudely dispelled by this calamity, and some families who were congratulating themselves on being settled in comparative comfort for some time have now to look out for employment at a time when such is not easily obtained. No clue to the origin of the fire has been found, although some suppose it to have originated in the drying-room, an apartment heated by flues bedded in sawdust. In this room the flax was placed for final drying before its being packed.

A daring case of attempted incendiarism (the *New Zealand Herald* reports) took place on the 26th September, but it was fortunately frustrated. This time, the building selected by the incendiary was St. James's schoolroom, in Wellington-street. This school is near to the church, and is kept by Mr. M'Intosh. Shortly before 4 o'clock, smoke and flame were discovered to be coming out from beneath one of the windows, and it was naturally supposed that the fire was in the schoolroom, which at this time was deserted, the boys and the master having left, but no fire was to be seen in the room, and the people present on the spot were a good deal puzzled as to where it came from. In the meantime it was making progress, and had burst in several places through the weatherboards, when it was found to be raging between the lining of the schoolroom and the wall. A plentiful supply of water was obtained, and was very soon got under, some of the weatherboards near the ground having been cut away with an axe, the better to get at the root of the fire. It was then discovered that some straw, partially consumed, and paper, were under the floor, where the fire had evidently been lighted, with the intention of burning down the building.

With respect to affairs at Taranaki, a telegram, dated September 22, says:—"The Blanche is still lying off. All is quiet, and the natives appear to be peaceably inclined. The Nelson *Evening Mail* says:—It appears that the correspondent of the *Colonist*, whose letter appeared in that paper on Friday last, has exaggerated the state of things at Taranaki, as the only information received by the Government is to the effect that twenty Arawas had visited the Waikatos, their visit being paid without arms, and also with the permission of the Government. Titokowaru was to be present at the great meeting at Pariaka, but in no hostile spirit."

A sad case of suicide at the Thames is reported:—Eugene Cassett, the senior partner of the firm of Cassett and Forceau, grocers, Pollen-street, shot himself on the 23rd September. As most of our readers are no doubt aware, Messrs. Cassett and Forceau have had, within the last few days, to stop business, and the premises and stock were taken possession of by an agent of the creditors. When the jury went to view the body, deceased was lying back on his bed, where he had been lifted by Mr. Forceau. His face was quite calm, and not disfigured by the shot, but a line of blood ran from his mouth up to the top of the head. He was undressed, and his arms were crossed on his breast. On the floor, in front of the bed, was a clot of blood about the size of a plate, which had apparently come out of his mouth while his head was hanging over the bed. At the side of the bed, on the floor, were a sodawater bottle (which had evidently contained gin), a tumbler, an open penknife, a piece of tobacco, and a pipe; about three feet from the bed was a revolver pistol, one chamber of which had just been discharged, and, strange to say, the cock was down on the percussion of one of the undischarged chambers, of which two were loaded; the pistol is not a self-cocking one, and it is surmised that deceased, after firing the first shot, had doubted if it would be effectual, and had recocked the pistol; he had then dropped his head over the bed, and thrown the pistol forward; on the bed was lying a French book, "Les Characteres," by Jean de Labruyere, which he had evidently been reading; the shot had been fired into the mouth; the ball had passed through the brain, and cracked the top of the skull, but did not come through.

The General Government have offered the agents of the Tararua £100 to leave Melbourne within 15 hours after the arrival of the next Suez mail.

A meeting of German residents was held last evening at the Auckland Hotel, when an address, to be sent to the King of Prussia, was unanimously adopted.

We are informed that thirty-five Hauhaus have surrendered at Whakatane.

THE FRIENDLY ISLANDS.

FROM the New Zealand journals we extract the following items of news relative to the above islands:—

The Tongese Parliament met in July. A Cemetery Bill, forbidding interment in towns, and a measure providing for the erection of two houses in each capital of the three principal islands for the relief of destitute Europeans, were passed.

Five hundred native soldiers, armed with the latest inventions in rifles, were reviewed by the King.

The French man-of-war Megere called at Nukualofa on July the 3rd, from Tahiti. She proceeds to New Caledonia and home *via* the Suez Canal. The French Admiral is at Tahiti, and is shortly to visit Tonga, and probably Fiji. The Coral, American whaler, is at Tonga, and having a very successful season; she has already taken twenty whales. The natives are dying in numbers from feasting too heavily on the carcases; the report is that eighty have already died, but we cannot vouch for the truth of it, as it is from natives. The Napoleon is also at Vavau. The barque San Francisco left for Samoa on the 10th July, and the Adolph (both owned by Messrs. Godefroy and Co., of Hamburgh), is to proceed to Europe shortly, with copra (dried cocoanut) and oil.

The Tongese Government have sold the island of Rambe (Fiji) to Captain John Hill.

Tobon College is fully established, and one hundred and twenty natives, many of them some of the leading chiefs, are being educated there; the "curriculum" embraces a study of English mathematics, algebra, &c. The Prince of Wales brings three hundred sheep from Eua. The Tongese Governments will lease land for fifty and ninety-nine years.

The tax on liquors landed on the group is as follows:—Spirits, two dollars a gallon; wine, one dollar; claret and ale, free; license for the sale of same, three hundred dollars a year.

FIJI.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

SEPTEMBER 16.—A comparative calm has succeeded the temporary excitement attendant on the many arrivals of the past month. Most of the vessels have left, and their passengers become absorbed amongst our population. The Auckland (s.) arrived yesterday, bringing about fifty passengers; the Levuka pilot boat was swamped on boarding her outside the reef. The news of the war between France and Prussia and the failure of cotton houses in Liverpool caused some excitement. Thakambau arrived in the Jeannie Duncan, yesterday, from Goro. He visited the Auckland, in company with Mr. Burt, and was much surprised at the splendour of her saloon. He has on board his vessel 300 returned native labourers from Taviuni; they are to be paid off to-day; some little confusion is occasioned by their white employers not being prepared with the cash. A stormy meeting took place between Thakambau and Mr. Drew, his secretary. Mr. Drew objects to the interference of the chief's coadjutor, an African native, called "Black Bill," and has resigned; some very strong language passed between the secretary and Bill. The cause of the quarrel is Mr. Drew's objecting to the natives paying tribute in oil in addition to their taxes. Bill quotes the Tonga fashion of taxation as a precedent.

The Susannah Booth brings news of peace being proclaimed at Samoa. The rebels who have been in possession of the place for two years, have succumbed, and the original owners are coming in. Mr. Butters returned on Tuesday in the company's schooner; he is disgusted at the surveillence placed on him by the shareholders. He had an interview with Thakambau in Mr. Burt's office yesterday. To all his complaints and threats the old chief replied Sa ota (finished), meaning he would give no more land to the company.

The different letters in the colonial papers cause much indignation here, one especially in the Melbourne *Weekly Times* is a tissue of misrepresentations. It describes Levuka as a scene of riot and dissipation. Nothing is more unfair or unjust.

A large meeting of whites took place at Taviuni ten days ago. The resident planters have each subscribed a small sum to preserve order, and have appointed three white and three native magistrates. The Auckland leaves for Suva and Auckland on Sunday. The Alhambra got on a reef at Luva and was detained a day in consequence. Should Bishop Patteson visit Fiji, a meeting of planters will be called to meet the rev. gentleman and explain the relations between them and South Sea Island labourers, and deny the statements made as to the ill treatment of natives. The market is slightly overstocked with goods, but we hear of no vessels laid on for Levuka, except the Duke of Edinburgh and the Susan.

September 17.—A native caught stealing cloth from a storekeeper, to-day, was flogged by order of Thakambau, who was present. A great deal of misplaced sympathy was expressed by several new arrivals by the Auckland; one gentleman-merchant tried to interfere, and caught hold of the old chief several times, to his great disgust. It is Thakambau's intention to lease large blocks of land on Goro and at Solevu; the conditions are now being prepared by his agent. His Majesty paid seventy-five returned labourers out of his own pocket, as their white employers had made no provision for paying them off. The next issue of the *Fiji Times* is to be twice the present size.

Levuka, September 16.

Of the progress of the Fijis, the *Times* observes: Had any man twelve, or even six months ago predicted that one of the largest colonial steamers and some 3000 tons of shipping would be at anchor in the port of Levuka at one time, he would have been looked upon as a visionary or enthusiast. The question naturally arises, and will be anxiously asked, whether we are not indebted for this large influx of population and merchandise to the general dulness existing in the colonies, rather than to our own merits and requirements, and no doubt many will be ready to aver that the Fijis are overdone. To this we say decidedly not, so long as our new comers bear in mind that no comparison can be drawn between these islands and a new rush to a gold-field: we repeat our assertion that no man without means can expect to better himself here—it stands to reason that where all manual labour is performed by natives for a nominal rate of wage, there can be no chance for a working man, especially as these natives are good sailors, field hands, and rough mechanics. The land under cultivation is only a percentage, and a small one of that capable of growing cotton, and should men of means continue to arrive in the same or greater ratio than they are doing now there is room for them. As to goods, merchants know the requirements of the place, and if unadvised speculators choose to flood the market they must bear the loss. The want of banking accommodation is a great misfortune. It is quite a common thing now for any one requiring to remit money to Sydney or Melbourne to pay a premium in cash for a draft payable there, to any one having an account in the bank at either of the above mentioned places; of course, the only alternative is to remit cash that is wanted for circulation in the group. Our mercantile readers will at once see the difference between this mode of business and the ordinary one of paying the bank charges for a draft. There is no doubt that we shall eventually have a branch of some colonial or English bank, perhaps more than one, but in the meantime trade is to a great extent crippled. The greatest drawback is the want of labourers in sufficient number; this is a requirement becoming more imperative every day, yet easily remedied; the coolies of China will come in thousands if sent for and promised decent remuneration, they are industrious and excellent cotton pickers. This is the only solution of the labour question. Our relations with South Sea Island labourers and the different interested Governments are daily getting more complicated. We can introduce a million coolies without suffering under the stigma of either winking at or encouraging slavery, therefore at one time we can fill our pockets and stop the mouths of rabid philanthropists.

The deputation appointed by a public meeting to wait on Cakobau, and request from him a charter to form Levuka into a municipality, met the chief, and were informed that the charter would be granted when application was duly made in writing, but the municipality must adopt the laws of the Bau kingdom, with power to make its own by-laws. The chief was very sensitive on the point of sovereignty, and while he acknowledged the courtesy of the white men in seeking such powers from him, he intimated that any set of laws in his dominions without his sanction would be unauthorised and inoperative.

NEW HEBRIDES.

[FROM A CORRESPONDENT.]

PORT RESOLUTION, TANNA, 21ST AUGUST.—The increasing importance of this interesting group of islands, and the field it is opening out to European enterprise, calls for some interference of a civilised Government to regulate the relations, not so much between the native race and Europeans, as between Europeans themselves. There are many respectable settlers already established on the island of Tanna; there are also a number of lawless, unscrupulous men, who set all established laws at defiance. In instance of which I may mention that during a short sojourn of two days in Port Resolution anarchy seemed to reign. One gentleman was threatened to be shot—indeed the guns were loaded for the purpose—because he would not sell a case of gin. Three of the rowdy settlers had a free fight, in which one was nearly killed, and another severely injured. One unscrupulous man, visiting the schooner Zephyr, and well received, had the audacity to steal a valuable pistol. Of course there was no redress. So Captain Haddock, greatly to his credit, called a meeting of the well-disposed, and held a court on the culprit. He examined witnesses, who thoroughly proved the theft home. After mature consideration, they determined not to leave the crime unpunished, and sentenced him to six lashes on the bare back, not so much for punishment, but as a disgrace, and to show the native race that the white race are as equally amenable to punishment as themselves, when justice calls for it. I certainly must grant great praise to Captain Haddock for his energy in carrying out his determination of punishing the thief as recommended by the court. If such lawless men are not put down with a strong hand, respectable persons will have no chance of living on this unprotected group.

PERMISSIVE LIQUOR BILL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—As nothing definite has been arrived at with respect to the above bill, I take the liberty, through your valuable columns, of making the following suggestions:—

That, instead of leaving the granting of licenses in the hands of the people, the Police Magistrate and a number of J.P.s should be allowed to use their own discretion. These gentlemen, with the assistance of the police, could easily arrive at the characters of the parties applying for licenses, and grant them accordingly.

Also, that an inspector of spirits, &c., should be appointed in every police district, with liberty to enter any hotel when he pleased, and analyse all liquors sold therein. Add to this a good term of imprisonment for any publican whose liquor is found to contain any injurious ingredients, and depend upon it more good will follow than the Permissive Bill would ever do.

I am, Sir,
AN HOTEL KEEPER.

Armidale, New England.

THE PARRAMATTA W. W. DAM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—The Parramatta Reservoir has received a large share of unmerited condemnation. Fourteen years have elapsed, and if it now leaks a little, what wonder—possibly nobody owns it? Mr. Bell's exaggeration, grounded on only two soundings, has led people astray. His report runs thus:—"A.D. 1864, I found thirty-one feet depth of water at the pipes, and at a short distance from the wall only twenty-eight feet, and doubtless to the eastward it is much less. This rapid accumulation of mud in a few years shows how useless the dam will be unless flushing gates," &c.

I, being before then professionally acquainted with the tortuous bed of the reservoir, knew that Mr. Bell must have missed the lowest part of the basin, and doubting that such a rapid accumulation could form, and also knowing that Mr. Bell's report was correct, the reservoir should be given up as useless, I took twenty-two lines of soundings, making one hundred and ninety-eight readings, extending all over the reservoir, and inserted them in my printed report made to the Corporation of Parramatta, dated September 4th, 1869; and I have good authority for saying that Mr. Bell more than read my report, and I wonder he should, to my injury, *afterwards* declare in the Royal Society that "there was not nine feet of water anywhere in the dam, for he had sounded it all over!" It so happened a few weeks ago that Mr. Moriarty's people found a depth of thirty-five feet and nine inches. *We* checked the main depth of each of my lines of soundings as made a year previous, and the difference in one year is valuable, and thus it runs:—"Line 6, at a 'dead tree,' a loss of six inches of depth; turning into second reach, a loss of five inches, and near top of this reach a loss of one foot (line 12), in a hole not yet filled; and at the very end of the reservoir a loss of one inch." The rest of my lines were found to be within less than an inch of the depths as printed.

On this useful data and previous knowledge of the locality, I reckon some eighty years or so like the past fourteen would fill the reservoir with mud; yet it is desirable that some one should pull out the pipes and thereby allow the creek water to run freely through the comparatively large hole they rest in, and leave things so till such time as the reservoir is made use of.

As a "volunteer," and during two hours careful examination, I discovered a leak, situation about twenty-five feet south of the pipes—cause, defect or loss of cement—there must be another leek somewhere, but it will require some labour to find it. But as to the percolation through the stone, &c., the greatest on a face of twenty-three feet long (downward) and one yard wide, was seventy drops per minute, and on a horizontal line from one end of the dam to the other, and twenty-three feet lower than the dam, which is now full, and at its greatest pressure, I carefully counted fifty-two such places and timed many of them thus—thirty-two, forty, and so on, drops per minute, and consider the cry about percolation, &c., must be, practically speaking, little more than a myth.

About forty yards from the wall I found a convenient place to rough gauge the total leakage, the flow was thus—depth, four inches; width, about five inches; and velocity, about sixty feet per minute—this would give a loss of six thousand two hundred and fifty gallons per day, or per annum about the one thirty-seventh of the present capacity of the reservoir. When it is considered that a town two and one-fourth miles long, with some thirty miles of street way, and distant at its extremity (from a "balance reservoir") between three and four miles, and that "for about four thousand pounds it could be well supplied with water," one can fancy that the work at the other extremity of the town must have been *disowned*, and, of course, Mr. Bell cried mud the louder.

I remain, Sir, respectfully,
F. W. BIRMINGHAM.

October 4th.

THE PERMISSIVE LIQUOR LAW.—THE FOURTH CLAUSE: ITS SOUL.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—As one of the Council of the New South Wales Political Association for the Suppression of Intemperance, I hope our Parliamentary representatives and others will fully bear in mind that our society, and also every division of the 9000 Sons of Temperance in the colony, in common with (probably) that part of the public *in general* who are interested in temperance Parliamentary legislation, propose as their measure, and will be satisfied with nothing less than the Permissive Liquor Law, with, of course, its permissive clause, bereft of which it would cease to be the Permissive Bill.

In England, as you are aware, that bill has already been submitted *thrice* to the ordeal of the British Legislature, and with the following suffrage results. In June, 1864, votes and pairs in favour of the bill, 40; against it, 297; hostile majority, 257. In May, 1869, votes and pairs in favour of the bill, 94; against it, 200; hostile majority, 106. In July, 1870 (a small house owing to the lateness of the session), votes and pairs in favour of the bill, 90; against it, 121; hostile majority, 31. I need not remark on this further than to summarise thus. In 1864, as we have seen, 257 members showed by their votes their conviction that the Permissive Bill was not wanted by their constituents. In 1869, 151 of these had changed their minds upon this point, and were thinking that silence and abstinence from voting would be the safest policy on their parts. *O tempora, o mores!* Last July, the bill had progressed to within about thirty votes of its second reading! A truly remarkable progress in one year.

Various of the speeches in our own Legislature on Friday last were, I think, calculated to provoke a smile, or a tear. Whilst the publicans at a grand picnic and elsewhere have informed us that they can "sway the elections." An hon. member represents them and their supporters as so paralysed by the provisions of the Permissive Bill, that like gentle lambs in the fangs of a boa constrictor, *they are bereft of all power to vote*. As to the "liberty of the subject," I never saw that very favourite picture so highly illuminated in my life. It seems that this bulwark of Englishmen is imperilled by a majority of two-thirds deciding for or against a measure.

To the hon. member who provoked a laugh in the House by inquiring "what then would become of the Mothers and Daughters of Temperance?" I should like, good humouredly, to reply, through your journal. I venture to predict that they will go on increasing in number, exerting their influence for the Permissive Bill, indirectly but largely—more and more influencing elections to secure Parliamentary action in its favour—until the mention of their names no longer raises a laugh in our Legislature. I am old enough to remember when the total abstinence movement was itself laughed at by legislators at home. But times have changed.

The curious mosaic work I perused in Friday's debate appears to me to stand unrivalled. Surely, some members when they came to read their productions on their knees must have been almost astonished at their own performances. But I forbear. I was never qualified to be a critic. *Ne sutor ultra crepidam*. The speech promised to the deputation last week by Sir James Martin, I shall await with much interest, and also, all that is to follow. And, in conclusion, I will just quote a verse from our little New South Wales Temperance Hymn Book—

"God's blessing on our Queen be sent,
God bless our Governor too;
God bless our men of Parliament,
And may they keep in view
The need of wise and holy laws
To drive strong drink away;
And may our fair Australian shores,
Soon see the happy day."

I am, Sir, yours, &c.,
RUSTICUS.

3rd October.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—In your report, on Thursday, of the inquest on Samuel Cross, you have it printed that I procured a "pig" of water and bathed his head. I trust you will kindly state it was an error, as I distinctly stated I got a jug of water.

W. P. CROMPTON.

83, Crown-street.

[The word is entered in the depositions as given in the *Herald*;—*pig* is the Scotch term for a brown earthenware jug.—ED.]

GROSE VALE DIGGINGS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—Will you allow me a little space in your paper to warn those about to start for the Grose Vale that there are no indications of gold whatever. A party of us have just returned from there. We saw three gullies tried without the colour being found in any of them. The holes sunk by those who reported they had found gold have been tried since without the colour being found in any of them.

DIGGER.

A DESIRABLE REUNION.—The Lower House of Convocation has been occupied with a discussion on "The Reunion of Christendom at home." A report presented by the committee appointed to consider the subject recommended that the bishops should be asked to discuss the propriety of opening negotiations with the Nonconformists for union, and the proposition was agreed to unanimously. The Dean of Westminster cordially supported the views of the committee generally, but he held that the great cause of difference between the Church and the Nonconformist bodies was not so much the connection of the Church with the State as the social distinctions prevailing between the two bodies. There had been a complete separation between them, and everything which tended to remove those misunderstandings, those social estrangements, would bring about a better state of things. These were the views which led him to express rather strongly a desire to see the University Tests Bill carried, as he felt that anything which tended to lessen social estrangement at present existing among Christian men would help to bring about a better condition of things.

THE AMERICAN LADY BARRISTER.—Miss Phœbe Cousins, Esq., of St. Louis, attorney, &c., is described by Don Platt as a young woman about 21, tall, well-formed, and strikingly handsome. Her hair is of the raven hue, and her heavy eyebrows and lashes give force to a most intellectual face. "She approached the stand with timid gracefulness that won all hearts before she said a word; and then assuming, apparently without design, an exquisite pose, she opened her lips, and the sweet voice came ringing out like silver coins dropped down a forty fathom well."

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SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—October 7.

[illegible] (s.), 239 tons, Captain Munro, from the Macleay River and Port Macquarie. Passengers—Mrs. Thomas, family, and 2 servants, Rev. Mr. Horsley, Messrs. Thomas, Platt, Paton, Wren, Bourne, and 5 in the steerage. C. and R. R. Co., agents.

Auckland (s.), 533 tons, Captain Moore, from Fiji, via Auckland, 30th September. Passengers—Mrs. Manton, Mrs. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. Breiner, Miss Wyndham, Messrs. Laycock, Hydmaan, Douton, Burke, Thorne, Wright, Stack, Bennett, Nash, Roberts, Morgan, Kavanagh, and 70 in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

Susannah Booth, schooner, 130 tons, Captain Clatow, from Levuka 18th ultimo. Passenger—Mr. Dunlop. H. S. Bird, agent.

Eliza Firth, schooner, 170 tons, Captain Firth, from Foochow 22nd July. Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome, agents.

Cape Clear, ship, 853 tons, Captain Landsborough, from Liverpool 29th June. Passengers—Mr. Lockhardt, and 4 in the steerage. Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome, agents.

Lady Young (s.), 421 tons, Captain Milman, from Brisbane 5th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Mort and child, Mrs. Atherton and 3 children, Mrs. Kingsford, Mr. and Mrs. Pyne, Captain Osborn, Messrs. Croford, Marsh, Hardy, Stewart, Pendergast, Farrell, Green, and eighteen in the steerage. A. S. N. Co., agents.

Agnes Irving (s.), 406 tons, Captain Creer, from Grafton 6th instant. Passengers—Mrs. J. T. Gowland, 3 children, and servant, Miss Barnes, Rev. Mr. Garven, Messrs. Gowland, Pearson, Eccles, Neal, Layton, Johnson, Noble, Newman, Candlish, and eleven in the steerage. C. and R. R. S. N. Co., agents.

Jan Peter, North German barque, 343 tons, Captain Molsen, from Foo Chow 4th August. Fanning, Griffiths, and Co., agents.

DEPARTURE.—October 7.
Helen Macgregor (s.), for Grafton.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—October 8.
Pet, for Newcastle; Pacific, for Cleveland Bay; Lady Young (s.), for Brisbane; R.M.S. Geelong, for Melbourne.

CLEARANCE.—October 7.
R.M.S. Geelong, 1217 tons, Captain Dundas, for Galle, via Melbourne and King George's Sound. Passengers—For Marseilles, Sir Daniel Cooper, Mr. B. C. Parr, Mr. Asselin, Mr. Lacroix, Mr. and Mrs. Mathieu; for Galle, Mr. W. F. Parr, Mr. Tayleur; for Melbourne, Mr. A. C. Stewart, Mr. D. Dickson, Mr. J. W. Syme, Mr. J. M. Gladstone, Mrs. Lusher, Mr. and Mrs. Edwards, Miss Colville, Mr. Hoskins, Mr. and Mrs. Ehrmaan; for Calcutta, Mr. A. M. Speedy.

COASTERS INWARDS.—October 7.
White Cloud, from Broken Bay, with 84 pairs naves, 1000 spokes; Alchymist (s.), from Brisbane Water, with 23 tons firewood; Collingwood, Clara, Drover, Australia, Saxonia (s.), Lady Emma, from Newcastle, with 1146 tons coal; Oberon, from Cape Hawke, with 10,000 feet timber, 12,000 shingles, 5000 palings; Paterson (s.), from the Hunter River, with 48 bales 7 bags wool, 66 bales hay, 12 bales sheepskins, 30 cases 8 kegs tobacco, 26 bags maize, 12 bags bones, 10 casks tallow, 70 hides, 15 boxes eggs, 12 coops poultry, 2 horses, 1 buggy, 4 pigs, 16 bags bacon, 25 pieces copper, 11 baskets prawns, and sundries.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—October 7.
Clara, Drover, Saxonia (s.), Lady Emma, for Newcastle; Oberon, for Cape Hawke.

IMPORTS.—October 7.
Auckland (s.), from Levuka: 48 bags tapioca, J. Frazer and Co. From Auckland: 14 bags oysters, H. Griffiths; 1 case, Roelts; 1 case, A. M'Arthur and Co.; 9 packages, Stack; 62 bales flax, 2 packages, Order.

Eliza Firth, from Foochow: 2683 packages tea, Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome.

Susannah Booth, from Fiji: 226 packages candle nuts, 194 packages copra, Rabone, Feez, and Co.; 7 bales cotton, Biffin and Clarke; 65 packages copra, 15 packages candle nut, J. Williams; 5 bales cotton, Smith, Brothers; 3 casks oil, H. S. Bird; 2 casks oil, W. Burt.

Cape Clear, from Liverpool: 1 package, Sir J. Martin; 900 cases 300 hogsheads 87 packages, Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome; 91 planks, Williams and Co.; 32 packages, J. Keep; 42 packages, D. Richmond; 9 packages, T. Edens; 20 packages, P. N. Russell and Co.; 50 cases, Watson; 104 packages, Smith, Brothers, and Co.; 370 hogsheads, D. Cohen and Co.; 72 cases, Young and Lark; 8 packages, City Iron Works; 59 packages, E. Jacobs; 20 packages, W. Heron; 300 cases whisky, 100 tons salt, 48 packages, Learmonth, Dickinson, and Co.; 1 package, J. Docker; 1 package, J. Vickery; 100 tons salt, H. Cameron and Co.; 21 packages, J. Taylor; 50 half-tierces 50 quarter-tierces 306 three-quarter boxes, 42 packages, Parbury, Brothers; 4 packages, J. R. Dibbs; 50 hogsheads 250 cases 25 casks, J. Frazer and Co.; 14 packages, Myers and Cantor; 1 case, G. and J. Black; 1 package, E. Jacobs; 50 tons pig iron, 440 bags salt, 440 hogsheads, Campbell and Co.; 1 case, E. Madden; 1 box, E. Smedley; 2500 sacks salt, 720 staves, 953 packages, Order.

Lady Young (s.), from Brisbane: 36 bales wool, Gilchrist, Watt, and Co.; 3 bales skins, H. Beit; 32 bales wool, Tidswell, Wilson, and Co.; 8 bales wool, Macdonald, Smith, and Co.; 21 bales wool, Montefiore, Joseph, and Co.; 7 bundles cane, Solomon; 109 oz. 2 dwts. 16 grs. gold, A. J. S. Bank; 4 cases fruit, M'Keown; 3 cases Hargraves; 20 boxes tea, Franck, Brothers, and Co.; 22 bags oysters, Griffiths; 4 cases, Johnson; 43 bags oysters, 1 turtle, Gibbins; 8 hogsheads rum, De Lissa; 19 bags oysters, Berry; 35 cases, Andrews; 227 bags oysters, H. Woodward; 7 cases fruit, Herrod; 4 pockets hops, Meyerfeld and Co.; 1 case, W. B. Tooth; 80 kegs meat, 50 hides, 18 casks tallow, 10 cases essence of meat, 8 cases sheep tongues, 60 bags oysters, Clark; 16 bags, Hughes; 20 oz. gold, Order.

Jan Peter, from Foo Chow: 7226 packages tea, Fanning, Griffiths, and Co.

EXPORTS.—October 7.
You Yangs (s.), for Melbourne: 81 packages fruit, J. James; 29 packages, Sun Kum On; 31 packages fruit, J. James; 3 bales leather, Alderson and Sons; 26 packages fruit, J. Brown; 46 packages fruit, W. H. M'Keown; 31 packages fruit, J. Sainty; 65 packages fruit, W. H. M'Keown; 3 packages, J. Sands; 11 packages, J. Williams; 1 package, Hoffman and Co.; 1 package, Sharwood and Co.; 40 bags charcoal, Colonial Sugar Co.; 263 packages fruit, J. M'Roberts; 111 packages fruit, L. Hay; 345 packages fruit, T. Lawless; 36 cases axes, Nossiter and Co.; 80 bags barley, E. Lowther; 14 packages agricultural implements, Lassetter and Co.; 4 casks, Learmonth, Dickinson, and Co.; 23 packages fruit, J. Wilkins; 20 tons shale, Hartley Kerosene Co.; 3 packages, Moore; 216 packages fruit, P. Cullen; 378 packages fruit, Jones and Flanagan; 46 packages fruit, F. Gibbons; 27 bags maize, C. B. Bond; 328 hides, 301 bags maize, Nipper and See; 11 bags oysters, 128 cases fruit, H. Woodward; 20 bags oysters, 277 cases fruit, P. James.

Geelong (s.), for Galle: Specie: 14,301 oz. bar gold, Bank New South Wales; 32,500 sovereigns, 3041 oz. bar silver, Oriental Bank; 10,000 sovereigns, City Bank; 55 sovereigns, Royal Mint; 1000 sovereigns, C. Moore and Co.; 986 oz. bar gold, Brown and Co.; 1730 sovereigns, Sun Kum Ti; 730 sovereigns, On Chong and Co.; 674 sovereigns, Way Kee and Co.; 620 sovereigns, Sun Kum On. 20,000 sovereigns, Commercial Bank.

SHIPS' MAILS.
Mails will close at the General Post Office as follows:—
For New Caledonia.—By the Challenge, this day, at noon.
For Navigator's Islands.—By the Walter and John, this day, at noon.
For Lyttelton.—By the Joliba, this day, at noon.
For Brisbane.—By the Lady Young (s.), this day, at 1 p.m.

Custom House.—Entered outwards, October 7: Walter and John, ketch, 25 tons, Captain Brown, for Navigator's Islands; Susan, brig, 187 tons, Captain Hughes, for Honolulu; Norman, barque, 254 tons, Captain Bryce, for Fiji; Robert Lees, ship, 1200 tons, Captain Rose, for Calcutta.

The clipper schooner Susannah Booth sailed from Levuka (Fiji) on the 18th ultimo, and has had a succession of very light winds throughout. She reports the Traveller to leave for this port on the following day.

The schooner Eliza Firth arrived on Thursday night from Foochow, after a rather protracted passage of 76 days. She sailed on the 22nd July, and came the eastern passage; but until making this coast she reports a continuance of very light weather. No vessels have been sighted.

H. M. S. Challenger arrived at Bowen on the 5th instant. She is bound through Torres Straits.

By the arrival of the Auckland (s.) we learn that the A.S.N. Company's steamship James Paterson, which arrived at Auckland on the 30th ultimo, will return to Sydney direct, as there was not sufficient inducement to proceed to Fiji. She was to sail on the 5th instant.

The barque Cantero is advertised in the Auckland papers for sale by public auction, by order of the Vice Admiralty Court.

The Agnes Irving (s.) left Grafton on Thursday, the 6th, at 8 a.m.; crossed the bar same day at 5 p.m., and arrived in Sydney, on Friday, the 7th, at 9 p.m. She brings the following cargo: 526 bags maize, 163 bags sugar, 19 cases eggs, 80 hides, 4 coops poultry, 2 parcels gold, and sundries. Experienced northerly winds and fine weather during the passage.

The Lady Young (s.) left Moreton Bay at 2 p.m. on Wednesday; came out by South Passage at 4.50 p.m.; was off Point Danger at 11.30 p.m.; passed Cape Byron at 2.45 a.m. on Thursday, and Smoky Cape at 7.20 p.m. same day; passed Seal Rock Point at 5.20 a.m. on Friday; Port Stephens at 8.15 a.m.; entered the Heads at 4.50 p.m., and berthed at the Company's wharf at 5.30 p.m. Experienced fine weather throughout the passage.

The steamer Auckland arrived yesterday from Fiji via Auckland. The following is a report of the voyage: Left Sydney on the 30th August, arrived in Auckland September 6th, and left again for Levuka on Friday, the 9th. On the passage from Auckland experienced light variable winds and calms till the morning of the 14th, when she ran into the S.E. trades and carried them to the anchorage. Arrived at Levuka at 2 p.m. of the 15th, where she remained 75 hours; left there for Suva at 7 a.m. 18th, where she arrived at 3 p.m. same day; remained there 48 hours, and left again for Auckland via Bay of Islands at 3 p.m. 20th, and arrived at the Bay of Islands at 7.30 a.m. 26th; took in 150 tons coal, and left there at 7 a.m. 27th, and arrived at Auckland at 2 a.m. 28th. On the passage back experienced light head winds till Saturday afternoon, when a fresh easterly breeze sprang up, which was carried all along the New Zealand coast, with squally weather. Left Auckland at 1 p.m. on the 30th ultimo, and entered Port Jackson Heads at 3.30 a.m. on the 7th, arriving alongside the Company's wharf at 4.30 a.m. Experienced light head winds to the North Cape, where she encountered a fresh north gale with heavy sea, which lasted for eight hours; from thence until Thursday morning had light head winds with N. and N.N.W. winds the remainder of the passage.

The barque Novelty, hence to Auckland, was passed by the Auckland (s.) at 7 a.m. on the 2nd instant 50 miles to the westward of the Three Kings.

The s.s. James Paterson, Captain C. Saunders, hence, arrived at Auckland at 7 a.m. on the 30th. She left this port at 4 p.m. on the 23rd, and cleared the Heads at 5 p.m. Passed the Three Kings at 9.30 p.m. on the 28th, and anchored off Rangitoto at 1.30 a.m. on the 30th; experienced westerly winds to the Three Kings, thence northerly winds with heavy easterly swell.

The U.S. man of war Rissca was to have left Auckland for Valparaiso on 1st October. From Valparaiso she is to proceed direct to the United States.

The iron ship Cape Clear anchored in port yesterday morning, after a very tempestuous voyage from Liverpool of 99 days. Captain Landsborough reports having sailed on the 29th June, had light N.E. trades, and took a southerly wind in latitude 15° N., which continued to the Equator, which was crossed on the 1st August in longitude 26° W., 33 days out. She had very good S.E. trades, which enabled the vessel to reach the meridian of the Cape of Good Hope on 28th August; here she encountered a violent gale from S.E., which lasted seven days—the wind in fact during the run to the eastward has been adverse, inclining from the northward. The barometer kept very low, at times falling to 28.70; much thunder and lightning was also experienced on the parallel of 42° S. The S.W. cape of Van Diemen's Land was rounded on the 30th ultimo. The Cape Clear is to the consignment of Messrs. Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome.

The Illamantina (s.) has been thoroughly overhauled at the Waterview Dry Dock works and her bottom cleaned; this, with the improvements made to the machinery, has greatly added to her speed, and enabled her to make one of the quickest passages on record. She was 19 hours on the passage up to Port Macquarie, and 17½ hours on the passage down, having made the round trip, including detentions in Macleay River, Trial Bay, and Port Macquarie, in five days and twenty hours, averaging over 10 knots per hour.

The German barque Jan Peter, which arrived in port last evening, sailed from Foo Chow on the 4th August. She came the eastern passage, and reports southerly winds and calms through the N.E. trades. The Equator was crossed on the 21st September in longitude 172 E. From thence she has had E. and N.E. winds, veering round to W.

The Cape Clear was in company, on Thursday, about 50 miles to the southward of the Heads, with a full-rigged ship; she had painted ports and double topsail yards, and would probably be the same vessel that was in sight to the southward yesterday morning.

H.M.S. Galatea is at present in the Government dry dock, undergoing very extensive repairs, and it is unlikely that she will be again afloat under four weeks. A few days since the crew were piped away for general inspection by Commodore Stirling, of H.M.S. Clio. The blue jackets and marines, with the field guns, were landed at Balmain, and for 3 hours were kept hard at work at the usual exercises. Previous to the men returning on board, Commodore Stirling addressed the officers and crew, complimenting them in the highest terms for the very excellent manner in which they had performed the various evolutions, and the general high state of efficiency of the ship's company in every department.

NEWCASTLE.
ARRIVALS.
October 6.—William, schooner, Dixon, from Brisbane.
October 6.—Southern Cross, barque, Johnson, from Lyttelton.
October 6.—Oberlin, brig, Smith, from Brisbane.
DEPARTURES.
October 6.—Ann, barque, Doble, for Melbourne, with 500 tons coal.
October 6.—Ballina (s.), for Clarence River.
October 7.—Catherine Jane, barque, Jeakins, for Melbourne, with 500 tons coal.

BRISBANE.
ARRIVAL.
October 4.—Omeo (s.), from Port Darwin.

The Omeo (s.) arrived here last evening to procure a supply of coal, while on her passage from Port Darwin to Melbourne. She has made a most successful voyage, so far, having been only seven weeks on the voyage from Melbourne to Port Darwin and back here, inclusive of detentions at Adelaide, Newcastle, and Port Darwin. We learn from Captain Calder that when he left the settlement, the operations in connection with the telegraph to Port Augusta had already commenced, and the first post had been erected. All the inhabitants were in good health, and, generally speaking, the affairs of the settlement were progressing satisfactorily. Blacks were numerous, and appear to be dangerous, so that no one is permitted to go outside the fence round the camp unless armed. In going up to Port Darwin the Omeo touched at Booby Island, and left a message at the Post-office there. The following are the details of the passage:—"The Omeo, steamer, George Calder, commander, left Melbourne for Adelaide on August 13. Had stormy westerly winds till arrival here. On the 19th August, took on board the South Australian Telegraph Company for Port Darwin. Sailed from Adelaide on the 20th August for Port Darwin, Northern territory, via Newcastle, New South Wales, and had a splendid run of nineteen days, including stoppages at Newcastle, going the outer route to Torres Straits, and landed everything in fine condition at Port Darwin; remained there nine days. Sailed on the 17th September for Melbourne via Newcastle, and had a very fair run to Bird Island, Torres Straits, where the vessel remained for one day, taking in a supply of firewood. Weighed anchor from Bird Island on the 24th, and after clearing Raine Island, the good ship had to contend against the full force of the south-east trades until clearing Frederick Reef, out route, on the 3rd October. From there the wind was light and variable; engines going dead slow, as the coal was getting very short, and on nearing Moreton Island, Captain Calder deemed it prudent to put in here for a supply of coal. The passengers speak in the highest terms of Captain Calder and his officers, for the courtesy shown, and able seamanship during the voyage to the Northern territory. The Omeo sails this evening for Melbourne via Newcastle."—*Brisbane Courier*, October 5.

TOWNSVILLE.
ARRIVALS.
September 28.—Settlers Friend, from Sydney.
October 3.—Stormbird, from Sydney.

MARYBOROUGH.
ARRIVAL.
October 2.—Havilah (s.), from Sydney.

CAPE MORETON.
ARRIVAL.
October 1.—Meander, from Adelaide.

ROCKHAMPTON.
ARRIVAL.
October 2.—Circe, Balclutha (s.), from Sydney.

MELBOURNE.
ARRIVALS.
September 30.—Alnwick Castle, from London.
October 1.—Isabella Brown, from Foo Chow.
October 2.—Juliet, from Liverpool; Rialto, Springbok, from Newcastle; C. F., from Charante.
DEPARTURE.
October 1.—Tararua (s.), for New Zealand.

ADELAIDE.
ARRIVAL.
October 1.—Catherine, from Foo Chow.

AUCKLAND.
ARRIVALS.
September 25.—Janet Dalgleish, from Newcastle; Dayspring, missionary schooner, from New Hebrides; Cleopatra, from Levuka.
September 26.—Kauri, from Fiji.
September 27.—Auckland (s.), from Fiji; Seagull, from Naudi Bay, Fiji.
September 30.—James Paterson (s.), from Sydney.
DEPARTURES.
September 24.—Santon, for New York.
September 25.—East Lothian, for New York. Value of cargo, £10,026.
September 28.—Margaret Campbell, Escort, for Newcastle.
September 30.—Rita, for Tahiti; Sydenham, for Shanghai; Janet Grey, for Levuka; Seagull, for Tahiti.

LOSS OF THE COQUETTE.
We have been furnished with the following report of the loss of the fore-and-aft schooner Coquette, of Auckland:—"It appears that the Coquette left Levuka on Friday morning, the 16th, bound to the Rewa River for labour; arrived off the Rewa on Friday evening. Some say it fell calm, and that the Coquette drifted on to Frenchman's Reef; and others say she was beating up, and all at once she struck. She remained hard and fast on the reef, with her back broken, and was abandoned by her crew. The place where she was wrecked is about twenty miles from the township Suva. On our way down from Levuka to Suva we saw her on the reef with her fore staysail set. The news arrived at Levuka on Saturday evening, September 8. We understand that she was insured in the New Zealand Insurance Company's office for the sum of £800."—*New Zealand Herald*, September 28.

The schooner Kauri reports that passing through the Shepherd's Group she spoke the schooner Marion Rennie of Sydney, out seven weeks, with 85 natives on board bound to Fiji; spoke the cutter Volunteer on the 8th.—*New Zealand Herald*, September 27.

APIA.
The following vessels were lying at Apia, Navigator Islands, on September 8:—Milton, whaler, of New Bedford; San Francisco, barque, of Hamburg; Alfred, brig, of Hamburg; Saphie, barque, of Hamburg; Kenilworth, schooner, of Auckland.

TONGA.
On the 1st September the whaling barque Coral, of New Bedford, was at anchor in front of the town, and was very successful, killing one or two whales every day. She was to sail for Bay of Islands on 1st November.

The schooner Traveller arrived from Loma Loma on Sunday last. She was direct from Sydney to Loma Loma, with a full freight for Mr. Levick, who has opened a store and place of business there. She is advertised to leave for Sydney on the 21st instant.—*Fiji Times*, September 17.

CUSTOMS IMPORT ENTRIES.—October 7.
5 puncheons spirits wine, 100 cases sarsaparilla, 1 case pills, 67 packages apothecaries' wares, Elliott, Brothers.
500 casks old tom, Allan, Street, and Norton
17 packages drapery, Lee and Co.
6 cases pianos, 2 cases harmoniums, L. Moss
66 kegs nails, 54 packages hardware, J. Keep
103 packages hardware, J. B. Holdsworth
17 packages boots and leather, Saddington and Sons
116 packages drapery, A. M'Arthur and Co.
12 packages paper, stationery, &c., M. Falls
1200 staves, 12 bundles hoops, J. Williams
12 cases cheese, 5 casks seeds, J. Bros
8 packages prints, &c., A. Chisholm
86 packages apothecaries' wares, E. Row and Co.
3 packages slippers, C. Foell
22 packages paints, oils, &c., Reilly and Cohen
29 packages paints, oils, &c., C. Ross
16 packages drapery, G. and W. Merrett
22 bales paper, S. Bennett
171 packages glass, 2 cases brushware, T. Edens
10 cases chicory, 5 pockets hops, 60 packages dried fruits, Watson, Brothers
1 bin malt, R. and F. Tooth and Co.
10 casks ink, 3 cases blacking, 2 cases fancy goods, Hamburger, Brothers
8 cases merchandise, M'Donald, Smith, and Co.
1 case elastic web, A. Fowler
3 cases drapery, W. and S. Gardiner
14 packages clothing, Dalton, Brothers
39 packages drapery, Young and Lark
25 cases hats and caps, B. Braun
10 packages drapery, Guild, Chapman, and Co.
10 cases castor oil, 20 cases provisions, 60 cases salad oil, 81 packages oil stores, J. J. Curran
1 case cloth, Parrot Brothers
87 packages oilstores, H. P. Palser
15 packages pipes and fancy goods, 7 cases perfumery, 1 case cigars, 47 cases vestas, 2 cases cutlery, Jacobs and Co.
2 bundles lines, 1 package hardware, S. Owen and Co.
2 packages leather and grindery, G. Richardson
1 case barouche, 15 packages furniture, 47 packages fancy goods, W. Saber
13 packages hardware, Alderson and Sons
34 fire-bars, 78 packages machinery, Colonial Sugar Company
100 casks 102 hogsheads beer, G. Thornton
32 packages dried fruits, Harrison and Attwood
25 tons pig iron, 1000 boxes candles, 600 boiler plates, 100 cases wine, 50 cases confectionery, 45 cases provisions, 553 packages glass, 45 rolls lead, 31 bundles 350 bars iron, 641 cases limejuice, 29 packages provisions, 31 cases hair oil, 50 casks vinegar, 6 cases curry, 17 kegs nails, Learmonth, Dickinson, and Co.
15 drums caustic soda, Stewart, Garrick, Co.
200 packages wine, 142 packages brandy, M. Bayley
1 trunk boots, M. A. Worms and Co.
200 cases kerosene, 10 cases ironmongery, 100 boxes clothes pegs, D. Cohen and Co.
200 empty casks, 2 cases fancy goods, Scott, Henderson, and Co.
5 packages saddlery, E. Hughes
35 cases champagne, Burrows and Barnard
268 rams, F. Orr
14 packages stationery, Greville and Co.
199 cases axes and hatchets, 155 cases vestas, 55 bales paper, 34 bales paperhangings, 36 cases bedsteads, 207 packages merchandise, 100 cases oysters, 100 cases turps, 400 cases clothes pegs, 250 packages dried apples, 52 cases confectionery, 215 kegs nails, 158 cases bitters, 5 cases Florida water, 50 cases schnapps, 6 cases perfumery, 400 cases wine, 255 packages brandy, Hoffnung and Co.
850 cases geneva, Burrows and Barnard
20 quarter-casks wine, Smith, Brothers, and Co.
50 hogsheads 25 quarter-casks rum, 200 cases gin, 29 pockets hops, 206 packages dried fruits, 50 casks blacking, 1174 packages oil stores, Frazer and Co.
1000 cases kerosene, 12 boxes axes, 6 boxes lines, M. Moss and Co.
133 packages drapery, C. Newton, Brother, and Co.
6 bundles tubes, 3 casks hardware, W. C. Pallick and Co.
36 cases sardines, 60 cases chicory, 62 packages oil stores, J. Macgregor
2000 cases brandy, 30 quarter-casks wine, 715 deals, Parbury, Brothers
1238 chests 1295 half-chests tea, Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome
3 cases hats, W. Cochran
9 cases fancy goods, E. Davis.

[By Electric Telegraph.]
MELBOURNE.
ARRIVALS.
October 6.—Kate Waters, Sea Gull, Ceres, Jane, Waterlily, Fanny, Alcandra, Glenshee, from Newcastle; Peter, from Foo Chow.

SYDNEY HEADS.

Date.	Time.	Winds.	Remarks.
Oct. 7.	8.30 a.m.	N.E.	Light, and clear.
	Noon.	N.E.	Fresh, and ditto.
	5 p.m.	N.N.E.	Strong, and ditto.

WINDS AND WEATHER.
October 7.

	9 a.m.	Bar.	Ther.	3 p.m.
Queensland.				
Roma	NE. Fine			
Bowen	SE. Cloudy			
Cardwell	Calm. Cloudy			
Clermont	SE. Fine			
Port Mackay	SE. Cloudy			
Waverley	S. Fine			
Townsville	Calm. Fine			
Nebo	Calm. Cloudy			
Rockhampton	SE. Fine			
Hawkwood	E. Fine			
Maryborough	SE. Showery			
Gayndah	Calm. Fine			
Brisbane	SSW. Fine			
Toowoomba	NE. Fine.			
N. S. Wales.				
Tenterfield	NNE. Fine			E. Fine
Grafton	Calm. Cloudy			E. Cloudy
Clarence Hds.	NE., light. Fine			NE. Fine
Glen Innes	E. Fine			E. Fine
Inverell	Calm. Fine			Calm. Fine
Pt. Macquarie	N. Fine			NE. Fine
Armidale	NE. Fine			E. Fine
W. Kempsey	W. Fine			SW. Fine
Tamworth	Calm. Fine			SE. Fine
Gunnedah	Calm. Fine			W. Fine
Murrurundi	NW. Fine			NW. Fine
Narrabri	Calm. Fine			Calm. Fine
Singleton	Calm. Fine			W. Fine
Muswellbrook	Calm. Fine			NW. Fine
Maitland	W. Fine			Calm. Fine, hot
Pt. Stephens	NE., light. Fine.			NE. Fine. No sea
Newcastle	WNW. Fine			SW. Cloudy
Barrenjuie	Calm. Fine			NE. Fine
Windsor	NE. Fine			W. Fine
Sydney	N by W. Fine			N by W. Fine
South Head	NE. Fine			NE. Fine
Wollongong	NE. Fine			N. Cloudy
Kiama	Calm. Fine			N. Light, dull
Jervis Bay	N., light. Fine			N. Light, dull
Mt. Victoria	Calm. Fine			W. Fine
Bathurst	SE. Fine			SE. Fine
Mudgee	Calm. Fine			W., light. Fine
Cassilis	Calm. Fine			Calm. Fine, warm
Merriwa	NW. Fine			NW. Fine
Wellington	E. Fine			W. Fine, warm
Dubbo	SW. Fine			W. Fine, warm
Orange	W. Fine			W. Fine
Forbes	NE., strong. Fine			NW. Dull
Grenfell	SW., strong. Fine			Calm. Dull
Young	N. Fine			NW. Cloudy
Wagga Wagga	Calm. Fine			Calm. Raining
Urana	Calm. Cloudy			Calm. Cloudy
Deniliquin	N. Raining			Calm. Dull, cloudy
Hay	SE. Raining			SE. Dull, like rain
Moulamein	Calm. Raining			Calm. Showery
Balranald	SW. Showery			SSW. Cloudy
Euston	Calm. Raining			Calm. Raining
Wentworth	Line down			Line down
Goulburn	W. Fine			NW. Cloudy
Braidwood	NW., strong. Fine			W. Fine
Araluen	N.W. Sultry			NW. Sultry
Moruya	NW. Fine			N. Dull
Queanbeyan	Calm. Fine			W. Cloudy
Bombala	NW. Dull			NW. Dull
Cooma	WNW. Dull			W. Fine
Eden	NW. Like rain			Like storm
Yass	Calm. Fine			S. Dull
Gundagai	Calm. Dull			SW. Raining
Tumut	Calm. Cloudy			Calm. Raining
Kiandra	WNW. Cloudy			NNW. Cloudy
Albury	Calm. Raining.			Calm. Raining.
Victoria.				
Melbourne	Calm. Overcast	29·950	59·5	
Queenscliff	Calm. Overcast	29·96	60·	
Cape Schanck	WNW. Raining	29·75	60·	
Cape Otway	W. Cloudy	29·773	58·	
Portland	ESE. Showery.	30·000	62·	

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY, SYDNEY.
Latitude 33° 51' 41". Longitude 10 h. 4m. 46s.
Magnetic variation 9° 35' 50" East. 5th October, 1870.
The time ball is dropped daily (Sundays excepted) at 1h. p.m. Sydney mean time, or 2h. 55m. 14s. a.m., Greenwich mean time.
METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.
Barometers corrected to 32° Faht., Sydney to Mean Sea Level. Force of Wind estimated in lbs. per square foot. Velocity of Wind estimated in miles per hour. Rainfall and evaporation, measured in inches.

Scales of { Humidity, 0 to 100. Cloudy sky, 0 to 10. Ozone, 0 to 10. }

October 6th, 1870. Civil Reckoning.

Hour.	Barometer.	Temperature in Shade.	Humidity.	Wind: Direction.	Wind: Force.	Wind: Velocity.	Cloudy Sky.	Rain.	Ozone.
A.M. 9	30·274	62·5	74	W.	0·0	3	0	0·00	4·0
P.M. 3	·129	68·7	59	N.E.	1·8	19	0		
" 9	·151	63·6	81	N.E.	2·0	20	0		3·5
Mean ...	30·185	64·9	71·3		1·3	14	0·0		3·8

Evaporation in 24 hours, 0·165.
SELF-REGISTERING THERMOMETERS.
Shade { Maximum .... 73·0 | Sun—maximum .... 110·7
Shade { Minimum .... 53·5 | Grass—minimum .... 46·2
Temperature of sea water, 3 feet below the surface, at Fort Denison, at 9 a.m., 60·9.
Total rainfall from January 1st to October 7th = 46·52 inches.
Annual average of the preceding eleven years = 49.81 inches.

Comparison of Stations.
October 7th, 1870. Civil Reckoning.

Stations.	Height in feet above mean sea level.	At 9 a.m.: Barometer.	Tempera. in shade.	Humidity.	Wind: Direction.	Wind: Force.	Cloudy sky.	For 24 hours previous to 9 a.m.: Max. in shade.	Minimum in shade.	Rain.
Sydney	155	30·147	71·6	52	NW.	0·2	2	73·0	57·1	0·00
Armidale	3278	26·857	60·0		N.E.	4·0	0	65·2	48·1	
P. M'Quarie										
Newcastle	109	30·042	69·2	55	NNW.	4·0	1	71·5	56·3	0·00
Goulburn	2129	28·714	67·6	50	NW.	9·0	5	74·5	42·8	0·00
Bathurst	2333	27·903	65·0	59	SE.	4·0	2	75·0	40·0	0·00
Twofold B.	107	29·822	63·7	73	NW.	1·0	8	73·0	53·9	0·00
Kiandra	4640	25·506	51·2	74	WNW.	9·0	9	59·0	45·5	0·00
Deniliquin	410	29·724	58·0	87	N.	1·0	10	82·1	53·7	0·34
Tenterf'd.					NNE.	4·0	5	61·7	49·5	0·01
Dubbo					SW.	9·0		83·9		0·00
W'll'gong					N.E.	1·0	3	71·4	61·2	0·00
Albury	572				Calm.	0·0	10			0·02

Astronomical Memorandum for October 8, 1870.

Object.	Rises.	Sets.	Phases of the Moon.	
	h. m.	h. m.		
Sun	5.29	6.6	First quarter	2nd
Moon	5.6 p.m.	4.50 a.m.	Full Moon	9th
Mercury	5.10 a.m.	5.31 p.m.	Last quarter	18th
Venus	5.1 a.m.	4.47 p.m.	New Moon	25th
Mars	3.5 a.m.	1.30 p.m.	First quarter	31st
Jupiter	11.47 p.m.	9.33 a.m.		
Saturn	9.22 a.m.	11.28 p.m.	Moon's age, 12.8 days.	

High water at Fort Denison, a.m. 7h. 23m.; p.m., 7h. 42m.
H. C. Russell, Government Astronomer.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1870.

In the Legislative Assembly, yesterday,

Ministers, in answer to questions, said: That all the wells, and one tank between Booligal and Wilcannia were being constructed, and as the wet season had given opportunities for observation, the Government officers had been instructed to select the best gathering sites for storing water; that Mr. Judge Simpson had written a letter to the Government in answer to the charge made against him by Mr. Windeyer; that a copy of the statement of the public debt sent to England, and verified by the Government, would be laid on the table next Tuesday; that seizures had been made by other officers of Customs than landing waiters; that trial surveys were going on between Goulburn and Yass, and between Bathurst and Orange; and that the Curator had no funds to pay the claim of James Harris in the intestate estate of Andrew Demery.

A bill to authorise the resumption of Richmond Common, brought in by Mr. Moses, was read a first time.

Petitions were presented by Mr. S. Brown, from Redfern, and by Mr. Hill, from Randwick, on the subject of licensing public vehicles; and from Araluen, Balmain, East Maitland, Argyle, Bombala, and Central Cumberland, in favour of the Permissive Liquor Bill.

Mr. Spring brought up a report from the select committee on the case of Hugh Maguire.

The petitions from Newtown and from the meeting of Operative Stonemasons were ordered to be printed.

The discussion on the Permissive Liquor Bill was resumed by

Mr. W. Forster, who remarked upon the very unsatisfactory character of the debate which had hitherto occurred. No less than three hon. members had delivered powerful speeches against the bill, and had concluded their addresses by declaring that they intended to vote for the second reading. Reviewing the arguments which had been adduced in favour of the bill, he doubted very much if drunkenness were the cause of so many of the crimes as were imputed to it. They were due more to the evil dispositions of human nature than to anything else; and it was merely because the two things—drunkenness and crime—were found together, that the latter was too readily attributed to the former; whereas there was little or no connection between the two, except that they were frequently found in combination. He acknowledged the evils which flowed from intemperance, but thought that the method by which this bill proposed to deal with it was utterly inadequate. He feared that by excluding public-houses from particular areas, the effect which would be produced would be that of increasing the evil in other localities less favoured. This method of restriction, if carried to its legitimate conclusion, must end in the exclusion of all spirituous liquors from the colony, and this it was admitted on all hands was impossible to be carried out. If they considered that public-houses added to intemperance then let them be got rid of altogether; and the only way of getting rid of them would be to break down the monopoly now enjoyed. If the restriction were removed by which liquor could only be sold in a licensed house, then the public-house would be abolished; but he strongly objected to having this social experiment tried within arbitrary areas to the detriment of other localities adjoining.

Mr. Eckford thought that if the Licensed Victuallers Act were better carried out, there would not be so much complaint against the mismanagement of public-houses. At the present time, the great evil of the system was that the Bench of magistrates granted licences to improper persons.

Mr. Ryan intended to vote for the second reading of the bill, in the hope that the bill would be amended in committee.

Mr. Brookes moved the adjournment of the debate to Tuesday; and, after some discussion, this was put and negatived.

The second reading of the bill was put, and carried by 20 to 6.

On the motion for making the committal of the bill an order of the day for Tuesday, Mr. Driver denounced the bill as a political dodge, intended to please a well-known political agent, and contended that if hon. members were really honest and sincere in their desire to suppress drunkenness, they would keep liquor out of their own refreshment-room, and put down some of the clubs in the city, which were a greater nuisance than many public-houses.

The motion was agreed to.

The Goulburn Meat Preserving Company's Bill was read a second time, and agreed to in committee.

The House counted out at a quarter-past 7, and was adjourned by the Speaker to 2 o'clock on Tuesday next.

The care of the sick and wounded found on the various fields of conflict seems to have been undertaken by all European nations. Even the hostile armies profess to forget that they are enemies when those who are incapable of resistance appeal to their compassion. This union of energies, in a work of reparation, is a curious sequel to that systematic destruction which has received a development so amazing and so terrible. We learn from one channel that one hundred mitrailleurs were in course of preparation, which, by a single discharge, imperilled the lives of half a regiment. These discharges may be repeated every two or three minutes by a single hand. This is indeed the ministry of death. It will be remembered that two or three years ago a conference was called by the Emperor of Russia, who proposed that bullets should not be so constructed as to explode in the body of the soldier—one of the modern infernal inventions, the object being, by this contrivance, to shatter the frame penetrated by a shot. Thus every soldier struck would be almost inevitably destroyed.

Our readers will also remember that a conference was held in Geneva which led to a convention between most of the European States. Its object was to neutralise the medical staff, and to protect by a flag all the operations connected with the removal or relief of the wounded. We believe that the only nation that refused to concur was Austria. After the battle of Sadowa, the Austrian soldier was left to the compassion of the enemy. The haughty spirit which dominated in the Austrian Empire disdained to admit that it was possible that a soldier should owe anything to the compassion of a foe. This singular combination of destructive forces and instruments of succour and relief seems at first sight strangely inconsistent. It seems as if the robbers who waylaid the stranger, after having beaten and wounded him and left him half dead, came back with the oil and wine, and carried the sufferer to an inn and took care of him.

It appears that a society has been inaugurated in London to afford aid to the sick and wounded, to both armies without discrimination of cause, quarrel, or country. Laying aside all the prejudices of nationality, it proposes to succour the suffering human being, to send by well-selected persons the special help required by those who suffer. An appeal of this kind is sure to meet with a warm response. It immediately dismisses all vexatious questions, puts aside the merits of the respective parties, and covers with the mantle of charity the sufferers of all nations.

The deadly effects of modern warfare have yet only been dimly seen by the world. It will be best known when the nations come to cast up their accounts, and to give a list both of their killed and wounded. In our reports there have been only some slight references to these deadly weapons of war; but the rapid action, both of victory and defeat, shows how severe the conflict and how destructive the missiles. The effect, in some instances, has been compared to the work of the mower. The harvest of death has been reaped with the celerity and precision of mechanism.

The power of the medical staff to meet the sudden calls upon it must be comparatively small. The alleviations possible in ordinary life cannot be given. Heaps of wounded men cannot be put under the power of chloroform. A glance only can be given by the most skilful of the staff, and any agents, however doubtful their skill, must be accepted in operations which imperil life. It is in such a condition of affairs that a voluntary staff, strengthened from the various capitals of Europe, must be of invaluable service after a battle. A question of minutes is then one of life and death. The able operator has then the opportunity of rendering in a few minutes help for which there is no known price, and to take his part in the midst of all this destruction with the illustrious hosts of philanthropists enrolled under the banner of Him, who came, not to destroy men's lives, but to save them. The railroad will be here an auxiliary of vast importance, since it will enable the Governments to disperse the wounded. They will carry many a one almost from the battle-field to his own home. The great danger of an army after a battle is not more from the wounds they suffer than from the inevitable privations of their position. The fever commonly so fatal seizes alike the vanquished and the victor, and in recounting the immediate cause of death, a large proportion are found to have perished who, under a perfect sanitary system, might have been saved.

The appeals which were made for help in the colonies will, doubtless, be responded to in the same spirit. Neither the Prussians nor the Frenchmen are our enemies. We cannot, in the light of their cause, recognise either the one or the other. We do not expect those who are more immediately concerned in the issue should preserve a philosophical indifference to the details of the war. But the efforts of benevolence should be made in the spirit of neutrality. We know of nothing so likely to remove the suspicion of partiality as co-operation for the relief of both nations in the only form possible to neutrals. To supply either of the belligerents with the means of prolonging the war is really to take part in it. It is to share in the work of destruction, without having the excuse of interest or anger. But to succour the unfortunate, to whatever people they may belong, is as much as to tell them that whatever they may be to each other, to us they are brethren. This feeling is indeed often promoted in a high degree by the recollections of sympathy and succour after battle. A poor sick soldier looks into the eyes of his nurse, and reads there nothing but compassion. He hears the French or German tongue; but its accents are all soft and pitiful. The various comforts which are brought to his bedside come at the cost and by the hands of those who are his enemies in the field. The spirit of rancour is thus subdued, and he learns that the enemy, painted to his imagination by his hatred and his fears, is only a horrid phantom.

The Education question in England has been fought, and for a time settled. As usual, it has aroused stormy passions, and been characterised by violent expressions of opinion; but nevertheless good sense and feelings of justice have prevailed, and the school-door has not been quite blocked up by Churchmen contending for the creeds to be taught to the children. The Secularists are not to have their way, nor the Churchmen theirs. The matter is settled by a compromise, and perhaps the most judicious that could be expected.

The parties who took part in the contest ranged themselves mainly under two banners—that of the National Education Union and that of the Rational Education League. The former supported the Government measure, due to Mr. W. E. Forster and Mr. Bruce; the latter staked their battle upon a bill emanating from Manchester, the source of several attempts to secularise and widen the bases of popular education. The voice of war within was swallowed up and hushed by the tremendous shock of war without, and the Government bill passed up to the Lords without much notice, while England was following the course of the contending armies upon the map towards the heart of France. Had it not been for the occurrence of this counter-attraction it is possible that the argument upon all the debatable points presented by any measure which ventures upon a compromise might have been much extended. In England, so long as there is not religious equality, it must be that the education of the children will excite feelings which, although just in themselves, are unfortunate for the objects of them. The dominant Church will seek to extend and deepen its power by means of this educational machinery, and those beyond her pale will view the attempt with jealousy, and determine to repel it. It will be evident that compulsory education in the presence of a dominant Church might be used politically, and so a large section of those who opposed the bill appeared to consider.

Not long since, the compulsory system in matters of Education was looked upon with abhorrence. But the public mind has changed: it has been shown not to be so bad a thing after all. And although freedom were theoretically better than education, and a wild Englishman to be preferred to a civilised Wurtemburger, practically the results of the experiment with 85,000 children of the working classes under the Factory Acts has induced men to reconsider their opinions, and prepared them to think differently. Had Mr. Forster's bill come before the House of Commons before this experience was attained, there can be little doubt as to its reception; but coming afterwards, it appeared to be the point in it which possessed most attractive power. The fears excited in the minds of Secularists and Nonconformists respecting the advantage a dominant Church might take, were the compulsory power placed at their disposal, gave way before the stronger instinct, to make some impression by compulsion upon the stolid and otherwise immovable masses of the lowest grades of English society. There could be no safety, no progress while that existed. If modifying light could be let in upon that, the ill effects of the additional advantage bestowed upon the Church could be neutralised or counteracted in some other way. It would be a comparatively small risk for a great gain.

For years the House of Commons has been accustomed to devote some weeks of each session to discussing what should be done with the children at school; but with Mr. Forster lies the credit of introducing what should be the primary question—how to get them there. Had Mr. Forster gone farther in compulsion, he would have secured more support from this quarter; but the Government were evidently not prepared for more. "We don't look on this scheme," said Mr. Forster, "as other than tentative;" that is to say, it was in the opinion of the Government the best means of preparing the public for universal and direct compulsion.

The experimental quality of the compulsion in question resides in its permissive nature. The clause reads as follows:—"Every School Board exercising powers under this Act *may* from time to time, with the approval of the Education Department, make by-laws for all or any of the following purposes. (1.) Requiring the parents of children above the age of five years and under the age of twelve years to cause such children (unless there is some reasonable excuse) to attend school. (2.) Determining the time during which they are to attend school. (3.) Providing for the remission of the whole or any part of the fees of any child where the parent satisfies the School Board that he is unable from poverty to pay the same." Should it be shown that the child is under proper instruction, that it has been prevented attending by sickness, or that no public elementary school exists within the distance of one mile, the fines may be remitted—otherwise a fine of 5s. will be inflicted upon the parents of the child so distinguished by the law.

It is very clear from a glance at the meeting held in England in relation to this subject, that the working classes are strongly in favour of compulsory education. Not only are the upper and middle classes desirous of it from motives of public safety and benevolence, but the industrious working people themselves perceive the contamination to which their children are exposed from street intercourse, which is scarcely to be avoided, with the gutter-bred children of the classes below them. They are studying their own safety in calling for compulsory education, for, although no sensible person considers education to be the panacea for all social evils, everybody allows it a prodigious power in diminishing masses of ignorance which yield to nothing else. The solvent power of A B C, although it is not understood by some, can scarcely be questioned. The temptation to go wrong is often greater when the mind has a certain amount of culture than it was before, but the cultured mind is more assailable, more under the influence of persuasion and reason than the uncultured, and therefore, although its power for evil is increased in the former case, its inclination to evil is correspondingly checked by an augmented respect for public opinion. The Church party regard Mr. Forster's bill very much in the light of a victory because it does not upset the existing school system, but, leaving it where it was, leaves all parties to take their own course, make their schools either secular or religious—provided in the latter case that the rights of conscience are respected.

Whatever may be the action of the measure in this direction, we are more interested in observing its probable action upon the sense of parental responsibility.

This, we are glad to perceive, is not to be weakened. Parents will still, as a rule, have to pay school fees for their children, and the existence of this obligation will tend to encourage the very wholesome belief that the duty of the parents does not cease when the infant is born into the world, or when it has gained enough strength to earn a bit of bread. Although it is right for the State to step in when required to perform duties that should be performed by the parent, it should not be in such a way as to absolve the parent. Governments that are accustomed to do every thing for the people, and nothing by the people, are apt to err in this respect, and to err on principle.

We do not now pretend to analyse the English Act, having recently presented a sketch of it.

Rifle Association.—A meeting of the committee of the Rifle Association was held at the Volunteer Brigade Office on Tuesday last, Lieutenant-Colonel Richardson in the chair. It was announced that the Hon. John Campbell had agreed to his prizes being contested for by those competitors who had never won a prize at any association meeting; and that Mr. H. C. Dangar, one of the vice-presidents, had given £15, to form the aggregate prize in the All-Comers' Small-bore Match. The programme was further amended and finally adopted, which will be found in to-day's *Herald*. A resolution was passed by which the medical staff of the Volunteers became honorary members of the association. All the captains of companies in the country districts are to be supplied with copies of the programmes, for the convenience of the members of their companies.

Homebush Races.—A meeting of the Committee of the Homebush Jockey Club was held, at the Royal Hotel, yesterday afternoon, at half-past 3 o'clock, for the purpose of arranging a programme for the forthcoming meeting at Homebush, and deciding whether the races should be held on one or two days. It was suggested a week or two back that, in the event of H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh signifying his consent to patronise the races at Homebush with his presence, two days' sport should be arranged instead of one; but as his Royal Highness cannot give an answer until after the arrival of the next mail from England, the committee have decided that it would then be too late to arrange for an extra day. It was, therefore, agreed that the original intention of the committee should be carried out, namely, that the Homebush Meeting should be confined to one day only. After this matter had been decided, the committee proceeded to fix the programme, which will consist of six races, namely, the Maiden Plate, The Trial Stakes, The Cup, The Pony Race, The Duke of Edinburgh Stakes, and The Selling Stakes. The Maiden Plate and The Cup have already been published, and the full programme will appear in Monday's *Herald*, when it will be seen that the prizes are very liberal and the entrances moderate. The various events will be so arranged as to allow horses entered for the Maiden Plate to enter also for the Duke of Edinburgh Stakes, two or three hours being allowed to elapse between the two races. The general entry will close on the 10th instant, and the handicap for the Duke of Edinburgh Stakes will be declared on the 24th. There was a very good attendance of the committee, and Mr. Fowles presided at the meeting. From the spirited manner in which the Homebush Jockey Club have entered upon their new career, it is not too much to anticipate a very successful meeting whether the races are patronised by his Royal Highness or not.

Queensland.—From Brisbane we have files to the 5th instant. The news has been anticipated by the electric telegraph.

Pedestrianism.—It will be seen by public notice in another column, that on Saturday next, the two greatest pedestrians at present on this side of the world are to appear next Saturday, in contests which will bring out their best qualities. Hewitt, the champion of England, is to meet Harris, champion of Australia, and the distances, 150 and 200 yards, are such as are considered to equalise the match, or perhaps, to give the Australian a slight advantage. But as this will be Hewitt's last appearance on Australian turf, it is not likely that he will be beaten except by most extraordinary running.

General Tom Thumb and Party.—General Tom Thumb and wife (Mr. and Mrs. Charles Stratton), Commodore Nutt and Miss Minnie Warren, made their first appearance before the Sydney public on last Tuesday afternoon, and have since continued, twice a day, to attract large audiences in the School of Arts. Last evening the hall was filled to overflowing. The entertainments are well varied, and include popular songs and duets, seriocomic songs, burlesques, and many other pleasing and amusing items. The miniature performers were, in the course of last evening, frequently applauded. Mrs. Stratton sang several songs very sweetly, and was applauded for the delivery of each, and Miss Minnie Warren, who, like her sister (Mrs. Stratton), is the possessor of a melodious, though not very powerful voice, also favoured the audience with some pretty vocal *morceaux*. The "General" appeared in his old and favourite character of Napoleon the First, and took part with his wife in "The lovers' quarrel," a well-known duet. The most humourous feature of the performance was the clever impersonations of the "Commodore," who is a comedian of considerable ability; and some of his familiar comic songs, in character, were admirably rendered, and warmly received. The proceedings were brought to a close with a stanza of the "national anthem," which the tiny folks sang with much expression.

The Victoria Theatre.—Mrs. Gladstane's splendid rendering of the part of Leah furnishes another proof that she is an artist of no ordinary merit, and her delineation of the character will compare very favourably with any of her predecessors. The strength of the company lies at present in the female portion, though at the same time it is only fair to state that in the other departments it is equal to the average. A special feature in connection with this theatre is the great care displayed in producing every play with excellently painted and appropriate scenery. The Melbourne critics have so highly praised Mrs. Gladstane's Queen Elizabeth that it is not surprising to find it underlined for presentation this evening.

The Prince of Wales Opera House.—Mr. Hoskins's farewell benefit took place last evening, when a varied and attractive programme was presented, but failed to draw a good house. This may be accounted for by counter attractions elsewhere. The entertainment opened with the third act of Hamlet, in which Mr. Bandmann appeared in one of his greatest parts, and was admirably supported by his wife. Then followed a comic sketch from the Hunchback, with Miss Colville as Helen and Mr. Hoskins as Modus. The next item was the fourth act of Romeo and Juliet, in which Mrs. Bandmann achieved an unmistakable triumph, as it was one of the finest sketches from Shakespeare seen here. The "Handsome Husband" was capitally played by Mr. Hoskins, Miss Colville, Mr. Bartlett, Mrs. Jones, and others. At its conclusion the beneficiaire was called before the curtain, and, addressing the audience, said, "Ladies and gentlemen,—To-night being the last time I shall have the honour and the pleasure of appearing before you—at all events for some period of time—I had intended to study a few words to say to you. I tried to do so, but I found it was impossible, and I thought I would trust to the impulse of the moment, and that, perhaps, I should then be better able to express my feelings than if I had studied a set speech. It is but little I have to say, but that little you must take from my heart. I came here nearly three years ago, a stranger to Sydney, and appeared first for a few weeks under Mr. Coppin's management. You at once took me into your favour, and during the interval that I have helped to cater for your amusement I trust I have not forfeited your good opinion, nor have you relaxed in your regard for me. If at all times our seasons have not been as prosperous as they might have been, it has not been your fault or ours. Circumstances will occur that will make the house thin in spite of all the attractions managers can bring forward to please their patrons; but I must say that when we have produced anything worthy of your approbation you have always come forward to support us. I need not call to mind the 'Tempest,' 'After Dark,' and other pieces which you have stamped with your approbation. It is not because I am tired of Sydney that I leave it, but because I believe an actor may stay too long in one place; and I hope to return some day. I am leaving in my place a gentleman who in social position, and as an actor, stands high in your opinion—I mean Mr. Bartlett. He will take my place behind the curtain, and in front of it there is Mr. Dind, with whom during the two years I have been connected in management I have never had an unpleasant word, and it has been a pleasure to be associated with him. He will look after your interests in front of the theatre, and every novelty the management can get they will obtain. It is a hard word to say 'Farewell;' I hate saying 'good-bye,' but, believe me, I shall never forget the pleasant time I have spent in Sydney, and I hope before I die, I may pay my respects to you once again." Madame Duret appeared in an act from "Lucrezia Borgia," and secured the favour of the audience, who honoured her and Mr. Burford with a recall. An act of Henry the Fourth closed the performance, and in it Mr. Hoskins took his farewell as Falstaff, Mr. Bartlett playing the Prince of Wales, Mr. Young, Francis; and Mrs. Jones, Mrs. Quickly. Miss Colville's appearance last evening closed her connection with the Sydney stage for a time. Her theatrical career has been so successful here that it is probable she will be heard of in a more prominent position than any she has yet aspired to. In some of his characters Mr. Hoskins leaves no one to fill his place, and it is probable that he will find less appreciative audiences than those to whom he has said farewell.

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PORT DARWIN.—From a private letter from Major Douglass, the Government Resident at the new settlement of Port Darwin (says the *Courier*), to his brother, Mr. A. F. Douglass, of this city, we have been kindly furnished with the following interesting particulars respecting that place:—It appears that the party reached Port Darwin on the 24th of June, after a very successful voyage, during which all enjoyed good health. They found that the site selected for the settlement was very pleasantly situated, and the climate is spoken of by Major Douglass as being delightful. The mornings and evenings are cold, and the thermometer in the shade at noon shows 81 degrees, the evaporation being from 10 to 12. The various plants which were supplied by Mr. W. Hill, of the Brisbane Botanical Gardens, when unpacked, were in excellent condition, and were only waiting for suitable land to be prepared for them, to be planted. In the opinion of one of the party, a gentleman who has had great experience in the cultivation of sugar-cane, there are thousands of acres of land there most admirably adapted to its growth. At the time the letter was written there had been several wooden houses erected, and persons were engaged in prospecting and exploring the neighbourhood of the settlement. It is satisfactory to know that there had not been one case of sickness—a fact somewhat at variance with the ideas entertained by many persons of the climate of the north-west coast of this continent. Horses and cattle are said to thrive, whilst sheep fall off in condition. Tamarind, banana, and mango trees flourish luxuriantly. *It is to be hoped that future accounts* from this, the *latest* of the Australian settlements, will be as *gratifying as* that to which the above brief reference has been made.

CATTLE SALE.—Mr. W. Fullagar sold for Mr. R. Ridge 204 head of cattle, average £5 5s. 7d. each. Also, 109 head of W. and C. York's, averaged £5 7s. each. Also, 157 head Mr. Buchanan's, one-third cows, averaged £5 6s. each.

THE NOTORIOUS CAPTAIN HAYES AGAIN.—Captain Hayes (says the *Auckland Southern Cross*) is a name which has become notorious throughout the colonies. It will be remembered that a certain Captain Hayes lay off this harbour in a vessel some years ago, though he did not venture to enter it. His exploits have been so many and various that no one who is at all acquainted with his history would be surprised at hearing of his again distinguishing himself, were it not for the fact that he had been reported dead. The captain, however, with that versatility for which he is so remarkable, is no sooner reported dead than he reappears in another quarter, as though resenting such an assertion, and determined by distinguishing himself in some new way to give his detractors the lie. His last resurrection is said to have occurred at some obscure island in the South Pacific, where, screened from the observation of the inquisitive, he could go through the mysterious process of coming to life for a second or third time without any danger of so valuable a secret being discovered. He would be a very bold man who would vouch for the smallest particle of the many extraordinary stories that we are told of "Bully Hayes," who in his ubiquity, and his habit of dying and coming to life on the slightest provocation, outvies Te Kooti himself. The last story of Captain Hayes comes from Fiji, and we merely give it for what it is worth. It is said that he kidnapped a number of natives from one of the islands, and took them in a schooner to Fiji, where he expected he would be able to dispose of the cargo at a good figure without being subjected to the indignity of having to answer awkward questions. The natives, however, contrived to forward a complaint to the American Consul, who seized the vessel, admitting Captain Hayes to parole pending inquiry. But a new complication now arose. A firm with whom Hayes in bygone times had contracted some liability, took the opportunity to step in and demand payment of their little bill. To appease these insatiable creditors, Hayes was compelled to hand over his chronometers as security. Days passed on, and at length an American barque anchored off the place. Thereupon went he to the creditors, and in that genial offhand manner for which he is so distinguished, requested that he might be allowed to take the chronometers on board the barque in order to regulate, and, if possible, sell them. In a moment of weakness the too confiding creditors consented, and our informant states that they have been ever since anxiously looking for the return of Hayes or the chronometers. Scarcely had he reached the vessel than she spread her sails and left the creditors lamenting. It was not long, however, before he was heard of in a new quarter. It was found that he had visited the plantation of the very firm whom he had relieved of the custody of his chronometers; and, by representing himself as authorised by that firm, had induced the manager of the plantation to ship some £2000 worth of cotton stored there. The firm then chartered a schooner, and manned her, with the object of going in chase of the captain: but, after a cruise of three weeks, gave up the search, and proceeded to an island where there was another plantation belonging to the firm, there to await the arrival of Hayes, as those who had some knowledge of his habits expressed their belief that he would have a weakness for going away with a full ship. But "weeks flew on and he did not appear," and a large amount of labour bestowed upon the preparation of a cave designed for his temporary reception, until more suitable accommodation could be provided, was entirely thrown away, to the intense disgust of everybody concerned; except, no doubt, the captain himself. No tidings have since been received of him, and it is supposed that he has gone to China. Of course any attempt to indicate his true destination his mere guesswork, but until we next hear of him we may console ourselves in the idea that he has really gone to China. We hope, however, that we shall soon hear of him again; it would be a great pity to lose so valuable a member of society altogether.

MAORI SUPERSTITIONS.—On the 26th of September (says the *New Zealand Herald*), the front of the District Court was the scene of unusual excitement, in consequence of a kind of "jubilate" on the part of the sympathisers with the plaintiff, Whiriana Whiwhi, in case of witchcraft. Immediately on the verdict being announced Wilson's party went outside and got up a "kani-kani"—a sort of dance expressing congratulation to the successful party, and contempt and derision for the losers and their alleged god. This dance was only indulged in by the women, who mustered to the extent of some thirty or forty, who went through the usual sensuous contortions, keeping time to the semi-tones of some excited female, who sang in praise of Whiriana, and in derision of defendant. The gestures and contortions of the dancers elicited peals of laughter from the bystanders, who crowded round in hundreds. This was continued for some time, until all were exhausted. The immediate friends of plaintiff then retired, for the purpose of procuring food and drink for the refreshment of themselves and the sympathisers who were present. Upon arriving at a turn in the road they were seen brandishing, at arms' length, bottles of "waipiro" and loaves of bread. Advancing at a sort of half jump, they kept up a continual chaunt, with chorus, which was far from disagreeable. Fun and jollity were at their height, and an enormous quantity of edibles and liquids were indulged in. After the feed, the ceremonies were resumed, but were at length put a stop to.

THE EMPEROR OF THE FRENCH AND HIS SON.—A Paris correspondent of the *Daily News*, writing of the depression produced in France by the early reverses of the war, says:—"It was expected that the presence of the Prince Imperial would enlist the sympathies of all on behalf of the Imperial family. It has had a contrary effect. The cruelty of uselessly exposing this poor child to the fire of the enemy is severely criticised. The Emperor is compared to one of those beggar women who carries about a half-clad infant on a cold day, in order to provoke the compassion of passers-by. *C'est touchant, mais ce n'est pas la guerre*, I read in a newspaper this morning."

THE ABOLITION OF CAPITAL PUNISHMENT.—On this subject the *Pall Mall Gazette* remarks:—"We commend the case of John Owen, the Denham murderer, to the consideration of those who advocate the total abolition of capital punishment; and we invite them, after carefully reading the accounts given in the newspapers of his last hours, to say what punishment it would be possible to substitute in the case of criminals like this. In theory—that is, in the theory of those whose attention we are inviting—every man is capable of being reformed, and the end of all punishment is reformation. Looked at, however, as a hard practical matter, and in the light of common experience, does any one believe that John Owen was capable of reformation? Every act of his life—from the hideous and unparalleled crime for which he suffered down to all the minor details of his conduct, his brutal jesting about the hangman, his fierce repulsion of the chaplain, the ghastly flippancy of his feigning to forget his victim's name on the scaffold—every act of his life showed that he was and would ever be a mere wild beast from whom society would never be safe till he was rendered powerless to harm. In the presence of such cases as this all corrective theories disappear, and mankind is brought face to face with the supreme law of self-preservation which justifies us in abolishing John Owen as we would abolish a dangerous beast or reptile.

COBDEN'S FALLACIES.—The annual dinner of the Cobden Club took place on the evening of July 23, at which Mr. Gladstone presided, and, in concluding his address on proposing "Prosperity to the Club," expressed his confident belief that, notwithstanding the dark and saddening circumstances of the present time, circumstances which were such that he could not help weeping and blushing for the nineteenth century, the principles which Mr. Cobden advocated would ultimately prevail. On this the *Times* remarks:—"It was Cobden's belief that, as trade increased and the bonds of material interests between nations multiplied, wars would cease to be possible. Can there be evidence more conclusive of the futility of this expectation than the conflict on which France and Prussia have now entered? The trade of France has increased enormously since the days of Jena and Leipsic; the trade of Prussia has been almost created in the last half century. Yet the two nations are now as eager for the battle as they were when Napoleon marched to Berlin, or when Germany rose to cast out the invaders. Cobden, indeed, committed an error common enough with economists who measure political questions by purely economical standards. He left out of the account all those motives which make nations as well as men give way to jealousies, resent insults, incur risks through gratitude or revenge, and, leaving these elements out of his calculation, he was surprised to find that the result did not square with his prediction. The error was a grave one, and it has done mischief enough already. But the worst mischief of such anniversaries as that of Saturday is that they consecrate the worthless as well as the worthy part of a man's work."

TELEGRAPHIC MESSAGES.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENTS.]

YOUNG.

FRIDAY.

THE Gold Commission arrived yesterday, and took evidence to-day.

A very large meeting was held of gentlemen desirous of forming a Pastoral, Agricultural, and Horticultural Society; the society was formed, office-bearers and a committee were elected, and the first show will take place in March next.

The crops are looking well. Business is quiet.

MELBOURNE.

FRIDAY.

Mr. Mulcahy, broker, was thrown from his buggy while going to the Caledonia diggings, and killed on the spot.

The Ballarat Revival claim swindlers, Coleman, Hannon, and Cawson have each been sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

Supple has been reprieved, to allow of an appeal to the Privy Council.

There have been heavy floods at Castlemaine.

The Government refuse to assist the Shire Councils in repairing damage caused by floods.

1000 to 10 has been offered on Warrior, which the owner has refused; the others are unchanged.

A meeting of the unemployed has been called at Belvedere.

It rained heavily all the night and morning, and is now showery.

Maize is steady at 4s.

SAILED.—Macedon (s.), for Sydney.

QUEENSCLIFF.

FRIDAY.

ARRIVED.—Sarah, brig, from Grafton; Our Hope, brig, from Newcastle; at 7, Alexandra (s.), from Sydney.

SAILED.—Rialto, barque, for Newcastle; at 6 p.m., Macedon (s.), for Sydney.

HOBART TOWN.

FRIDAY.

Both Houses have compromised on the tariff, agreeing to 1s. 6d. per head duty on sheep, and £1 10s. on cattle.

SAILED.—Malcolm, for Sydney.

ADELAIDE.

FRIDAY.

The Tariff Bill has been read a second time in the Council, and passed through committee without any amendment.

At a meeting of the Baptist Association to-day, an attempt was made by the Rev. S. Mead to introduce a motion for an amalgamation with the Congregationalists. The motion was ultimately withdrawn.

A movement is on foot to establish a general relief fund for the wounded in the present war, irrespective of nationality.

The French Consul has solicited subscriptions for the French sufferers.

It is announced that the German Liedertafel will give an entertainment for the United Fund.

The *Register* urges the recognition of the services of the late Captain Sturt.

There have been sales of about 10,000 bushels of wheat at 6s.; the first cargo of new teas, ex Catherina, was offered to-day, only a small quantity of which was sold.

At a meeting of the Adelaide Underwriters' Association it was decided to charge one per cent. extra on neutral cargo by British ships hence to the United Kingdom, on vessels sailing from 1st October to 31st December, shippers having the option of paying the rates current in London if so fixed at the time the insurance is effected; India and other foreign voyages are left open for special arrangement.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY FOR ENGLAND.

H. R. H. the Duke of Edinburgh reached Sydney on the 15th in her H.M.S. Galatea. He is in excellent health.

His Excellency the Governor left Sydney on the 30th in H. M. S. Virago, on a visit of inspection to Norfolk Island.

A Defence Commission has been appointed by the Government.

The war news causes intense excitement. It interfered with trade, and made wool growers very anxious. Collections are being made by the Germans and by the French for their respective compatriots.

The Exhibition was finally closed on 30th September. A series of oratorios is now being given.

Fine weather has regularly set in throughout the colony though there were heavy floods in the Western rivers at the end of last month, and Wentworth narrowly escaped submersion.

At the Randwick Spring Meeting, Mr. Tait's Florence won the Derby, Mr. Winch's Croydon won the Metropolitan Handicap, and Mr. DeMestre's Tim Whiffler, the Randwick Plate.

Since the fine weather has set in, the return from the gold-fields has greatly increased.

The question of additional water supply for the city, is occupying general attention.

A complimentary dinner has been given to Sir Daniel Cooper.

A ploughing match between representatives of Victoria and New South Wales was won by the latter.

ARRIVALS FROM ENGLAND.—La Hogue, Queen of Nations, Zemindar, Ann Duthie, Resolute, Sarah Grice.

DEPARTURES FOR ENGLAND.—Centurian and Commissary.

Import markets less active, stocks considerably increased; wool 1½d. to 2d. lower, tallow £1 to £1 10s. lower, hides firm. Exchange on London 2¼ for 60 days bills, discount rates also unchanged.

An iron steamer, of 500 tons, was launched from Mort's Works on the 15th September, intended for Queensland.

GERMAN ADDRESS.—The following is an address to the King of Prussia by the German residents of Auckland—it is to be regretted that the moderation which has characterised the German residents of this and the neighbouring colonies has not extended to New Zealand:—"May it please your Majesty,—French impertinence has insulted our honour, and menaced without the shadow of a pretext the peace of Prussia and Germany. In this hour of peril we beg to approach your Majesty, and to express the loyal and enthusiastic sentiments with which we face the impending war. As our fathers stood by the father of your Royal Majesty for 1813-15, so will we all devote our lives and property to the support and security of your throne. In return we have but one prayer to offer. We beseech your Majesty not to sheath the sword till French insolence has been chastised and put down beyond the possibility of recovery, and Germany restored to its ancient grandeur. Our cry is, 'With God for King and Fatherland! Hurrah! At them!' We subscribe ourselves faithfully, respectfully, and with every confidence in the future," &c.

SUICIDE BY STABBING.—The deceased, whose name was Skelton Head, was forty-one years of age. The *Border Post* of Wednesday says:—In a magisterial inquiry held before Mr. Burns, J.P., prior to the fatal termination, the following facts were elicited: That the deceased was employed as general station hand at Buckaginga, and had been recently drinking at Wagga Wagga, whence he returned to the station to take part in the shearing, according to a previous arrangement to that effect. On Wednesday morning, the 28th ultimo, he complained of being unwell, and unfit for work that day. About 3 o'clock in the afternoon he suddenly left the shed, and was seen by a Mr. Euston and a man named Carroll standing about one hundred yards away, with a pair of shears in each hand. Before they could ascertain his intention, or attempt to frustrate it, he raised those in his right hand and stabbed himself deeply in the abdomen. He died at about 5 o'clock on Thursday evening.

ANOTHER NEW ZEALAND DIFFICULTY IN FUTURO.—Speaking of stories told in Maori pas, the *Wairarapa Mercury* tells us that the financial scheme of Mr. Vogel has received a new interpretation by the Maoris in the Wairarapa, who state that Dr. Featherstone has mortgaged New Zealand for six millions. He first wanted ten millions, but the Queen said the security was insufficient, and would only advance six, and that for the term of three years only. The Maories say she will foreclose at the end of that term, and that this a new way of getting hold of the native lands.

THE MAHARAJAH OF VISIANAGRAM has given £20,000 for the foundation of an "Alfred Medical College," at Allahabad, to commemorate his interview with his Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh.

THE LICENSING SYSTEM.

THERE are some defects in the licensing system so manifest that it is very strange they have been suffered to exist so long. Now that Parliament is sitting, with a "Permissive Bill" under actual consideration, and many other reformatory propositions in abeyance, it may be convenient to call attention to one or two of these defects.

One which is constantly felt, and has been several times commented upon, is the want of anything like finality in dealing with applications for licenses and transfers. This is not only the case in connection with the business of the licensed victualler, but as regards other businesses for the control of which a license is required. An application may be rejected by one set of magistrates after a most careful inquiry, and may be granted by a differently constituted Bench with hardly any inquiry at all. What is wanted is that when any license or transfer of a license has been refused, a careful record should be made of the causes of such refusal, and that the applicant should not be permitted to invoke a reconsideration of his case without notice, first, to the magistrates who have refused his former application, secondly to all parties who opposed it, and thirdly (by advertisement) to the general public, so that any other persons desiring to oppose might have an opportunity of doing so. And we would further urge that where after any such rehearing there was a second refusal no third application should be permitted for a considerable period—for twelve months at least; and then only on ample notice to all parties concerned.

Another defect in the system is, the abandonment of what used to be always a matter of inquiry—the need for another public-house in any particular neighbourhood whenever a new license is applied for. No doubt it has been found difficult to carry out this provision in its integrity for reasons which we will not at present pause to consider. Still, upon the whole it worked much better than the present plan of licensing all comers, provided that they are of fair character, and their houses in tolerably good order. This kind of inquiry ought to be revived, and, if possible, in an improved form.

A third improvement would be to render it imperative that a certain number of convictions within any given period should entail a loss of the publican's license. The greatest improvement of all, however, would be to provide for an inspection and analysis of the liquors sold at public-houses, and to impose heavy penalties upon the vendors of adulterated commodities. The most respectable of the publicans themselves have strongly urged that there should be such an inspection. Some of them have openly said that if this check were imposed, and the license fee raised a little, most of the ill-conducted public-houses would be shut up.

This inspection was what was most pressed for at the conference held some time ago, and alluded to by Mr. Consett Stephen in the late debate. It was proposed that it should be entrusted to an officer appointed in each municipality by its council. Also that the council should have power to prosecute publicans in their respective municipalities for breaches of the law; that a certain number of convictions should be followed by forfeiture of the license, and that no new licenses should be granted for any municipality without the council's express consent. Further than this, it was not proposed to interfere.

In any case, whether the policy of prohibition or restriction be resorted to, in reference to the retailing of strong drinks, an improved system of inspection and increased checks against the improvident granting of licenses and transfers would be found of the greatest advantage.

SIR JAMES MARTIN'S FINANCIAL ADMINISTRATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

SIR,—In again addressing you on the financial acts of the late Government, I beg you will understand that I do so from no personal motive, but from a desire that the true state of facts in reference to the matters at issue between us may—by being amply discussed—become fully known and thoroughly understood. Returning to the subject in this spirit, I at once take exception to your leading article of Wednesday, and proceed to point out in what respect, and to what extent, you appear to me to depart from facts, and to fail in your conclusions.

I would remark, in the first place, that I observe with satisfaction your acknowledgment of error, in having charged me, as the Treasurer of the late Administration, "with ordering the sale of debentures at 50 per cent. discount." But, shifting your ground of attack, you now make a new and apparently more serious charge, in relation to the same matter. You allege that I showed no such care for the credit of the colony as a limit of 50 would imply, —but that "I named no limit at all,"—that I "urgently and peremptorily ordered the debentures to be sold at any price,"—and, "to prevent mistake," you profess to quote the exact official words in which this "urgent" and "peremptory" order is conveyed.

In the attempt to elucidate this matter, it would conduce more to its right understanding if you had quoted from the Treasury letter of the 22nd September, 1866, the *whole* of the passage, having reference to the sale of the debentures, of which you quote but the concluding part. The instructions sent home were as follows:—

Extract from Treasury letter, to Oriental Bank, dated 22nd September, 1866.

"I am further to inform you, in respect to the large value of debentures held by your London office at the date of their latest advices, that it appears to the Government, in view of the high rate of interest payable on your London advance, and having regard to the imperative necessity of the cost of public works being defrayed from the source which Parliament has provided for the purpose, that it would be desirable to place the whole of the debentures in your hands upon the London market at a price even below that recently communicated to you. Under any circumstances, it would meet with the approval of the Government, if, in the exercise of the power contained in the subsisting agreement, your London office realised, without further delay, sufficient debentures to cover their cash advance, without reference to the price obtainable for the same."

In connection with these instructions, it must be borne in mind that, under the "subsisting agreement" referred to, dated the 26th September, 1865, it was provided that at no one time should the bank be required to advance more than £250,000; and clause 4 of that agreement provides "that during the subsistence of any cash advance, the Corporation shall be absolutely empowered to sell debentures at the market price of the day, to the extent of the advance." Reading the instructions in connection with this clause, it will be seen that, by the letter of 22nd September, 1866, no new power or authority to dispose of the debentures was given, or professed to be given, to the bank, superior to the power or authority which they already possessed under clause 4 of the existing contract. Assuming, then, for the sake of argument, that the concluding part of the instruction is open to the interpretation you place upon it as being an "urgent and peremptory order" to sell debentures to cover the bank's advance, and assuming that debentures had been so sold, "without reference to price," that is, at the market price of the day, I deny that you could justly condemn me for such a result, if ending in loss, seeing that a possible result of this kind is contemplated and specially provided for, in an agreement with the bank, for which my predecessor is responsible.

So far as my actings in this particular matter are concerned, I have a right to demand that they shall be considered and judged of in relation to the whole set of circumstances by which they were surrounded. It is easy for you, Sir, in this year of grace 1870, to promulgate your censures on the acts of 1866, under the light of subsequent events. But at the time of writing the letter of 22nd September, 1866, the then Administration was in a position of unprecedented difficulty. The Oriental Bank held in London, by the latest advices, two millions of our debentures, which were and had been for months past unsalable, and which represented so much money locked up from employment in public works. The debt due by the Government to the bank had enlarged itself from the agreed limit of £250,000 to the enormous overdraft of £837,748. In the then disturbed state of Europe, and in the panic-stricken condition of the English money market (1866), this heavy overdraft was chargeable with 11 per cent. interest, being 1 per cent. above the Bank of England rate. No one could foresee how long this adverse state of things would continue. No one could say that this state of things might not become very much worse. At the same time, by a strange anomaly, money was obtainable here, and had, in fact, been obtained by the Government, at 7 per cent. interest. In view of all these facts and probabilities, I conceive that I faithfully performed my duty to the country in persistently urging the realisation of the debentures, and especially in requiring the bank to exercise the power which it possessed under clause 4 of the agreement, and so terminate an overdraft which I regarded as an injurious dead-weight upon the Government and upon the colony.

I now come to the second part of your article of Wednesday, which relates the alleged twice borrowing of £150,000. You say—

Mr. Eagar also denies that £150,000 was borrowed twice over on account of the Deficiency Loan, and gives a long explanation which is simply calculated to mislead. The fact is, that the money was borrowed twice over, and, though not done in excess of *legal* authority, was done in excess of Parliamentary *intention*, and the consequence was that the colony was at one time paying interest on a sum (in round numbers) of £950,000, borrowed to represent a deficiency of only £800,000.

In these remarks may be discovered the introduction of a *new* allegation, not put forward in your previous article. While you here admit that it was perfectly legal to borrow £950,000 (under I presume the Treasury Bills Act and Loan Acts, 29 Vic., Nos. 4 and 5) you now assert that the "Parliamentary *intention*" was, that £800,000 only should be borrowed. And you repeat this statement in a subsequent portion of your article, when you say that "the sum of £700,000 would have fully represented the *intention* of Parliament." The charge, then, which you now make is that the late Administration not only borrowed £150,000 twice over, but that they did so contrary to the "intention" of Parliament.

On this new ground, I am quite prepared to meet you. How, let me ask, is the "intention" of Parliament to be discovered and brought within the range of our senses? If Parliament desire to disclose an "intention," I presume it will be found either in the form of a resolution or of an Act. I challenge you to produce a resolution of the Assembly which limits the right of the Government of the day to raise the full sum of £850,000 under the Acts 29 Vic. 4 and 5. I challenge you to produce words from the Acts themselves which in any way limit the power to deal with these Acts to their full extent. Misled by your assertion, uninformed persons might suppose that the late Government had violated some express Parliamentary provision, whereas no such violation was either meditated or accomplished.

Apart, however, from this absurdity of a "Parliamentary intention," I desire to deal with the allegation of "twice borrowing" entirely upon the merits of the case. And I would first point out, that Mr. Smart's intentions, or his acts in furtherance of those intentions in August and September 1865, have no sort of relevance to, or connexion with, the acts of the late Government in June and July, 1866. Mr. Smart's intentions, however good they might have been, were not carried out, and on the coming-in of the new Administration, the field was open to them to deal with the Loan Acts according to their own views and judgment. Under those Acts, £550,000 was legally applicable to meet the deficit of 1864. What you really mean to convey by the allegation of twice-borrowing £150,000 is, that while you assume the deficit of 1864 to be limited to the sum of £400,000, you assert that the late Government raised £150,000 more than was necessary to meet the deficit. In this intelligible shape, I will deal with your charge, and show on what fallacies it rests.

The provision of £550,000 made by Parliament in 1865, for the deficit of 1864, was for an *estimated* deficit. While the provision, on the one hand, was fixed and determined as to its amount, the deficit, on the other hand, which it was granted to cover, was uncertain as to its amount, and not then capable of being determined. In other words,—while Parliament defined the margin beyond which debentures should not be issued, it could not be ascertained during 1865 or 1866, or even until 1867, at what exact amount the deficit of 1864 would work itself out. In the absence of any Parliamentary restriction, it was entirely within the discretion of the Government of the day (apart from any rule of the Stock Exchange, and irrespective of difficulties of negotiation) to determine for themselves whether or not they would issue to the full extent of the legal authority. The late Government, in 1866, according to *their* view of the possible out-turn of the deficit of 1864, issued the whole £550,000 of debentures, just as their predecessors, according to *their* view of the possible out-turn of the deficit of 1864, attempted to issue £400,000 only.

Your first fallacy, then, consists in your confounding the provision made by Parliament for an obligation, then uncertain and indefinite as to amount, with a provision for a certain and definite obligation. Your case would be a good one if it were of this kind—that a power to raise £850,000 were fully used to pay a known, fixed, and determined obligation of £700,000. But, in the matter at issue, the *estimated* deficit of 1864 had not, in 1866, fully and finally disclosed itself as a fixed and unalterable sum total; and in fully using the Loan Acts, a margin was prudently left for contingencies. And here may be discovered the second fallacy attached to the charge of twice borrowing £150,000. You entirely overlook the discount at which the debentures were negotiated. The late Government, when required to take their own view of the probable out-turn of the deficit of 1864, and prior to using the Loan Acts, had to regard, first, the propriety of allowing a margin beyond the mere *estimate* of deficiency—and, next, the necessity of allowing for the discount at which it was probable the loan would be negotiated. The sale was really effected at 90 and charges. Assuming, then, that there were some colour for your allegation, you are wrong as to the figures. You give currency in the columns of your powerful journal to the idle and senseless cry of "twice-borrowing £150,000." Yet, if you take the trouble to look at page 248 of the third volume of Votes and Proceedings, Session of 1867-8, you will find that the whole of this clamour and mis-statement resolve themselves into the simple fact, that when an account current of the deficit of 1864, and of the proceeds of the £550,000 of debentures issued to meet it, was made up and laid on the table of the Assembly on 12th September, 1867, it *then* appeared that by the negotiation of the whole £550,000 in 1866, £92,420 12s. 11d. more had been raised, in view of an *estimated* deficit, than on the out-turn of that deficit up to September, 1867, was actually required. I am quite willing to admit, as the account current referred to admits for me, that £92,420 12s. 11d. is shown to have been raised in excess of the actual deficit of 1864, but what becomes of your charge of "twice borrowing £150,000?"

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

G. EAGAR.

October 6, 1870.

[The loan sanctioned by Parliament was not made elastic, because the exact amount of the second deficit was not accurately determined. The loan to meet the second deficit was for the precise sum of £400,000, because that was estimated by the Treasurer to be about the sum required. More than that could not have been raised, but for the accident that the Treasury bills were not in the first instance salable. The reason why authority was given to borrow £550,000 on short-dated debentures was not because the exact amount of the second deficit was uncertain, but because it had not then been possible to borrow enough to meet the first deficit. The surplus was wanted not to provide a margin for any discoverable increase in the deficit when the accounts came to be made up, but to make good the amount that could not be raised under the first loan. The "intentions" of a Treasurer are ascertainable from the speech he makes in proposing a measure, and Parliament in adopting that measure is to be supposed to approve of that intention being carried out. Mr. Eagar admits now that he over-borrowed, and has failed to produce any valid excuse for so doing, the defence being limited to the statement that the amount over-raised was not so large as is charged. The facts are now before our readers, and they can form their own opinions of the transaction. We have said enough to make the case clear, and that is all for the present we wish to do.—ED.]

CENTENARY MUSICAL FESTIVAL.

THE MESSIAH.

IT has been a matter of speculation, to some curious and inquiring minds, as to what can be the precise nature and cause of that extraordinary influence which the sublime compositions of Handel have long exercised over the English mind—an influence as direct and palpable now as it was when the "Messiah" was first produced in London, more than one hundred and thirty years ago. German by birth and by education—unused, too, as he must for some time have been to English modes of thought, and, by all accounts, a man never thoroughly familiar with our language—it *does* seem strange indeed that the music of Handel should, in its many remarkable developments, be, nevertheless, so beautifully expressive of all our thoughts, that, whatever may be the chord touched by the inspiration of his shadowy genius, there is instantly a responsive vibration caused in the depths of every Englishman's heart. He sways us by the motive power of our national religion, which he studied and which he understood. Thus does the music of Handel enthral us in a hundred different ways, all traceable to this one great source of emotion; and a glorious influence it is. His music stirs the soul like the sound of the trumpet—inspires us with a manly penitential sorrow; fills us with rapturous devotion, or strikes us with silent awe in the contemplation of Suffering Love. And the triumphant voice of *Faith* is there also to be heard—unshaken, clear, and earnest, like that to which the grand old master of harmony himself gave utterance upon his death bed—pealing forth in some of his immortal compositions; elevating, consoling, and enlightening as it pierces and tears away the flimsy barriers of Scepticism, or bursts asunder the heavy bonds of Despair. Nor is this all. The king of music (to the English mind) as if to prove to us the inexhaustible stores of his benevolent genius, often unfolds before us some lighter, and yet sweet and serious strain—one in which a new path of glory is opened up; one, whereby we can be moved even to tears, and shown it may be, that that Lord (whose Majesty was Handel's favourite theme) disdains not to "feed His flock like a shepherd." Where are there any pastoral airs, so tender and so irresistibly touching as those of Handel? It is beside the question to ascribe this supremacy which we award to Handel to his exalted *genius*; that does but evade the difficulty, and recognise his transcendent merit under another name. Handel is to us the Shakespeare of music; in everything that he cared to do *facile princeps*, in spite of the paltry detractions of some few pedantic and contemptible critics who would say more if they dared. Handel could not only read the human heart like the Bard of Avon, but by some innate and wonderful power was gifted, like him, with the faculty of making that reading acceptable to all—he could make it a marvel and a mystery, a thing of lasting beauty, intelligible to every thinking mind. His Church style, which some fools have sneered at, is the true catholic style, the orthodoxy of which is beyond dispute—received by every sect and communion as the very voice of Christianity. And it is an utterance not the less acceptable to us, as Englishmen, because there is a tinge of nationality about it. Why should it be? If Handel was not an Englishman by birth, he became one by adoption, and we claim him as the greatest of all composers. For the grandeur of his harmonies, for the diversity and severe propriety of his ideas, and for the originality and beauty of his airs, he stands unrivalled. This would not be a British-minded community if the towering genius of Handel was not as freely acknowledged here as in the mother country. We were happy to see the oratorio of the "Messiah" produced and appreciated as it was at the Exhibition building last night. It was in all respects a most signal success.

The presence of a large, carefully trained, and thoroughly efficient chorus at the oratorio last night brought into an unusual degree of prominence the *dramatic* character of the "Messiah," and one of the principal causes of its immense superiority over any such oratorio as the "Creation." In the "Messiah," from the first overture to the finale, it is easy for the observant ear to trace a *progressive action*—to note the grand series of events which have been handed down to us in connection with the Incarnation, the Passion, the Resurrection, and the Ascension. It is the total absence of any such element (added, no doubt, to its marked deficiency in melody) that makes it impossible for even the great work of Haydn to stand any comparison whatever with the "Messiah." Even if the music of Haydn were less unequal in merit to that of Handel, there would here for ever be a disadvantage which would be sensibly felt in rendering the "Creation." Elaborate and scientific music—even when relieved now and then by terrific contrasts, and discordant noise—fails to engage a pleased attention, in the total absence of dramatic action. Of such action in the "Creation" there is none whatever, whilst in in the "Messiah" it is an element of interest ever before us. Descriptive music is by no means always dramatic. If an oratorio is wanting in the dramatic element, it may be intensely scientific, and yet be almost unendurable—even when protected by the privileges of a long tolerated boredom. It may be monotonous and noisy by turns, and be wearisome always. It may abound with insipid airs, destined never to be remembered—a chaotic mass of harmonies following each other with a blind fury, and without end or object; an undramatic oratorio may be all this, and worse than this, and its worst faults will but more clearly show the excellences of such an oratorio as the "Messiah." This element in Handel's Messiah was made so palpable last night, that every reasonable being must have been struck by it; unless, indeed, he had the misfortune to sit near some talkative young lady, whose chattering manifested her ignorance, or her indifference for what she ought to try to understand.

The overture was played on the organ with consummate skill, by Mr. C. S. Packer; the opening recitative, "Comfort ye," being very creditably rendered by Mr. A. Wilkie. In the aria, "Every valley shall be exalted," this vocalist was, however, decidedly more successful. The prophetic utterances of the coming Messiah, so suggestive of the Precursor, were succeeded by the angelic chorus, "And the glory of the Lord shall be revealed," the rendering of which was deeply impressive, although the tenor voices were not quite so steady as afterwards. The recitative, containing the authoritative promise of the Messenger of the Covenant, was given with much power and effect by Mr. J. Waller, who, in the deprecatory aria, in which the anger of the Messiah is anticipated, did justice to Handel's music. Mrs. Cordner gave the recitative respecting the coming birth of Christ, with an exquisite taste; and she also sang the joyous apostrophe to Zion, in which that city is felicitated on the advent of our Lord. The chorus of the angels—"O thou that tellest good tidings" —here once more came in, with a precision and an exultant joy that electrified the vast audience. The expressive and gloomy recitative, "For behold darkness shall cover the earth," was next given by Mr. Waller, who sang the aria in which the moral and religious regeneration of mankind is so grandly suggested both by the words and by the music. The chorus, "For unto us a child is born," was magnificent; never before in this colony have the sublime words of the historical Prophet been more suitably rendered. This announcement of the Nativity was followed by the pastoral symphony—sweet strains that carried one back in imagination to the mountains of Palestine, and to that winter's night when the shepherds were surprised in their vigils by the great angelic hymn. The long and beautiful recitative, which here carries on the action, was given with much taste and ability by Madame Flora Harris. Again the chorus burst in, and "Glory to God in the highest" swelled through the building. Miss Wiseman sang the next aria, "Rejoice greatly, O daughter of Zion!" and was very successful in the latter portion of the air, "He is the Righteous Saviour, and He shall speak peace unto the heathen." The enumeration of the stupendous miracles of Christ, in the next recitative, was ably executed by Mrs. G. F. Jackson. It was followed by the exquisite pastoral air, "He shall feed His flock like a shepherd," the music being transposed to suit Mrs. Cordner's voice. It was considered by many to be one of the most beautiful solos of the evening. Mrs. Jackson sang the air in which the Messiah invites the weary to rest; and so ended the second part of the oratorio with the consentient chorus of angels, "His yoke is easy and His burden is light." The chorus, "Behold the Lamb of God" (commemorating the interview of Christ and St. John in the wilderness), was given with great effect, and was loudly applauded; the same rather inconvenient expression of a well-deserved approbation following Mrs. Cordner's rendering of the pathetic air, "He was despised and rejected of men." The succeeding choruses were magnificent; each sustaining the interest and carrying on the ideal drama yet one step further towards its conclusion. In the chorus, "And we like sheep," the sense was transferred to the sound with much exactitude, especially in the final part where the composer has so admirably expressed the load of iniquity that was laid upon the Mediator. In the next chorus (which represents the mocking of the Jews upon Mount Calvary) the mass of well-trained voices, each singing its allotted part, had a very novel and even a terrible effect. "He trusted in God that he would deliver him; let him deliver him if he will have him." The contrast between this swelling sea of angry mocking sound and the grand chorus (after a short recitative descriptive of the death of the Messiah) was something extraordinary—a sudden and total change in the part sustained by the chorus, one that was full of meaning. The finale of this chorus was very grand. The proclamation of the Divinity of the Risen Christ, and the Exultant Chorus (by which the angels are supposed to take note of the labours of the Apostles), was followed by the sweet and solemn air, "How beautiful," which was rendered very gracefully by Mrs. Jackson. The opposition of Evil to Good, and the ultimate triumph of the latter, was then presented to the audience in Handel's music; the second part ending with the far-famed "Hallelujah Chorus." It is not too much to say that this masterpiece has never been so gloriously realised in this country before. The great air, "I know that my Redeemer liveth," was sung by Miss James, but not with her usual ability. The last triumphs of the Messiah were then shadowed forth in recitative and song; the grand chorus to "The Lamb that was slain," ending this noble representation of the "Messiah." The Duke of Edinburgh was present. Her ladyship the Countess of Belmore and Lady Stephen were also present. The attendance was much larger than the day before amounting probably to more than four thousand persons.

At the oratorio this evening the prices will be reduced to 3s. for the reserved seats, to 2s. for the gallery, and to 1s. for the promenade. In our notice of the "Creation" yesterday we inadvertently inserted the name of Mrs. St. John Adcock as one of the vocalists on Thursday night. It should have been Madame Flora Harris, who sang again yesterday evening with much acceptation and approval. We are informed that the former lady (Mrs. Adcock) is still suffering from indisposition, which has caused her unavoidable absence.

LORD DERBY ON THE POSITION OF ENGLAND.—At the annual dinner of the Royal North Lancashire Agricultural Society at Blackpool, the Earl of Derby, who presided, in proposing "The Army, Navy, and Reserve Forces," said—"We knew there was not a party in this country that would not scout the idea of a merely aggressive war, and we had hitherto believed that the feeling was the same all over Europe, but we were mistaken. Men asked what England was to do. He would say what she ought not to do; she ought not to run mad because her neighbours had done so, nor ought she to reduce her army and navy too much. Circumstances might arise that would compel us to take part in the present struggle, but the chances were a thousand to one against it. Neither of the combatants under any circumstances was likely to bring another enemy into the field. With regard to our resources he believed that in point of naval power we had never been so strong or nearly so strong as at present. Our fleet was equal to that of any two other powers, and our army though small was the best in existence."

MERCANTILE AND MONEY ARTICLE.

FRIDAY EVENING.

THE Customs revenue received to-day was as follows:—

	£	s.	d.
Brandy	£235	0	0
Gin	99	19	5
Whisky	27	13	5
Rum	202	0	0
Wine	34	12	0
Ale, porter, and beer (in wood)	66	5	0
——— (in bottle)	19	0	0
Tobacco and snuff	162	6	0
Cigars	14	16	3
Tea	26	10	0
Coffee and chicory	106	6	2
Sugar (unrefined)	126	0	0
Dried fruits	391	14	7
Hops	54	8	6
Malt	30	0	0
Rice	20	0	0
Opium	77	5	0
Pilotage	44	10	0
Ad valorem	1606	19	7
Total	£3313	16	11

The Eliza Firth, with 164,565 lbs. of tea, the first direct shipment of the new crop, came in this morning, and was followed by the Jan Peter with 345,727 lbs. The Cape Clear, from Liverpool, also arrived to-day, bringing a general cargo valued at £14,300. A ship, supposed to be the Duke of Sutherland, from London, was off the Heads at sundown.

The Southern escorts have brought down the following quantities of gold:—Braidwood, 639 oz, 17 dwts. 12 grs.; Araluen, 180 oz. 16 dwts. 2 grs.; Young, 413 oz. 11 dwts. 13 grs.; Adelong, 979 oz. 15 dwts. 11 grs.; Tumberumba, 106 oz.; Gundagai, 692 oz. 3 dwts. 21 grs.; Kiandra, 160 oz. 18 dwts. 10 grs. Total, 3173 oz, 7 dwts. 21 grs.

During the week ending to-day, 5394 oz. of gold were received for coinage at the Sydney Mint.

At the weekly produce sales held to-day scarcely any shipping parcels of tallow were offered. There was a fair supply of other descriptions, and the town trade operated freely at a slight decline on last week's quotations. Hides sold readily at extreme rates. There was an improved demand for leather. Nearly all offered found buyers at current prices. Annexed are particulars of sales:—

By Messrs. Harrison, Jones, and Devlin: 234 hides at 18s. 6d. to 20s. 3d., 163 at 15s. to 17s. 6d., 77 at 11s. 3d. to 14s. 3d., horse hides at 4s. 9d., calfskins at 2s. 4d. to 3s. 10d., yearlings at 6s. 9d. to 8s., horse hides at 4s. 6d. to 4s. 9d.; horns, 10s. 6d. to 11s. 9d.; ADs, 8 casks beef tallow at £34 5s., 1 at £32, 5 at £30 15s.; R, 8 mixed at £34 17s. 6d.; H in diamond, 9 at £34; B&M, 16 mutton at £34 17s. 6d., 12 beef at £33 12s. 6d.; JDs, 7 at £33 17s. 6d., 1 at £34 10s., 3 at £33 15s., 3 at £33 5s., 3 at £33, 1 at £31 10s., 4 at £31 5s., 2 at £31, 2 at £30 15s., 3 at £30 10s., 3 at £30 5s., 2 at £30, 4 at £29 10s., 3 mutton at £36 15s.

By Messrs. Irwin and Co.: Sole leather at 8d. to 10½d.; damaged ditto at 6½d.; tweed at 1s. 8d.; kip, 1s. 3½d. to 3s.; yearling, 1s. 9d.; calf, 2s. 11½d.; cordovan, 2s.; kangaroo, 3s. 8½d.; kid ditto, 9s. to 16s. per dozen; wallaby, 9s. 6d.; basils, 8s. to 12s.; roans, 24s.; 86 hides at 15s. to 19s. 3d.; horse oil, 2s.

By Messrs. Mort and Co.: Sole leather at 7¾d. to 8¾d., tweed at 1s. 0¼d., cordovan at 1s. 7¾d, harness at 1s. 0¼d., 214 hides at 19s. to 23s. 6d., 183 at 15s. to 18s., 202 at 9s. to 14s. 9d., yearlings at 4s. 3d., calfskins at 3s., horsehides at 2s. 9d. hair at 1s. 2d., horns at 9s. 9d. to 18s. 3d., shankbones at 7s. 6d. to 10s.; D, 40 casks tallow at £34 10s.; P in circle, 10 at £34; G, 18 mutton at £37; IM, 4 beef at £34 10s., 4 at £33, 7 at £35, 4 at £34, 1 at £31, 2 at £30 5s., 2 at £29 5s., 10 casks cocoanut oil at £30.

By Mr. Turner: 217 hides at 15s. to 18s., 50 at 14s. 9d., 10 at 6s. 9d. to 11s.; yearlings at 6s.; calfskins, 2s. 8d.; kangaroo, 9d.; horse hides, 5s. to 6s.; cow hair, 4½d.; horse, 11½d. to 1s. 0½d.; horns, 8s.; shankbones, £8 5s.; W, 9 casks tallow at £31 10s.; H, 6 at £32; J, 8 at £30 15s.; CJ, 5 at £30; GA, 5 at £30 to £32 10s., 1 at £32 10s., 3 at £32, 1 at £31 15s.; 2 at £31 10s., 2 at £30 10s., 7 at £30; sole leather at 8d. to 9½d.; kip, 1s. 5½d. to 1s. 7¾d.; horse, 1s. 1d.; kangaroo, 1s. 11½d.; bag, 12s. 8d. to 13s. 1d.

Messrs. Richardson and Wrench report the following sales of landed property:—3 houses, at the junction of Kensington and Junction streets, £780—Mr. T. Conley, purchaser; 2 allotments of land, 65 feet frontage to West-street, Darlinghurst, £195, or £3 per foot; 1267 acres land, county of Macquarie, £126 15s.—Mr. P. H. Henderson, purchaser; 2560 acres, Lewis's grant, Dawson River, Manning District, £650—Mr. H. Flett, purchaser; 40 acres of land, Lane Cove, £100.

We have Lyttelton papers to the 24th ultimo. The *Times* of that date reports:—

The demand for general goods during the week has been very light, and the trade still continues to operate for bare wants. There has been a good demand for sugars, when we take into consideration the recent shipment that was placed in this market. IC sugars are readily quitted at £51 to £51 10s; crushed loaf moves off in fair sized lines at £56 10s to £57; stocks of brewers' crystals are low and sell freely at £46 10s to £47. Yellow counter and ration are commanding more attention at quotations ranging from £39 to £41. Teas move off more slowly, but if anything, an improved tone is taking place. Cornsacks are commanding more notice, and the advance noted in last week's report is well sustained. Woolpacks will this season sell more freely and at higher rates than they have formerly. Hennessy's and Martell's bulk is salable at 8s 3d to 8s 6d, and for case 33s is demanded. Geneva has advanced but slightly. There has been a considerable amount of activity displayed in the grain market during the week. Good dry parcels of wheat are very salable at 4s 8d to 4s 9d, at which figures several large sales have transpired. It is reported that sales have been made at 5s. There is a good inquiry for the North, and as stocks of this cereal are getting into fewer hands, a further advance will, in all probability, take place. The millers have advanced the price of flour to £12, but at this figure few sales have resulted beyond those for present local requirements. Oats.—Holders are very firm at 2s 7d to 2s 8d for potato oats, and in several instances this has been given for immediate shipment, but generally purchasers have taken a stand at 2s 5d to 2s 6d. A few unimportant sales of barley have been made at nominal quotations. In provisions, the demand has been far from active, and butter is getting somewhat in excess of consumption at 7½d to 7¾d. Cheese continues to realise 6½d to 6¾d for export. Bacon and hams are not quite so much in request at 7¾d to 8½d.

The *Argus* of Monday reports of the Melbourne markets:—

Little of any consequence in the import markets has transpired this forenoon. Breadstuffs are very steady, but business is confined to the disposal of trade parcels for the supply of requirements, at £12 5s to £13 10s for flour, best brands. Wheat maintains a steady quotation; anything which comes forward meets with a ready sale, the extreme figure of 6s 2d to 6s 3d being reported to have been got to-day. Oats find buyers at 3s 6d to 3s 8d, but there is only a very moderate business doing. Sales, however, are mentioned at 3s 7d. Maize is selling very freely at 4s, a very considerable demand being experienced at the price. In dried fruits, currants continue to meet with a very active inquiry at 6d for parcels and 6½d for small lots, at which sales are reported. Cements are dealt in to a moderate extent, but the prices realised show little alteration. Portland commands 15s 6d to 16s for White's, and other brands at 14s 6d to 15s. We hear of a shipment having changed hands at fully up to our quotations. A consignment of American plaster offered at auction, but withdrawn, was sold privately afterwards at a concession on quoted rates of 13s 6d to 14s. Reports regarding the value of cornsacks are a little conflicting, for while some report the value at 12s in bond, others are offering at 12s duty paid, or the equivalent of 11s 6d in bond, without being responded to by purchasers. For candles 10¾d is asked, but the market is not by any means strong, and if sales were pushed, our quotations could not be got. Amongst the arrivals reported to-day, we observe the Isabella Brown, from Foo Chow. This is now the fifth cargo of new season teas which has come forward. The clearances of gold effected at the Customs during the past week amounted to 4854 oz. The total quantity exported since the beginning of the year has been 1,136,578 oz. of which 191,389 oz. were transhipments from New Zealand. The total exports during the corresponding period of last year amounted to 1,258,802 oz., of which 175,128 oz. were the produce of New Zealand gold-fields.

ABSTRACT OF SALES BY AUCTION THIS DAY.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 o'clock, Horses, Vehicles, Harness, Saddlery, &c.

H. D. COCKBURN.—At 511, Brickfield-hill, at 11, Iron Bedsteads, Tinware, Plant, Colours, &c.; at George-street, near Buckland-street, Waterloo, at 2, Interest of Lease, Milch Cows, Milk Cans, &c.

A. MOORE AND CO.—At their Mart, at 11, Tweeds, Drapery, Clothing, Watches, Jewellery, &c.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, AND LAMB.—At their Rooms, at 11, Furniture, Pianoforte, Rouen Ducks, Thrushes, &c.; at Campbell's Wharf, at 11, Salvage Goods.

J. B. NORTH AND CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Iron Safe, Furniture, Jewellery, Fancy Goods, &c.

UNIVERSITY CRICKET CLUB.

The half-yearly general meeting of this club was held, at Tattersall's, on Wednesday evening last, Mr. G. H. Fitzhardinge in the chair. The room was crowded with members.

The CHAIRMAN in a few preliminary remarks stated the object of the meeting, and called upon the secretary to read the report of the committee.

The HONORARY SECRETARY (Mr. R. Teece) then read the following report and the letter referred to therein :—

The committee of the University Cricket Club, in presenting their usual half-yearly report, have much pleasure in congratulating the members upon the continued progress of the club, as evidenced by its satisfactory financial condition, and the increased number of members on its books.

The defeat of this colony in the last intercolonial contest had a depressing effect upon cricketing interests, whilst the almost incessant rain during the months of March and April prevented this club from carrying out many of its engagements. The number of matches played was, therefore, less than during any previous season.

The badges for the best averages during the past season have been awarded as under :—First eleven : batting, R. Teece ; bowling, T. Iceton. Second eleven : batting, J. Montague ; bowling, J. J. Teece.

Your committee have to inform you that during the recess their attention and energies have been directed towards consulting the convenience and interests of the members by improving and embellishing the University Oval. A new pavilion has been erected on the ground, to which has also been added a residence for a curator, who has been duly appointed.

Your committee trust that the efforts thus made for the purpose of fostering the interests of the club will be accompanied by a corresponding desire on the part of the members to ensure its continued progress, and to enhance its position in the cricket field.

Your committee desire to take this opportunity of acknowledging their obligations and returning their sincere thanks to Mr. J. Yeomans, who, in the kindest manner, supervised the erection of the pavilion, and under whose care the improvements on the ground have been carried out.

Your committee regret to have to announce the departure from the colony of several very useful and effective members ; but still feel confident that the club possesses the elements of security and strength, and that the members now on its books are fully capable of upholding its prestige in the field.

Your committee have to inform you that the club is now entitled to be represented in the N. S. W. Cricket Association by two delegates, and recommend the election of Mr. Allan Yeomans to act in conjunction with Mr. R. Teece, the present delegate.

Your committee view with regret the feud at present existing between two of the leading clubs in Sydney, and, actuated by a desire to remove all obstacles to the production of that harmony and goodwill without which cricket can never flourish, purpose, with your permission, to make an effort to re-establish amicable relations between the disputants, and to bring about a meeting on the broad field of friendly rivalry. With this end in view, a letter has been prepared for transmission to the committees of the Albert and Warwick Cricket Clubs, which it is hoped will be productive of beneficial results.

Your committee beg to draw your attention to the subject of the inter-University contests between the Universities of Sydney and Melbourne, referred to in their annual report presented to you on the 14th March, 1870. Since that time negotiations have been carried on with our Victorian neighbours, and the preliminary arrangements have been satisfactorily completed. Your committee anticipate no difficulty in procuring a powerful eleven for the cricket match, and now ask for your authority for a final settlement of the arrangements, suggesting as the dates best suited for the event, Monday, Tuesday, and Wednesday, the 26th, 27th, and 28th December. In order to heighten the interest in this scheme, your committee propose to supplement the cricket match by a four-oared boat race. A crew has accordingly been organised for the purpose, and the articles and conditions to which the race shall be subject have been finally determined. Your committee cannot too earnestly impress upon you the importance of this undertaking, and invite your cordial co-operation and assistance in maintaining a scheme having for its objects the material improvement of our club, and the general advancement of the cause of cricket.

The letter referred to, a copy of which has been forwarded to the committees of the Albert and Warwick Clubs, was as follows :—

The committee of the University Cricket Club view with extreme regret the dispute at present existing between the Albert and Warwick Cricket Clubs, which has led to the cessation of matches between them, and the estrangement of their respective members; and, having regard to the great depression in the game which must be naturally consequent upon the alienation of two such formidable clubs, desire, if possible, to bring about a re-establishment of amicable relations, and a recurrence of those matches which have always been fraught with so much interest to the cricketing community of Sydney.

They therefore suggest that the matter in dispute should be referred by both clubs to them, giving them full power to investigate all questions relating thereto, and to come to a decision on the merits of the case, to which both sides shall conform: they, on their part, pledging themselves to furnish a full report of their proceedings, together with the reasons for their adjudication.

The committee of the University Cricket Club in making this suggestion desire to state that none of their members belong to either of the Albert or Warwick Clubs, and that they have no motive in view other than a genuine and disinterested regard for the general welfare of the cause of cricket.

The report, together with the recommendations contained therein, was adopted, on the motion of Mr. FAITHFULL, seconded by Mr. T. ICETON.

A discussion on the proposed contests with Melbourne took place, and it was decided to leave the choice of players, and the settlement of all arrangements connected therewith, to the general committee.

The SECRETARY intimated that the University Oval would be opened for the season on Saturday next with a scratch match among the members.

The meeting terminated with votes of thanks to the Chairman and to Mr. O'Brien for the use of his room.

RAMBLES IN CHINA AND JAPAN.

I.

[FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.]

HAKODATE, JAPAN, JUNE 27.

It is now just two years since my last letter to the *Herald*, and during that time I have been voyaging all round Japan, thence to the coast of China for some time ; once as far westward as Calcutta, and finally back to Japan again. Could I give the details in a letter like this of these wanderings, they might possibly form an interesting chapter or two in a book of travels, but other work has been so pressing that I had little leisure to weld into literary shape the material passing before my eyes. I therefore can only give a very slight sketch of the countries and nations I have seen. At present I am one of three Europeans superintending the management of a large Japanese steamer, for that impracticable and self-conceited people has at last consented to the employment of a few foreigners on its ships, having suffered greatly by reckless ignorance on the part of its own officers and crews. I shall speak more at length on this subject towards the end of my communication, but for the present will turn to my experiences of the neighbouring empire—China.

Crossing over from here I landed for the first time in the flowery land in December, 1868, when there were no flowers but plenty of frost. Shanghai—my port of arrival—I had long heard noted as a bitterly cold spot when the north-west winds of winter blow directly down from Siberia, but for a low-lying place in the latitude of only 31° North to have such a rigorous climate as I found it was utterly beyond my conception. During Christmas week so intense was the cold that the water standing all night in our bedrooms was frozen solid by morning, notwithstanding the neighbourhood of a fire. The ships in harbour could hardly venture to send men aloft even at mid-day for fear of frost-bite, and whole crews of Malays were put in hospital frozen and helpless. The town of Shanghae stands on a small tributary of the mighty Yang-tse-Kiang river, the greatest river of Europe, Asia, or Africa, and said by some to be the longest in the whole world. Taking into consideration the vastness of its course, rising as it actually does, but scarcely known where, in the extreme north-west, rolling its increasing body of waters through many wealthy provinces, every one with the population of an empire, and bearing on its bosom an incalculable traffic, it is the greatest river of any. At present the limits of foreign trade reach only as far as Hankow, a city 400 miles from Shanghae, and daily steamers of 1000 and 2000 tons are run by two rival companies, one managed by an English, and the other by an American firm ; but the proprietary is largely in both cases Chinese. These vessels are all propelled by paddles, and look huge affairs for a river trade ; but the Yang-tse is a huge affair also, and his current running down after the melting snow is no trifle to contend with. Immense cargoes are daily carried by these ships to Kinkiang and Hankow, and also back again to Shanghae, for there is an endless crossing and recrossing of all kinds of goods in such an industrious country.

Putting foreign imports aside, and also what to strangers is considered the great staple—tea—the internal and coasting carriage is unbounded in China. I have seen ship-load after ship-load carried between Hongkong and Shanghae, and not a foreign article amongst all. And it is the same along all the immense coastline ; whilst in the interior the whole land is so intersected by a network of canals and natural rivers, as to afford the easiest conveyances to immense distances imaginable. A favourite amusement with foreigners about Shanghae during the Christmas holidays is to charter a native boat, and go up far inland—as far as they like almost—for a week's shooting. Pleasure parties, however, must have an eye to river pirates.

To a stranger the European town of Shanghae has a very imposing appearance from the river. The houses fronting it seem all palaces, and in many, indeed most of them, fortunes worthy of any palace have been lost and won ; for these buildings are mostly inhabited by representatives of the principal mercantile houses of the East. A commercial firm in China or Japan boards and lodges its employés in the establishment where its business is done. The head of the house may have a separate dwelling-place, but frequently not, and apartments are told off for him down to the lowest clerk. Then there is a senior and a junior mess, which often was conducted on a scale, as the saying is, like what you read about, and which in the case of several defunct firms made their creditors bitterly wroth when they came to read about it. Indeed, during what was called the Shanghae "good time," for it had one something like Australia, it was reported that unbounded luxury, ending in luxurious riot, was the daily habits of some of these mess tables. This line of buildings, overlooking a magnificent bund or quay, and sweeping with it for about a mile and a half along the river bank, gives the town, as I said, an excellent first appearance to a new-comer. But the back parts degenerate sadly into many narrow, crooked streets and low ill-looking Chinese tenements. There is also the old Chinese walled city of Shanghae close by, and, partly hidden from the river by the European town and its own suburbs. I was once through it partially—the streets are narrow, full of shops overflowing with people, and to a foreign eye and nose presenting an endless sameness of filth and bad smells.

The character of the foreign population of Shanghae is something like that of the people of Melbourne. Of course I make no comparison as regards magnitude but there is the same avidity for enterprise and energy in its pursuit and pride of wealth which has distinguished the great city of the South. But Melbourne is a distinct sample of a British plant grown in a favourable climate where it has fresher air and more liberty to expand. Shanghae is a graft of all nations, principally Americans and English, but with a strong tincture of German. The city was divided into three concessions—the French, British, and American—but the last soon handed over their share to the British authorities and police. So John Bull here makes a great show, and pays a great price as usual, whilst his friend and brother Jonathan, like the monkey in the fable, eats the oyster, and leaves the shells to any that may fancy them. The French concession and bund is a handsome portion of the town, but, except the name, a fine consular building, and a few military-looking policemen armed with swords, and quite a different animal from our respectable and conventional A1 "peeler," there is nothing French about it. Indeed, to an observer it is amazing how little of France is seen in the East, notwithstanding her vast power and vitality. The Latin race and the languages it now speaks do not seem to thrive beside the Saxon. Of a thousand Chinamen who have associated with foreigners, you may find a few able to master some words of French ; and about Macao, where Portugal has so long held disputed ground, Spanish-Portuguese is necessarily a little known. But of ten thousand of the same people taken indiscriminately along the coast of China, where foreign settlements are everyone will be able to speak more or less English. The "victories and conquests" of our tongue in Asia is not the least remarkable evidence of the growth slow and sure of that wonderful mixed breed, named after—but whether correctly or not, is a matter for philosophical research—the bands of ferocious warriors who first came with Hengist and Horsa from the shores of the Baltic to the pleasant isle of Britain.

In Shanghae there is a municipal government of foreigners to overlook the well-being of the settlement, and a "mixed court," as it is termed, where foreign magistrates and Chinese officials preside together for the trial of minor offences ; whilst the British at least have a chief justice, whose authority reaches to the subjects of the empire in Japan. The famous epithet of the Duke of Somerset, who last year in the House of Lords called it a "sink of iniquity," and thereby drew from Shanghae anything but a reverent estimate of his Grace's judgment or a meek desire to kiss the ducal rod, convinced men who knew the place and the world at large that the noble duke was talking about something of which he knew nothing. For Shanghae at present is as well-conducted and law-abiding a town as any in Asia. Perhaps not so quiet as a genteel English village, nor so holy as a "douce" Scotch country town ; but with all my Australian bias I have seen more rowdyism in Sydney or Melbourne than there ; and my remembrance of Calcutta and Bombay, especially on Sundays, put these great cities in anything but a favourable light when compared with Shanghae. The above hasty accusation from such a source caused a good deal of ludicrous comment and comparison as to average criminality between Hongkong and "the sink of iniquity." The former being chosen as rather a pet offspring of the British Government, did not, however, show altogether a clean bill of health.

The steam communication from Europe with China is very great. Besides the two mail lines from the westward—the P. and O. Company and the French Messageries Imperiale—the ships of the American Pacific Mail Company come from the eastward, after touching at Japan. There is also a monthly line of ocean steamers from Liverpool round the Cape of Good Hope, and touching at Mauritius and Singapore. These two latter ships have been very successful, they carry great cargoes, and make good passages at a low consumption of fuel. They give a guarantee to take tea home in a certain time under forfeit of so much freight for every day in excess. The majority of the sailing clippers go to Shanghae with their outward cargoes, and then after a coasting voyage or a trip to Japan, the greater part sail with the new teas from Foo Chow. For King Tea of late years has shifted his head-quarters to that city, it being easier of access to the first crop at an earlier period of the season than Shanghae. Still the latter place during the rest of the year, by means of the Yang Tsze has the produce of the immense back regions poured into it. A few clipper ships have sailed and towed up the Yang Tsze to load, but the plan does not seem to meet with favour even in the case of ocean steamers.

The navigation of the coast between Shanghae and Hongkong requires much care and vigilance, not only from the great number of rocks and islands which fringe its edge at a distance from one or two to twenty miles, but also from the dreadful typhoons, to which at certain seasons, all parts of it are liable. The north-east monsoon also for six months of the year, from October till April blows at times with great violence, and raises, especially in the Formosa Channel, a most dangerous sea. When crossing from Hongkong to Japan last November, in the late Australian steamship Otago, we had a narrow escape from foundering in this same spot. The ship was very deeply laden with rice and sugar, besides having coals on deck. The monsoon had come down in perfect fury, and the sea, from the comparative shoal water of the Formosa banks, was troubled and breaking like a tide-rip. Great quantities of water came on deck, and the whole of the ship's starboard side was buried continually. So bad did it become, that Captain Stuart at length determined to heave to, under canvas above, and stop the engines without disconnecting the fan. This was done, and succeeded admirably, thereby in all human probability saving our lives, for it was doubtful if the ship would otherwise have lived till morning.

Both in Shanghae and Hongkong there is now every facility for repairing ships and performing engineering work, but more especially in the latter place, where everything can be done at a lower rate. The Chinese constitute the great mass of the workmen, and it is wonderful how they have adapted themselves to our trades. As boiler-makers, carpenters, riggers, painters, stevedores, and so forth, they excel all Asia. Also as domestic servants compradores, or agents, of minor business of all kinds, such as supplying ships, travelling in coasting steamers, to look after and be responsible for the cargo, their services are invaluable. Every mercantile house has a compradore, many of whom are very wealthy men, and much trusted. Like the Jew, it is in dealing with and amongst money that the Chinaman finds his true vocation ; there his genius shines out unrivalled. There is something amusing, as well as amazing, in his knowledge of coin. The Mexican dollar is the common medium of exchange, and give a Chinaman a thousand, though in a hurry, he will ring every one before leaving the place. Corruption as to bad money is so widely spread, and Chinese roguery so barefaced, that every bank, firm, or office which has cash transactions has its shroff or money-tester. Our smartest bank clerks could hardly compete with these men in handling coin. Their long bird-like fingers, tipped with nails half an inch in length, to show their gentility, pick up and tinkle the dollars with astonishing rapidity. A simple ring of the piece tells their practised ears whether it is good No. 1, or so-so No. 2, or worse, or utterly bad. Their calculations also are quick, correct, and made to the minutest fraction ; by means of that—to European eyes—mysterious instrument, called the "soroban," anglicized to "counter-board," but more properly the "abacus." The Chinese who associate themselves with foreigners in the occupations of the latter, are, for the most part, as yet Cantonmen, that is, from the province of Quang-tung. They are a haughty and impertinent race the swells of China, and hold the other inhabitants of the Empire in much contempt. These Canton men are more especially proud of their connection and ability to do business with the foreigners, and are perhaps the only aristocracy in the world who consider service and business an honour. But business, or "pidgin," which is only another name for dollars, is the Chinaman's god. All the gods of his country, from Confucius downwards, has not the effect on his mind which that one has; and no man seems so irreverent or so unconsciously immoral as he is, considering his intelligence. The Japanese language has no word signifying "righteousness," as we understand it; and it seems as though the Chinese mind had no idea of the same quality. The worst kind of infidelity—that which scoffs at the superstitions of idolatry without seeking a more truthful creed—is rampant among the Chinese, who are connected with foreigners. And in the whole world there is hardly such a constant show of idolatrous observances, as in China. There are feasts, new moons, full moons, holydays, burning incense and crackers, beating gongs, and all kinds of chin-chinning Joss; but there is so slight an evidence of the religion of the heart that it may be held to be wanting altogether.

I was several times with the ship at Canton, where a few steamers, but no sailing ships go. The bulk of foreign vessels lie at Whampoa, twelve miles below. Canton is about seventy-five miles from Hongkong up the Chu-kiang, a fine river flowing through a fine country. There are large fast steamers of the American river-boat class, running daily between the two places, and much trade is done, but nothing equal to the immense traffic on the Yang-tse. Canton is a vast manufacturing and exporting city, both through China itself, to Singapore and Hindostan, as well as Europe; and its articles have an endless variety—umbrellas in any quantity to Singapore, bangles for the legs and arms of dancing girls to Hindostan; fire crackers all over China, sugar, chow-chow, zapan wood, dried lilies, silk piece goods as valuable as specie, ivory-work and cabinet-work. There is a small foreign settlement at Canton, but in size not at all equal to Hongkong or Shanghae. Only a few well-built houses, a very nice bund and handsome little church comprise the whole. One strange thing to the new comer is the immense floating population who live in their sampans. Those boats which attend upon ships are entirely managed by women, who from the exercise of sculling, acquire lithe handsome figures, and are very skilful indeed in the handling of their craft. The Chinese women are the most favourable specimen of the sex in Eastern Asia, and the women of Canton the best of China. They are mostly well-looking, with specially good teeth, and nicely dressed hair, dandified, humourous, and intent to please. The national dress of wide trousers and overall jacket is still universally worn, except in very rare cases; but those, who from their infancy being intended for the society of foreigners, have not had their feet crushed, wear our boots and shoes, stockings, and kid gloves. Of their morality I can say nothing, for the want of it is notorious. Yet, as they fulfil the outward duties of the society they were born in, and virtue not being one of these, they neither feel shame nor are held as shameful. Most of such girls are sold in early youth by their own parents, too poor to bring them up, to people who can, and afterwards repay themselves by the life of the victim. It is a horrible practice, and common also in Japan; yet we ourselves have a few habits that I would hardly care to see a Chinese version of.

Very little of Canton proper, if indeed anything, can be seen from the river, for the Chinese genius is not architectural, nor cares to exhibit itself in lofty or graceful buildings except a pagoda here and there; and, by-the-way, the pawn-shops are tall singular-looking structures of many stories, for what reason I know not, except it be as an advertisement. The mysteries of this latter science are understood by this people, and, it may be supposed, with an originality which is natural to the Mongolian mind when it wishes to induce the world to think with it. The streets of Canton are very narrow and swarming with people. The city itself is walled, but surrounded with huge suburbs, that seem as busy as a beehive. Like European towns in the middle ages, every street appears set apart for a particular trade.

But one very noticeable feature in a Chinese town is the absence of noise from beasts of burden. The wheel of the dray is not heard in the land. The Coolie is the beast of burden. In Canton, the want of any width in the streets and the crowds would render carriage-traffic impossible. But in Shanghai also, where large ships and steamers are loaded, discharged, or coaled alongside the wharfs, the only means employed are endless strings of coolies and their shoulder-poles; and this not only a few steps but when the distances are considerable. The weight, when great, is slung between two men, and when light enough for one to each end of his pole. The stream of carriers flows from morning till night, and all night if necessary, in unbroken continuance, and, so far as I know, can be compared only to a tribe of ants at work. No nation but with a population like China could do this. The supply of human labour is so enormous that nothing can compete with it,—hardly even steam. I have known a Hankow steamer have a couple of thousand tons put into her considerably within the twenty-four hours; and this can be done at any time it is required.

The harbour of Hongkong is fine, but the island is reported to be generally unhealthy, caused, it is said, by the large quantities of rotting sandstone about it. The town of Victoria has a pretty appearance from the water. Built on the slope of a hill, it is almost entirely visible from the shipping, and the white houses throw a lively contrast against the dark-green background. It would be a pleasant enough place to live in but for the excessive summer heat, which, in Shanghai, notwithstanding its Siberian winter, is equally the fault of the opposite season. Hongkong, also, is frequently visited by typhoons coming from seaward; but, strange to say, Canton, though lying in what might be thought their general course—that is to the N.W.—rarely suffers. The head-quarters of the British fleet in these waters are at Hongkong, and it generally has a European and Sikh regiment stationed in it. This place swarms with steamers, and mostly of large tonnage. Three of the ships of the Pacific Mail Company are between four and five thousand tons, the ocean ships of the French Messageries Imperial between two and three, whilst most of the Peninsular and Oriental are over one. All the ships of the two ocean lines from Liverpool—Holt's, and the Diamond line—not before mentioned, are more than a thousand tons, as well as the opium steamers of Messrs. Jardine, Matheson, and Co., and Apcar and Co., who have now the carriage of opium between them.

Our voyage to Calcutta was on account of the former firm, but it was a very unpleasant one, being made at the most unfavourable time, or when the sun was directly overhead. I have very little to say of the "City of Palaces," and think its glory has departed. At least it seemed so to me after an absence of eleven years. Then, the mutiny was just being overpowered, and the capital of Bengal was overjoyed. Her magnificent esplanade was crowded with beauty and fashion, amongst whose equipages, not the least conspicuous were those of the pensioned descendants of dethroned sultans, rajahs, and nabobs. Her streets were crowded with jolly sailors and victorious soldiers, and bands of disarmed sepoys looked on in humble submission, with only ramrods in their hands. Then, all seemed alive in the sunlight; now, all looked dead and wan. But, perhaps, it was only my fancy, or that many of those who were able had betaken themselves to the hills to escape the fierce intolerable heat—a trip they could not venture on when the furious mutineer was abroad, and had sworn to extinguish the British name. Still, I think, since John Company lost the sway, and John Bull paid the wages, there is not the money made and spent that once was in Calcutta. Fortunes do not now-a-days reach such princely dimensions, and people have sobered down from Oriental magnificence to Western quiet.

ROYAL SOCIETY OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

The adjourned meeting of the Royal Society was held on Wednesday evening, at the Exchange Rooms, Professor Smith in the chair; and present also Dr. Bedford, Dr. Thomson, and Messrs. Moore, Bell, Watt, Morell, Garran, Bell, and Lucas.

MINUTES.

The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

NEW MEMBERS.

The members proposed at the last meeting, viz. :—Rev. Thomas Horton, and Messrs. C. E. Faithfull, Mr. Tunks, and Mr. Wallis were balloted for and elected.

Mr. H. A. Thompson, proposed by the Rev. W. B. Clarke, seconded by Professor Watt, was also elected a member of the society.

DONATIONS TO THE SOCIETY.

The CHAIRMAN announced that since the last meeting the following donations had been received from the Registrar-General of Victoria :—"Abstract and Specifications of Patents applied for between the years 1854 and 1866," and "Astronomical Results from the Melbourne Observatory."

WATER SUPPLY.

The debate upon Mr. Bell's paper on the Sydney water supply was resumed.

Mr. MORELL said he regretted that Mr. Bennet was prevented by serious indisposition from attending the meeting that evening, but although he (Mr. Morell) did not wish to say anything himself, he had no doubt the subject was not yet exhausted.

Mr. MAYES said that as Mr. Bennet was unfortunately unable to attend the meeting he would place before the meeting a few remarks he (Mr. Mayes) had prepared upon our present supply:—Taking the most favourable view of the present water supply, it would not be safe to longer delay the commencement of a more permanent source of supply; even while the necessary works were in progress for a permanent supply we might be overtaken by a drought, as we were about six months ago, when we had only three weeks' supply on hand; but were relieved by a timely rainfall. Unless we are put upon short allowance on the least intimation of a drought it is necessary that further storage should be forthwith provided for on the Botany watershed as being the only ready means of increasing to a small extent our present supply. It unfortunately happens that when the demand is at its maximum in the summer the supply is at its minimum. It is not surprising that fifty gallons per head per day is consumed, or rather wasted in street-watering, baths, &c., during the summer here. In Melbourne the daily consumption and waste has reached double that quantity, or 100 gallons per day; and unless water meters were to become even more common than gas meters, instead of saving we should soon rival our Melbourne neighbours in consuming water, for I believe that much opposition would be met with if undue restriction were placed upon the consumption of water in hot weather. We have already experienced the direful effects of a scarcity of water in the destruction of our soft goods, fancy goods, edibles, &c., and more than one indignation meeting has been the result; we have also seen our warehouses burning and the destruction of our staple produce on the very eve of shipment, while the keys of our water supply were retained by the civic authorities conserving the water. I know of only one parallel to this, viz.,—"Nero playing on the fiddle while Rome was burning." I cannot help thinking that the people of Sydney are a most enduring, long-suffering people, while the authorities, ever near to watch over their interests, will of course be careful not to tread on the tails of the Sydney lions by subjecting them to the ordeal of a protracted drought with our present meagre supply, barely sufficient for a wet year. Much has been said about the waste by evaporation during the debates on our water supply, but it must be apparent to every engineer who has studied this branch of hydraulic engineering, that no fair or exact test has ever presented itself to their view. Before any definite results can be obtained, it will not only be necessary to construct a watertight reservoir, whose bed and sides shall be impervious, but also to intercept all surface drainage by a similar watertight channel, surrounding the margin of the reservoir with a water meter at the inlet. If such an exceptional reservoir should ever be made, although it would dispel the greatest cause of difference arising from the geological discrepancies in the site of reserves; still, it would not meet variations of latitude or altitude or prevailing winds, or the adjoining physical features of the country, or the amount of vegetation on their surface. I must confess that after studying this with kindred subjects for the last twenty-five years, I find it to be one of the most inexact or uncertain features in engineering. It is very rarely of so much importance as to interfere with the results of any scheme for water supply, and because the soakage has a neutralising tendency even in the most unfavourable cases. As to the available rainfall of the Botany watershed, it is the largest I have ever met with or heard of, and what is more important the results—as given by Mr. Bell—appear to me to be more definitely defined and therefore more truthful than any other known source of water supply. I do not know how it could be made more reliable, unless the water passing through Busby's bore were to pass through a water meter constructed expressly for this purpose. The gaugings and calculations made of the water passing over the waste board at Botany appear from the Commissioners' report to be in every way reliable, and although 83 per cent. is certainly a very high per centage, it is borne out by evidence deduced by Mr. Bell to be practically correct as a maximum result, the minimum would probably be at least 66 per cent. throughout the most unfavourable year we have experienced. In comparing these results with well-known instances such as may be found in Mr. Beardmore's valuable work, &c., it would be manifestly unfair to consider the Botany watershed as merely one of average capabilities, because we have the most indubitable evidence that it at least ranks among the highest, and probably is the highest in this respect of any known source of supply, inasmuch as it is a model watershed, and, as Dr. Garran calls it, "almost a little miracle in its way." The following cases are given by Samuel Hughes, C.E., F.G.S., from Beardmore's valuable work, &c., of the percentage of rainfall which flows off the surface, as compared with the registered rainfall per annum:—Bann reservoirs (moor land), 66 per cent.; Greenock reservoirs (flat moor), 68 per cent.; Belmont (moor land), four years, average from 1843 to 1846, 72 per cent.; Rivington Pike, from Stephenson's report, 1847 and 1848, 63 per cent.; Turton and Entwistle, 1836 and 1837, 85 per cent.; Bateman's evidence on the drainage area of Longdendale, 1845, 67 per cent., Paisley, three years' experiments by Mr. Stirrat, 67 per cent. The superiority of the Botany watershed to these seven British watersheds will probably be equal to the slightly increased evaporation here, seeing that nearly the whole of the rain is absorbed by the sand as soon as it falls on the Botany watershed; the average of the above watersheds is 70 per cent., and as far as I can judge from the satisfactory evidence I have been able to obtain upon this question, the average available rainfall of Botany watershed would be at least 70 per cent. of the actual rainfall per annum. Except for the cause of truth, this portion of the subject might have remained in abeyance, seeing that it does not invalidate the important fact, that our present water supply is not even adequate to ensure a sufficiency during the progress of the George's River or any other permanent scheme to its completion. About two years ago, in accordance with instructions, I prepared a drawing and specification for a proposed dam to be constructed near Unwin's bridge, across Cook's River, for supplying Marrickville, Newtown, Camperdown, the Glebe, &c., and in my paper read before this society on the 17th November last I referred to this scheme showing the estimated cost of supplying four million gallons per day to the above suburbs and the lower levels of Sydney to be about £155,000. This estimate included the dam as per drawing, a reservoir at Petersham, engines with engine-house, filter beds and main pipes to the reservoir and from the reservoir to Sydney. I then stated that the present level of Cook's River is about one foot above low water outside the present dam, and it is proposed to raise this level six inches higher by the proposed dam as shown on drawing, when the flood waters or freshets will pass over it; but there is only about one-third the opening required in the present flood-gates or sluices to take away the floods as they rise. This must be rectified in any case, as the owners of ground on the banks of Cook's River are always liable to serious injury from the flood waters being retained by the insufficiency of the present flood-gates, although the highest floods only rise about five feet above the summer and general levels of the river. The advocates of this water supply have endeavoured to obtain an Act of Parliament to erect the proposed dam, but have not as yet succeeded. If Woolli Creek is to be utilised in this supply it may be found advisable to render the present dam watertight by clay puddle or Portland cement *béton*; the expense in either case would be about the same. Both Cook's River and the lower portions of Woolli Creek might be greatly improved as reservoirs by dredging, the soil being used for raising the banks where most required. It would be also necessary to pass an Act to prevent the further pollution of these streams. If the Botany scheme is adhered to, we shall be able obtain at least an equal quantity from Cook's River to that now supplied from Botany; and as it will be about eighteen years before the population of Sydney is doubled (at the present rate of increase), we should have ample time to prepare for the grand supply from George's River. Cook's River, with the Woolli Creek, contains a watershed of about twenty-four square miles, or three times that of the Botany Works, but would probably produce only 25 per cent. more water, on account of the wonderfully retentive qualities of the Botany watershed and the low level of the proposed dam next Unwin's bridge. The two works combined would supply abundance of water for double the present population of Sydney and its suburbs. This would be by far the cheapest scheme yet propounded, and the soonest obtained, since the water would not require more than two years' rain to make it perfectly fresh, on account of the small amount of water in Cook's River below Canterbury compared with the available rainfall; the capacity of Cook's River being not more than 1 per cent. of one-third the annual rainfall. It might be pumped from Cook's River near Thompson's Bridge, where it is only a mile and a half from the reservoir proposed by the Commissioners in their report, and which they propose to supply with water at a cost of about £650,000 by their low level scheme. As we are liable any year to have a drought, it would not be wise to depend even upon the joint supply of Botany swamps and Cook's River. In 1849 the rainfall was only twenty inches, or less than half the average rainfall for the last fifteen years. If a similar drought were again to occur, the joint supply would be reduced to the present supply of four million gallons per diem, and with an increasing consumption. In a previous letter, I had shown by calculation that the probable time required to sweeten the water would not exceed two years with an average rainfall. Had the Act of Parliament been readily obtained for utilising this river, it would probably have been drinkable if not perfectly sweet by this time. Mr. A. K. Smith, of Melbourne, in his remarks made before this society at its last meeting "apprehended that the same objections which had been urged against the George's River scheme would also apply to the Cook's River scheme. The rivers were near to each other and subjected to the same tidal influences." He appears to have been unaware that it was proposed to dam the Cook's River above the present dam, or else to make the present dam available; then as regards the objections, they have been mainly urged against the presumed difficulty of constructing a dam across George's River; no serious objection has ever been raised against the Cook's River scheme by any one competent to give an opinion. As regards the two dams proposed by Dr. Garran across George's River Mr. A. K. Smith stated that he had always been in favour of having two dams across such estuaries, and yet, in his evidence given before the Water Commission, he does not even hint at two dams; and his evidence is the only public statement he has made in Sydney, at least as far as I have been able to ascertain, although I have carefully read every printed publication relating to the George's River scheme. He also states, "He would suggest that a tunnel be cut *through the dam* at the lowest possible level, and as the fresh water came down from the higher parts of the watershed, the tendency of it to keep above the salt water would cause the salt water to run through the tunnel by reason of its own density." I trust, for Mr. Smith's sake, that he has been wrongly reported, because a tunnel through a dam, fifty feet under water, independently of its immense cost, would endanger the stability of the dam. Mr. John Young, in his recent letter on this subject, is particular in stating "A sluice can be formed (*not in the dams*) that would scour all the salt water out of the reservoirs above the dams, &c.," and in this he is supported by the best engineers, who have had any experience in water works. Mr. Bell proposes to expend £250,000 in conserving the whole of the water now running to waste at Botany, but it will be seen on referring to my paper before alluded to, that the George's River dam at Kangaroo Point, might be constructed, and the engines with the engine sheds, filter beds, reservoir at Bankstown, and 3-feet pipes into Sydney might be completed for about £280,000.

Mr. LUCAS said that he understood Mr. Bennet wished to make a few remarks before the debate closed, but was unable to attend through serious illness. He (Mr. Lucas) would very much like to hear what that gentleman had to say, and therefore he would suggest a postponement.

A short discussion ensued, during which the chairman expressed an opinion against the adjournment, and also took the opportunity to say a few words in opposition to the method adopted by some members of reading speeches. It was ultimately decided that Mr. Bell should make his reply, and he then proceeded to address the meeting. His speech we propose giving on a future day.

COMMERCIAL.

PRODUCE CIRCULARS.

MORT AND CO.—Wool: We have no change to report in the quotations for this article. With the exception of two or three lots, we had no difficulty in quitting the bulk of our catalogue at last week's prices. Sheepskins were, if anything, a shade easier in price at our sale held on Wednesday last. Those sold by us were taken at from 3d to 5½d per lb., according to growth and quality of wool. Hides were in moderate supply this morning, and prices were very firm, in several instances showing an advance on last week's rates. Light hides are scarce, and realise high prices. The principal lines on our catalogue were taken at 17s 9d, 18s, 21s 9d, 22s 6d, 23s, and 23s 9d per hide. Leather: A considerable quantity was submitted this morning, and disposed of at satisfactory prices. Harness was in improved request. Tallow: For small lots only suitable for the local manufacturers the demand was slack, but shipping parcels, of which there are few offering, were in very active request, one line on our catalogue, comprising 18 casks of boiling mutton, realising £37 per ton. Beef brought from £34 to £34 10s. Result of sale throughout as annexed. Produce Sale.—Wool: Wool and skins, 1 bale at 11½d greasy, GC, 1 at 6½d; broken, half-circle over G, 1 at 9¼d; handwashed, WJ, 1 at 10d; fleece, Bst, 19 at 13d; broken, ditto, 3 at 8½d; greasy, Fowler over Eschool Park, 4 at 7½d; fleece, Y in circle, 16 at 12d; locks, ditto, 4 at 6½d; greasy, Cross over Crescent over D. Downs, 4 at 5½d; locks, ditto, 1 at 3¼d; pieces, F, 2 at 6¼d; scoured, X over WHE3AA1A, 6 at 12d; ditto, ditto 1n, 1 at 9¼d; fleece, BN in diamond, 3 at 12½d; scoured, AW, 2 at 10½d; Anchor, 33 at 5½d; scoured, JB over B, 3 at 12½d; HB, 1 at 3d; Clydesdale, 5 at 7½d. Sheepskins: 1 bundle at 3½d, 7 ditto at 5d, 3 ditto at 5d, 1 ditto at 3½; JT, 2 bundles at 5½; PWW, 1 bale at 4d; HR over S, 1 lot at 5d; Raglan, 2 bales at 4½d; SO, 2 bundles at 5d; IB, 3 bales at 4½d; RctR, 1 lot at 5½d; HR over S, 1 ditto at 5½d; ditto, 1 ditto at 3d; 1 ditto at 4d, 1 ditto at 5½d; PRL&M Co. in diamond, 4 bales at 5d; G, 20 bundles at 4½d; 11 ditto at 5½d, 1 ditto at 5½d; Leather: 7 sides sole at 7½d, 21 ditto at 7½d, 68 ditto at 8½d, 57 ditto at 8½d, 58 ditto at 8½d, 44 ditto at 8½d, 2 bundles tweed at 12½d, 2 ditto cordovan at 19½d, 3 rolls brown harness at 12½d. Hides: HB, 2 (calfskins) at 3s, 1 (horse) at 2s 9d; HN, 2 at 12s; GIE, 7 at 14s 9d, 10 at 15s; JMI over T, 22 at 11s 9d; H, 18 at 17s 9d, ditto 14 at 21s 9d; H, 8 at 18s, 40 at 11s 8d; TH, 8 at 23s 9d; JT, 14 at 15s 3d, ditto, 18 at 21s; WM, 20 at 23s, 38 at 9s; JT, 9 at 22s 6d; 30 at 20s, 18 at 23s 6d; JMI over T, 27 at 17s; S ditto, 15 at 21s 3d; HB, 25 at 15s 9d; 30 at 13s, 27 at 16s 9d, 30 at 13s 9d; P in circle, 25 at 21s 6d; R, 22 at 17s 6d; 15 at 21s 6d, 32 at 15s 3d, 13 at 11s 3d, 6 (yearlings) at 4s 3d, 42 at 19s; R, 20 at 14s. 4 bags hair, at 14d. Bones: R&R, 1 lot at 9s, 1 at 10s, 1 at 7s 6d per cwt. Horns: 1 lot at 9s 9d; HR over S, 1 at 19s 3d, 1 at 18s 3d per 100. Tallow: 1 cask at £31, 3 at 30s 3d, 2 at 29s 8d; IM, 4 at 33s, 4 at 34s 6d; D, 40 at 34s 6d; P in circle, 102 at 34s; RT in diamond, 3 at £35; G, 18 (mutton) at 37s; FR conjoined, 4 at 35s; G, 4 at 34s. 10 casks cocoanut oil, at 30s per tun.—October 7.

JOHN A. TURNER.—Tallow: A fair amount of business was done at this day's sale, the town trade being the principal operators. A slight decline on last week's rates was submitted to, few really first-class parcels having been brought forward. Hides were in small supply, and my catalogue was cleared at about the same prices as were quoted last week. The hide market is very firm, and improved prices may be anticipated as the summer advances. Leather: Light kip is more inquired for, but heavy is neglected; sole and harness are in demand, and other descriptions meet ready sale; no alteration in price. I cleared my catalogue as follows, viz.:—Tallow: JK, 3 cases mutton at 30s; JJK, 1 cask station at 32s; CJ, 3 beef at 30s; Smithson, 2 ditto at 30s 6d, 2 ditto at 32s; J, 5 station at 30s 9d; CJ, 5 ditto at 30s; GA, 3 beef at 32s 6d; ditto 2 ditto at 32s; L, 1 mixed at 30s; JS, 2 beef at 31s 6d; L, 1 ditto at 31s 9d; H, 5 ditto at 32s; W, 9 station at 31s 6d; JH, 1 mutton at 32s 6d. Hides: HV, 44 at 18s; M, 49 at 17s; J, 5 at 10s 9d; JH, 23 at 15s; H, 31 at 16s 9d; E, 1 at 11s; MI, 29 at 15s; CG, 31 at 15s; LMG, 50 at 14s 9d; S, 4 yearlings at 6s 9d; J, 4 ditto at 6s, 1 ditto at 5s; E, 27 calfskins at 3s 1½d, 6 ditto at 2s 8d, 6 at 11d, 6 horse hides at 4s 3d, 5 ditto at 6s, 3 kangaroo skins at 9d. Hair: 1 bag at 11½d, 1 ditto at 4½d, 1 ditto at 12½d. Leather: C, 11 sides sole at 8d, 10 ditto at 8½d, 1 bale ditto at 9½d, 1 ditto at 9½d, 8 bundles kip at 19½d; P, 2 bales sole 11 sides bag at 13s, 2 bales sole at 8½d, 9 sides bag at 12s 8d, 2 bales kip at 18½d, 11 sides bag at 13s 1d, 1 bundle kip at 19½d, 3 ditto ditto at 17½d; S, 1 roll harness at 13d, 3 hogskins at 6s 6d, 1 lot sole (damaged) at 5d, 4 bundles kangaroo at 23½d.—October 7.

IRWIN AND CO.—Wool: The transactions of this week, although confined to one auctioneer (Mort and Co.), is to a certain extent important, inasmuch as it may be considered the opening sale of the season, the result of which may be taken as a fair criterion of the market. The prices realised were in most instances equal to those of last season, the quotations of which may be given thus:—Scoured, 12d, 18d; handwashed, 10d, 13d; sub-clips, 14d, 17d; fair, 11d, 13d; inferior, 9d, 12d; greasy, 5½d to 7½d; locks, pieces, &c., 5d to 9d. Sheepskins are readily taken at full rates, prices ranging thus:—Sheepskins, 4d, 6½d; pelts, 2d to 3d. Tallow: The market continues depressed. Station and broken packages are taken for local use. Shipping parcels are bought up at about last week's figures, prices ruling thus—mutton, 34s to 36s; beef, 32s to 34s; station, 27s 10d to 32s 10d. Hides were in fair demand for the town and country tanpits, at the following rates, cured and heavy, 18s to 24s; small and light, 12s to 16s; inferior, 7s to 10s. Leather: There was a full attendance of the manufacturing trade at our sales this day, and our catalogue was cleared at last week's rates. Sole and kip of good quality were taken at a slight advance in price, the former realising from 9½d to 10½d, and the latter 15½d to 21½d; calf, 2s 11½d to 3s; kangaroo, from 3s 8½d to 4s 0½d per lb. Quotations are as follows, calf, 2s 6d to 3s 3d; kip, 14d to 21d; harness, 10d to 13½d; sole, 8d to 10d. Leather: 1 bale sole (damaged), 6½d, 26 sides ditto, 9d, 3 bales ditto, 8d, 29 ditto ditto, 9½d, 30 sides ditto, 9½d, 2 bales ditto, 10½d, 4 ditto, tweed, 20d, 4 ditto kip, 15½d, 1 ditto, yearlings, 21d, 7 ditto, calf, 2s 11½d, 34 ditto kangaroo, 3s 8½d, 2 ditto kip, grained, 20d, 1 ditto kip, drusset, 19½d, 4 ditto ditto, 21½d, 1 ditto, grained, 19½d, 12 ditto calf, 3s; 1 ditto bagsides, 14s per side, 1 ditto kid kangaroo, 14s per dozen, 2 ditto ditto, 16s, 2 ditto ditto, 10s 10d, 2 ditto wallaby, 9s 6d, 2 ditto kangaroo, 9s, 1 bale roans (large), 15s, 1 ditto ditto (small), 8s, 1 ditto basils, 12s per dozen, 1 ditto ditto, 8s, 2 bales kangaroo, 37s, 2 ditto roan, 26s, 3 ditto, CDV, 2s per lb. Hides: M&B, 5 at 19s 3d; M B, 31 at 17s 6d; M B, 50 at 15s per hide; 1 cask horse oil, 2s per gallon.—October 7.

STOCK AND STATION CIRCULARS.

G. M. PITT.—Fat Cattle: The numbers yarded this week have been about equal to requirements, and prices have closed firm with an upward tendency. All the cattle sold on Wednesday and Thursday were of splendid quality, and reflected great credit on the different breeders. If we could only get our meat preserving company at work, and with such cattle to operate upon, there is no doubt we should soon make a name in England. I quote best beef worth 16s per 100 lbs. My sales have been:—81 head, Cook's, at 5s 5d, 49 cows ditto, at £4 14s 6d; 76 head Barker's, at £4 17s, 37 cows ditto, at £4 12s; 60 head, Ferguson's, at £5 9s 4d, 27 head, at £7 9s. Fat Sheep: This market is not quite so firm as last week, not on account of the numbers offered, but from the great competition in the wholesale trade. Really prime quality is scarce, and heavy weights are worth from 11s to 12s. My sales have been:—1157 wethers, Fanning, Griffiths, and Co., at 10s 3d, 353 ewes, ditto, at 7s 3d; 400 ewes shorn, Mrs. M'Intyre, at 6s 2d.—October 7.

SULLIVAN AND TINDALE.—Fat Cattle: Market moderately supplied, just sufficient for the requirements of the trade, owing to our advices of stock in route to this market. We do not anticipate any improvement in prices for a short time. We quote best bullocks from £6 to £6 6s, second quality from £4 10s to £5 10s. Fat Sheep: Market fully supplied, and prices without alteration. Our sales have been 1860 wethers (Dodd's) at 9s 6d. Store Cattle: We have many inquiries for this description of stock, and the demand for good ages continues unabated for anything really good commands full rates.—October 7.

HARRISON, JONES, AND DEVLIN.—Fat Cattle: We have had a rather full supply this week, causing a reduction in values to the extent of 10s to 15s per head. The results of the week's sales have been—199 head, weighty and prime, £6 6s; 100 head, prime, £5; 76 head, £5 14s 6d; 80 head, £5 5s; 49 head, £4 14s; 79 head, £4 17s; 200 at £5 7s, 157 at £5 6s, 79 at £4 16s, 100 at £5 6s. We sold—79 head, account J. and A. Doyle, at £4 16s; 100 head, ditto ditto, £5 6s. Fat Sheep: The market has been very bare of really good sheep, which were much inquired for at full rates; of inferior descriptions there was a fair supply. Store Cattle: The demand that has existed for some time past has been very heavy, and continues unsatisfied. Few lots, however, are available, and for these high prices are obtainable. Store Sheep: At this season of the year there is always a suspension of business in this description of stock, on account of the lambing and shearing. Quotations are, therefore, only nominal.—October 7.

DAWSON AND CO.—Fat Cattle: Market fully supplied, and last quotations cannot be improved upon, value of best pens being still 10s to 15s per 100 lbs. Fat Sheep: A full supply of these has also been available, and value of best wethers in wool does not exceed 10s to 11s per head. Store Cattle: No transactions to report. High prices continue to be demanded, and sales are limited in consequence. Store Sheep: In these we have done no business since our last report, and we do not apprehend that sales of any consequence will be made until after shearing. Stations: Guabathoo No. 2 and Turigaa Swamp, in the Bligh district, have changed hands. The sheep numbered 7000, more or less, and were sold at 8s 3d per head. Stores, &c., were taken at a valuation, and a small quantity of purchased land at £1 per acre. Horses: There has been a good demand for heavy and light harness horses and stylish upstanding saddle horses. We sold at the Camperdown Yards, on Monday, about 40 head for Mr. G. C. Welch, principally unbroken, at an average of £5 10s per head. The horses were mainly suitable for omnibus or carriage work. Of pure bred horses we have no fresh sales to report, the demand for this description of stock being extremely limited at present. Pure Bulls and Pure Sheep: We have frequent inquiries for shorthorn bulls, but the high prices demanded by our eminent breeders prevent sales in the majority of cases. Lambs and Calves: At our sale to-day, Mr. R. W. Doyle's lambs averaged 11s 1d each, and Mr. P. Scanlan's, 13s. Calves are somewhat more plentiful, and we quote the best at £2 per head.—October 7.

ETTERSHANK, EAGLESTONE, AND CO.—Fat Cattle: Supply about equal to requirements of the trade; some very good quality have been brought forward. The market has been rather dull during the week, but showed more activity at the close, and prices steady. Prime bullocks, £5 10s to £6; medium to good quality, £4 15s to £5 5s; beef, 13s to 16s 6d per 100 lbs. Fat Sheep have been scarce, prime quality much wanted, and top rates are readily obtained. Good wethers, 54 lbs., realised 12s; fair quality, 10s to 10s 6d. Store Stock: Cattle—There are very eager inquiries for good stores of fattening ages; also moderate sized herds without stations, would find ready purchasers. Quotations—For bullocks, 2 to 6 years (north), 60s to 65s; southwards (Wagga Wagga), £4 5s to £4 10s. Sheep: Buyers are making inquiries, but no actual transactions are reported.—October 7.

HORSE MARKET.

GEORGE KISS reports:—The market is very badly supplied. There have been but a few useful horses to hand this week, and they brought very fair prices. Two from Kiama sold at £19 10s and £21, a cart horse for £19, a light harness horse for £16, and many others at from £1 to £15. There are numerous inquiries for good hacks and light harness horses.—October 7.

SYDNEY PRODUCE MARKET.

[ELLIS AND CO.]

Flour—Fine, ton of 2000 lbs.	£14 0 0	...	£0 0 0
Ditto, seconds, ditto	12 0 0	...	0 0 0
Milch cows	8 10 0	...	8 10 0
Calves	0 9 0	...	1 15 6
Sheep	0 8 0	...	0 12 6
Lambs	0 7 0	...	0 13 6
Pigs (live)	0 11 0	...	1 12 0
Ditto (dead) per lb.	0 0 3½	...	0 0 4½
Ditto (suckers)	0 4 0	...	0 6 9
Sheepskins, per lb.	0 0 5	...	0 0 5½
Tallow, per cwt.	1 10 0	...	1 14 0
Hides	0 11 6	...	1 3 0
Wool (grease) per lb.	0 0 7	...	0 0 0
Poultry—Fowls, per couple	0 3 0	...	0 4 0
Ducks, ditto	0 3 11	...	0 5 0
Geese, ditto	0 5 8	...	0 6 0
Turkeys, ditto	0 7 0	...	0 16 0
Pigeons, per ditto	0 1 0	...	0 0 0
Dairy Produce—			
Butter, roll, per lb	0 0 3½	...	0 0 8½
Ditto keg, ditto	0 0 3	...	0 0 6
Cheese, ditto	0 0 3¼	...	0 0 7
Bacon, ditto	0 0 4	...	0 0 7¾
Lard, ditto	0 0 4	...	0 0 0
Eggs, per dozen	0 0 8	...	0 0 10
Ditto duck, per ditto	0 0 10½	...	0 0 11½
Honey	0 0 4½	...	0 0 0
Vegetables—Potatoes, per cwt.	0 2 6	...	0 3 6
Fruit—Oranges, per case	0 2 7	...	0 4 4
Forage—Straw, per cwt.	0 1 3	...	0 3 0
Lucerne, ditto	0 4 0	...	0 5 0
Oaten, ditto	0 2 6	...	0 6 3
Maize, per bushel	0 3 0	...	0 3 3

October 7.

[BUTLER AND INGLIS.]

Milch cows, each	£3 0 0	...	£7 0 0
Calves, ditto	0 10 6	...	1 14 6
Sheep, ditto	0 6 6	...	0 12 0
Lambs, ditto	0 4 9	...	0 14 0
Pigs (live)	0 10 6	...	4 14 0
Suckers, each	0 3 6	...	0 7 9
Turkeys, per pair	0 6 6	...	0 18 6
Geese, ditto	0 4 9	...	0 6 0
Ducks, ditto	0 3 10	...	0 5 1
Fowls, ditto	0 2 6	...	0 4 8
Butter (roll) per lb.	0 0 3	...	0 0 9
Ditto (keg) ditto	0 0 3	...	0 0 6¼
Cheese, ditto	0 0 2½	...	0 0 5¼
Bacon, ditto	0 0 4¼	...	0 0 7½
Lard, ditto	0 0 3	...	0 0 4
Eggs, per dozen	0 0 8	...	0 0 10½
Maize, per bushel	0 3 6	...	0 3 9
Wheat, ditto	0 3 0	...	0 4 6
Oats, ditto	0 2 0	...	0 2 6
Hay, oaten, per ton	3 10 0	...	6 0 0
Ditto, lucerne, ditto	3 10 0	...	4 10 0
Straw, ditto	1 10 0	...	2 15 0
Hides, each	0 10 6	...	1 0 0
Sheepskins, per lb.	0 0 4	...	0 0 5¼
Tallow, per cwt.	1 8 0	...	1 13 0

Market completely glutted with both butter and cheese.
October 7.

SYDNEY MARKETS.

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Flour—Silk-dressed, ton of 2000 lbs.	£15	
Fine ditto ditto	£14	
Bran, per bushel	1s 4d	
Biscuit, cabin, per 100 lbs.	21s	
Navy, ditto	16s	
Bread, per 2-lb. loaf		3d to 4½d
Butcher's Meat—Beef, per lb.	1½d to 2d	2d to 5d
Mutton, per ditto	1½d	1½d to 5d
Pork, per ditto	5d to 6d	6d to 8d
Veal, per ditto	3d to 5d	4d to 7d
Lamb, per quarter	2s 6d to 3s 6d	3s to 4s 6d
Poultry—Fowls, per couple	3s 3d to 3s 6d	3s 6d to 5s
Ducks, per ditto	3s 6d to 4s	4s to 6s
Geese, per ditto	5s to 6s	7s to 10s
Turkeys, per ditto	6s to 12s	10s to 20s
Pigeons, per ditto	1s to 1s 3d	1s 3d to 1s 6d
Rabbits, per pair	2s 6d	3s to 4s
Roasting pigs, each	2s 6d to 5s	4s to 6s 6d
Dairy Produce—Butter, per lb.	6d	9d
Cheese per ditto	6d to 7d	7d to 9d
Bacon, per ditto	7d	8d to 1s
Lard, per ditto	5d	7d
Eggs, per dozen	8d	10d to 1s
Vegetables—Potatoes, per cwt.	4s to 6s	5s to 7s
Onions, per ditto	30s	6d per lb.
Cabbages, per dozen	2s to 6s	3d to 9d each
Cauliflowers, per ditto	3s to 6s	3d to 1s
Pumpkins, per ditto	4s to 6s	6d to 1s
Turnips, per dozen bunches	1s to 1s 6d	2d bunch
Carrots, per ditto ditto	1s to 1s 6d	2d bunch
Parsnips, per ditto ditto	1s 6d to 2s	2d to 3d bunch
Beetroot, per ditto ditto	3s	1d to 3d each
Leeks, per ditto ditto	3s	1d to 3d
Rhubarb, per ditto ditto	4s to 6s	6d to 8d bunch
Celery, per ditto ditto	6s to 9s	3d to 6d head
Asparagus, per ditto ditto	4s 6d to 6s	6d to 9d bunch
Green peas, per bushel	3s 6d to 4s 6d	1s to 1s 6d peck
Broad beans, per ditto	5s	1s 6d to 2s peck
Fruit—Oranges, per case	4s to 7s	8d to 1s 6d dozen
Lemons, per ditto	4s to 5s	6d to 1s 6d
Loquats, per ditto	8s to 12s	6d to 1s quart
Apples, per ditto	12s to 20s	9d to 1s 6d dozen
Pineapples, per dozen	4s to 10s	6d to 2s each
Passion fruit, per ditto	6d	6d to 8d dozen
Bananas, per ditto	4d to 8d	6d to 1s
Strawberries, per ditto	1s to 1s 3d	1s 3d to 1s 6d
Honey, per lb.	4d	6d to 8d
Forage—Straw, per cwt	5s	
Grass hay, per ditto	5s	
Lucerne, per ditto	5s	
Oaten, per ditto	5s 6d	
Maize, per bushel	3s 3d	
Oats, per ditto	3s	
Barley, per ditto	2s 6d	
Wheat, per ditto	6s	

MAITLAND MARKETS.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 7.—At last there appears to be a little animation in this market. Wholesale business is improving, as orders to a fair extent have been received during the week. There are few inquiries for carriage, the carriers not having yet arrived with the new clip. Teas: Ration continue plentiful. Good tons and medium command high rates. A considerable quantity is imported to this market from Melbourne, as the transactions are said to be more in favour of purchasers as compared with Sydney. The lower descriptions of sugar are becoming a little more plentiful, the arrivals per the San Francisco route having a tendency to ease the market. The finer qualities continue to command high rates. The Company's sugars are decidedly more in vogue than foreign. All kinds of oilmen's stores have advanced, and will continue so until more favourable news. English hams and bacon steady. Colonial jams are for the most part inquired for; English may be said to be nearly out of the market. The colonial products—soap powder, pickles, maizena, arrowroot, oatmeal, pearl barley—are all finding favour. Dried fruits are scarce and dear, and not to be purchased in any large quantity, only to suit present requirements. Wheat: Only a little was offered at the beginning of the week, and not any towards the close. There is very little wheat coming forward of a good description; rust has put in an appearance in the neighbourhood of Singleton, in places where it has not before been seen. Fears are also entertained for the lowlands round about Anambah. The reports from the Wollombi and Paterson districts are, however, good. Flour: It is thought that flour has now attained its highest price, and the market may be expected to be easier. The arrivals of wheat from Adelaide and from the Western districts, Orange, &c., will tend to reduce the present prices. Flour made from Egyptian wheat finds good sale; it is a little dark, but quite sweet and good. Maize: Very little forward, and not much inquiry. Maize meal of both kinds, on account of the high price of flour, maintains its former price. Green horse fodder is becoming a little more plentiful, and consequently cheaper. The growing crops of lucerne, however, seem to be much affected with the grub, which is causing great devastation in many parts of the district. Spirits of all kinds have advanced. There are considerable inquiries for good lucerne hay, and fair quantities are moved off from week to week, chiefly for the Sydney market, the present price must be maintained, or perhaps a slight advance upon it until green fodder comes in more plentifully. There is no millet forward, and very little on hand—brooms consequently are likely to be dear, they are worth now 18s. per dozen. Colonial tobacco is in good demand; a fair quantity of leaf has come in this week, and been quitted at satisfactory prices. Mixed station tallows are worth from £28 to £30 per ton. Hides, 3½d per lb. Horse hides, 8d per lb. It may be remarked that many of the hides are becoming utterly spoiled from the fact that they are almost covered with brands. Fat Cattle: A full supply having arrived during the week, sales have been rather dull, and a portion of the lots offered, which were of superior quality, withdrawn from sale. Those disposed of realised rates equal to 15s to 16s per 100 lbs for prime yards, which may be regarded as present quotations. There will probably be a good supply of excellent quality during the next week. Fat Sheep: Supply moderate, and not of the best quality. The ruling rates are 10s to 11s for prime wethers. Store Cattle: The demand continues firm at previous quotations. Store Sheep: Quotations nominal. Horses: Dull of sale. Pigs are salable at full rates. There are no material changes in the prices current as compared with last week's report.

THE HEALTH OF MR. BRIGHT, says the *Daily News*, continues steadily to improve, and that there is every reason to think he will be able to resume his place in the House of Commons next session. Whether it will be prudent that he should add official to parliamentary labours must remain for some time undecided. The cause of Mr. Bright's illness—a tendency to capillary congestion on the brain—suggests caution. Mr. Bright has refrained from giving effect hitherto to his wish to resign the Presidency of the Board of Trade, in deference to the strongly-expressed wishes of his colleagues.

HORRIBLE SCENE AT AN EXECUTION IN DUBLIN.—Andrew Can, a pensioner, was executed on Thursday morning at eight o'clock, within Richmond prison, Dublin, for the murder of Margaret Murphy, an unfortunate girl, in Bull-lane, on the 16th of June. No persons were present but the sheriff, the gaol officers, and members of the press. The prisoner was penitent, but very firm, and ascended the scaffold without assistance. He was attended by the Catholic clergyman, and continued to pray aloud up to the last moment. The fall was too great—fourteen feet, and the consequence was dreadful. The head was completely severed from the body.

BALLINA.—We have later information by a correspondent of the *Grafton Observer*, who says, there are about 300 men at work on the beach. A party started by Dr. Croft is said to have struck a payable quartz reef between Cape Byron and Brunswick River (the reputed spot where Captain Cook beached his ship 100 years ago, for the purpose of cleaning her bottom) the particulars of which I shall not give, or say anything more until I have positive information, but the party discovering seems to have every confidence in it. The beach prospect is not so glowing as perhaps some think, but it is, nevertheless, good.

BUSINESS CARDS.

A CARD.—Mr. GEORGE, Surgeon-dentist, has REMOVED to 52, Hunter-st., corner of Bligh-street.

ASTROLOGY and CHIROMANCY.—Future Events revealed : terms as usual. C. Edwards, 6, Bridge-st.

A CARD.—French Glove, Boot, Hosiery, and Mercery Depot. S. H. LEWIS, 10, Hunter-street.

A CARD.—Mr. GEORGE SMYTHE, Surgeon-dentist, 27, Hunter-street, two doors from Pitt-street.

A CARD.—CHARLES CARTER, Agent for S. M. HERALD and SYDNEY MAIL, Darling-st., Balmain.

A CARD.—ST. KILDA HOTEL, Armidale.—For Families and Commercial Gentlemen. Mrs. BRADY (formerly of St. Kilda House, Sydney), Proprietress.

A. F. HARTMANN, M.D., Homoeopathic Physician (registered by the Medical Board of New South Wales), 126, Phillip-street. Consultation hours, 11 a.m. to 2 p.m.

A CARD.—W. SHEARSBY respectfully invites an inspection of his NEW SUMMER GOODS ex Damascus. Tailor and Habit Maker, 313, George-street, Sydney.

ADVANCES made on Wool and other produce consigned to us for Sale, here or in London. Wool waiting shipment or in transit, is protected by insurance against fire. GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., Sydney.

BARKER and CO., Importers, Wholesale Grocers, Flour and Produce Merchants.

C. H. LONG, House and Land Agent, Broker and Collector, 61, Elizabeth-street.

CORNS, Bunions, and Defective Nails cured by Mr. G. ALEXANDER, Surgeon-chiropodist, 15, Hunter-st.

CHARLES EDWARDS, Surgeon-dentist, Chiropodist, and Medical Galvanist : fee 1s. 6, Bridge-street.

CITY CARPET GROUNDS.—Carpets beat, altered, and relaid. J. DYER, Upholsterer, William-st. East.

C. M. BOSTROM, Hatter, 60, Market-street.—Every description of Hats and Caps made to order.

C. D'OYLY H. APLIN (late Government Geologist for South Queensland) is prepared to examine and report on mines and mineral properties in any part of Queensland. Maryborough, 8th August.

H. G. BENSON, Manufacturer and Importer of Curled Hair. 275, Castlereagh-street.

J. TURNER, Tailor. Best materials, fit, and workmanship. Lowest charges. 484, George-street.

MR. HARWOOD, R.A.M., Teacher of Pianoforte, Harmonium, and Singing. 213, Macquarie-st. N.

MISS FAWCETT'S REGISTRY OFFICE for Female Servants, Darling-street West, Balmain.

MUSICAL NOTICE.—Mr. E. S. DEANE, Professor of Music, Grimsby Cottage, Burwood, would be happy to arrange for Pupils at Burwood, Sydney, or intermediate station. Apply at Burwood, or 17, O'Connell-st.

MR. PARRY LONG, Attorney, Solicitor, and Proctor, 61, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

MR. ERNEST O. SMITH, of 5, Gresham-street, Sydney, has been appointed Agent in Sydney of the Northern (Life) Assurance Company, in place of Messrs. Fanning, Griffiths, and Co., who have relinquished such agency.
By order of the Directors,
JAMES RATTRAY, Secretary.
Melbourne, 30th September, 1870.

NOTICE.—SCHOLTZ'S Haircutting, Shampooing, Bathing Establishment, open as usual. 24, Hunter-st.

PAPER MODELS and Patterns of walking costumes, mantles, tunics, &c. Miss Hayes, 157, Elizabeth-st.

PLAIN Dinners, ale included, 1s. WANGENHEIM'S, Hotel de Paris, King-street.

PRIZE MEDAL awarded to J. SPENCER, Surgeon-dentist, for Artificial Teeth, at the Great Exhibition of 1870, and Honourable Mention at Exhibition 1869. 352, George-street, over Mountcastle's.

ROBERT A. RITCHIE, Saddler and Harness Maker, 180, Sussex-street, near Market-street.

REMOVAL.—W. MOORHOUSE, Plumber, Gasfitter, &c., to 260, Riley-street South, nr. S. H. Road.

REMOVAL.—Mr. J. E. SMYTHE, Surgeon-dentist, from 26, O'Connell-street, to No. 2, Jamison-street.

W. J. TICKLE, Practical Tailor and Woollen Draper, 80, King-street, next the City Bank.

W. AND W. AYTON, Painters, Paperhangers, Glaziers, &c. Church windows made; any design. 371, Pitt-street.

AMUSEMENTS.

PRINCE OF WALES OPERA HOUSE.
Last 12 Nights of
Mr. and Mrs. BANDMANN.

Two Great Dramas This Evening.
THE DUKE'S MOTTO and the TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.
Herr BANDMANN in his three great characters of
LAGARDARE
ÆSOP, and
HENRIQUEZ.
Mrs. BANDMANN as Blanche de Nevers.

THIS EVENING, Saturday,
Will be presented the great drama of the
DUKE'S MOTTO.
Henri Lagardere .... }
Henriquez .... } Herr BANDMANN
Æsop (the Hunchback) .... }
Passepoile.............................Mr. Young
Corcadasse ....Mr. J. J. Bartlett
Blanche de Nevers ....Mrs. BANDMANN.

To conclude with the
TICKET-OF-LEAVE MAN.
Brierly ....Mr. C. H. Burford
Dalton ....Mr. J. J. Bartlett
Hawkshaw ....Mr. Charles Young
May ....Miss Clara Stephenson.

In preparation,
"TWIXT AXE AND CROWN."
Tom Taylor's great Drama.

LYSTER AND SMITH'S ROYAL ITALIAN AND ENGLISH OPERA.

THE FAREWELL SEASON
will commence at the
PRINCE OF WALES OPERA HOUSE,
on MONDAY, October 24th,

The Directors pledge themselves to produce the following operas during the season:
William Tell—L'Africaine—Rose of Castile
Masaniello—La Traviata,
and the following new operas, never performed in Sydney,
ATTILA—IONE—MARIE DI ROHAN.
THE SUBSCRIPTION is on the same liberal scale as the past season, and is now open at Messrs. ELVY and CO.'S, 321, George-street. Intending subscribers are requested to make early application to ensure a speedy delivery of their subscription tickets.

All business communications please address Mr. SMITH, at Messrs. Elvy and Co.'s, George-street.

OPERA NOTICE.
The Private Boxes can be ENGAGED for the Farewell Opera Season of Thirty-six Nights at Messrs. ELVY and CO.'S, 321, George-street.

VICTORIA THEATRE.
Lessees—Messrs. WILSON and HABBE.
The Eminent Artiste,
MRS. MARY GLADSTANE,
in two of her great Historical Characters, first time in Sydney.
Mrs. MARY GLADSTANE has received from the Press and the public, for her artistic rendering and Historic Fidelity of these, her great specialities, the highest encomiums, and has performed the characters for over Three Hundred Nights.

SATURDAY, MONDAY, and THURSDAY, October 8, 10, and 13, 1870, the performances will commence (at 8 o'clock) with Giacometti's grand Historical Play, in 5 acts, entitled
ELIZABETH, QUEEN OF ENGLAND.
New Scenery by Wilson, Habbe, and Setright.
Elizabeth ....Mrs. MARY GLADSTANE.

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY, October 11, 12, and 14, the performances will commence at 8 o'clock, with Schiller's Grand Historical Play, in 5 acts,
MARIE STUART, THE CATHOLIC QUEEN.
Marie Stuart.............Mrs. MARY GLADSTANE.
To conclude with
NAN THE GOOD FOR NOTHING.
In which Miss JOEY GOUGENHEIM and Mr. W. ANDREWS will appear.
PRICES FOR THE MILLION!
Dress circle .... 3s Stalls 2s
Pit .... 1s Gallery 6d
Box Office open daily at J. R. Clarke's, music seller, Hunter-street.

MADAME SOHIER'S WAXWORKS.
Patronised by H.R.H. the Duke of Edinburgh.
Just added, the UXBRIDGE MURDERER, THUNDERBOLT, PEABODY, &c.
Open from 10 a.m. till 10 p.m.
Admission, 1s; children, 6d.

SCHOOL OF ARTS, SYDNEY.
SYLVESTER BLEEKER, Manager.
POSITIVELY ELEVEN DAYS ONLY.
Four of the Smallest Human Beings of mature age in the world. Perfect Ladies and Gentlemen in miniature.
The Original and only
GENERAL TOM THUMB AND WIFE
(Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stratton).
Commodore NUTT and Miss MINNIE WARREN,
in their beautiful performances, consisting of SONGS, DUETS, COMIC ACTS, BURLESQUES, and Laughable Eccentricities,
THIS DAY, OCTOBER 8, 1870.

TWO PERFORMANCES:
AFTERNOON, at 3 o'clock.
EVENING, at 8 o'clock.
Doors open at 2 and 7. Tickets to be had at the door.
Ladies and children are particularly recommended to attend the Afternoon Performances, which are specially given that they may avoid the crowd at night. First seats, 3s; second seats, 2s; children under ten years, 1s.

CAUTION.—The public are respectfully cautioned against all persons who pretend to be sent on in advance by the Management to sell Photographs of the Little Party. All such persons have no connection with the Troupe, or authority to sell the same; and the only Original Photographs of this Wonderful Little Quartette are sold by themselves, only at the times and places of their entertainments, each picture bearing facsimiles of their autographs upon its back.
NED DAVIS, Agent.

JUVENILE TEMPERANCE ASSOCIATION. — Quarterly Conference, Monday, October 10th, Temperance Hall, Pitt-st. Tea, 6.30. Teachers and others interested in the work are cordially invited. LEE, Hon. Sec.

ST. BARNABAS' SCHOOLS EXCURSION to CLONTARF, WEDNESDAY, 19th October.
To leave the Circular Quay at 8, 8.30, 9, 9.30, and 10.
Ample STEAMBOAT ACCOMMODATION has been procured. THE GERMAN BAND will attend.
Tickets—2s each, may be obtained of Mr. Pemell, Railway Bridge; Mr. Cooper, Glebe Road and Railway Bridge; Mr. King, Parramatta-street; Mr. N. Hopson, Brickfield-hill; and any of the teachers.

SPENCER'S MECHANICAL EXHIBITION, 222, Pitt-street, opposite Messrs. Farmer and Co.'s, OPEN DAILY, from 10 o'clock a.m. till 11 o'clock p.m.

This EXHIBITION contains MECHANICAL and SCIENTIFIC WONDERS hitherto unprecedented. No expense has been spared to make this exhibition a complete success; a fact which was testified by several Thousands of Visitors during the WEEK.
Ladies—Go and see the Jealous Monkey
Go and see the Magnificent Model of H.M.S. Galatea
Go and see the Electric Star
Go and see the Largest and most Beautiful Collection of Stereoscopic Views in the Colonies
Go and see the Pleumascope
Go and see the Smallest 4 h.p. Engine in the Colonies at SPENCER'S MECHANICAL EXHIBITION.
Admission, One Shilling; Children, accompanied by their parents, half-price.

SCHOOL OF ARTS.—Mr. A. F. SPILLER'S CONCERT.
Copy of a letter from Mr. Spiller to Mons. Wehl:—
"School of Arts, October 3, 1870.
"Sir,—I am astonished at your refusing to allow Mr. Anderson to play a solo at the entertainment this evening. I will try and arrange the matter with Mr. Anderson if you will fulfil your agreement to perform at the benefit. I am willing to pay the terms, £20, as stated in your letter to me. You or your agent can have the money at once. I shall be sorry to have any trouble about the matter, but must do something if you do not perform. Hoping to get a reply,
"Yours, &c.,
"A. F. SPILLER."

BALMAIN REGATTA, Prince of Wales Birthday, November 9, 1870.
ENTRANCES for the following Races will FINALLY CLOSE at 12 o'clock on the 8th October next:—
For all FIRST-CLASS YACHTS (not less than 26 tons, or yachts to class as such), time for tonnage of one minute per ton. Course: From moorings in Johnston's Bay down to and round Mount Elliott (at the entrance of Broken Bay), and back to flagship. Prize, One Hundred Sovereigns. Entrance, £5 5s.
For all SECOND-CLASS YACHTS, exceeding 10 and not exceeding 20 tons (or yachts to class as such), with time for tonnage of 50 seconds per ton. Course: From moorings in Johnston's Bay, round boat off Manly Beach, round flagship, back to and round lightship and Bow and Pigs, and back to flagship. Prize, Fifty Sovereigns. Entrance, £3 3s.
*** Entrances for the above races must be made by letter (enclosing entrance fee) addressed to the Honorary Secretary, not later than 12 o'clock on the 8th October next.
FRANCIS SPENCE, Hon. Secretary.

RIFLE ASSOCIATION OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
PATRON:
His Excellency the Right Hon. the Earl of Belmore.
PRESIDENT:
Sir William Manning, Q.C.
VICE-PRESIDENTS:
Lieutenant-Colonel Richardson,
Henry C. Dangar, Esq.
HON. TREASURER:
J. Grafton Ross, Esq.
HON. SECRETARY:
F. Campbell Brewer, Esq.

ANNUAL PRIZE MEETING, 1870,
23RD, 24TH, 25TH, and 26TH NOVEMBER.

MATCH COMMITTEE.

Lieut. Colonel Richardson	F. Campbell Brewer, Esq.
Henry C. Dangar, Esq.	Lebbius Hordern, Esq.
Henry Lane, Esq.	Lieutenant Strong
J. R. Fairfax, Esq.	Major Goodlett
Captain Hixson	Major Bolton
Major Shepherd	Captain Wells
Richard Jones, Esq.	Captain Baynes.

PROGRAMME.
FIRST MATCH.
To be competed for by Volunteers of New South Wales only. Each competitor to have five shots at the respective ranges of 200, 500, and 600 yards; Hythe position. Entrance, 10s.
PRIZES.
200 yards. 1st prize, £5; 2nd, £3; 3rd, £2; and seven £1 prizes.
500 yards. 1st prize, £5; 2nd, £3; 3rd, £2; and seven £1 prizes.
600 yards. 1st prize, £5; 2nd, £3; 3rd, £2; and seven £1 prizes.
For total scores, 1st prize, £10; 2nd, £7; 3rd, £5; 4th, £4; 5th, £3; 6th, £2; and 30 prizes of £1 each.
SECOND MATCH.
The Medal presented by the National Rifle Association of England, and entitling the winner to compete at Wimbledon for H.R.H. the Prince of Wales's Prize of £100, to be contested for by the thirty-six winners of total score prizes in the first match—7 shots each at the respective ranges of 300 and 600 yards (Hythe position). The highest scorer throughout the first and second matches to be declared the winner. A prize of £3 will be given to the highest scorer in this match, and a prize of £2 for the second highest, the winner of the medal being excluded. Entrance, 5s.
THIRD MATCH.
Open to all Volunteers who have not shot in first match, or who have not been prize winners in the first and second class matches of any previous meeting of the Association. Competitors to have five shots each, at 200 and 500 yards.
PRIZES.
200 yards. 1st prize, £2; and three £1 prizes.
500 yards. 1st prize, £2; and three £1 prizes.
Total scores. 1st prize, £5; 2nd, £3; 3rd, £2; and six £1 prizes.
Entrance, 5s.
FOURTH MATCH.
Open to all Recruits who have been enrolled three months, and passed official inspection, provided such recruit has attended the average number of drills laid down in the Volunteer Regulations for efficiency, and not shot in the first or third matches; 5 shots each, at the respective ranges of 200 and 500 yards (Hythe position).
PRIZES.
200 yards. 1st prize, £2; and three £1 prizes.
500 yards. 1st prize, £2; and three £1 prizes.
Total scorer. 1st prize, £4; 2nd prize, £3; 3rd prize, £2; and four of £1.
Entrance fee, 5s.
FIFTH MATCH.
Prizes presented by Lieutenant-Colonel Richardson, Vice-President. Open to those Volunteer rifles, officers excluded, who have entered for but not won a prize in the first or third matches; five shots each at 200 and 500 yards. Prizes—1st, value £6; 2nd, value £4; 3rd, value £2. Entrance, 2s 6d.
For Artillery see Match 16.
SIXTH MATCH.
Prizes presented by Major Goodlet, Suburban Battalion. Open to seven members from each of the seven companies forming the Suburban Battalion who have attended the greatest number of battalion parades during the year ending 30th June, 1870. Five shots each at the respective ranges of 200 and 500 yards. Prizes—1st, £5; 2nd, £3; 3rd, £2; 4th, £2; 5th, £2; 6th, £1 10s.; 7th, £1 10s.; and eight prizes of £1 each. Registration fee, 2s 6d.
SEVENTH MATCH.
CARBINES.
Open to the Volunteer Artillery, with carbines. Each competitor to have five shots, at the respective ranges of 100, 200, 300 yards (Hythe position). 1st prize, £6; 2nd prize, £4; 3rd prize, £2; and £1 each for the eight competitors who stand next in order of merit. Entrance, 5s.
EIGHTH MATCH.
Open to members of the Naval Brigade. Each competitor to have five shots, at the respective ranges of 100, 200, and 300 yards (Hythe position). 1st prize, £6; 2nd prize, £4; 3rd prize, £2; and £1 each for the eight competitors who stand next in order of merit. Entrance, 5s.
NINTH MATCH.
Open to all Volunteers who have obtained the Marksman Badge for 1869 or 1870, seven shots each at the respective ranges of 700 and 800 yards (any position). 1st prize, £8; 2nd prize, £5; 3rd prize, £3; 4th prize, £1. Entrance, 5s. Volunteers who have gone through the entire course of Musketry Instruction during the same period will be allowed to compete in this match on payment of an entrance fee of 7s 6d.
TENTH MATCH.
THE LADIES' PRIZE.
Open to Volunteers, members of the Association, Honorary Members of Companies, and Cadets. Five shots each at the respective ranges of 200 and 500 yards. Any position. Entrance, 10s.
PRIZES.

200 yards	..	£5, £3, £2, £1
500 yards	..	£5, £3, £2, £1
Total scorer	..	£10, £7, £5, £3, £1, £1, £1.

ELEVENTH MATCH.
Battalion Bugle.—Each Battalion of Rifles to send twelve representatives; each competitor to have five shots, at the respective ranges of 200, 500, and 600 yards (Hythe position). No entrance fee. The Bugle to go into the possession of the winning battalion, and be kept by the Officer commanding such battalion till October, 1871.
A prize of £6 to the winning battalion.
TWELFTH MATCH.
Open to all Comers, with any rifle, any position. Ranges—300, 600, 900, and 1000 yards, seven shots at each range, disc marking. Prizes—300 yards: First, £3; second, £1. At 600 yards: First, £4; second, £2. At 900 yards: First, £6; second, £3. At 1000 yards: First, £8; second, £4.
Prize for highest aggregate at all the ranges, £15, presented by H. C. Dangar, Esq., Vice-President.
Entrance, £1 10s throughout.
THIRTEENTH MATCH.
For members of the Association only, at 200 yards, 7 shots. Competitors to be allowed to shoot with two rifles, one large bore, the other small bore (large bore standing, small bore any position). Prizes—large bore, 1st, £5; 2nd, £4; 3rd, £2; small bore, 1st, £5; 2nd, £4; 3rd, £2. The winner of one prize to be disqualified from taking the other. Registration fee, 2s 6d.
FOURTEENTH MATCH.
FOR HONORARY MEMBERS.
Open to all Honorary Members of the Force, within the meaning of the Volunteer Act. Prize, £5. Seven shots at 200 yards (standing). Entrance, 5s; seven entrances or no match.
FIFTEENTH MATCH.
HANDICAP FOR COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.
Prize—Silver Cup.
Open to all Officers of the Volunteer Force; 5 shots at each of the ranges of 200 and 500 yards (Hythe position). Entrance fee, 5s. Handicap declared on day of shooting; if not accepted, one-half entrance fee forfeit.
SIXTEENTH MATCH.
ARTILLERY GARRISON GUN.
1st prize, £20; 2nd prize, £15; 3rd prize, £8; 4th prize, £5; 5th prize, £3; 6th prize, £2.
Each Battery will be allowed to send three detachments; five shots each at about 1750 yards, 32-pounders. Entrance, 30s per gun. Prize by Lieutenant-Colonel Richardson, a trophy value £6, to the No. 1 of the detachment winning the first prize.
SEVENTEENTH MATCH.
NAVAL BRIGADE GARRISON GUN.
£20 to be divided amongst those who hit the target and drop their shots between the target and the small buoys surrounding it: Provided that no prize for a hit shall exceed £5, and a prize for an outer, £1; hits to count before outers. Entrance, 1s. a man.
EIGHTEENTH MATCH—CADETS.
Open to all members of the Cadet Corps. Each competitor to have five shots at the respective ranges of 200 and 500 yards. Hythe position. First prize, value £3 10s.; second prize, value £2 10s.; third prize, value £1 10s.; fourth prize, £1. Entrance fee, 2s. 6d. The highest scorer in each school to contend for a trophy value £2 presented by Lieutenant-Colonel Richardson.
NINETEENTH MATCH.
Prizes to the amount of £25, given by the Hon. John Campbell, Esq. Open to all Volunteer riflemen who have never won a prize at the Association meetings of previous years. 5 shots each at 200 and 500 yards. Entrance 5s.
PRIZES.

200 yards	..	£2, £1, £1, £1
500 yards	..	£2, £1, £1, £1
Total scores	..	£3, £2, £1, £1.

Open to Volunteer artillery who have never won a prize at any previous meeting; five shots each at 100 and 200 yards. Prizes—1st, £3; 2nd, £2; and two of £1 each. Entrance, 3s.
Open to Cadets who have never won a prize, at the Association meetings, five shots each, at 500 yards. First prize, £2; second prize, £1. Entrance, 1s.
TWENTIETH MATCH.
Oil Painting, presented by B. S. Mountcastle, Esq. Open to all Volunteers. Five shots each, at 200 and 500 yards. Entrance fee, 2s 6d.
TWENTY-FIRST MATCH.
International Rifle Match—England, Ireland, Scotland, and Australia—to send five representatives each. Five shots with Government rifle, as issued to Volunteers, at the respective ranges of 200, 500, and 600 yards; any position. Each competitor to pay an entrance fee of 5s, for a trophy to the winning team, with £5 added by the Association. Special conditions for this match will be found in the Rules and Regulations.
TWENTY-SECOND MATCH.
HANDICAP FOR NON-COMMISSIONED OFFICERS.
Enfield rifle, ranges 200 and 500 yards, 5 shots each range. The entrance fees to be divided into three prizes of 50, 30, and 20 per cent. each.
Entrance, 5s.
COMPANY PRIZE.
The Challenge Bugle, held by No. 1 Company will be presented to the Company whose representatives have made the highest average score throughout the first match. Such average shall be computed in the proportion of 1 in 7 on the full strength of the Company. The bugle to be held by the winning Company till October, 1871.
AGGREGATE PRIZES.
A prize of £5 will be given to the highest aggregate scorer in the 1st and 10th and 20th matches; and £5 for the highest aggregate scorer in the 3rd and 10th and 20th matches.

POOL TARGETS will be open throughout each day. 1s per shot, the amount (less 25 per cent. to the Association) will be equally divided each day among the bullseyes.
THE COMING MAN.—The figure of a man will be placed at 200 yards distance, at which each competitor will be allowed to fire with Government pattern rifle, for three minutes, as many shots as he can, on payment of 2s 6d; the entrances, less 25 per cent. to the funds of the Association, to be divided each day into three prizes of 40, 20, and 15 per cent. Open to all comers. Ties to be decided by 1 shot at a target 200 yards.

RULES AND REGULATIONS.
1. TARGETS.—Same as Wimbledon.
2. SCORING.—Bullseye, 4; centre, 3; outer, 2.
3. WEAPONS ADMISSIBLE.—In matches 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 9, 10, 11, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 21, and 22, only rifles as issued by the Government to Volunteers in this colony, and having a pull of trigger of not less than 6 lbs., will be admitted. In matches 6 and 7, the carbines, as issued respectively to the Artillery and Naval Brigade, must be used; pull of trigger not less than 6 lbs. Where not otherwise provided, any description of rifle will be permitted, provided its weight does not exceed 10 lbs., nor its pull of trigger less than 2 lbs. Short Enfields are excluded.
4. SIGHTS.—In all matches where the weapon issued by the Government is used, the foresight must be in strict accordance with the specified dimensions, whether so issued by the Volunteer authorities or not. Sights may be blackened, but white, red, or any other colour must not be used. FORESIGHT—to be fixed to the barrel, and incapable of adjustment; if knife-edge, a transverse section of a triangle, of which the height is not more than one and a half times the base, not undercut. Gradations (on the vernier principle or otherwise) may be marked on the back sight, which must be simply a hinged flap, with sliding bar, without screws, racks, or other mechanical appliance.
5. MAGNIFYING SIGHTS AND ARTIFICIAL RESTS are excluded.
6. AMMUNITION AND LOADING.—In all matches where the Government rifle is used, competitors must use the Government ammunition, as supplied by the Association on the ground, and must observe the military mode of loading; in other matches, competitors must provide their own ammunition.
7. TIES shall be decided as follows:—1. By the largest number of hits. 2. By the largest number of centres. 3. By the score at the longest distance in the competition. 4. If still a tie, by the inverse order of shots, counting backwards by twos from the last shot to the first. 5. If still a tie, by firing one shot each at the longest distance in the competition, until the best shot be returned. Ties in the 11th match to be decided by firing one shot each until the best shot be returned, at the range at which the tie occurs. Tie for the aggregate to be decided by highest score at 1000 yards; if still a tie, by shooting off 5 shots each at that range.
8. RIFLES TO BE INSPECTED.—All rifles shall be liable to be tested by the Match Committee at any time during the meeting when required.
9. CLEANING RODS will be allowed in all the matches; no artificial rests allowed, unless otherwise specified.
10. THE DECISION OF THE MATCH COMMITTEE shall in all cases be final, providing that three members be present.
11. TELESCOPES will be allowed in all matches except the 1st, 3rd, 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, and 8th; the Association will not be responsible for telescopes.
12. SIGHTING SHOTS.—Each competitor will be allowed two sighting shots at each range, on payment of 6d. each.
13. THE GARRISON GUN MATCHES will be shot under the supervision of Major Shepherd and Captain Hixson.
14. UNIFORM WIND SCREENS will be allowed, at the firing points, in all the matches.
15. Competitors must shoot in the authorised dress or undress uniform of their corps.
16. When shooting in accordance with Hythe rules, there will be no objection, when standing, to the elbow resting against the body, provided that the little finger of the left hand is in front of the projection in front of the lock plate, or to the position of the fingers of the right hand, provided the regulation position is preserved in other respects.
17. ENTRANCES.—The names of intending competitors in the 1st, 3rd, 4th, 7th, 8th, and 18th matches, accompanied by the amount of the entrance fee, must be sent into the Office of the Association, Volunteer Brigade Office, Phillip-street, not later than Saturday, 19th November, addressed to the Hon. Secretary; for other matches entrances will be taken up to the day previous to the match being fired. Registration fees can be paid on the ground. N.B.—Particular attention to this rule is requested.
18. RIFLE DERBYS and other supplementary matches may be arranged on the ground.
19. Breach of discipline, or other improper conduct, will be treated under the penalties of rule 17 of the General Rules.
ENFIELD INTERNATIONAL MATCH.—Conditions: The nationalities to be Australian, English, Scotch, and Irish. Competitors, five on each side. Ranges, 200, 500 and 600 yards. Shots, 7 at each range. Sighting, one at each range. Weapons and ammunition as issued by the Government of the colony. Position, any. Entries, 5s. each man, to provide honorary tophies for winning team. Scoring, one marker in separate mantlet for each team, and value as usual. Umpire: An umpire to be selected for the match, such umpire to examine targets before firing the match, and to verify targets with registers before washing out. Telescopes allowed. The names of the competitors in each squad to be sent in to the Hon. Secretary of the Association before 6 o'clock on Friday, 25th November, and the umpire named at the same time by the captains of the teams.
F. C. BREWER, Hon. Secretary.
September 22, 1870.

HARRIS v. HEWITT
SATURDAY, 15th October,
at the ALBERT GROUND,
GRAND INTERNATIONAL CONTESTS
between
FRANK S. HEWITT, CHAMPION OF ENGLAND,
and
JOHN G. HARRIS, CHAMPION OF THE AUSTRALIAN COLONIES, at the following distances, viz., 150 YARDS and 200 YARDS, for the sum of £200 EACH EVENT; on which occasion, in addition to the above, the following events (OPEN TO ALL COMERS) will take place:—
150 yards Handicap Flat Race—1st prize, £3; 2nd, £2; 3rd, £1. Entrance, 2s 6d.
440 Yards Handicap Flat Race—1st prize, £4; 2nd, £2; 3rd, £1. Entrance, 2s 6d.
Competitors must appear in proper costume.
Entrances will be received at Tattersall's Hotel, on TUESDAY EVENING next, between the hours of 8 and 9 o'clock p.m.

NOTICE TO PUBLICANS AND OTHERS.
The Refreshment BARS will be sold at Mr. J. Kiss's, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY next, at noon.

A GRAND EXCURSION to EMU PLAINS (Lapstone Grove), will take place on TUESDAY, October 11th, in connection with the BRICKMAKERS' FRIENDLY BENEFIT SOCIETY.—A special train will leave Sydney Station, stopping at Newtown and Petersham. The splendid Quadrille Band of No. 2 Division Sons of Temperance will accompany the excursion; and excursionists have free permission to go through the Woollen Cloth Manufactory of Mr. Rayner. Tickets, 2s 6d each; children under 14 years, half-price; to be obtained from the undermentioned persons:—J. Palmer, New Market Buildings; Temperance Hall, Pitt-street. Newtown: Mr. Gatley, tobacconist; Mr. Pratt, toy bazaar; and Mr. Earle, bootmaker. Waterloo: Messrs. Woodley, Farr, Judd, and Harris. Marrickville: Messrs. Kelly, Wilcox, and Harris. Petersham: Messrs. Emery, Skyvear, Blackall, Langton, and Pearce. St. Peter's: Messrs. Harber, Gilbert, and
J. COOK, Secretary.

THE annual excursion of the Surry Hills Wesleyan SUNDAY-SCHOOL will take place on WEDNESDAY next, 12th October. The steamer Goolwa will proceed to Middle Harbour, with visitors, at 10.30 a.m., from the Circular Quay, and at 10.45 from the Manly Beach steamers wharf, Woolloomooloo. Tickets, 2s 6d.
S. B. DOWSETT, Hon. Sec.

N. S. W. PROTESTANT POLITICAL ASSOCIATION.—Annual PICNIC to CLONTARF, Prince of Wales Birthday, November 9, 1870.
GEORGE L. CARTER, Hon. Sec.

ST. MARY'S Vocal Musical Society.—Grand Concert, 9th November. C. Cavanagh, J. Doyle, secretaries.

ALBERT DANCING PAVILION will re-open on SATURDAY next. Full band engaged.

DANCING.—Mr. J. CLARK and Daughter give Private Lessons in Dancing to Ladies and gentlemen. Class days—Monday and Friday. Families and schools attended. Colonnade, Elizabeth-street North.

CENTENARY MUSICAL FESTIVAL.
EXHIBITION BUILDING.
Under the distinguished patronage and in the presence of
His Royal Highness the DUKE OF EDINBURGH, K.G., K.T.,
His Excellency the GOVERNOR and the COUNTESS OF BELMORE,
Commodore STIRLING,
His Worship the MAYOR and Lady MAYORESS, and the Aldermen of the City of Sydney,
Sir WILLIAM MACARTHUR, President,
and the
Council of the Agricultural Society of New South Wales.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON, October 8th, 1870,
GRAND JUVENILE FESTIVAL.
Mr. FISHER'S JUVENILE CHOIR
of
FIFTEEN HUNDRED VOICES,
assisted by
Mr. A. Wilkie, Mr. G. F. Jackson, Mr. Gooch, Mr. J. W. Hall, Mr. A. Fairfax, and Gentlemen amateurs.

PART I.
Patriotic Song—"Our Fatherland" .... S. Webbe
JUVENILE CHOIR.
German Part Song—"Lützow's Wild Hunt" .... Weber
MALE VOICES.
Part Song—"Song of the Lark" .... Eisenhofer
JUVENILE CHOIR.
Song—"The Reefer" .... Rockstro
Mr. H. GOOCH.
Part Song—"The Miller" .... J. C. Fisher
JUVENILE CHOIR.
Duet—"Excelsior" ....Balfe
Mr. A. WILKIE and Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX.
Part Song—"Ripe Strawberries" ....J. S. Hatton
Selections from "Les Huguenots"—Organ.... Meyerbeer
Mr. C. S. PACKER.
Song, with Vocal Accompaniment—"Footsteps on the Stairs" .... J. C. Fisher
JUVENILE CHOIR.
Song—"The British Anchor" .... E. Loder
Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX.
Nursery Rhyme—"Jack and Gill"—(by request) .... C. E. Horsley
JUVENILE CHOIR.

An intermission of five minutes.

PART II.
Patriotic Song—"Come join the Volunteers" .... G. W. Martin
JUVENILE CHOIR.
War Song—"The Banners wave" .... Kücken
MALE VOICES.
Part Song—"All among the Barley" .. Miss E. Stirling
JUVENILE CHOIR.
Scotch Ballad—"Jessie the Flower of Dumblane" ....R. A. Smith
Mr. G. F. JACKSON.
Patriotic Song—"Know ye the land"—("Des Deutschen Vaterland") .... German National Song
JUVENILE CHOIR.
Selections from "Lucrezia Borgia"—Organ.... Donizetti
Mr. C. S. PACKER.
Song, with Choral Accompaniment—"Minnie Darling".. .... G. F. Root
JUVENILE CHOIR.
Duet—"Suona la Tromba"—(I Puritani) .... Bellini
Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX and Mr. J. W. HALL.
Glee—"Where the Bee sucks" .... Dr. Arne
JUVENILE CHOIR.
Song—"England yet" .... Benedict
Mr. A. WILKIE.
Nursery Rhyme—"Little Jack Horner".... C. S. Packer
(Composed expressly for this occasion.)
JUVENILE CHOIR.
Finale—"God Save the Queen."
Conductor .... Mr. J. C. FISHER.
Organist.............. Mr. C. S. PACKER.
The large and powerful Organ has been built expressly for this occasion by Mr. C. J. Jackson.

Front seats (nave), 5s; family tickets (to admit four), 15s; gallery, 2s 6d; promenade, 1s; CHILDREN HALF-PRICE.
Doors open at 2 p.m. Performance to commence at 2.30 precisely.
J. W. HALL, Hon. Secretary.

EXHIBITION BUILDING.—THIS AFTERNOON, 1500 Children. "Ripe Strawberries."

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EXHIBITION BUILDING.—THIS AFTERNOON, 1500 Children. "Ripe Strawberries."

FISHER'S celebrated Juvenile Choir, 1500 Children, THIS AFTERNOON. "Jack and Gill," and "Little Jack Horner."

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CENTENARY MUSICAL FESTIVAL.
EXHIBITION BUILDING.
Under the distinguished patronage and in the presence of
His Royal Highness the DUKE OF EDINBURGH, K.G., K.T., &c., &c.,
His Excellency the GOVERNOR and the COUNTESS OF BELMORE,
Commodore STIRLING,
His Worship the MAYOR and Lady MAYORESS, and the Aldermen of the City of Sydney,
Sir WILLIAM MACARTHUR, President,
and the
Council of the Agricultural Society of New South Wales.

SATURDAY EVENING, October 8th, 1870,
GRAND MISCELLANEOUS CONCERT.
Principal Vocalists:—
Miss James, Miss Wiseman, Mrs. St. John Adcock, Madame Flora Harris, Mrs. G. F. Jackson, and Mrs. Cordner, Mr. A. Wilkie, Mr. G. F. Jackson, Mr. R. L. Skinner, Mr. H. Gooch, Mr. J. W. Hall, and Mr. Andrew Fairfax.
CHORUS OF NEARLY ONE THOUSAND VOICES.
PART I.
Overture—(Die Zauberflöte)—ORGAN............ Mozart
Mr. C. S. PACKER and Mr. JOHN HILL, K.S., R.A.M.
Glee—"The Chough and Crow" .... Bishop
Mrs. ST. JOHN ADCOCK, Mrs. CORDNER, Mr. H. GOOCH, and FULL CHORUS.
Song—"O'er the Stormy Ocean" ....Glover
Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX.
Vintage Song—(From the unfinished Opera "Lovrley") .... Mendelssohn
MALE VOICE CHORUS.
Ballad—"She sang amongst the flowers" ...... Wrighton
Miss WISEMAN.
Part Song—"Sweet and Low" .... J. Barnby
SEMI-CHORUS.
Aria and Laughing Chorus—"Haste Thee, Nymph" —(L'Allegro) .... Handel
Mr. R. L. SKINNER and FULL CHORUS.
Song—"The Lass that Loves a Sailor" .... Dibdin
Mr. A. WILKIE.
Part Song—"The Retreat" ....Laurent De Rille
MALE VOICE CHORUS.
National Song—"The Last Rose of Summer" .... Irish Melody
SEMI-CHORUS.
Duet—"In the Greenwood" .... H. Smart
Miss JAMES and Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX.
Australian National Anthem—"Australia hail!" .... C. S. Packer
FULL CHORUS.
An Intermission of Five Minutes.

PART II.
Overture—(Der Freischutz)—Organ.............. Weber
Mr. C. S. PACKER and Mr. JOHN HILL.
Part Song—"The Anvil" .... Adolphe Adam
FULL CHORUS.
Song—"The Queen of the Sea"—............. Schlosser
Mrs. CORDNER.
Hunting Song—"The Stars are still" ...... C. S. Packer
FULL CHORUS.
Glee—"Ye Spotted Snakes" .... Stevens
SEMI-CHORUS.
Duet—"To King Richard at once you must go"—(Robin Hood) .... Macfarren
Mr. ANDREW FAIRFAX and Mr. J. W. HALL.
National Song—"Auld Lang Syne" ...... Scottish melody
Mr. G. F. JACKSON and FULL CHORUS.
Ballad—"I've waited and watched"—(Under the Holly) .... J. C. Fisher
Mrs. G. F. JACKSON.
Soldiers' Chorus—"Glory and love to the Men of Old"—(Faust) .... Gounod
MALE VOICE CHORUS.
National Song—"Home, Sweet Home" .... Bishop
SEMI-CHORUS.
Prayer for Peace—"God, the all-terrible" .... Russian air
FULL CHORUS.
Finale—"God save the Queen"—Arranged by H. Leslie.
It is respectfully requested that the audience join in the third verse:—
"Thy choicest gifts in store
On her be pleased to pour;
Long may she reign;
May she defend our laws,
And ever give us cause
To sing with heart and voice,
God save the Queen."

Conductor—Mr. J. C. FISHER.
Accompanists—Mr. C. S. PACKER and Mr. JOHN HILL, K.S., R.A.M.

Front seats (nave), 5s; family tickets (to admit four), 16s; gallery, 2s; promenade, 1s: CHILDREN HALF-PRICE.
Doors open at 7.30 p.m., performance to commence at 8 precisely.
J. W. HALL, Hon. Sec.

This concert is under the special patronage of His Royal Highness the Duke of Edinburgh, the Countess of Belmore, and the Ladies Corry, who have graciously signified their intention of being present.

EXHIBITION BUILDING. MONSTER CONCERT, THIS EVENING. Million Prices.

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CHORUS—1000 VOICES.—All the Professional Talent engaged.

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THIS EVENING, MONSTER CONCERT. MILLION PRICES.

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EXHIBITION BUILDING. LAST NIGHT OF FESTIVAL.

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EXHIBITION BUILDING. LAST NIGHT OF FESTIVAL.

HANDEL'S LAUGHING CHORUS
Chorus from Faust
The Retreat, and Australian National Anthem.
THIS EVENING.

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The Retreat, and Australian National Anthem.
THIS EVENING.

METROPOLITAN INTERCOLONIAL EXHIBITION.

METROPOLITAN INTERCOLONIAL EXHIBITION.
THE BALL
will be held in the EXHIBITION BUILDING
on
WEDNESDAY, 12th October, 1870.

Under the Patronage and in the Presence of the
DUKE OF EDINBURGH, K.G.
His Excellency the EARL OF BELMORE,
and the
COUNTESS OF BELMORE,
Commodore STIRLING and the OFFICERS of H.M. Ships Clio and Galatea.

GENERAL COMMITTEE.
Sir William Macarthur, Knt., President.
Vice-Presidents:

Bayly, N. P.	Holt, The Hon. Thomas
Cox, Sloper	Jenkins, R. L.
Hay, The Hon. John	Lackey, John, M.P.
Renny, W., The Mayor.	

Allan, H. E. A.	King, George, M.P.
Alderson, W. M.	Lord, The Hon. Francis
Alger, John	Lett, C. A. W.
Austin, Henry	Lyons, S.
Blaxland, J.	Leathes, S.
Billyard, W. W.	Living, J.
Bawden, T., M.P.	Long, W.
Badham, Dr.	Lloyd, Geo. Alfred, M.P.
Belisario, Dr.	Murray, The Hon. Sir T. A.
Beit, Henry	Martin, Sir James, M.P.
Bray, H.	Macleay, William, M.P.
Brown, Stephen Campbell, M.P.	Moore, Charles
	Moore, The Hon. Henry
Cox, E. K.	Moriarty, E. O.
Crichton, D.	Myles, C. H.
Campbell, James, M.P.	Onslow, Commander, R.N.
Campbell, W. R.	Osborne, J.
Campbell, Fredk.	Price, F.
Calvert, J. J.	Roberts, R. H.
Cox, Dr.	Richardson, C. T.
Cracknell, J. C.	Ramsay, E. T.
Dangar, H. C.	Richardson, Lieut.-Colonel
Docker, A.	Smith, Captain
Dalley, The Hon. W. B.	Smith, E. O.
Deloitte, Q.	Statham, H. W.
Fyffe, Dr.	Stephen, Septimus A.
Fanning, W. A.	Stewart, W. D.
Fraser, C. Alex., M.P.	Smith, R. B., J.P.
Gibson, A.	Teale, W.
Griffiths, F. C.	Te Kloot, J.
Hill, E. S.	Tooth, R. L.
Harnett, L. J.	Trebeck, P. N.
Hill, F. W.	Want, F.
Howell, George H.	Wilshire, T. W. T.
Joseph, S. A.	Windeyer, W. C., M.P.
Kennedy, H.	Woolcott, C.

TICKETS: Gentlemen, 15s; Ladies, 10s each; can be procured from any Member of the Committee, or from the undersigned.
N.B.—NO TICKETS will be issued after 12 o'clock on SATURDAY MORNING, the 8th instant.
JULES JOUBERT, Secretary.

BALL COMMITTEE MEETING, at 12 noon, on MONDAY next, at Offices, 227, George-street. Members are particularly requested to attend, or then furnish statement of TICKETS disposed of.
JULES JOUBERT, Secretary.

BOOKS, STATIONERY, AND MUSIC.

PREPARING FOR THE PRESS.
Proceeds of sale to go to the Fund for assisting wounded soldiers of France and Prussia.

THE WHOLE CORRESPONDENCE between The Reverend The Secretary of the "SYDNEY GAS COMPANY," and The Reverend The Head Master of "THE KING'S SCHOOL," PARRAMATTA; to contain ALL the letters which have been suppressed, but SLANDERED, by Mr. Mansfield, in his recent EXPARTE publication; a reprint of Mr. Mansfield's PREFACE and NOTES; together with some ILLUSTRATIONS, by
THE REVEREND GEORGE F. MACARTHUR.

CATHOLIC BOOKS.—EDWARD F. FLANAGAN has just received, ex Queen of Nations, a fresh supply of new and standard Catholic books, among which are the following:—
Peace through the Truth; or Essays on Subjects connected with Dr. Pusey's Eirenicon, by Rev. T. Harpur, 18s
Vita Vitæ Nostræ Meditantibus Proposita, curante Henrico Jacobo Coleridge, S. J., 9s
Cœleste Palmetum ad Ubertatem et Sacras Delicias Excultum, Ornatum, Munitum, Opera Wilhelmi Nakateni, S. J.
The Pope and the Church, considered in their Mutual Relations with reference to the Errors of the High Church in England, by Rev. Paul Bottalla, S. J., 7s 6d
Pope Honorius before the Tribunal of Reason and History, by the Rev. Paul Botalla, S. J., 4s 6d
Union with Rome, five lectures, by Rev. Albany J. Christie, S. J., 1s 3d
The Church of St. Patrick, by Rev. W. Waterworth, 3s
Sermons by Fathers of the Society of Jesus, vol. 1, 7s 6d
The Inner Life of Father Lacordaire, 8s 6d
The Life of Father de Ravignan, 10s
New Meditations for Every Day in the Year, 2 vols., 11s.
N.B.—E. F. F. invites attention to his large stock of Bibles and Prayer Books, which are really choice, and suitable for presents.

GREAT SALE OF BOOKS and STATIONERY SLIGHTLY DAMAGED by WATER and REMOVAL, at 16 and 18, Hunter-street.
EDWARD TURNER begs to notify that, having settled with the Insurance Companies, the whole of his stock will be SOLD at PRICES that must insure a speedy clearance. Sale to commence at 9 o'clock each day.
Enquire Within Upon Everything, 2s 6d
Dickens's Works, 3s and 3s 6d
Weale's Series at English prices
Drawing pencils, 1s doz.
Magnum Bonum pens, 3d box
Note paper, 5 quires 1s.
A liberal discount allowed on all books.

MAP OF THE SEAT OF WAR, giving the routes of the Prussian and French Armies.
J. J. MOORE, Australian Book Mart, George-street.

VENABLES, TYLER, and SON, PAPER MANUFACTURERS, and WHOLESALE EXPORT STATIONERS.
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A BOOK EVERY FAMILY NEEDS. ENQUIRE WITHIN UPON EVERYTHING (new edition), 3s, post 3s 8d.
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D. BUIST & SON.—Pianofortes, Harmoniums, Concertinas, &c., tuned and repaired. 235, George-st.

PIANOFORTE, SELF-ACTING, playing overtures, operatic pieces, valtz, polkas, &c., &c., in elegant rosewood case. To be sold a bargain.
D. BUIST and SON, George-street.

PIANOFORTES and HARMONIUMS for SALE or HIRE.
Also, some good second-hand instruments.
Pianofortes, Harmoniums, and other instruments tuned and repaired at reasonable charges.
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ORGANS, Harmoniums, and Pianofortes for SALE or HIRE. Several good second-hand Pianos, cheap, by Collard, Broadwood, &c., &c. Tuning and repairing. W. GRIEVES, 194, Castlereagh-street.

PIANOFORTES by ERARD, BROADWOOD, COLLARD, CHAPPELL, AUCHER, CADBY, JACKSON, BORD, HOPKINSON, KIRKMAN, and the LONDON PIANOFORTE COMPANY, in grands, cottages, and pianettes, for SALE or hire, with great advantages to purchasers.
A New PIANOFORTE, in a handsome case, 6¾ octaves, TWENTY-FIVE GUINEAS.
HARP, by Erard, double action, will be sold a bargain.
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HARMONIUMS, by Alexandre; the School, Church, and Drawing-room Models, from 1 to 22 stops. Every instrument can be TRIED and HEARD, and their various effects fully explained.
CHAPPELL'S BRASS BAND JOURNAL.
KEMP'S Directions for TUNING and regulating the HARMONIUM.
OPERAS, with and without words. NEW MUSIC, in Songs, Pieces, and Dance Music. Cabinet Magazine and other cheap works.
TUNING and REPAIRING by practical workmen.
L. MOSS, Agent for ERARD, ALEXANDRE, and CHAPPELL, Show Rooms, Hunter-street; Stores, New Pitt-street.

ELVY and CO.'S
Bord's Trichord Pianos,
in Walnut, £28.

ELVY and CO.'S
New Erard Pianos
New Collard Pianos
New Broadwood Pianos
AT LOW PRICES.
ELVY and CO.'S
New Songs, New Dances, New Pieces, under published prices.

Pianos thoroughly repaired and carefully tuned.
ELVY and CO., 326, George-street.

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COMMERCIAL BANK, City Bank, Peak Downs, Copper and Clarence and Richmond River Steam SHARES for SALE.
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NATIONAL LOAN AND DISCOUNT COMPANY,
Capital, £50,000.
Offices—51, Hunter-street, corner of Elizabeth-street.
This Company is formed with a view of assisting Professional Men, Government Officials, Tradesmen, and others who may be temporarily in want of a Money Loan, without their having to resort to extreme measures. This Company will make such advances on the following easy and equitable terms:—
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BILLS DISCOUNTED DAILY. Advances made on deposit of deeds of freehold and leasehold property; bills of sale, merchandise, certificates, reversionary interests, or any other tangible security.
All money transactions entertained, and advances guaranteed within twenty-four hours after application, if securities approved of.
Forms and other information can be had at the Company's Offices.
Office hours, from 9 to 5; Saturdays, 9 to 1.

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Apply personally, or by post, for the FIRST ANNUAL REPORT OF THE PERMANENT MUTUAL BENEFIT BUILDING AND INVESTMENT SOCIETY.
Chairman—G. WIGRAM ALLEN, Esq., M.L.A.
Directors—Professor Pell, Hon. J. Sutherland, M.L.A., John Lucas, Esq., M. Chapman, Esq., and W. T. Pinhey, Esq.

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New members can enter at any time.
No back subscriptions.
SEVEN PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on sums of from £10 to £1000 lodged with this Society, on fixed deposits for six or twelve months.
LOANS ON MORTGAGE.
Nearly £30,000 was advanced during the past year, and the directors are now prepared to lend any amount on security of approved freeholds or leaseholds to any person after payment of a single month's subscription.

Monthly instalments to repay £100 with interest:—

In years.	Amount.	In years.	Amount.
4.........	£2 7 4	10.........	£1 5 0
6.........	1 14 8	12.........	1 2 8
8.........	1 8 8		

Mortgagors will share in the surplus profits ascertained at the quinquennial investigation, which will, in effect, reduce the above payments.
No premium on shares or discount deducted from loan.
RANDOLPH NOTT, Secretary.

MONEY TO LEND.—The Trustees of the Savings' Bank are prepared to Lend Money at 6 per cent. on mortgage of approved freehold property.
G. O. ALLAN, Managing Trustee.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.
LONDON LOAN and DISCOUNT SOCIETY,
125, Elizabeth-street South.
THIS SOCIETY is established to assist tradesmen and others, on the following terms:—MONEY ADVANCED in sums varying from £5 to £1000, on security of two responsible householders, TO BE REPAID BY WEEKLY INSTALMENTS OF 1s in the pound. PERSONS desirous of obtaining £5 receive £4 10s cash. THE ADVANCE GUARANTEED WITHIN TWENTY-FOUR HOURS IF THE SECURITIES ARE APPROVED OF.
ARRANGEMENTS CAN BE MADE FOR MONTHLY OR QUARTERLY PAYMENTS.
BILLS OF SALE ON FURNITURE, &c., WITHOUT POSSESSION OR ANY OTHER AVAILABLE SECURITY.
Forms may be had gratis on application.
FROM £10 to £5000 ON DEPOSIT OF DEEDS, FROM 6 PER CENT. PER ANNUM.

£5000 TO LEND in small or large sums on fixed mortgage of freehold property. R. NOTT, 305, George-street.

£5 TO £300 to LEND on furniture, 'buses, safeties, without possession, repayable by easy instalments; £20 to £500 on bills of lading, jewellery, deposit of deeds, merchandise, or certificates.
BILLS DISCOUNTED DAILY; no publicity.
COMMERCIAL LOAN OFFICE, Bell's-chambs., Pitt-st.

TO LEND, £1000. CURTIS and GANNON, Solicitors, 229, Pitt-street, next Mr. Moffitt's.

£100 TO £10,000 to Lend, on freehold property. C. H. LONG, Broker, 61, Elizabeth-st.

£1 TO £300 to LEND, or to invest. Security, HERALD Office.

MONEY LENT.—The utmost value advanced on plate, watches, clothing, &c. Murphy, Bathurst-st.

MONEY LENT to any amount, on watches, plate, diamonds, jewellery, musical instruments, and all kinds of portable property, at a low rate of interest. I. HIMMELHOCK, 292, Castlereagh-street, near Park-st.

£5 TO £20 to LEND, without security; £20 to £3000, from 6 per cent. Office, 107, Elizabeth-street North.

WM. PRICE and CO. (late Morey and Price), Importers and Warehousemen, 329, George-street.

MR. FREEMAN solicits an inspection of his splendid collection of ENLARGED PHOTOGRAPHS, finished in oil, crayon, water-colour, and mezzotint. 30,000 Carte negatives registered. 320, George-street.

NEWTOWN PORTRAIT ROOMS. — Cartes-de-visite 6s 6d ½-dozen, or 10s dozen. T. Boston, artist.

W. BRADLEY, Artist Photographer, and Portrait Painter in Crayons. 140, Pitt-street.

J. H. NEWMAN, PHOTOGRAPHER, 12, South Head Road, close to Hyde Park.
NO CONNECTION with any other house.

PHOTOS., 5s per dozen, at J. YATES'S, No. 432, George-street, three doors from the Royal Hotel.

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PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, ETC.

FLOUR AND WHEAT.
ADELAIDE FLOUR—Duffield's superfine
Hart's superfine
Magarey's superfine
Adelaide superfine — various country brands
Duffield's household
LAUNCESTON SUPERFINE FLOUR
VICTORIAN SUPERFINE FLOUR
Also,
ADELAIDE WHEAT
LAUNCESTON WHEAT
NEW ZEALAND WHEAT
For SALE, by the undersigned.
BEILBY and SCOTT.
Samples at Counting-house, Pitt-street North.

ADELAIDE JAMS.
The undersigned, Agents for Manufacturers, supply the Wholesale Trade with
REYNOLDS'S—"Wattleville" brand, in 1 and 2 lb. tins—assorted cases.
MURRAY and SON'S—"Craiglee" brand, in 1 lb. and 2 lb. tins—assorted cases.
BEILBY and SCOTT.

INTERCOLONIAL PRODUCTS.
On SALE by the undersigned, to wholesale purchasers.
SOUTH AUSTRALIA.
FLOUR—Superfine, fine, and household, of all the leading town brands and many country mills
WHEAT, for milling and seed purposes
JAMS, 1 and 2 lb. tins—Wattleville and Craiglee brands
FANCY BISCUITS, assorted, tins and cases, finest descriptions.
VICTORIA.
FLOUR, superfine quality, from various mills
WHEAT, milling samples.
TASMANIA.
FLOUR, superfine quality, from various mills
WHEAT, very fine milling description
ALE, from Walker's celebrated brewery, Hobart Town, in firkins and kilderkins.
NEW ZEALAND
FLOUR, superfine quality
WHEAT, fine milling samples
OATMEAL, small bags
PEARL BARLEY, small bags.
NEW SOUTH WALES.
FLOUR, superfine, country made
WHEAT.
BEILBY and SCOTT.
Samples at Counting-house, Pitt-street North.

HOBART TOWN ALE.
From Walker's celebrated Brewery, in barrels and kilderkins, on SALE by
BEILBY and SCOTT.
Counting-house, Pitt-street North.

SMITH'S PATENT COFFEE ESSENCE.
For SALE, by the undersigned, in lots to suit the trade, an invoice of Smith's celebrated preparations, for shipboard and country use.
Essence of coffee } In large and small
Essence of coffee and chicory } bottles.
BEILBY and SCOTT.

TAHITIAN LIMEJUICE.
The undersigned have for SALE, in hogsheads and quarters.
BEILBY and SCOTT.

NEW ZEALAND WHEAT.
Per Joliba, from Lyttelton, Christchurch, for SALE by BEILBY and SCOTT.

IRON STUMP FRENCH BEDSTEADS.
A small invoice of very superior description, for SALE by
BEILBY and SCOTT.

CHALK and WHITING for SALE, by the undersigned. BEILBY and SCOTT.

JOSEPH WEARNE, Anchor Flour Mills, foot of Bathurst-street, Sydney.
Superfine Flour, Seconds, Kiln-dried Corn-Flour, &c.
The best and cheapest in Sydney.

TEAS, ex STEAMER CLEATOR,
FIRST OF THE NEW SEASON'S JUST ARRIVED, on SALE by
LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME.

LIVERPOOL coarse SALT, in 3-bushel sacks, now landing ex Alex. Duthie. HENRY BELL, Pitt-st.

P. M'CARROLL.
OBSERVE THE LIST OF PRICES.

	Per lb.		Per lb
Hind quarter mutton ..	2d	Fore quarter of beef ..	1½d
Fore ditto ditto ..	1½d	Spice beef ..	6d
By whole sheep ..	1½d	Round beef, cooked ..	6d
By half sheep ..	1¾d	German sausage ..	4d
Mutton chops ..	2½d	Black pudding ..	3d
Rump steaks ..	3d	Beef sausages ..	2d
Beef steaks ..	2d	Pork sausages ..	4d
Boiling beef ..	2d	Legs of pork ..	5d
Corn beef ..	2d	Loins of pork ..	6d
Ribs of roasting beef ..	2½d	Veal ..	4d
Sirloin ditto ..	3½d	Ox tongues	2s each.
Hind quarter of beef ..	2d		

FINEST York Hams, Finnis and Fisher's, specially selected; ex La Hogue. PEATE and HARCOURT.

REAL STILTON and Cheshire Cheese, fresh parcels, in splendid condition. PEATE and HARCOURT.

ENGLISH BACON and Bodalla Hams, Bacon, and Cheese, lately received. PEATE and HARCOURT.

COLONIAL BACON and Hams, cured by Walter Lamb, Esq., Greystanes. PEATE and HARCOURT.

TO GROCERS, WHOLESALE DEALERS, and others.—The undersigned, having been appointed Sole Agents in Sydney for Messrs. CROSSE and BLACKWELL, are prepared to receive orders for all descriptions of Oilmen's Stores comprised in their printed lists, which will be forwarded and executed with care and punctuality, and got up in the style and of the quality which have commanded for the goods of Crosse and Blackwell such universal approval and esteem. R. TOWNS and CO.

BREAKFAST.
EPPS'S COCOA,
GRATEFUL and COMFORTING.
The CIVIL SERVICE GAZETTE remarks:—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills."
Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in ¼ lb., ½ lb. and 1 lb. tin-lined packets, labelled—
JAMES EPPS and CO.,
Homœopathic Chemists, London.

ADELAIDE FLOUR. — Dawson's superfine silk-dressed, regular supplies. A. S. Webster, Gresham-st.

NEW Californian FLOUR on SALE, in quarter-sacks. EDWARD CHAPMAN and CO., 139, Pitt-street.

CONGOU TEAS, ex Meteor, in chests, halves, and boxes; new season. CHAPMAN and CO., Pitt-st.

TO HEADS OF FAMILIES, Hotel-keepers, Clubs, &c.—EXTRACT OF MEAT, for the immediate production of soups, gravies, broths, &c., imparts a delicious flavour which cannot be obtained by the ordinary process of cooking, and is at once palatable and nutritious. Prepared by ROBERTSON, BROTHERS, Baffle Creek, Queensland. Agents, ELLIOTT, BROTHERS, 112, Pitt-street.

PRESERVED MEAT.—The undersigned are prepared to supply Tinned MEAT, preserved at the Redbank Estate, in tins of 6 lbs. each, or smaller if required. This meat has been pronounced by competent judges equal to that which is put up by the Melbourne Company.
R. TOWNS and CO.

FLOUR AND WHEAT.
VICTORIAN MILLS
TELEGRAPH MILLS
COMMERCIAL MILLS
SUPERFINE ADELAIDE
PORT MACDONALD WHEAT, per Fanny.
On SALE by LORIMER, MARWOOD, and ROME.

CORN, CORN, 2s 6d 60 lbs., and good Potatoes 2s cwt. G. WELLS, Produce Stores, Market Wharf.

FLOUR.—On SALE, Adelaide, Victorian, Tasmanian, and country superfine. J. ROWLING.

FLOUR.—New Zealand superfine, £12 per ton; 5 ton parcels. J. ROWLING, Sussex-street.

JUST LANDED, ex Mail steamer Malta—Spiced Mangoe pickles; Guava jelly, in glass jars; Major Grey's chutney. A. L. LACKERSTEIN, jun., Wilshire-buildings, George-street.

BUTTER, the best in Sydney, only 9d per lb. C. W. CALDWELL, 278, Pitt-street.

PRIME Corn-fed BACON. C. W. CALDWELL, Grocer, opposite School of Arts.

FOR SALE, from 30 to 40 cwt. of prime-cured CORNED BEEF, at 10s 6d per cwt. delivered at any wharf in Sydney. J. HACKETT, 214, William-street.

OATEN HAY.—Pressed Camden OATEN HAY for SALE. S. NUTTER, Caledonian Wharf.

FINEST ROLL BUTTER, 9d; best Salt Butter, 6d per lb. ROBERT GUY, 575, George-street.

VERY superior Congou TEA, 1s 6d per lb. ROBERT GUY, 575, George-street.

TO LAND, and on SALE, ex La Hogue, Queen of Nations, Sarah Grice, from London:—
SALT.—Fine, coarse, rock, and jar.
FRUITS.—New currants, Elemé raisins, figs, Jordan and soft shell almonds, Barcelona nuts, Imperials, candied peel.
SPICE.—Jamaica ginger, whole and ground; mixed spice, fancy boxes; caraway, pimento, white pepper, &c.
FISH.—Moir's red herrings, haddocks, fresh herrings and salmon, herrings à la sardines, jams, marmalade, oatmeal, &c.
OILMEN'S STORES.—Crosse and Blackwell's pint, quart, and Imperial hot pickles; salad oil, half-pints and quarts; essences, jelly, castor oil, vinegar, capers, jams, &c.
PROVISIONS.—Prime York hams and bacon.
SUNDRIES.—Mustard, starch, oatmeal, pearl barley, split peas, gelatine, liquorice, whiting, vinegar, macaroni and vermicelli, tapioca, cocoa, and chocolate, &c.
HARRISON and ATTWOOD, 231, George-street.

ADELAIDE and PORT M'DONNELL WHEAT. C. WILSON, 64, Margaret-street.

FLOUR on SALE.—Hart's, Colman's, Noarlunga, Field's, and Alexander's superfine Adelaide; also, Households and Bathurst, Victorian, and Californian brands. C. WILSON, 64, Margaret-street.

ON SALE, prime sample Flour, Oats, Barley, and Potatoes, now landing. C. B. Bond, 64, Sussex-st.

470 CASES Dick and Sons' India Pale Ale, quarts; the best in Sydney, £1, 3-dozen case
340 cases Dawson's pale Ale, 6s single dozen; 5s 6d by case, guaranteed
260 casks Dicks' pale ale, pints; 2 dozen for 9s, 4s by the cask
1000 dozen Borthwick's stout, 8s dozen
9000 tins fresh salmon, 1s tin
250 boxes tea, 23s each
1500 tins Devoe's American kerosene, patent cans, 2s 6d gallon. N.B.—Goods delivered.
C. KIDMAN, South Head Road, Paddington, Haymarket, William-st, Lower George-st., and Parramatta-st.

J. M. HASMOT, the only Importer of Indian Condiments in the colony.—Grocers, storekeepers, shippers, and others supplied with choicest Chutneys, Curry Powders, Curry, and Mullagatawney Pastes.
Cayenne peppers, Indian hot and mango pickles, sauces, dried herbs, fish in tamarinds, Bumbla fish or Bombay duck, limejuice, preserves, &c., &c., of the greatest purity and highly recommended by the medical profession for promoting the healthy action of the digestive organs.
N.B.—None genuine unless bearing elephant brand, accompanied by chemist's analytical report and copy of medical testimony wrapped round each bottle. Please note the address—153, Pitt-street, opposite Vickery's-buildings.

DRAPERY, HABERDASHERY, ETC.

NEW DEPARTMENT FOR DRESSMAKING.
DAVID JONES and CO.'S introduction of this new branch of industry has resulted in so successful a manner, that they can with confidence solicit patronage.
The latest models from Paris every month
for
Ball and Fancy Dresses,
Indoor, Outdoor, Travelling, and Seaside Costumes.
All the NEW TRIMMINGS for 1870, specially imported for this department.

GENTLEMEN'S TIES
GENTLEMEN'S SCARFS
GENTLEMEN'S COLLARS
GENTLEMEN'S HOSIERY
the newest fashions ex LA HOGUE.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY have opened the greater portion of their
SUMMER NOVELTIES for GENTLEMEN,
and are now exhibiting them to the scrutiny of purchasers.
Also
PITH, STRAW, and FELT HATS, shady and useful shapes
TASSAU SILK UMBRELLAS, for the hot weather
UNDERSHIRTS and PANTS of the lightest texture
CAMBRIC HANDKERCHIEFS, plain and coloured borders
A large assortment of Bijouterie, Perfumery, &c., &c.
D. J. and Co. would press upon gentlemen the importance of inspecting their stock prior to purchasing.

SUMMER CLOTHING.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY would direct the attention of gentlemen to their
READY-MADE CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.
Having catered very extensively for this season, they can present a variety unusually large and thoroughly assorted.
SHOWERPROOF TWEED COATS and CAPES
TWEED GALATEA SUITS
TWEED PAGET SUITS
ALPACA and DRILL GALATEA JACKETS
YACHTING and RIDING JACKETS
BOYS' and YOUTHS' CLOTHING, to fit any age.
Gentlemen will find every style of garment in large varieties to select from. Every article is of superior cut and manufacture.

THE LATEST IMPORTATIONS
of
FRENCH and ENGLISH MILLINERY
PARISIAN MANTLES
LACE CIRCULAR and ROTONDES, in Pucher, Chantilly, Damasse, Duchess, and other new laces.
We have the most COMPREHENSIVE VARIETY
of
DRESS MATERIALS,
ex Ann Duthie, Mail Steamer, La Hogue, Alexander Duthie.
These importations embrace all the
NEW TEXTILE FABRICS for SPRING and SUMMER, 1870.
The STYLES and MATERIALS have never been so VARIED and CHASTE as at present.
Very extensive importations for
FAMILY and COMPLIMENTARY MOURNING.
Patterns post free on application.
DAVID JONES and CO.

DOUBLE SATIN FOLD TRIMMING, two widths, 5s 11d, 6s 9d dozen yards. W. C. KELK.

TRIMMINGS of every description, Newest and cheapest. Wholesale and Retail. W. C. KELK.

SILK SUNSHADES, ladies' Silk Umbrellas, 6s 11d; gentlemen's Silk Umbrellas, 12s 9d. W. C. KELK.

W. C. RENWICK, 86, King-street.
White Striped Grenadines,
at a considerable discount off usual prices.
White Muslin Grenadines,
for evening wear, very strong, will wash well, now reduced to 9½d, 10½d, and 12½d, were 18½d and 21d.
White Tarlatan, 12½d, very wide.
Novelties in tight-fitting and loose jackets, rich gros grain silk, trimmed in various styles, from 21s to 63s
Grenadine jackets, from 8s 11d; real lace jackets.
A competent Cutter engaged on the premises.
DRESS MATERIALS.
New grenadines, from 3½d; new camlets, 6¾d to 8¾d
New silk lustrine, new shades, new alpacas, 12½d
New plain materials, 8¾d; new lustres, light tints
Printed delaines, 6¾d; printed alpacas, 5s 11d per dress
Dark serviceable dresses, 5s 11d to 12s 6d, very cheap.
HOUSEHOLD DRAPERY.
White calico, 4¾d; white sheeting, 15½d; grey ditto, 10½d
White counterpanes, 4s 11d; terry do., 8s 11d; Marcella do.
All-linen huckaback, 8¾d, usual price, 12½d
Linings, damasks, muslin curtains, towels, &c., &c.
And every requisite in household drapery very cheap.
HATS,
in all shapes and styles, in fancy and plain
Boys' straw, 1s 11d; girls' ditto, from 9½d; ladies', 2s 11d

M. J. MURPHY, 251, PITT-STREET,
respectfully courts an inspection of his collection of
Silk Mantles,
Lace Mantles and Shawls,
Grenadine Jackets.
Silk Fichues,
Grenadine Fichues,
Lace Jackets.
Parachutes, in all the new shapes, with quill fringing, feather trimmings, frilled trimmings.
Prices as heretofore, MODERATE.
Paris Millinery,
Straw Bonnets and Hats,
French Flowers.
Cambric Slips,
Thompson Skirts.
M. J. MURPHY,
251, Pitt-street.

JOSEPHINE'S Stitched Backs, all colours, 3s 9d; second quality ditto, 1s 11d. THOMAS BAKER, Cathedral House.

DIAPER PRINTS, Chintz patterns, new goods, 9½d; new prints, 7½d. Thomas Baker, opp. Cathedral.

REAL Lace Collarets, 3s 6d; real Lace Handkerchiefs, 3s 11d; real Lace, 10½d yard. Thomas Baker.

SATIN Stripe Muslins and Checks, 5½d, 7½d; Hair Cords, 6½d, 9½d, 1s. Thomas Baker, opp. Cathedral.

SIX FOR FORTY SHILLINGS.—Gentlemen's superior White Shirts, for studs or buttons, with fashionable gauntlet cuffs
The MILITARY, plain front Shirt, for evening dress
JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES, in every variety of new and fashionable colours, plain or stitched backs
BLACK KID GLOVES, stiched with colours
Novelties in gentlemen's Scarfs, Ties, and Collars
Gentlemen's Lisle thread and Balbriggan Hosiery.
PARROT, BROTHERS, 12, Hunter-street.

SILKS.—Special parcel Striped Silk Dresses opened today, all colours, one guinea. PERRY, BROTHERS.

SILKS.—Special parcel Striped Silk Dresses opened today, all colours, one guinea. PERRY, BROTHERS.

LADIES' RIDING HABITS.
We have now ready for inspection several new materials for Riding Habits, all specially adapted for Summer Wear.
FARMER and COMPANY'S
NEW PERSIAN and VICTORIA HABIT CORDS (AN ENTIRELY NEW MATERIAL). THE HABIT TO ORDER, THREE GUINEAS.
FARMER and COMPANY'S
NEW SUMMER HABIT MELTONS, in GREY OXFORD, BROWN, and MIXED SHADES. THE HABIT TO ORDER SEVENTY-FIVE SHILLINGS.
FARMER and COMPANY'S
NEW GERMAN VENETIANS, for HABITS, in OLIVE, BLUE, CLARET, and VARIOUS MIXED SHADES. THE HABIT TO ORDER FOUR GUINEAS.
FARMER and COMPANY'S
NEW WEST OF ENGLAND HABIT VENETIANS, in SIX FASHIONABLE SHADES. THE HABIT TO ORDER FIVE GUINEAS.
FARMER and COMPANY'S
NEW SUPERFINE HABIT CLARENDONS, in the MOST FASHIONABLE SHADES. THE HABIT TO ORDER from SIX TO SEVEN GUINEAS.
NEW and BECOMING SHAPES, in LADIES' RIDING HATS.
FARMER and COMPANY,
Habit Makers,
269, 271, 273, and 275, Pitt-street.

VICTORIA HOUSE.
NEW FANCY COATINGS
NEW SPRING VESTINGS
NEW HEATHER TWEEDS
NEW BANNOCKBURN TWEEDS
NEW FRENCH DRILLS.
Our Summer Woollens, comprising a most magnificent assortment of the above goods, are now ready for inspection, together with a very large variety of Fancy Trouserings, and several ENTIRELY NEW FABRICS FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR. The selection we are offering for our
SEVENTY-FIVE SHILLING SUITS,
to measure, is considerably larger than we have hitherto submitted, comprising ALL THE NEW RANGES in English, Scotch, and Continental manufactures.
For our
TWENTY-FIVE SHILLING TROUSERS,
to measure, we are showing upwards of
ONE HUNDRED PATTERNS,
chiefly checks, stripes, heather mixtures, and the NEW DIAGONALS, now INTRODUCED FOR THE FIRST TIME.
GENTLEMEN ARE INVITED TO PLACE THEIR ORDERS EARLY.
PATTERNS POST FREE, to GENTLEMEN in the COUNTRY.
FARMER and COMPANY,
269, 271, 273, and 275, Pitt-street.

FAMILY MOURNING DEPARTMENT, at VICTORIA HOUSE.
We have the pleasure to announce the completion of our shipments of
FIRST-CLASS MOURNING GOODS
for the present season, and respectfully intimate that many specialities will be observed in the large selection we have now open.
THE BLACK CRAPES
just received we especially recommend as of great excellence, and will not spot.
FARMER and COMPANY.

REYNOLDS'S STOCK removed from 241, Pitt-street.
PUBLIC NOTICE.—SAMUEL JAY is selling
Trimmed Hats and Bonnets
Ladies' Skirts and Stays
Wrappers, Underclothing, &c.,
at one-half the usual prices.
Also, a manufacturer's stock of
Flannels
Calicoes
Sheetings, &c.
All marked cheap in plain figures.
SAMUEL JAY,
82, King-street.

METROPOLITAN INTERCOLONIAL EXHIBITION, 1870.
FIRST PRIZE,
THE SILVER MEDAL,
awarded to
J. W. TAYLOR.
Baby Linen of every description and every requisite for short-coating on hand and made to order
Children's chemises, every size, from 1s
Children's drawers, every size and shape, from 1s 2d
Children's petticoats, every size, from 1s 9d
Children's nightgowns, every size, from 1s 9d
At the Ladies' Underclothing Manufactory.
37A and 39, Erskine-street,
Wynyard-square.

RUSH and ROUSSEAU.
618 and 620,
George-street, Brickfield-hill.
The latest styles in
SILK and GRENADINE MANTLES.
Black grenadine jackets and mantles, from 12s 6d to 18s 6d
Magnificent silk jackets and mantles, from 18s 6d to 50s.
Just received, the latest fashions in
ENGLISH and FRENCH BONNETS, very beautiful; prices from 12s 6d to 18s 6d
ELEGANT TRIMMED HATS, new shapes, very stylish; prices from 7s 6d to 16s 6d
Also a large variety untrimmed hats for ladies and children, new shapes, from 1s 11½d to 6s 6d.
DRESS DEPARTMENT.
A great display of new materials for the spring season.
Very beautiful fabrics from 7s 6d to 10s 6d the dress.
Fancy silk dresses, very cheap, only £1 15s
Superior black silks, 2 cases just opened, from 2s 9d to 4s 11d per yard, warranted to wear well
Ladies' dress materials, a large lot at 3s 11d, worth 10s 6d.
WHITE MUSLINS, WHITE MUSLINS,
new patterns, remarkably cheap, 9½d per yard.
A large and well-assorted stock of
THE VERY BEST CLASS OF GOODS,
AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.

BARGAINS, BARGAINS, BARGAINS,
at
RUSH and ROUSSEAU'S,
618 and 620, GEORGE-STREET, BRICKFIELD-HILL.
MEN'S SUPERIOR CLOTHING.

Men's tweed trousers, 7s 6d	Black cloth suits, 42s 6d
Superior tweed trousers, 10s 6d	Men's white shirts, 3s 11d
Black cloth trousers, 12s 6d	Superior, equal to order, 6s 6d
Superior, equal to order, 14s 6d	Crimean shirts, all wool, 4s 11d
Stout mole trousers, 4s 11d	Crimean shirts, 2s 11d
Men's tweed vests, 5s 11d	Oriental shirts, 2s 6d
Superior, equal to order, 6s 11d	Scotch twill shirts, 1s 11½d
Black cloth vests, 9s 6d	Soft felt hats, 3s 6d
Men's black cloth coats 15s	Linen collars, 5s 6d dozen
Superfine, equal to order, 21s	Superior paper collars, 6d dozen
Men's tweed coats, 13s 6d	Men's cotton half-hose, 4½d
Superior, equal to order, 16s 6d	Men's silk ties, 6d
Men's tweed suits, 35s	Fancy silk scarfs, 1s 9d
	Men's merino vests, 1s 11½d
	Men's pilot jackets, 12s 9d

SUPERIOR WEST OF ENGLAND TWEED TROUSERS AND VESTS TO MATCH, equal to order, only £1 3s 6d.
BOYS' AND YOUTHS' CLOTHING.

Tweed trousers, 7s 6d	Oriental shirts, 2s 3d
Black cloth trousers, 10s 6d	Crimean shirts, 2s 11d
Tweed vests, 4s 6d	Black cloth caps, 1s 3d
Tweed coats, 10s 6d	Felt hats, 2s 11d
Black cloth coats, 13s 9d	Neckties, silk, 6d
Boys' white shirts, 2s 11½d	Sam bows, 6d
Linen drill trousers, 3s 11d	Linen collars, 6d
Sailors' felt hats, 3s 9d	Paper collars, per dozen, 6d.

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BOYS' SUPERIOR TWEED KNICKERBOCKER SUITS, handsomely braided, 16s 6d
BOYS' AND YOUTHS' SUPERFINE TWEED SUITS, TO MATCH, the new style, only £1 5s
YOUTHS' TWEED GALATEA SUITS, superfine quality, well made, the new style, only 2 guineas
A large variety of SUPERIOR TWEEDS for men's and boys' wear, 11½d, 13½d, 1s 6d, 1s 10½d, 2s 6d, and 3s 6d per yard.

E. WAY'S, 261, 263, and 265, Pitt-street.
We have much pleasure in announcing to our customers that we are now in receipt of a choice lot of NEW SPRING and SUMMER GOODS from the home markets.
Vide Import Entries, 4th instant.
"7 cases of drapery, E. Way."
Consisting of a well assorted stock of millinery, hats, flowers, feathers, hat and bonnet shapes, umbrellas, stays, hosiery, gloves, fancy and general drapery goods.
Ladies' Improvers and Jupons, 1s 11d each
Hair Plaits and Bows, new styles.
The whole of which we shall sell with our usual regard to small profits.
E. WAY'S Outfitting Establishment.

SHIRTS, SHIRTS.—Gentlemen's superior EUREKA SHIRTS, 32s the half-dozen; fittings of the best Irish Linen. M. A. HUGHES, Shirt Manufacturer, 590, George-street, near Bathurst-street.

JOHN WILSON'S is the cheapest house in Sydney for cut lengths of Woollens. 624, George-street.

JOHN WILSON'S is the cheapest house in Sydney for Clothing, ready-made or made to order.

JOHN WILSON'S is the cheapest house in Sydney for Gents' Collars, Ties, Scarfs, Braces, Belts, &c.

JOHN WILSON, 624, George-street, Woollendraper, Tailor, Clothier, Men's Mercer, &c., &c.

1½-INCH Black Silk Fringe, 2s dozen. MACKAY'S City House, 363, George-street.

LARGE lot of Fancy Trimmings, much reduced in price. MACKAY'S City House.

NEW PRINTS, new Lustres, new Mohairs, new Brilliants, Stays, Parachutes. MACKAY, 363, Geo.-st.

SYDNEY ROWING CLUB.
TIES, SCARFS, and BELTS
in the CLUB COLOURS.
J. E. GOWING,
344, George-street.
J. E. GOWING has just opened
NEW STYLES IN SCARFS,
Scarborough, Edinburgh, Summer Bow.
Windsor, ARCADIAN, Belmore.
Echo, Block, Summer Scarf, &c.
NEW SHAPES in LINEN COLLARS.
Ladies' First Choice Kid Gloves, all shades, 4s pair
Gentlemen's ditto ditto ditto, 4s 6d.
SHIRTS.
Eureka Shirts, six for 36s
Superior quality, ditto ditto, open in front or back, 40s, 42s, and 45s the half-dozen
All wool Crimean, from 6s.
NEW SHAPES in PAPER COLLARS.
Dux, Cavalier, Pall Mall
Gard Dux, Fashionable Elite
West End, Shakespeare, Multum in Parvo
The Don, the latest novelty.
SUMMER HOSIERY.
Plain and Fancy Cotton and Thread half-hose, in all prices
Gauze Merino Shirts, long or short sleeves, from 2s 9d
Gentlemen's washing Ties, 3s 6d the dozen
Portmanteaus, Leather and Carpet Bags, &c., &c.
J. E. GOWING,
Men's Mercer, Hosier, Glover, &c.,
EDINBURGH HOUSE,
344, George-street.

J. EXTON respectfully invites an inspection of the NEW GOODS
selected by himself during his recent visit to Europe.
The facilities now at his command for the selection and importation of goods, and the arrangements made with leading West End tailors for trade information, &c., enable him to make up garments in a style quite equal to the first London houses, and at prices most moderate, for first-class articles.
Tailor, &c., 301, George-street, Sydney.

GREAT VARIETY in Hats and Bonnets.—Ladies' Tuscan Mushroom Hats, from 2s 9d; French Flowers, Feathers, Gloves, and Printed Delaines, equally cheap. PEARN and HARPER, 66, South Head Road.

AT H. KELLETT'S DRAPERY, MILLINERY, and DRESSMAKING ESTABLISHMENT, 241, Pitt-street, next Victoria Theatre.
Made-up princess robes, 10s 6d
Fine longcloth skirts, 12 tucks and three frills, 7s 6d
Ditto ditto, 6 ditto, 3s 9d
Summer millinery bonnets, from 8s 6d
Fast prints, 2s 11d for 8 yards
Very rich stripe grenadines, 7s 11d the dress.

TAILORING. TAILORING.
The Cheapest House in the Colony—
W. HOWES, No. 88, King-street, Sydney.
A splendid assortment of Woollens to choose from.
The attention of gentlemen is respectfully directed to this establishment, where every garment is well made, well shrunk, and a perfect fit guaranteed.
LIST OF PRICES TO ORDER.

	£	s	d
The Edinburgh or Galatea, in witney or cloth, to order, from	£1	10	0
Black cloth suits, complete, to order, from ..	3	0	0
Tweed or melton suits, to order, from ..	2	10	0
Black trousers, to order, 15s, 17s 6d, 20s, 22s 6d	1	5	0
Tweed trousers, well shrunk, to order, from ..	0	16	0
Black cloth paget or walking coats to order, from	2	2	0
Fancy silk mixture suits, to order, from ..	3	0	0
Ladies' riding habits, to order, from ..	3	3	0

Suits made to order in six hours, if required.
Note the address—W. HOWES, Tailor, Habit-maker, &c., 88, King-street, Sydney.

375, GEORGE-STREET.—Cheap, cheap, cheap.—Ladies' French Lasting Boots, from 6s 6d.

375, GEORGE-STREET.—Cheaper than ever, Ladies' Kid E.S. Boots, M.H., from 4s 6d.

375, GEORGE-STREET.—Men's Colonial-made E.S. Boots, from 8s 6d.

375, GEORGE-STREET.—Boot and Shoes, of every description, made to measure. T. M'Coy.

LEMAIRE'S London and Paris Toy and Fancy BAZAAR, 472, George-street, opposite the Markets.

LUSTRES, Vases, Toilet Bottles, Ring and Jewel Stands, Candle Ornaments, at Lemaire's Bazaar.

FANS, Pearl Necklaces, Pearl Beads, Brooches, and Earrings, at Lemaire's, opposite the Markets.

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

WANTED, 30 young, sound Saddle HORSES, 15½ to 16 hands high. GIBSON, 282, Pitt-street.

SADDLES and Side Saddles.—The largest and cheapest stock in Sydney. GIBSON'S, 282, Pitt-st.

HORSES and VEHICLES of every description for Sale or Hire, at GIBSON'S, 282, Pitt-street.

CHESNUT HORSE, first-class hack, and a good buggy horse, £10. GIBSON, 282, Pitt-street.

HORSE, double-seated Buggy and Harness, nearly new, £33; horse, spring-cart, harness, £20. Gibson.

NEW Light Waggonette, £25; Express Waggon, carries 15 cwt., £23; double-seat Buggy, £27. Gibson.

FOR SALE, pair excellent Buggy COBS, 4 and 5 years old, good steppers, price £16. GIBSON.

CAPITAL light covered CONVEYANCE and Harness, suitable for a photographer, £10. GIBSON.

HANDSOME Clydesdale Draught ENTIRE, 5 years old, 16½ hands, 50 guineas. GIBSON, 282, Pitt-st.

SIX good Saddle and Harness HORSES, from £5 to £10 each; Horse, Dray, and Harness, £15. Gibson.

CAPITAL Bay HORSE, handsome Sociable Buggy, carries 6, and plated Harness, £60 the lot. Gibson.

DOUBLE Carriage HARNESS, for SALE, 6 sets, new and second-hand, very cheap. GIBSON'S.

FOR SALE, Balmain, OMNIBUS, Carriages, Horses, and Harness; together or separately.

HANDSOME Upstanding Spring-cart or Dogcart HORSE for SALE, 5 years. 131, Woolloomooloo-st.

FOR SALE, a Patent SAFETY, in good condition. Moore's buildings. M. GORMAN, Victoria-street.

TO BE DISPOSED OF, a good strong Horse, Spring-van, and Harness; also, the connection of a green-grocery business; for a new beginner, a chance seldom met with. PIERCE, Auctioneer and Broker, William-st.

FOR SALE, Cab PHAETON, very little used, trimmed with Drab Cloth and Morocco. Made by one of the best builders in Sydney. Light and roomy. C. JENNER, Elizabeth-street North.

CHESNUT HORSE, first-class buggy and saddle horse, £12; bay Horse, 15.2, good match horse, rides, and goes well in single harness, £15.
S. KNIGHT, 257, Castlereagh-street.

PAIR Bay Buggy HORSES, good steppers, £15; four good quiet saddle Horses, cheap. S. KNIGHT.

QUIET HORSE, 4-seated Buggy, and Harness, £33; new Spring-cart, Horse, and Harness, £18. Knight.

NEW Double-seated BUGGY, £27; Express Waggon, carry 15 cwt., £23; new Spring-cart, £11. Knight.

A FIRST-CLASS Cab HORSE for SALE, any trial given. E. JONES, 116, Devonshire-street.

FOR SALE, first-class OMNIBUS. Apply GIBSON, Coachpainter, No. 11, Bathurst-street.

FOR SALE, the handsomest MARE in Sydney, quiet to ride. Apply FARMER'S, Crown and Liverpool streets, Woolloomooloo.

FOR SALE, a SPRING-CART and HARNESS, cheap. GLASS, Butcher, Campbell-st., Haymarket.

DAWSON and CO. have for private SALE, BUNGARRIBEE, a magnificent chesnut entire horse, by Bungarribee, imported. The horse will be on view at the stables, 246, Pitt-street, until TUESDAY, the 11th instant, when, if not previously sold, he will be sold at auction.

IMPORTANT TO GENTLEMEN.—DAWSON and CO. are instructed to SELL, privately, a splendid Dark Bay COLT, 5 years, standing 16.3, got by St. Patrick, by Lieutenant.
This horse is very quiet and docile, in top condition, and is well known as being the fastest trotter in the Mudgee district.
Any reasonable trial will be given with the horse, respecting either draught or speed.

FOR SALE, cheap, a second-hand Basket PERAMBULATOR. Mrs. DAVIES, 6, Park-street.

FOR SALE, an American-built CARRIAGE, to carry four or six persons, the property of a gentleman having no further use for it; in splendid condition, a bargain; at J. KEAREY'S Coach Factory, Pitt-street, near Park-street.

FOR SALE, light OMNIBUS. CORBUT, Glebe.

W. T. ANGUS, COACH BUILDER,
FACTORY AND SHOW ROOMS,
185, CASTLEREAGH-STREET, NEAR KING-STREET.
All descriptions of Vehicles on hand for SALE.

FOR SALE, several good stanch HORSES and MARES, bred in the Windsor district.
R. HARPER, Church-street, Parramatta.

FOR SALE, a first-class Harness HORSE. Ton trial. Suitable for a brougham. Owner having no further use for him. Mr. BURCHIN'S Yard, opposite Tattersall's Hotel, Pitt-street.

LADY'S HORSE.—For SALE, a stylish chesnut Saddle HORSE, very steady, and warranted, for a lady; a week's trial given. N. E. L., Post Office, Parramatta.

ON SALE, Warehouse, 143, Pitt-street, opposite Union Bank—Black and White Pepper, by the bag or ton; Pearl Sago, by the box, 68 lbs., or ton; Rattans, large and small, by the ton, cwt., or qr. HENRY FISHER and CO.

THE ONLY TOBACCO fit for use is SAYWELL'S Royal Navy Honeydew. Try it and prove the fact. A week's supply for 6d, at 4, Park-street. A considerable allowance made to the trade.

THE NEW KEROSENE LAMP burns without a chimney, and gives as much light as two chimney lamps. There is no light equal for brilliancy, safety or economy. STANFORD and CO., 307, George-street.

HORTICULTURE AND FARMING.

GUANO.—On SALE by the undersigned, PHOSPHO GUANO from Malden Island; a splendid manure.
WILLIS, LLOYD, and CO.

A. A. (PRIZE) MANURE.—A small lot left. J. B. NORTH and CO., 278-280, George-street.

GUILFOYLE AND SON, Exotic Nursery, Double Bay, Sydney.—Ornamental trees, flowering shrubs, climbers, bulbs, fruit trees, &c., supplied in any quantity, well established, in pots or otherwise. NEW and RARE PLANTS packed in Wardian cases for exportation. SEEDS, native and others, in great variety. All charges strictly moderate.
*** Camellias, roses, azaleas, fuschias, &c.
N.B.—An inspection of the Nursery is especially invited.

DOBROYDE NEW PLANT NURSERY, Ashfield, Sydney, New South Wales.
FRUIT TREES, FRUIT TREES, FRUIT TREES.
Ornamental Trees and Shrubs, Flowering Plants, Bulbs, and Tubes of every description.
Novelties for 1870, new and rare plants, Tropical Fruit and Plants, new double Pelargoniums, new Camellias and Azaleas, &c., &c.
Priced lists and catalogues may be obtained from any of the agents, or post free upon application to the Superintendent.
City Agents, HILTON BROWNE, and CO., Seedsmen, 239, Pitt-street, Sydney.

ORNAMENTAL TREES and SHRUBS, New and Rare Plants, Fruit Trees, &c.
General Descriptive Catalogues for 1870 are now ready, and may be had on application to
J. PURCHASE,
Somerset Nursery, Parramatta; or
Messrs. D. CRICHTON and CO.,
City Agents, George-street.

COAL, FIREWOOD, ETC.

COALS, Breeze, Firewood, and Charcoal always on hand. T. B. DEARIN, Pacific Wharf, Druitt-street.

COAL, Wood, Charcoal, and Breese, best quality, wholesale and retail. I. E. Ive, 4, Pitt-st., Circular Q.

DUGUID and CO., Coal and Wood Merchants, 74, Pitt-street North, and Liverpool-street West.

AUCTION SALES.

Horses, heavy and light
Vehicles, Harness, and Saddlery.
GEORGE KISS will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
As above.
Regular Sales at the Bazaar, daily; and at Camperdown, any afternoon.
Horses and Vehicles on hire.

Saddle and Harness Horse.
GEORGE KISS is instructed by Mr. W. Hogan to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
His well-known bay cob Telegraph, 15.3, thoroughly broken to saddle and harness.

Horse, Phaeton, and Harness.
GEORGE KISS is instructed to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on MONDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
A useful horse, very quiet; phaeton, with pole and shafts, and harness. A complete and useful lot.

Useful Draught Horses.
GEORGE KISS is instructed by Mr. John Jenner, of Campbelltown, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on WEDNESDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
8 thorough team horses, quiet, and subject to any reasonable trials.

To Racing Men and Breeders.
For Positive Sale.
DAWSON and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Pitt-street Yards, on TUESDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
The favourably known racer "CAMEL."
"Camel" is 5 years old, and is got by Lord of the Hills out of Miss Camel, by Camel (imported), gd by Satellite.
"Camel" ran second for the Homebush Maiden Plate, won the Maiden Plate at Parramatta, the Publicans' Purse at Scone (weight for age), and the Scone Handicap, carrying 9 st. 12 lbs., top weight, and beating a field of six.
"Camel" is on view at Dawson and Co.'s.

DAWSON and CO. will sell by auction, at their Pitt-street Yards, on TUESDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
A very handsome pony phaeton, by Arthur, hood, &c., complete, and all in first-class order.

Wool. Wool.
DAWSON and CO. will sell by auction, at their Pitt-street Rooms, on FRIDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
500 full fleeces wool, from the celebrated rams bred by Messrs. Learmonth and Curry, Victoria.
These fleeces are very clean and in excellent order, and the wool from above flocks command the highest price in the London market.

SULLIVAN and TINDALE have received instructions from J. D. Single, Esq., to sell by auction, at their Homebush Yards, on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, at half-past 9 o'clock,
180 head of really prime fat cattle, in lots. The above are a wonderfully prime and superior lot.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from George Hopkins, Esq., to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, at his Yards, at Fullagar's, at half-past 11 o'clock,
200 prime and weighty bullocks, in lots.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from George Hopkins, Esq., to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, at his Yards, Annandale, at half-past 3 o'clock,
60 head of prime and weighty bullocks, in lots.
N.B.—These cattle were fattened on Liverpool Plains by the Messrs. Clift, and are represented fully 800 lbs.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from George A. Lloyd, jun., Esq., to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, at his Yards, at Fullagar's, at half-past 11 o'clock,
110 head of prime fat cattle, in lots.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from John A. Turner, Esq., to sell by auction, on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, at his Yards, at Fullagar's, at half-past 11 o'clock,
200 prime fat cattle, in lots.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from the proprietor to sell by auction, at his yards, at Fullagar's, on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, at half-past 11 o'clock,
60 head of prime store cattle, in lots.

G. M. PITT has received instructions from E. Vickery, Esq., to sell by auction on MONDAY next, the 10th instant, at his Yards, at Annandale, at half-past 2 o'clock,
1600 prime fat ewes, in lots.

Stock Sale.
ELLIS and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at Byrnes's Yards, St. Mary's, South Creek, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, the 12th October next,
Milch cows, springers, store cattle, paddock-fed fat cattle, &c.

WELLS and JAMES have received instructions from the executors of the late Henry Keys, Esq., of Youandah station, Barwon River, to sell by auction, at the Camperdown Sale Yards, in a few days,
A splendid lot of strong useful horses—about 100 head.

LISTER and SON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 204, Pitt-street, on MONDAY, 24th October, the whole of the Unredeemed Pledges, pawned with Mr. Hamilton, pawnbroker, Liverpool-street, and specified as follows:
1869.
October—29th, tablecloth and towels.
November—8th, dress, small chain and brooch, locket; 18th, sundries; 22nd, silk dress and print.
December—7th, quilt and 5 books; 9th, tablecloth and towels; 15th, petticoats and sundries, dress, chemise, and sundries; 28th, 2 silk dresses.
1870.
January—4th, silk dress.
February—1st, set of curtains; 10th, shawl; 11th, suit clothes and 2 plated candlesticks; 15th, dress; 16th, dress; 18th, silk skirt; 19th, stone ring; 23rd, silk skirt; 25th, open-face watch 1168, albert, and locket, 2 dresses and paletot.
March—1st, 2 ball dresses; 16th, dress; 17th, silk dress; 28th, dress; 21st, plaid dress, counterpane; 22nd, petticoat, dress piece, brooch; 23rd, table cloth; 26th, pair blankets, dress and skirt, waterproof coat; 28th, double case watch 15386, chain, and locket, pin, remnant black cloth, pair men's boots; 29th, dress, gold brooch and fancy ring; 30th, vice and jacket; 31st, scarf ring, remnants cloth.
April—1st, 2 sheets and sundries, open-face silver watch 1130 and 21, and riding dress; 4th, double case watch 8314, poncho and sundries, unmade silk dress, pair earrings, petticoat, and jacket, open-face silver watch 116; 5th, dress piece, open-face silver watch 24741, remnant silk dress; 6th, coat, and jacket, two print dress pieces and shawl, gold bracelet, pair blankets; 7th, 11 pieces sundries, double-case silver watch 3744, flute; 8th, pair earrings; 9th, dress, brooch, double-case gold watch 26229, 20202, chain, and locket, pair earrings, 2 remnants, 2 coats and sundries; 11th, gold brooch, coat, trousers, and vest, stone ring, small dress and sundries, double-case gold watch and albert, dress; 12th, dress, sundries, dress and 2 books, trousers and vest; 13th, quilted petticoat, 3 dresses, 3 night dresses, 2 dress pieces; 14th, double-case watch 3651, stone ring, double-case watch 5046 and chain; 15th, trousers and vest; 16th, gold chain, 2 rings, black trousers, open-face silver lever watch 58181 and albert; 19th, dress, silk dress, shawl, dress and sundries; 20th, mantle, dress and petticoat, silk skirt; 21st, sundries, locket; 22nd, silk dress; 23rd, black trousers, sheet and holland, baby wrapper; 25th, sheet and sundries, jacket, tablecloth, petticoat and jacket, shawl, gold guard, tablecover, dress, pair opera glasses; 27th, cruet, eggstand and toaststand, white dress, brooch; 28th, keeper ring, pair blankets, 2 gold rings, 2 plated candlesticks, surgical instruments.
May—1st, open-face geneva watch 4323 and albert; 3rd, dress, jacket and stays, open-face geneva watch, pair earrings and fancy ring, dress, keeper, ring, open-face silver watch 8480, guard and key, calico and 2 frocks, remnant tweed, banjo, 6 silver spoons; 5th, surgical instruments, gold chain and locket, 2 dresses and caps, 2 gold rings; 6th, cloak; 7th, double case silver lever watch 4, and gold albert and locket, vinaigrette, double case silver lever watch 11, and gold chain, sheet and sundries, pair blankets; 9th, dress and jacket, shawl and petticoat, brooch and pair earrings, coat and sundries, gold brooch, coat and trousers; 10th, open-face watch 8039, coat, satin dress; 11th, remnant, table cover; 13th, set of harness; 14th, brooch, coat; 16th, dress, dress and cloak, 2 dress pins, coat, dress; 17th, coat and sheet, sundries, lace shawl; 18th, suit clothes; 19th, locket and chain, remnant silk; 20th, picture, skirt and remnants; 23rd, knives, forks, and sundries, sundries, petticoat and sundries, 4 books, 2 quilts and jacket, 2 dresses, silk jacket, forks and sundries; 24th, 2 dresses and jacket, shawl, albert; 25th, dress piece, 3 table cloths, sundries, sundries, dress and petticoat, silk dress; 26th, double-case gold watch; 27th, trousers, gold pin; 28th, dress, dress pin, dress and shirt, baby's clothes and stockings, dress pin and sundries, coat, trousers and vest, dress and jacket, jacket and earrings; 30th, silk dress, dress and opera cloak, sundries, coat and sundries, negligee and locket, knives and forks, coat, trousers and vest.
June—1st, dress and brooch, gold pin, quadrant, 3 night dresses; 2nd, overall and waterproof coat, coat; 3rd, 7 pieces sundries, trousers and vest, quilt, curtains; 4th, boots and sundries, baby's work; 6th, boy's clothes, stone ring, dress, stone ring, silk skirt and sundries, dress, gold chain; 7th, shawl, dress, and jacket, locket, double-case watch 21963, steel guard, brown silk dress and earrings; 8th, brooch and ring; 10th, coat, shawl; 11th, locket, table cover; 13th, 2 rings, brooch, and earrings, sheet and sundries, coat, table cover, velvet dress; 14th, coat, green dress, silk skirt, dress; 15th, 2 dresses, ball dress, trousers and vests, dress, trousers and vest; 17th, paletot, piece sheeting, dress, open-face watch 93232, 2 dresses, coat, telescope; 18th, coat, memorial wine cup (wreck Dunbar), petticoat, shawl and night dress, remnant calico, table cover, dress, dress, gold ring, sugar tongs, stone ring, silk dress, opera glasses, open-face silver watch and gold chain, dress and sundries, gold ring, gold ring; 20th, trousers and vest, fancy ring, cloak, sundries, silk dress, dress pin, silk skirt, coat, 3 diamond gold rings, 4 silver table spoons, emerald ring, opera glasses, double-case gold watch (Dent) and albert, 4 lockets, 2 bracelets, and diamond negligee and locket.
And about 450 bundles, 5s and under.
Terms, cash.

Tweeds, Drapery, Clothing, Boots, Gold and Silver Watches, Jewellery, &c.
ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. will sell by public auction, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, at the Mart, Pitt-street,
The above.

Preliminary Notice.
Superior Household Furniture and Effects, Engravings, Electroplated Ware, &c.
WEDNESDAY, 12th October, at 11 o'clock.
ALEXANDER MOORE and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, on the premises, opposite the Railway Gate, Botany Road,
The whole of the household furniture and effects.
Full particulars in MORNING HERALD of Monday next.

SATURDAY'S REGULAR AUCTION SALE.
THIS DAY, at 278-280, George-street, at 11 a.m. sharp.
J. B. NORTH and CO. will sell by auction, as above,
Splendid Chubb's patent iron safe, superior office furniture, walnut loo table, H.H. spring-seat sofa, bedsteads and bedding, popular novels and poets, sewing-machines, chandeliers, shop fittings, kitchen utensils, jewellery, fancy goods, and sundries too numerous to mention.
N.B.—Goods for these sales received daily.

In the Insolvent Estate of William Tighe, Japanner and Iron Bedstead Manufacturer.
THIS DAY, 8th October, at 11 o'clock.
On the Premises, 511, Brickfield-hill.
MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been instructed by the Official Assignee in the above estate to sell by auction,
The stock-in-trade comprising bedsteads, show tins, zinc buckets, coal scuttles, brushware, tinware, large tea bins, &c. Also,
The manufacturing plant, colours, &c.
Terms, cash.

In the Insolvent Estate of Jeremiah Hourigan.
THIS DAY, 8th October, at 2 o'clock.
On the Premises, George-street, near Buckland-street, Waterloo.
MR. H. D. COCKBURN has been instructed by the Official Assignee in the above estate to sell his right and interest in the lease.
Also,
One milch cow and milk cans.
Terms, cash.

THIS DAY, 8th October, at 11 o'clock.
At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.
Just landed ex La Hogue, in fine condition.
Five splendid Rouen DUCKS
Two English THRUSHES, in full song.
To Bird Fanciers, Poulterers, and others.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, 8th October, at 11 o'clock,
The above.
Terms, cash.

On SATURDAY, 8th October.
Unreserved Auction Sale of
SALVAGE GOODS,
Just arrived per Comet, from the wreck of the Colonist.
BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, at Campbell's Wharf, THIS DAY, 8th October, at 11 o'clock,
A large quantity of salvage goods from the wreck of the Colonist, including
160 bags maize
43 ditto flour
24 ditto rice
Sugar, groceries
Drapery
Calicoes
Brushware, ironmongery
Paper
Drugs, provisions
Tobacco
And a vast quantity of sundries.
Terms, cash.

AUCTION SALES.

On SATURDAY, 8th October, at 11 o'clock.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Important Unreserved Sale by Auction of

ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS.

300 Volumes Valuable Books
Richly Cut Glassware
Large Iron Stone Dinner Service
Burton's Best Electroplate
MASSIVE DINING-ROOM SUITE
Large Enclosed Mahogany Sideboard
VERY HANDSOME BLACK MARBLE CLOCK, with real bronze ornaments
Splendid Microscope in case, by Mirand Aire, Paris
Small-bore Match Rifle, in case, by Kerr, with wind gauge back sights, &c., cost 40 guineas
LARGE ROSEWOOD DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, covered in amber damask, consisting of Couch, 10 Chairs, 2 Easy Chairs
MASSIVE IRON SAFE
SWEET-TONED WALNUT COTTAGE PIANO-FORTE, by Collard and Collard
Walnut-shaped Loo Tables and pair of Card Tables to match
Vases, Lustres, and Ornaments
Pier Glasses, 50 x 40
Brussels Carpets and Rugs
SUPERB WALNUT WARDROBE, plate-glass centre door, from the EXHIBITION
MASSIVE and RICHLY CARVED WARDROBE, 2 plate-glass wings
Substantial Bedroom Furniture
Kitchen Utensils
And Sundries.
Removed to the Rooms for convenience of sale.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, Upholsterers, Dealers, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, 8th October, at 11 o'clock,
Valuable household furniture and effects.
Terms, cash.

On MONDAY, 10th October.

Under instructions from the Trustee in the Assigned Estate of Messrs. Audsley and Penzer.
The whole of their extensive and well-selected Stock-in-Trade of
Groceries
Oilmen's Stores
Provisions
Weighing Machines, &c.
New and complete Shop Fixtures
Valuable New Gas Fittings.

For Imperative Sale Without Reserve.
Also,
At same place, will be offered
The Unexpired Term of Lease of the Premises, George-street, opposite the Markets.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from the Trustee of the assigned estate of Messrs. Audsley and Penzer to sell by auction, on the Premises, No. 478, George-street, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the extensive stock of groceries, oilmen's stores, &c.
Also,
At same place, at 12 (noon) prompt, will be offered
The unexpired term of lease of the premises, let for 5 years (from 21st December, 1869) at the low rental of £8 per week.
Terms, cash.

On TUESDAY, October 11, at 11 o'clock.
At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt and O'Connell streets.

Highly Important Unreserved Sale by Auction, by order of the Importers, Messrs. Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome, of the entire Cargo of
NEW TEAS,
just arrived ex ELIZA FIRTH, being the first cargo of New Season's Teas, consisting of
1162 Chests
1344 Half-chests
finest Breakfast Congous, selected with great care by one of the most experienced buyers, and especially adapted to the requirements of the colony.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from the Importers, Messrs. Lorimer, Marwood, and Rome, to sell by auction, at their Rooms, O'Connell-street, on TUESDAY, October 11th, at 11 o'clock,
The entire cargo of new season's teas, ex Eliza Frith, just arrived from Foochow.
Terms, liberal, at sale.
Samples may be obtained at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.

WEDNESDAY next, 12th September, at 11 o'clock.

70 PACKAGES OF CHINA and GLASSWARE.

Just landed in excellent condition.

TO CHINA WAREHOUSEMEN, EARTHENWARE DEALERS,
BUYERS FOR THE INTERCOLONIAL MARKETS, COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS, and RETAILERS,
Without the Slightest Reserve.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions from the Importers to sell by auction, at the Australian Auction Mart, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY next, 12th September, at 11 o'clock,
70 packages of glassware and china,
Consisting of
Cups and saucers, printed, assorted patterns and colours
Plates, ditto ditto, all sizes
Dishes, ditto ditto ditto
Jugs and basins, in great variety
Toilet ware, white and gold, and fancy
Chambers
Bowls
Granite dinner ware
Glassware
Tumblers
Decanters
Goblets, &c., &c.
Terms at sale.

MAURITIUS COUNTER SUGARS.

Auction Sale, TUESDAY, 11th October.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB will sell by auction, at their Warehouse, Pitt and O'Connell streets, on TUESDAY, 11th October, at 11 o'clock.
About 320 bags Mauritius counter sugars, various samples, to close accounts.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
On an early day.
At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

Important Unreserved Sale by Auction.

Ex Sarah Grice.

42 PACKAGES VERY SUPERIOR ENGLISH FURNITURE,
from the celebrated house of W. A. and S. SMEE, London.

To Upholsterers, Cabinetmakers, Gentlemen Furnishing, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have received instructions from Messrs. T. and J. Skinner to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early day,
Ex Sarah Grice,
42 packages first-class English furniture.
Terms at sale.
Particulars will duly appear.

Preliminary Notice.
On an early day.

At the Australian Auction Rooms, Pitt-street.

THE VALUABLE AND EXTENSIVE LIBRARY of the late Rev. W. M'Intyre, consisting of
5400 Volumes Books, in every department of Literature.
Removed from Roslyn-terrace for convenience of sale.

To Librarians, Booksellers, Clergymen, and others.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB have been favoured with instructions to sell by auction, at their Rooms, Pitt-street, on an early day,
The valuable library of the late Rev. W. M'Intyre.
Catalogues will be published and issued as early as possible.

20 Cases Iron Bedsteads.

Just landed, ex Queen of Nations.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. will sell by auction, at their Stores, Pitt-street, on MONDAY next, at 11 o'clock,
20 cases, containing—
Solid iron 4-post bedsteads, 6¼ x 4½
Ditto ditto ditto, 6¼ x 3
Tubular ditto ditto, 6¼ x 3
Half-tester ditto ditto, 6¼ x 2½
Children's cots, 5 x 3
Half-tester cots, 4½ x 2½
Superior tubular 4-post, 6¼ x 4½
&c., &c.
Terms at sale.

Preliminary Notice.
Boots and Shoes.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, on TUESDAY next, 11th instant, at 11 o'clock, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street,
Shipment of boots, now landing ex Zemindar and Queen of Nations, manufactured by Nathan Joseph, H. Jackson and Sons, &c.

Further particulars in Monday's HERALD.

Preliminary.

Important and Unreserved Auction Sale of
New Drapery
Clothing, &c.

Now landing ex Sarah Grice and Zemindar.

On THURSDAY and FRIDAY next, 13th and 14th instant, at 11 a.m. each day.

To Warehousemen, Storekeepers, Drapers, and others.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 167, Pitt-street, on THURSDAY and Friday next,
Several large parcels of seasonable goods.
Details in Wednesday's HERALD.

MONDAY, 10th October.

Welsh Fire-bricks, Circular Quay.

To Contractors, Builders, Masons, and others.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Circular Quay, Pitt-street, opposite Mitchell and Co.'s Stores, on MONDAY, October 10th, at 11 o'clock precisely,
12,000 Welsh fire-bricks.
Terms at sale.

TUESDAY, October 11, 1870.

On account of whom it may concern.

Genuine Havanah Cigars.

At the Australian Bond.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, as above, at 11 o'clock precisely,
4 cases genuine Havanah cigars.
On account of whom it may concern.
Terms, cash.

WEDNESDAY, October 12, 1870.

At the Commissariat Stores, Lower George-street.
Superior Lancashire Cotton Gins, Iron Boiler, Obliterating Paint, and Sundries.

JOHN G. COHEN will sell, at the Commissariat Stores, on WEDNESDAY next, October 12th, 1870, at 11 o'clock,
20 cotton gins, by Albuison Balton
1 iron boiler
Obliterating red ink, printing ink, sundries.
Terms, cash.

MONDAY, 10th instant.

Boots and Shoes. Boots and Shoes.

To the Trade, Country Buyers, Shippers, and others.

MR. MOLONY is favoured with instructions from the importers to sell by auction, on MONDAY, 10th instant, in his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, at 11 o'clock prompt,
An invoice of new and seasonable goods, just landed, in splendid order, comprising nearly every line required by the trade for the season in
Gents'
Ladies'
Girls', and
Children's
Boots and shoes.
Every line put up will be positively sold to the highest bidder,
Without reserve.
Terms, liberal, at sale.
Time—11 o'clock.

MONDAY, 10th instant,

Leather, Leather, Elastic Web, &c.

To Boot and Shoe Manufacturers and others.

MR. M. MOLONY will sell by auction, in his Rooms, No. 239, George-street North, MONDAY, 10th instant, at 11 o'clock,
Sole leather
Kip and calf
English and French calf
Kangaroo skins
Elastic boot webbing, &c., &c.
Terms, cash.
No reserve.

Finest Table Potatoes.

Now landed ex Planter, from Warrnambool.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Victoria Wharf, on MONDAY, October 10, at half-past 10 o'clock,
800 bags prime Warrnambool potatoes.
In lots to suit purchasers.
Terms at sale.

Best Boiler-Plate, Bolts, Nuts, and Rivets.
"Best Crown" brand.

By order of the Consignees.

To Ironmongers, Engineers, Boiler Makers, and others.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Rooms, on TUESDAY, October 11, at 11 o'clock,
A shipment of boiler-plates, &c., as follows:—
⅜-inch—
90 plates 7 and 8 x 3
6 ditto 15 x 18
25 ditto 6, 7, 8 x 2.6.
¼-inch—
6 plates 15 x 18
32 ditto 6.7.8 x 2.6
54 ditto ditto ditto.
Also,
3 packages bolts and nuts 2.2½ x ½
3 ditto rivets 2 x ⅝
9 casks pan-headed rivets 1½ x ½.
And
19 bars angle-iron 3 x ⅜.
Terms at sale.

Day and Martin's Blacking.

On account of whom it may concern.

By order of the Consignees.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Rooms, 362, George-street, on WEDNESDAY, 12th October,
9 casks, each 6 dozen, A blacking
5 ditto, ditto 9 ditto, B ditto
9 ditto, ditto 15 ditto, C ditto
11 cases, ditto 24½ ditto, boxes paste ditto.
More or less damaged.
Terms, cash.

GALVANIZED IRON, OREGON BOARDS, FLOORING, JOISTING, SCANTLING, WIRE NETTING, AND OTHER USEFUL BUILDING MATERIALS.

Now taken down, and stacked in convenient lots on the Exhibition Grounds,
PRINCE ALFRED PARK,
being that portion of the Buildings which could not be offered last Monday.

For Positive Unreserved Sale.

R. F. STUBBS and CO. will sell by auction, at Prince Alfred Park, on WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON, October 12, at half-past 2 o'clock,
All the valuable materials, comprising buildings which were not offered on the former day of sale.
Full particulars at sale.
Terms, cash.

For Sale by Auction.

Fellmongering Establishment.

Waterloo.

JOHN A. TURNER has received instructions to sell by public auction, at his Rooms, Bells-chamber's, 171, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, 12th October, at 11.30 a.m.,
All that
COMMODIOUS WOOLWASHING ESTABLISHMENT,
originally occupied by Mr. Haigh, and lately in the possession of Mr. R. Lewis.
The property comprises nearly 8 acres of ground, possessing advantages for the storage of an unlimited water supply. The improvements are most complete, including 1 cottage of 5 rooms and another of 3 rooms, 4 sheds, 2 wash-houses, sweat-house, good 3-stall stable, tanks, and boiling pans. Everything in perfect working order.
Also, 2 horses and dray, new woolpress, sheeting, &c.

This property is in the market for positive sale, and can be recommended as a safe investment. The establishment is well known, and has always been worked to advantage. Its proximity to the city affording facilities for constant employment. Intending purchasers are requested to inspect the premises without delay.

WEDNESDAY, 12th OCTOBER.

UNRESERVED SALE of Valuable Suburban and Country FREEHOLD PROPERTIES, to close accounts, by public auction, at MORT'S ROOMS, Pitt-street, Sydney, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 12th OCTOBER.

KOGARAH ROAD.	160-acre Farm, adjoining Captain O'Connell's Estate, about one mile from the Kogarah Post-office, with large water frontage.
FIELD OF MARS.	24-acre Farm, situated at Pennant Hills, next to Bellamy's 60 acres, and divided by a road from Oakes's and Eyle's farms.
FIELD OF MARS.	20-acre Farm, situated at Pennant Hills, adjoining the above, and next to Thornton's and Bellamy's grants.
PARRAMATTA.	Choice Allotment of Land, having 132 feet frontage (more or less) to Macquarie-street, by a depth of 124 feet to Wentworth-street, being part of Saville's grant. Also, Allotment of Land, having 20 feet (more or less) frontage to Veteran's Road, by a depth of 120 feet, and next to Ashley's and Bladdock's land.
NEW SOUTH HEAD ROAD.	Choice Block of Land, containing about 16 acres, having frontages to the Old and New South Head Road, and Piper's Road.
CLARENCE TOWN.	Allotment, having frontage of 66 feet to Durham-street, by a depth of 330 feet to Russell-street.
TOWN OF DUNGOG.	Allotment, having 66 feet frontage to Lord-street, by a depth of 330 feet.
MACQUARIE, EAST.	The easternmost half of Allotment No. 2 Section No. 6, Port Macquarie.
HUNTER'S HILL.	Block of Land, containing about 26 acres, adjoining the property of Edye Manning, Esq., fronting the Parramatta River, and commanding beautiful views.
RAYMOND TERRACE.	1160 acres, adjoining the celebrated Dorritants Estate.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO.

UNRESERVED SALE of SUBURBAN AND COUNTRY FREEHOLDS.

TO CLOSE ACCOUNTS.

LOT 1. 160-ACRE FARM on the KOGARAH ROAD, adjoining Captain O'Connell's Estate and the well-known Conolly's bush, about one mile from the Kogarah Post-office. It has a large water frontage and forms a very compact and valuable property.
LOT 2. 24-ACRE FARM, FIELD OF MARS, situate at Pennant Hills, bounded on the north-west by part of Bellamy's 60 acres; and on the north-east, by a road 1 chain wide, dividing it from part of Bellamy's Oakes's, and Eyles's farms.
LOT 3. 20-ACRE FARM, FIELD OF MARS, situate at Pennant Hills, adjoining lot 2, containing 20 acres, more or less, bounded on the north-west by Thornton's grant and Bellamy's 60 acres.
LOT 4. PARRAMATTA.—Allotment of Land, having a frontage of 132 feet, more or less, to Macquarie-street, by a depth of 124 feet, more or less, to Wentworth-street, being part of Saville's grant. Also all that Allotment of Land, situate in the TOWN OF PARRAMATTA, having 20 feet, more or less, frontage to the VETERAN'S ROAD, by a depth of 120 feet, more or less, and bounded by Ashley and Braddock's land.
LOT 5. NEW SOUTH HEAD ROAD.—Choice Block of Land, containing about 16 acres, having frontages to the Old South Head Road, the New South Head Road, and Piper's Road.
LOT 6. CLARENCE TOWN.—Allotment 2, section 9, having a frontage of 66 feet to Durham-street, by a depth of 330 feet to Russell-street, to which street there is also a frontage of 66 feet.
LOT 7. TOWN OF DUNGOG.—Allotment 7, section 7, having a frontage of 66 feet to Lord-street, by a depth of 330 feet.
** This allotment is close to Hook-street, and is on the main road to the Upper Williams.
LOT 8. MACQUARIE EAST.—The easternmost half of allotment No. 2, section No. 6, Port Macquarie.
** This allotment is in an excellent position close to the Episcopalian and Roman Catholic Churches, in the very heart of the town.
LOT 9. LAKE MACQUARIE.—Block of Land, containing 181 ACRES, close to the celebrated mine of the Cardiff Coal Company, and situate on the border of the lake.
LOT 10. HUNTER'S HILL.—Block of Land, about 26 ACRES, adjoining the property of Edye Manning, Esq., fronting the Parramatta River and a Government Road, commanding a beautiful view.
LOT 11. RAYMOND TERRACE.—Block of Land, 1160 ACRES, adjoining the celebrated Dorribank Estate.

Titles—unquestionable. Terms at sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at MORT'S ROOMS, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY, 12th October,
The above valuable freehold lands.

☞ The sale of these lands is PEREMPTORY, to close accounts. The public are invited to ascertain thoroughly the character of the lots, that they may be satisfied as to their sterling value.

PLANS on view at MORT'S Rooms.

Preliminary Notice.

That extensive and valuable block of Freehold Property, situate in Bourke-street through to Dowling-street, Sydney Common, adjoining The Grange, the residence of W. H. Alderson, Esq., and opposite Baptist's Garden, comprising—
LOT 1.—THURLOW-TERRACE, seven two-story Houses, fronting Bourke-street.
LOT 2.—The EXTENSIVE STABLING at the rear of Lot 1.
LOT 3.—ALLOTMENTS OF LAND fronting a reserved road, 33 feet wide, leading from Bourke-street to Sydney Common.
LOT 4.—8 HOUSES fronting Dowling-street, overlooking the Sydney Common.

Titles unquestionable. Terms at sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mort's Room, Pitt-street, on WEDNESDAY, 26th OCTOBER,

The above truly valuable freehold property, full particulars of which will be shortly published.

FOR POSITIVE SALE.

HOLT-STREET, STRAWBERRY HILL.

TITLE.—Apply to Messrs. Stephen and Stephen, solicitors, Pitt-street. TERMS at sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at MORT'S ROOMS, PITT-STREET, at 11 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 19th OCTOBER,
That valuable freehold property, No. 45, HOLT-STREET, STRAWBERRY HILL, built of brick, on stone foundations, with shingled roof, containing 2 rooms and kitchen, side entrance, water laid on.

☞ This is a really choice little property, now in thorough order, having been recently shingled and repaired; and, as the proprietor is determined to realise, this sale presents an opportunity very seldom met with of securing a snug residence in a good and improving locality at a small cost, or an investment which will return a good permanent interest on the outlay.

PEREMPTORY SALE.

The Residue of the NICHOLS' ESTATE, NORTH SHORE, comprising 400 acres, more or less. Situate on the Lane Cove Road and in the immediate neighbourhood of Messrs. Fuller, Bryson, and Cusack, Seldon and Co.'s orchards, and distant only three miles from MILSON'S POINT.

TITLE.—Apply to Messrs. Roxburgh, Slade, and Spain, Solicitors, The Exchange.

Terms at Sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock on
WEDNESDAY, 19th October,
The residue of the Nichols' Estate, North Shore, comprising some very fine blocks of land particularly well adapted for orchards, vineyards, &c., and commanding charming views.
The land is subdivided into blocks of from 9 to 15 acres, each block having good access by roads.

☞ The well-known character of these land, evidenced by the many prosperous orchards and farms surrounding them, is sufficient without any eulogium at the hands of the Auctioneers.
Their close proximity to Sydney, and the smallness of the subdivision to meet all requirements, are advantages not often to be met with. The attention of those seeking land in the locality is particularly directed to the opportunity offered of securing good land occupying a fine position.

PLAN on view at Mort's Rooms.

POSITIVE SALE.

VALUABLE ALLOTMENTS OF LAND.

SYDNEY COMMON.

Allotments 8, 9, 10, section G, having a frontage of 96 feet to Gordon-street by a depth of about 66 feet to a reserved road.

TITLE unquestionable. TERMS at sale.

RAYNES, TREEVE, and CO. have received instructions to sell by public auction, at Mort's Rooms, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock, on
WEDNESDAY, 19th October,
The above choice block of land, either in one or three lots.
☞ This is a capital opportunity for securing a really fine building site, and attention is directed thereto.
PLAN on view at Mort's Rooms.

VALUABLE BLOCK of 20 ACRES of LAND, on the main road to Middle Harbour, commanding splendid views of Sydney and suburbs, adjoining "The Ranges," the residence of E. O. Moriarty, Esq.

MR. GEORGE PILE, Jun., will sell by auction, at his Rooms, 62, Margaret-street, on TUESDAY, the 18th instant, at 12 noon,
The above valuable block of land, situated on Middle Harbour Road, St. Leonards.
Terms at sale.

UNRESERVED SALE TO THE HIGHEST BIDDER.

PICTURESQUE HANDSOME VILLA WITH GROUNDS,
DOUBLE BAY,
the residence and property of
F. B. MILLER, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from F. B. Miller, Esq., in consequence of his immediate removal to Melbourne, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 14 October,
at 11 o'clock,
A remarkably handsome
GOTHIC VILLA AND GROUNDS,
the latter containing an area of upwards of 1 acre, extending to high water frontage to Double Bay.
The RESIDENCE is built of stone, and contains 8 rooms, kitchen, laundry, &c., with stables, coachhouse, &c.
The GROUNDS, upwards of 1 acre in extent, are laid out in shrubbery, flower-garden, and lawn, extending to the beach of Double Bay. They are very beautiful, considerable taste being displayed in their formation. No expense has been spared in planting with choice trees and shrubs, and the general design is remarkably pretty and attractive.
The residence is approached by an avenue and drive, and in front is a smooth lawn interspersed with lovely parterres, and gradually sloping to the white sandy beach of the placid bay, where it is protected by a substantial sea wall, securely piled.
The premises are well finished throughout, and fitted with every convenience and comfort required by a small family. The site occupies the centre of Double Bay, has a northern aspect, and commands magnificent harbour scenery.

☞ The proprietor's removal to Melbourne necessitates an UNRESERVED SALE, and the auctioneers therefore specially direct attention to the favourable opportunity for securing one of the most picturesque waterside residences in Double Bay.

PLAN and LITHOGRAPHIC VIEWS can be inspected at the Rooms, where also CARDS TO VIEW may be obtained.

TITLE.—Point Piper Estate, leasehold. Full particulars can be obtained on application to Messrs. Pigott and Trickett, solicitors, King-street.
Terms at sale.

PRINCE-STREET.
LARGE BLOCK OF LAND and TWO COTTAGES, Nos. 65 and 67, on the west side, between Essex and Argyle streets.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th October, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece of land, having about 50 FEET FRONTAGE TO PRINCE-STREET, on which are two commodious brick-built cottages, Nos. 65 and 67, Prince-street, containing 4 and 5 apartments respectively, and let to old and permanent tenants at a low rental of £67 12s per annum.
☞ A capital investment, having a large frontage to a valuable position in Prince-street, one of the most populous localities in the city.
Plan at the Rooms.
Terms liberal.

BY ORDER OF THE EXECUTORS OF THE WILL OF THE LATE JOHN HILL, ESQ.

SMALL CITY INVESTMENTS.

WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

ALLOTMENT OF LAND, having 35 feet frontage to CAMPBELL-PLACE, between the properties of Mr. Wager and Mr. Wells, and immediately at the rear of Mr. E. J. Tebbatt's Boot Factory, together with the wooden buildings thereon.

COTTAGE No. 2 CROWN-LANE, containing 4 rooms, water laid on, large yard enclosed with stone wall, &c. at the rear. The allotment of land is a corner between Crown and Riley streets, and having the following frontages,
37 FEET 5 INCHES TO CROWN-LANE,
and
30 FEET TO YURONG-LANE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions (from the executors of the will of the late John Hill, Esq.) to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th October, at 11 o'clock,
The above-described properties in Campbell-place, and corner of Yurong and Crown lanes, Woolloomooloo.
Terms at sale.

For Positive Sale.

UPPER PADDINGTON.

Those Commanding, Handsome, Well-finished Premises,
THE SALISBURY HOTEL, and
GROCER'S SHOP and DWELLING adjoining,
situated at the corner of the Old South Head Road and James-street, a few yards beyond Piper-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the proprietor, who intends leaving for England, to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th OCTOBER, at 11 o'clock,
All that freehold corner piece of land, being lots 13 and 14 of block 1, of subdivision made by John Alexander, of a portion of the Point Piper Estate, having 40 feet frontage to the South Head Road, and 99 feet frontage to James-street, on which are erected the following:—
THE SALISBURY HOTEL,
a three-story brick-built house, on stone foundation, with slated roof, containing bar, hall, and private entrance, seven rooms and kitchen, with cellar in the basement, with yard, a 4-stall stable, &c., at the rear.
** The premises are remarkably well built and finished. The elevation and style of the outside is attractive, the whole being cemented and oil painted; a handsome balcony in front, entered on by French windows from the large public room on the first floor. They are occupied by the proprietor, who is doing a respectable and profitable business.
Adjoining the hotel is a
GROCER'S SHOP AND DWELLING,
built of brick on stone foundation, with slate roof, containing shop, four apartments, and kitchen, with yard, &c., at the rear.
** The outside is cemented, painted, and neatly finished. The premises are let to Mrs. Irvine, at 15s per week, or £39 per annum. The houses are supplied with abundance of water from a well at the back, fitted with pump.
☞ This is a desirable investment, situated in a very improving locality, facing MOORE PARK, and close to the junction of PARK ROAD (a favourite drive). The houses are well built and finished, they were a short time since put in perfect order, so that no repairs will be required for many years.
Parties seeking a permanent investment are especially invited to inspect the property prior to the sale, the proprietor being determined to realise, in consequence of leaving for England.
Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

NEWTOWN.

COTTAGE in CAMPBELL-STREET, to the west of the NEWTOWN ROAD, a few yards north from the MISSENDEN ROAD, and known as Mrs. M'MAHON'S PROPERTY.
It contains 5 rooms, with stable, fowl-house, well of good water, fitted with pump; large yard, &c., at the rear.
The land is portion of the BLIGH ESTATE, and has the following frontages: 20 feet to CAMPBELL-STREET, 20 feet to RICHARD-STREET, with a depth of 120 feet.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mrs. M'Mahon to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th October, at 11 o'clock,
The above described cottage residence, Campbell-street, Newtown.
Terms at sale.

DARLINGHURST.

TWO STONE-BUILT HOUSES, Nos. 70 and 72, SURRY-STREET, CRAIGEND ESTATE, a few yards from VICTORIA-STREET, adjoining Mr. P. DEERY'S PROPERTY.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from Mr. THOMAS M'NEILLY to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on
FRIDAY, 14th October,
at 11 o'clock,
All that parcel of land, being lot 43 as per plan of the CRAIGEND ESTATE, DARLINGHURST, having 36 feet frontage to Surrey-street, with a depth of 76½ feet, upon which are erected TWO HOUSES, built of STONE and WOOD, Nos. 70 and 72, containing respectively 3 and 4 rooms, with large yards, &c., at the rear.

☞ This property is most favourably situated on the heights of Darlinghurst, and within a few yards of the OMNIBUS STAND.

Plan on view at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

BALMAIN.

COTTAGE and LAND, BEATTIE-STREET, known as Mr. HODGEKISS', between the properties of Messrs. HITCHCOCK and CAMERON, and opposite the PIGEON GROUND.

By order of the Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions from the Mortgagee to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 14th October, at 11 o'clock,
ALL THAT ALLOTMENT of LAND, being portion of lot No. 5 of section 5 of the BALMAIN ESTATE, having 30 FEET frontage to BEATTIE-STREET, with a depth of about 163 FEET, upon which is erected a NEAT WELL-FINISHED WEATHERBOARD COTTAGE, containing 4 rooms, with detached shed, well of water, &c., at the rear.

☞ This is a very desirable and pleasantly-situated small residence.
The position is immediately beyond the Congregational Church, only a few yards from Darling-street, and within ten minutes' walk from either the JOHNSTON'S BAY or DRY DOCK FERRIES.

TITLE UNQUESTIONABLE, particulars of which may be obtained on application to W. W. Billyard, Esq., solicitor, Hunter-street.

Plan at the Rooms.
Terms at sale.

PROSPECT, WESTERN ROAD.

CAPITAL FARM and HOMESTEAD,
Opposite BUNGARRIBBEE, about three miles from the BLACKTOWN RAILWAY STATION.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, Sydney, on
FRIDAY, 21st OCTOBER,
at 11 o'clock,
A valuable farm of 340 ACRES on the Western Road, about a mile from the church, school, and post-office at Prospect, and close to either the Blacktown or Rooty Hill railway stations. It is all well enclosed with a substantial 3-rail fence, and subdivided into paddocks. About 70 acres have been cleared, stumped, and in cultivation. The house (formerly the Victoria Hotel) is a substantial brick building, containing 10 rooms, detached kitchen, and out-offices, stables, coachhouse, &c.

☞ This is a desirable country farm homestead, conveniently situated in a fine healthy elevated position, commanding extensive beautiful views.

Plan at the Rooms.
Terms, liberal.

ABSOLUTE SALE.
To wind up a Trust Estate.

BROUGHAM AND DUKE STREETS.
WOOLLOOMOOLOO.

LARGE BLOCK OF LAND, together with STONE-BUILT HOUSE, Stables, &c., near William-street, opposite the residence and grounds of B. BURDEKIN, Esq.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, FRIDAY, 21st October, at 11 o'clock,
All that piece of land, having the following frontages:—
142 feet 11 inches to Brougham-street
142 feet 11 inches to Duke street
with a depth of 116 feet 10 inches, on which is a substantial commodious stone-built house, containing upwards of 12 apartments, with stables, coach-house, &c., at the rear.

☞ This property is let on lease, which expires in about four years, to Mr. Matthew Clark, at a rental of £100 per annum.
Title unquestionable. Full particulars can be obtained on application to Messrs. ABBOTT and YEOMANS, Solicitors, George-street.
Terms at sale.

PADDINGTON.

SOUTH HEAD ROAD.

TWO-STORY STONE HOUSE, with BLACKSMITH'S SHOP and small BRICK HOUSE at the rear, adjoining the ROYAL OAK HOTEL.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st October, at 11 o'clock,
ALL THAT ALLOTMENT OF LAND, having 25 feet frontage to the SOUTH HEAD ROAD, PADDINGTON, with a depth of 100 feet, upon which are erected, fronting the SOUTH HEAD ROAD,
A stone-built two-story house, containing 4 apartments, with yard, &c.—land at the rear
A BLACKSMITH'S SHOP and BRICK HOUSE of 2 rooms, with yard, &c.
The whole is let at the low rental of 14s. 6d. per week, or £37 14s. per annum.
☞ This property is immediately opposite Mr. Kidman's Grocery Store and William-street, and is worthy the attention of parties in search of an investment in this populous locality.
Terms at sale.

FOR ABSOLUTE SALE, TO CLOSE A PARTNERSHIP.

CLARENCE RIVER,
NEW SOUTH WALES.

That choice and valuable Cattle Station,
LAVENSTRATH,
situated on the south side of the Clarence River, about nine miles from GRAFTON.
Together with
2000 HEAD CATTLE, more or less.

TERMS.—One-half cash upon the fall of the hammer residue by approved bills at twelve and twenty-four months, dated from day of sale, and bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, secured by mortgage over the station and stock.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by Messrs. Pearson, Brothers, to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, 23rd November, 1870, at 12 o'clock, unless previously disposed of by private contract,
That very desirable station, known as
LAVENSTRATH,
containing an area of some 46,000 acres of sound, healthy grazing country, eminently fattening, consisting of lightly timbered ridges and open flats, richly grassed.
Estimated capability, 3000 head cattle in all seasons.
The herd to be sold with this truly magnificent property consists of
2000 head CATTLE, more or less,
which for breeding and quality are equal to any in this far-famed district, having been closely culled and speyed for the last three years, while EIGHT head of PURE-BRED SHORT-HORN BULLS, from the celebrated studs of R. M'Dougall, Esq., and Messrs. Moreton and Leach, of Victoria, have been in the herd. The cattle were all inoculated three years ago, since which no signs of pleuro have appeared.
The run is abundantly watered by the Urara River, numerous creeks and lagoons ensuring a permanent supply in the driest season.
The IMPROVEMENTS which are erected upon 160 acres of purchased land, comprise verandah Cottage, of five rooms, kitchen, and servants' room, stables, meat house, store room, harness room, dray shed, men's hut of four rooms, dairy, garden, horse yards, stock yards, cultivation paddock, horse paddock of 100 acres, large paddocks of 1000 acres, and substantial 2-roomed stockman's hut, at back of run.
There is also a complete BOILING ESTABLISHMENT in perfect working order, capable of melting 50 cattle, or 500 sheep per day.
The above station will be found one of the most complete and profitable in the colony of New South Wales, and the auctioneers feel it unnecessary to add any comment of their own, but confidently invite inspection of the property by intending purchasers.
Full particulars may be had on application to HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Sydney.

FOR POSITIVE SALE BY ORDER OF THE MORTGAGEES.

BURNETT DISTRICT,
QUEENSLAND.

That extensive and highly remunerative Cattle Station,
WONBAH,
situated on the Wonbah Creek and Burnett River, and so favourably known as the property of Messrs. Power and Connelly,
together with
5500 HEAD CATTLE, more or less.
Estimated grazing capabilities 6000 head in all seasons.
TERMS.—One-third cash on the fall of the hammer, residue by approved bills at twelve and twenty-four months, dated from day of sale, and bearing interest at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, secured by mortgage over the station and stock.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN have been instructed by the Mortgagees to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street, Sydney, on WEDNESDAY, 19th October, 1870, at 12 o'clock,
That well-known cattle station known as
WONBAH,
embracing an enormous extent of excellent cattle country, being chiefly lightly timbered, and ironbark ridges with rich apple tree flats, abundantly grassed and watered, and is admittedly one of the best breeding stations in the Northern districts.
With this splendid property will be sold
5500 HEAD CATTLE, more or less,
to be mustered and delivered; also
200 HORSES, more or less.
The CATTLE are a general herd of very superior description, chiefly Durhams, extremely quiet and of good ages, including some 500 or 600 speyed cows, and about 1000 bullocks over 3 years, a large proportion of which are fat.
The HORSES are well bred, and consist of some very fine brood mares, and a large proportion of fine young draught stock, including a very valuable STALLION, "HERO."
The IMPROVEMENTS, all of which are first-class, substantial, and nearly new, are, on the HEAD STATION, 6-roomed weatherboard cottage, with a garden, detached kitchen, long building containing store, meat house, men's apartments, and blacksmith's shop; stable, horse yards, stockyard capable of working 3000 cattle, large paddock, estimated at 8000 acres, two others of 200 and 100 acres each, all securely enclosed with substantial two-rail fences; there are also 12 miles good new fencing on the run.
The advantages offered to capitalists by a property like that above referred to are too apparent to need any comment at the hands of the auctioneers, who would, however, merely point to the rare chance of buying cattle in any numbers to supply the growing wants of the Southern fattening stations, for which a breeding station, combining good fattening qualities like this, is so admirably adapted; while all those who have embarked in an overland expedition from the north well know the great value of a lot of horses of the above description, from the almost fabulous prices that have in some instances been paid for suitable horses in the north.
Full particulars may be had on application to HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Sydney.

FOR POSITIVELY UNRESERVED SALE.

THE MORUYA SILVER MINE.
114 Acres 37 Perches of
FREEHOLD LAND,
situated on the Moruya River, and 160 Acres of
LEASEHOLD LAND,
situated one mile from the Wauban Creek, 3 miles from the township of Moruya, and within 1 mile from water carriage; together with all the Mining Plant, Buildings, Machinery, Tools, Gear, and requisites for carrying on the mine.

Title unquestionable; for particulars of which apply to Messrs. WANT, SON, and JOHNSON, Solicitors, Pitt-street.
Terms at Sale.

WANT and SIMPSON have received instructions from the Directors of the Moruya Silver Mining Company to sell by public auction, at their Sale Rooms, The Pastoral Exchange, No. 271, George-street, at 11 o'clock, on MONDAY, the 24th October,
That valuable and extensive mineral property known as
THE MORUYA MINE,
situated as above, being only ABOUT 3 MILES from the township of MORUYA, and having the advantage of close proximity to
WATER CARRIAGE,
at a very moderate cost, to Sydney, for all ores that may be raised for shipment to England or elsewhere.
The land presents peculiar advantages for the ERECTION of FURNACES, which would thus enable the purchaser to reduce the ores on the spot, and at
VERY MODERATE COST,
from the fact that abundance of timber is upon the Company's land.
With the MORUYA SILVER MINE will be sold all the MACHINERY and PLANT now upon the ground, consisting of a first-class WINDING and PUMPING ENGINE of 20-horse power, made by Messrs. P. N. RUSSELL and CO., with boiler and all fittings complete, and in the most perfect order; and PUMP WORK, MINING, and BLACKSMITHS' TOOLS, FORGES, and every requisite for carrying on the operations without delay, and with only such outlay as may be necessary to start the works; together with the BUILDINGS, HUTS, WORKSHOPS, &c., &c.
The ASSAYS OF THE ORES, made by the Branch of the Royal Mint here, and other assayists, have shown that they contain precious metals as follows, varying thus:
GOLD, from ⅛ths to 2 ounces to the ton of ore
SILVER, from 9 to 142 ounces to the ton of ore; besides
LEAD, from 3 to 33 per cent.
THREE SHIPMENTS of ores, consigned to Messrs. Johnson, Matthey, and Co., of London, gave the following returns:—
SILVER, from 9 to 29 ounces to the ton of ore
GOLD, from ⅛ths to 2 ounces to the ton of ore.
THE LODE has been traced and opened in several places along its course. It is known to extend from north to south of the Company's Leasehold Land, and according to the report last received from the Mining Captain, its extent in width is from 1 to 3 feet.
A large portion of the open ground is ready for stoping, and a very large quantity of ores can be raised at very trifling cost.
SEVERAL RICH REEFS are known to exist upon the land, but have not yet been properly tested.
A GOOD FIELD now presents itself for investment by any company possessed of MODERATE CAPITAL to carry on the works already commenced, the chief difficulties having been overcome, and there is a FINE PLANT and MACHINERY on the ground to recommence the working of the Mine.

☞ The Auctioneers particularly invite the attention of SPECULATORS, CAPITALISTS, and OTHERS who may be desirous of investing in this kind of property, and acquiring a MOST VALUABLE MINE, to the amount that has been expended in opening it up, and bringing the whole into thorough working order, so that operations may be resumed forthwith.
The sole object in selling is the insufficiency of capital to continue working, that subscribed by the shareholders having been exhausted.
AN INVENTORY of the whole of the MACHINERY, PLANT, TOOLS, &c., may be seen at the Rooms of the Auctioneers.

Campbelltown.

MR. JOHN SHEA has received instructions from E. L. Moore, Esq., to sell by auction, at Mr. Gregory's Inn, Campbelltown, on TUESDAY next, October 11th,
The lease of Belmore Park, for twelve months. This splendid farm joins the township of Campbelltown, upon which is a good house, &c., and lately occupied by the relict of the late Judge Callaghan. The farm is well grassed, well fenced, abundance of water, and contains about 220 acres.
Sale at 12 o'clock.
Terms at sale.

For Positive Sale.
Three choice Farms, near Campbelltown.

MR. JOHN SHEA has received instructions from Mr. James Simpson to sell by public auction, at Campbelltown, early in November,
3 valuable Farms, formerly the property of the late Mr. George Simpson.
Particulars in future advertisements.

ALLOTMENT OF LAND, CHURCH-STREET NORTH.

COUNTRY RESIDENCE, WESTERN ROAD,
One mile and a-half from Rooty Hill Station.

A Rare Opportunity. Such easy terms.

J. Y. MILLS has received instructions from Mr. T. Brien to sell by auction, at Williams' Hotel, Parramatta, on TUESDAY, October 11th, at 11 o'clock,
One Allotment of Land, containing 37 perches, situated at the corner of Church and Dunlop streets, opposite Mrs. Troughton's residence, having a frontage of about 53 feet to Church-street, by a depth of 198 feet.
Also, 51½ acres, known as Dean's Farm, on the Western Road, close to Pike's, at Eastern Creek, about 40 acres are cleared, the whole is well-fenced. There is a two-story brick-built Family Residence of 12 rooms, also extensive stabling, barns, &c., on the farm. As the property has a large frontage to the Western Road, it is easy of access, and being bounded by the Eastern Creek, it has an abundant supply of water.
Terms—One fourth cash, the rest can remain for any term up to 5 years, or 6 per cent., payable by instalments, if required.
The above is recommended to Vinegrowers.

National Library of Australia http://nla.gov.au/nla.news-page1459081

FUNERALS.

PRINCE ALBERT LODGE, G. U. O. of O. F.—The Brothers of the above Lodge and various Lodges in the Sydney district are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of Amelia, WIFE of Brother E. ROGERS; to move from his residence, No. 361, George-street, on SUNDAY AFTERNOON, 9th instant, at half-past 2 o'clock. By order of the N. G.,
THOMAS SAUNDERS, Secretary.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. EDMUND ROGERS are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his deceased WIFE, Amelia: to move from his Residence, No. 361, George-street, near King-street, TO-MORROW (Sunday) AFTERNOON, at half-past 2 o'clock. THOMAS, Undertaker, 141, York-street.

PUBLICATIONS.

THE SYDNEY MAIL.
SATURDAY, 8TH OCTOBER.
Sporting Gazette—Turf Gossip—Programme—Betting—Cricket—Aquatics
Chess-Player
Wave Prospect, a Tale by the Rev. Dr. Barry
Coroner's Inquests—The Mysterious Case in the Domain
Destructive Fire in Hunter-street
Insolvency Case—Messrs. Thame, Walker, and Co.
Dinner to Sir Daniel Cooper
Committal for Manslaughter
Suspicious Case at Ryde
Scuttling a Ship Case
England via San Francisco
South Sea Islanders redressing their Grievances
Agricultural Gazette—The Land—Pastoral—Weather and Crops—M. Charlier on Horse-Shoeing—Sheep Parasites—Agricultural Items—Cutting down Thistles—Hint to Butchers
Mining Gazette
Spirit of the Press on the War
Lord Derby on Charity
Stella's Paris Letter—Europe Disturbed—M. Thiers in Opposition—Great Excitement—Donations to the Troops—Prussia cries War—The Mitrailleur—The Religious Aspect—The Prince Imperial Packing up—The Marseillaise—Peace and War—Diplomatic Compliments—Effects of a False Telegram—Empress Eugenie issues a Proclamation—Napoleon resigns command of the Army—Drawing for the Army—Cause of Humanity—A Critique—The Secret Treaty
Latest War News—Metz surrounded—Naval Combat—The new French Provisional Government
The Fashions for August
Loss of the barque Fruiter
The War and Social Affairs in England—What will the Colonies do?—Effects of the War upon English Trade—The Neutrality Question—The War and Emigration
Temperance—A Voice from India—Speech of the Baboo Keshub Chunder Sen, of Calcutta
Percy Anecdotes—Domestic Economy—Light Reading
Poetry—Long Ago—The Swallows—Our Childhood
Proceedings of Parliament
Horticultural Society's Exhibits—Papers on Cultivation of Dahlias—Gardening by Ladies
News from Fiji
Spencer's Mechanical Exhibition
Sir John Young on Fenianism
The late Mr. Henry Hopkins of Hobart Town
The Charge against Forder
The Case of Hugo Levinger
New Zealand Parliament.

LONDON.—The undermentioned Newspaper and Advertising Agents are authorised to receive advertisements, which must be paid in advance, for the SYDNEY MORNING HERALD and SYDNEY MAIL.
Mr. F. ALGAR, 8, Clement's-lane, Lombard-street.
Mr. GEORGE STREET, 30, Cornhill, E.C.
Messrs. GORDON and GOTCH, 121, Holborn-hill, E.C.
Mr. W. M. WILLS, 28, Summer Row, Birmingham.
Copies of each journal are filed at the above offices for the use of advertisers.

PRICE SIXPENCE, MONTHLY.
The AUSTRALIAN FREE RELIGIOUS PRESS, edited by the Rev. JAMES PILLARS, B.A.
Now ready, No. IX., containing Selections, Original Poetry, Correspondence, Articles on
OLD TESTAMENT MORALITY
LIFE AND DEATH
WHERE AND WHAT IS HELL:
THE POWER OF GOODNESS,
and Notes on Divorce, Biblical Revision, the Protestant Working Man and his Friends, the Infirmary Investigation, Sister Annie and her Spiritual Adviser, Unauthorised Teachers of Religion, the Several Sorts of Illicit Stills, &c.
JOHN FERGUSON, and all Booksellers.

PROTESTANT STANDARD.—Rome's Last Money Dodge, Odds and Ends, Sydney Infirmary Report, IV.

EDUCATIONAL.

BRIGHTSIDE-PLACE SEMINARY, 270, Liverpool-street, conducted by Miss FRASER, with the assistance of superior teachers, on approved principles. Duties resumed on TUESDAY, 11th.

MISS JOHNSON'S Preparatory SCHOOL for Young Gentlemen reopens October 10.

MR. PENNY'S SCHOOL, 21, Stanley-street, Hyde Park.—Work resumed MONDAY, 3rd October.

MRS. STEWART'S Day and Evening SCHOOL, corner Goulburn and Brisbane sts. Private Lessons.

MR. GOW, Teacher of Writing, Arithmetic, and Bookkeeping, at the New School; Miss Fraser's Brighton-place; the School of Arts; and at residence, 330, Crown-street, Surry Hills. Schools and families attended.

THE MISSES HARDIE, Shirley, Edgecliff Road, Double Bay. Lessons for the ensuing quarter will commence on MONDAY, October 10th.

THE NEW SCHOOL, Darlinghurst.—Summer Term, Oct. 3 to Dec. 21. W. J. Stephens, M.A., Oxon.

ST. ANDREW'S COLLEGE, within the University of Sydney.

PROVISIONAL COMMITTEE:
Vice-Chairman—Rev. Adam Thomson
Secretary—Rev. James Cameron, M.A., Richmond
Treasurer—Robert Anderson, Esq., Sydney
Rev. Dr. Lang
Dr. Steel
A. C. Geikie, D.D., Bathurst
Alex. M'Ewen, Mudgee
Wm. Grant, M.A., Shoalhaven
John Kinross, Kiama
J. B. Laughton, B.A., Parramatta
William Ross, M.A., Wentworth
William Ridley, M.A.
S. F. Mackenzie, M.A., Goulburn
Wazir Beg, M.D., LL.D.
George Bowman, Esq., Richmond
Neill Stewart, Esq., Parramatta
Dr. Douglas
Hon. S. D. Gordon, Esq., M.L.C.
Hon. John Richardson, Esq., M.L.C.
William Neill, Esq.
D. L. Waugh, Esq., Jamberoo
Alexander Dodds, Esq., M.L.A.
Matthew Whytlaw, Esq.
Captain Moodie.

The Provisional Committee of St. Andrew's College having appointed the Election of the Council of said College to take place on the 7th day of November next, the following extracts from the Act of Incorporation relative to the mode of election and qualifications of the Councillors are subjoined for the information of the subscribers:—

"The first twelve Councillors, of whom four, but not more, shall be ordained Ministers of the Presbyterian Church of New South Wales, shall be elected by the subscribers to the funds of the College—every subscriber of one pound paid to have one vote; every subscriber of ten pounds to have two votes; every subscriber of twenty-five pounds, three votes; and every subscriber of fifty pounds or upwards, to have four votes—all such votes to be given by ballot; and subscribers not present at any meeting for such purpose who may authorise in writing any other subscriber, shall be allowed to vote by proxy."

"No person shall be deemed eligible as a Councillor who is not a member of the Presbyterian Church of New South Wales."

As it is very desirable that the names of parties to be proposed for this office should be before the subscribers for some time previous to the day of election, the Provisional Committee invite subscribers to send in to the Secretary or Treasurer the names of the parties they intend to nominate, not later than the 20th October, after which the list of names received will be published for information of subscribers.

Forms of proxy and lists of subscribers may be obtained on application to the different ministers of the Church, or to any member of the Provisional Committee.

Subscribers who have not yet paid their subscriptions are respectfully and urgently requested to do so forthwith; and all those who have not yet subscribed but who may feel desirous of doing so, to entitle them to a vote in the election of the Council, are invited to send in their names, with the amount of their subscriptions, to the Secretary or Treasurer, without delay.
By order of the Provisional Committee,
JAMES CAMERON, Secretary.
Sydney, 21st September, 1870.

MISCELLANEOUS.

BILLIARDS, Billiards, Billiards.—Royal Arcade Hotel, corner of Pitt and Market streets.—P. SHERLOCK, begs to inform his friends that he has purchased the Exhibition Prize Billiard Table, which is now in full play.

BILLIARD BALLS, Pin Pool, Cues, Skittles, Saloon Balls. Milgrove and Son, turners, 550, George-st.

BEESWAX, wanted to purchase in any quantities. W. LARMER.

BALMAIN.—Wanted to purchase Allotment of LAND. Charles Mossman, Patent Slip Wharf, Sydney.

EMPTY Tin-lined CASES for SALE, all sizes. B. BRAUN, 349, George-street.

FOR SALE, first-class English-made BATH CHAIR, second-hand, cheap. W. Lendon, Waterloo Estate.

FOR SALE, a good Milking GOAT, just kidded. Apply at No. [illegible], Francis-street, Woolloomooloo.

FOR SALE, No. 1 SODA-WATER MACHINE, at reasonable terms. Apply 471, Pitt-street.

HYDRAULIC PRESS.—Wanted, 10 or 12 inch ram. Address Pot, HERALD Office.

IMPORTED.—Hamburgh and Brahma-Pootra Fowls' Eggs, for setting; fresh. M'Master's, Geo. & Park sts.

NEAT COTTAGE, wanted, Surry Hills, near S. H. R. preferred. Address Cottage, HERALD Office.

PIANO to LET on hire. Handsome rosewood case, latest improvements. C. C., HERALD Office.

USE OF PIANO for ladies to practise; near St. James's. Cadby, HERALD Office.

WANTED, to buy Left-off Clothing, of every description; highest price. J. Murphy, 107, Bathurst-st.

WANTED to SELL, nails, locks, keys, bolts, glue, saws, screws, tacks, planes. Smith, 36, Park-st.

WANTED, to purchase in Sydney, a HOUSE of 6 rooms, kitchen, and yard. 264, Clarence-street.

WANTED, to purchase a Publican's LICENSE. Pierce, agent, William-street.

WANTED, Singer's improved MACHINE, second-hand, in good order; state price. J. B., HERALD.

WANTED, second-hand Bath CHAIR. Apply office, Royal Hotel.

WINES.—Wanted, Sour Ports or Sherry in bond for exportation. Apply Oporto, HERALD Office.

WANTED, ½-lb. Mustard BOTTLES, 1s 6d per dozen. J. M. Hasmot, 153, Pitt-street.

WANTED, Poodle PUPS; also, a large jungle COCK. William Neaves, 213, Pitt-street.

WANTED to purchase, BATH; state size, price, and where to be seen to F. G., care Mr. Pierce, news agent, William-street.

WANTED, 1,000,000 Locks to Fit with Keys. Saws Re-toothed, Hammered, and Sharpened. G. Tall's is the only shop where you can get your work done in a workmanlike manner. 306, Pitt-street.

WANTED known, Gentlemen's Apparel SCOURED every day, at 5s suit. Kid Gloves cleaned 4d pair. Mourning Dyed on the shortest notice. A. Cox, dyer and scourer, 55, William-street, 81, Parramatta-st.

WANTED known, Saws sharpened and set, Keys fitted to locks; a large assortment of keys at wholesale; wire nails, cheaper than any shop in Sydney. R. Milham's, Southern Star, 711, George-street South.

WANTED, for cash, a COTTAGE of 4 or 5 rooms, with half an acre of garden ground, good view, Waverley or Woollahra preferred. Address, stating terms, to T. E., No. 6, Union-street, Pyrmont.

PROFESSIONS, TRADES, ETC.

A WELL-QUALIFIED TUTOR desires an Engagement, country preferred. Terms moderate. H. H., Pierce, William-street.

AN ELDERLY Person is desirous of obtaining an ENGAGEMENT as private tutor in a family in the country. Address Tutor, HERALD Office.

A LADY is desirous to obtain two or three little GIRLS, to receive morning instruction with her own, about seven years of age. Apply 1, Hyde Park-terrace, Liverpool-street.

A YOUNG LADY is desirous of obtaining an ENGAGEMENT as Resident Governess, in the country; the usual accomplishments taught, and the highest references given. Alma, HERALD Office.

A LADY, experienced in tuition, is desirous of obtaining a SITUATION, as Resident Governess. Acquirements—French, German, Music, and Drawing. V. R., HERALD Office.

DRESSMAKING.—Experienced Assistants and Apprentices required. 241, Macquarie-street North.

DRAPER.—Wanted, a Good HAND (Hosier and Haberdasher) for country. Apply, between 10 and 11, Monday morning, 10th October, to Christopher Newton, Brother, and Co.

HATTERS.—Wanted, a BODY-MAKER. G. H. Smith, 316, George-street.

MILLINERY.—Wanted, a good Trimmer and an Apprentice for the show room. Mrs. J. B. Howell.

MANTLE and DRESSMAKING.—APPRENTICES wanted. Miss Thynne, 100, King-street.

MILLINERY.—APPRENTICES wanted. Miss Thynne, 100, King-street.

OPEN to ENGAGEMENT, first-class Dressmaker, in private families. J. Marshall, Dowling-st., Wim'loo.

PARTNER wanted with £100 to join another in a good paying public-house. J. Y. X., HERALD.

PARTNER required with £100 to £200 for manufacturing business; profits very large. W. R., HERALD.

PUPIL TEACHER wanted, in a small Boys' School in the suburbs. C. T. N., HERALD Office.

PUPIL TEACHER wanted, in a Boys' School in the suburbs. C. T. N., HERALD Office.

RESIDENT ASSISTANT MASTER.—WANTED, in the Newcastle Grammar School, immediately, a gentleman to assist in the tuition of the junior pupils, and in general supervision. Good handwriting indispensable, with a knowledge of arithmetic, and the elements of Latin. Acquaintance with bookkeeping desirable. Apply Rev. H. S. Millard, head master.

SYDNEY INFIRMARY.
Young women desirous of being trained as NURSES in this institution should either write to the Lady Superintendent, or apply personally at the Infirmary any day between the hours of 10 a.m. and 1 p.m.

TO DRAPERS.—A JUNIOR wanted. E. Way, Pitt-street.

TO CHEMISTS.—Wanted, a thoroughly competent ASSISTANT. Bozon, William-street.

TO SQUATTERS.—Young gentleman wants Employment and experience on cattle station. Alpha, HERALD.

TO COUNTRY STOREKEEPERS.—A competent assistant is open for ENGAGEMENT. Good bookkeeper, and possessing excellent testimonials. Apply J. P., HERALD Office.

WANTED, a DRESSMAKER, for a few days. Apply Cambridge House, Jamison-street, 11 o'clock.

WANTED, good TACKERS and APPRENTICES. Mackay's City House, 363, George-street.

WANTED, competent MACHINIST, own machine. Dressmaking. 8, Charlotte-place, Church-hill.

WANTED, a CARPENTER for a small job in the suburbs. Apply 34, York-street.

WANTED, EMPLOYMENT, as Improver to painting and glazing. Painter, Cooper's stores, Judge-st.

WANTED, TAILORESSES and thorough Machinists. 217, Lower George-street.

WANTED, COPPERSMITHS. Wright's Galvanized Iron and Plumbing Works, William-st.

WANTED, 2 MACHINISTS with Machines. Apply early, Arch next Hoffnung's, Wynyard-lane.

WANTED, MACHINIST, with machine; also, Tackers, and Apprentice, for underclothing. 84, East Market-street.

WANTED, APPRENTICES and two good IMPROVERS to dress and mantle making. 1, Parker-lane, Haymarket.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

A YOUNG MAN, having 3 years' experience in Sydney, as well as 3 years abroad, is desirous of obtaining Mercantile EMPLOYMENT; can give good refs., as well as security. Address Business, HERALD.

A SOBER industrious man desires EMPLOYMENT in store or manufactory or otherwise, not afraid to work, can drive, read, and write, three and a half years' good character. Address C. C., HERALD Office.

A STEADY, sober, industrious Englishman, first-rate gardener, can groom and milk, attend to horse and buggy, or any kind of work indoors. W., Sheldon's Lodge, Miller's Point.

DISENGAGED, a Working Housekeeper and useful daughter. A. Z., grocer, Pitt and Bathurst streets.

DISENGAGED, at the Home, Darlinghurst, Cooks, Laundresses, and General Servants, and Nurses.

FOR Engagement—Two competent House and Parlour Maids; city reference. The Home, Darlinghurst.

FOR ENGAGEMENT, up-country competent Nurses, House and Parlour Maids. Registry, 221, Campbell-st.

FOR ENGAGEMENT—Cooks, for clubs or hotels; also Cooks and Laundresses, for gentlemen's families, each one with good city references. Wanted, General Servants, for suburbs. Mrs. Stephenson, 6, Bridge-street.

LADIES in city and suburbs supplied with first-class servants. P. M'Mahon, 75, William-street.

WANTED, by a respectable Person, a SITUATION as Housekeeper. Housekeeper, Post Office.

WANTED, by competent nurse, SITUATION. Home, Mrs. Vipond, 24, Burton-st., S. H. Road.

WANTED, by a widow Lady, a SITUATION, as Housekeeper. Address W. H., HERALD Office.

WANTED, HOME or Employment, for lad, 14, in the country. E. E., 3, Campbell-place, Riley-street.

WANTED, SITUATIONS by two sisters (Protestants), as General Servants. W. Brown, 207, Pitt-st.

WAITRESS, Cooks, good Housemaids, General Servants disengaged at Mrs. Capps's office, King-st.

WANTED, SITUATION, as working Housekeeper, single gentleman or small family; low wages. 535, Kent-street.

WANTED, by a young Man who has a fair collegiate education, a SITUATION, in town or country; had several years' experience in bush life; permanent occupation more object than salary. S. H., HERALD Office.

WANTED, by a steady young Man, a SITUATION where he would acquire a thorough knowledge of bookkeeping and regular office duties; salary no object; good references. Address, Mr. F. Clark, 115, King-street.

WANTED, by a young Man, EMPLOYMENT; is a cabinet-maker and joiner by trade, but will not confine himself to it should anything else suitable be offered; has received a good education, and can give good references as to character, if required. Apply J. S. H., HERALD Office.

SERVANTS WANTED.

A BOY wanted. Leader, Charters, and Co., 165, 167, and 169, South Head Road.

FEMALE General SERVANT wanted. Apply Bristol Arms, Sussex street North.

WANTED, a MAN, accustomed to drive tandem. Mr. P. M'Carroll, Redfern.

WANTED, a MAN, to drive and work in a store. W. Short, Victoria Wharf.

WANTED, a smart intelligent Youth, as Junior ASSISTANT. Commerce Hall, 788, George-st. S.

WANTED, a respectable YOUTH, about 15 years of age. Bradford's Hotel, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a first-class COOK. References required. Apply Post-office Hotel, York-street.

WANTED, a BOY, to carry out. Apply at 125, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a little GIRL, to mind a baby. Apply Mrs. Tobin, British Seaman Hotel.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, about 15, to take care of a child. Cohen's Hotel, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a respectable NURSEGIRL. 88, King-street, near City Bank.

WANTED, General SERVANT; reference required. Apply Steam Engine Inn, George-street South.

WANTED, a Man COOK, for country; must also understand baking well. P. M'Mahon, 75, Wm.-st.

WANTED, a thorough General SERVANT. No. 200, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a BOY, to serve milk and drive a cart. J. Coward, Botany; or J. Maskell, Brickfield-hill.

WANTED, a young GIRL, 12 or 13 years of age, to mind a baby. No. 505, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, an honest GIRL, about 16, for a dairy. A. Martin, Marrickville.

WANTED, experienced Female, as General SERVANT, for Fiji. Liberal wages. Office Royal Hotel.

WANTED, an ORPHAN; home and lessons for her services. Apply Monday, Cooper, newsagent, R.B.

WANTED, a CHILD to nurse, by respectable woman. S. B., Post Office.

WANTED, a LAD. Apply to Howell, Brothers, 724, George-street.

WANTED, General SERVANTS for the country. Home, Mrs. Vipond, 24, Burton-st., S. H. Road.

WANTED, a single MAN, as Gardener and make himself generally useful. 126, South Head Rd.

WANTED, a strong LAD or young MAN, for farm work. J. Simmonds, 122, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a respectable LAD, able to milk. Apply to A. Manser, No. 80, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a GIRL; wages, 4s. 7, Edward-street, off South Head Road.

WANTED, a little GIRL. Apply 64, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a MAN to work in a garden. C. Bate, 165, Pitt-street.

WANTED, a SHOPMAN. Apply L. Uhde and Co., Haymarket.

WANTED, a LAD, to deliver meat. 229, Sussex-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply to Mrs. Martin, Cheshire Cheese, 394, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a Girl, from 16 to 18, as General SERVANT. Small family. Rocky Glen Cottage, Darling Road, Balmain.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID; must be a good needlewoman. Apply to Mrs. Ward, Berry-street, St. Leonards, on SATURDAY or MONDAY, before 1 p.m.

WANTED, a young Woman, as good General SERVANT; one willing to accompany the family to England in a few months' time. Apply E. Curtiss, 24, O'Connell-street.

APARTMENTS, BOARD & RESIDENCE.

A BEDROOM, furnished, for one or two single men. R. Balls, 165, York-street, opp. Lassetter's Stores.

A COMFORTABLE HOME for two Gentlemen, Ashfield, near Station. Apply Station Master.

A COMFORTABLE BEDROOM, with use of sitting-room, in a private family, with or without board, for two respectable young men. No. 1, Randle-street, off Elizabeth-street, opposite Rising Sun Inn.

A DRAWING-ROOM SUITE and other rooms. 185, Macquarie-street North, opposite Inner Domain.

APARTMENTS, with Board, for a gentleman, in a private family; baths. 179, Liverpool-st., Hyde Park.

APARTMENTS, &c., Pembroke House, 215, Macquarie House, opposite Legislative Assembly.

APARTMENTS vacant, Pitville House, 36, Upper William-street North.

APARTMENTS vacant, Drawing-room, large Bedroom, bath, &c. Mrs. Mair, 140, Castlereagh-st. N.

APARTMENTS, Board as required; bath. 1, Cowper-terrace, Church-hill.

APARTMENTS.—Drawing-room and several Bedrooms vacant, 2, Rialto-terrace, Upper William-street South, Darlinghurst; healthy situation, and beautiful harbour views; baths, smoking room, &c.

APARTMENTS VACANT; family and single Rooms. Also a handsome Suite, suitable for a family. Wentworth House, Church-hill.
N.B.—Mrs. Casey has returned to the above house.

A VACANCY for a lady and gentleman, or gentlemen. Mrs. Rowett, No. 1, Carlton-terrace, Wynyard-sq.

BOARD and Residence for Gentlemen in a healthy locality. 145, Elizabeth-street.

BOARD and Residence, private. Mrs. Turner's, 49, Stanley-street. Bath. Terms, £1.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, for a gentleman seeking a really comfortable home. Urbs, HERALD Office.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, 22, Wynyard-square; terms moderate; use of hot and cold bath.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for a Gentleman. 159, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, for Family or Gentlemen. Mrs. Hatelie, 5, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

BOARD and RESIDENCE.—Mrs. Elder's, 294 and 296, Castlereagh-street, near Park-st. Stabling.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for gentlemen or married couple, 186, Prince-street, Church-hill. Terms, £1.

BOARD and RESIDENCE for two steady men, 416, Kent-street, two doors south of Catholic Chapel.

BOARD and RESIDENCE.—Mrs. DOBSON'S, Park House, 27, Park-street. Terms moderate.

BURWOOD.—Furnished Apartments.—To LET, 2 bed and sitting rooms, with use of kitchen, J. Atwell.

BOARD and RESIDENCE.—A comfortable home for one or two respectable men, 365, Castlereagh-street. Terms, 16s.

BILLIARDS. BILLIARDS. BILLIARDS.—To LET, large ROOM, suitable for Billiard Table; none in the neighbourhood. London Tavern, immediately behind Custom-house.

CHANGE OF AIR.—APARTMENTS vacant, Blue Mountain Retreat, close to Station. H. WILSON.

CHANGE OF AIR.—Private Apartments.—Mrs. J. R. Palfreyman, Woodside, Sutton Forest. Conveyance to and from station free of charge.

CHANGE OF AIR.—Private Boarding House, within ten minutes' walk of the Sutton Forest or Moss Vale Railway Station. Mrs. Joseph Roberts, Hillside.

DARLINGHURST.—Five ROOMS, &c.; good yard and water. Golden Lion, Great Barcom-st. 14s.

FURNISHED APARTMENTS, or Board. No. 2, Park-terrace, Woollahra, opposite St. Matthias's.

FURNISHED ROOM to LET, 5s per week. No. 4, Harrington-street, near Argyle-street.

LARGE Furnished BEDROOM to LET, private family; board. Chelmsford House, 70, Upper Fort-st.

LARGE comfortable Room, Board, &c., for gentleman, or two friends. Terms moderate. 641, George-st. S.

MEN wanted for a sugar plantation. J. C. Neild, jun., 227, George-street.

PRIVATE RESIDENCE, with or without board. 3, Lady Young-ter., top of Bridge-st., nr. Macquarie-st.

PRIVATE Board and Residence. Vacancies for 1 or 2 gentlemen. 207, Macquarie-st., near Domain gate.

PARTIAL Board and Residence. Apply Mrs. Robertson, corner of John and Harris sts., Pyrmont.

PARTIAL BOARD.—Pleasant ROOM for 2 gentlemen, friends; every comfort. 15, Lower Fort-street.

ST. KILDA HOUSE, Woolloomooloo, Private Boarding Establishment. Proprietress, Mrs. BUSS.

SUPERIOR Board and Residence, and Furnished Apartments, 67, William-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, a comfortable BEDROOM, suitable for a gentleman. No. 69, Stanley-street.

TO LET, a large front PARLOUR, furnished, suit a single gentleman. 74, Elizabeth-street North.

TO LET, at 64, Upper Fort-street, large ROOM and kitchen, with stove; rent moderate.

TO LET, Upper PART of HOUSE, 6 large rooms, including kitchen, scullery, yard. 160, Phillip-st.

TWO ROOMS to LET, with use of kitchen, 8s weekly. Also, one front room. 85, Gloucester-st., opposite Ship and Mermaid Hotel.

GENTLEMAN wants nice Furnished BEDROOM (without board), bath, ten minutes' walk of Railway station. State terms, J. J. W., HERALD Office.

WANTED, permanent Board and Residence, near waterside. 17s. C. F., School of Arts.

WANTED, a small HOUSE, coach-house and stable, in or about Surry Hills. House, Pierce, William-st.

WANTED, immediately, Waterside RESIDENCE, containing about 9 rooms, with necessary outhouses, North Shore: George Pile, jun, 60, Margaret-street.

WILLIAM-STREET.—HOUSE and SHOP wanted. Apply W. B., HERALD Office.

WANTED, to LET, a Family RESIDENCE. 334, Macquarie-street, near Lyons-terrace.

TO LET.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, a first-class COTTAGE, six rooms. Apply W. Gray, W. P. Wollcott's, Pitt-st.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, first-class HOUSES, close to the Station. M. Boylson.

A SHOP, two rooms and kitchen, with stables and cart sheds and paddock, to LET, on Sydenham Road, Marrickville. Apply to Mr. R. Pilgrim.

A SMALL neat HOUSE to LET, in a main thoroughfare, suitable for a Fancy Business or Residence. Apply No. 548, Elizabeth-street South.

A WELL-FINISHED 3-roomed COTTAGE, cut stone back and front, with stable and fowl-house, for SALE. Apply to P. KEOGH, Grocer, Rose-street, Shepherd's Paddock.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, a detached COTTAGE, six rooms, kitchen, servant's-room, garden, plenty water, close to the Station. Apply to A. Smith, Mr. J. B. Holdsworth's, 458, George-street.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, a new and commodious VILLA RESIDENCE and Grounds, situated on the Canterbury Road—drawing and dining rooms, seven bedrooms, extensive verandahs, out-offices complete, first-class stable, &c.; 7½ acres of splendid land, in garden, paddocks, &c. It is delightfully situated, and every way suitable for gentleman's family residence. Apply to Mr. Cubitt, house agent, Bridge-street. Rent low.

BALMAIN.—To LET, 8-roomed HOUSE, near the ferry, plenty of water, and every convenience. C. H. May, estate and house agent, 109, Elizabeth-street, Sydney; or Darling-street, Balmain.

BALMAIN.—TO be LET, Devonian Cottage, near the residence of James Shoobert, Esq., J.P., containing 9 rooms, 2 verandahs, kitchens, stable and coach-house, and other out-offices; abundance of water, garden, small paddock, and large yard; formerly the residence of John Row, Esq.; rent moderate. Apply to the cashier, at John Dawson's, solicitor, 136, Pitt-street.

BURWOOD.—To LET, a COTTAGE, near the station; seven rooms, kitchen, coach-house, stable, garden, paddock. Apply to Mr. Sly, Bridge-street, Sydney; or Joseph Fletcher, Burwood.

BURWOOD.—To LET, a COTTAGE, containing six rooms, on the highest part of Burwood, next door to the residence of G. F. Benbow, Esq., within five minutes' walk of the station. Has a beautiful view. Rent, 15s per week. Apply to Mr. Josiah Mullens, 131, Pitt-street.

BURWOOD.—To LET, a Family RESIDENCE, within four minutes' walk of the Station, containing, on ground floor, hall, 4 rooms, kitchen, and pantry; and above, 3 bedrooms and closet; at the rear a large room, 36 x 16 feet, and 2-stall stable and coach-house, &c.; large garden. Apply Station Master. Rent moderate.

COMMODIOUS COTTAGE, near Ashfield; 7 rooms, bath and dressing rooms, garden and large paddock; situation healthy and picturesque; access convenient by road, but on railway. Apply to Mr. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers; or to A. O. Moriarty, 14, Spring-street.

CHOICE Country Cottage RESIDENCE, furnished or unfurnished, within half an hour's reach of the city, on the line of railway; contains 9 rooms, bath-room, water laid on, stabling and other out-offices, and about 50 acres of paddock land.
W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

CALONGRA, OCEAN-STREET, WOOLLAHRA, at present occupied by W. C. Gardiner, Esq., contains 7 rooms, kitchen, laundry, pantries, and out-offices, coach-house, and stable, garden, &c. Apply to Messrs. Caird, Paterson, and Co., Wynyard-square; or to W. P. Woolcott, Bell-chambers.

CHANDLER AND CO.'S REGISTER OF HOTELS, BOARDING-HOUSES, &c.
TO BE LET.
GEORGE-STREET.—A large corner House, doing a splendid trade, and full of boarders. On easy terms
PITT-STREET.—An old established corner House, with very large bar trade
KING-STREET.—A corner House, with one of the best trades in the city
ERSKINE-STREET.—A Family Hotel, with extensive connection, and full of boarders
SOUTH HEAD ROAD.—One of the best Houses in the neighbourhood. A bargain
WOOLLOOMOOLOO.—A very snug House, in full trade
SUSSEX-STREET.—A capital House, opposite the steamers' wharf
BALMAIN.—A first-class Hotel, in the main street
MARKET-STREET.—Two very good Houses
BRIDGE-STREET.—A quiet House
SOUTH HEAD.—A capital House of business, in the best stand.

BUSINESS REGISTER.
Board and Lodging-house, in Clarence-street, with furniture complete, £70
Ditto ditto, in Goulburn. A bargain
Blacksmiths' Business, in New England
Coal, Wood, and Forage Depot, in the suburbs, cheap
General Store in a large country town, in the Northern District
General Store, near Liverpool
Freehold Property, incoming moderate.

☞ WANTED.
A small Public-house, or General Store, in the country. Incoming about £100
A snug Public-house, in the suburbs, from £50 to £100
A really good House in the centre of the city, from £500 to £700, for bar trade only.
Chandler and Co., auctioneers, hotel brokers and general agents, 401, George-street, opposite the Royal Hotel.

DARLING POINT.—To LET, snug COTTAGE large garden, rent 15s. C. H. May, 109, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

DOUBLE BAY.—To be LET, a Villa RESIDENCE, facing the harbour, containing seven rooms, kitchen, &c., with garden and large paddock.
Also, semi-detached VILLA, eight rooms, garden ground, and paddock.
Apply to Mrs. H. Salamon, Kundibar, Double Bay.

FURNISHED HOUSE to LET, or Furniture at valuation. Apply F., care Gordon and Gotch.

GLENMORE ROAD.—Neat VILLA to LET, 6 rooms and kitchen; ½ acre ground; rent £60. 116, Pitt-st.

HOMEBUSH.—Furnished 4-roomed COTTAGE and kitchen; rent, 30s. F. C., Homebush.

HOTEL to LET.—Lord Rodney, Kent-street. George Sewell.

HOTEL to LET.—The Lady of the Lake, Bay-street, Glebe; no bonus. Apply to James Simpson.

HOUSE to LET, No. 4, Bishopthorpe-terrace, Glebe Road; 5 rooms, kitchen, &c. J. Simpson, Bay-st.

HOUSE, 310, Palmer-street, S. H. R.; six rooms, long balcony, yard, side entrance; £1. Apply on premises.

HOUSE to LET, George-street, Waterloo, 3 doors north of Raglan-street, close to the Redfern 'bus stand, containing verandah, 4 rooms, large kitchen, with oven, good yard with back entrance, and plenty of water. Rent, 10s.

LADY YOUNG-TERRACE, Bridge-street.—To LET, No. 2, at reduced rent. Apply to H. Williams, Roslyn-street, Darlinghurst; or to James Lawson, 249, George-street.

MANLY BEACH.—8-roomed Furnished HOUSE to LET, Cottages. Smith's Boarding Establishment.

MANLY BEACH.—To LET, 8-roomed Furnished HOUSE, complete. E. Zuccani, 253, George-st.

NEWTOWN.—To LET, verandah COTTAGE, good repair, garden, excellent water; 10s. 183, Pitt-st.

PYRMONT.—To LET, 49, Mill-street; balcony view. 4 rooms and kitchen; low rent. Apply 142, Pitt-st.

PETERSHAM.—To LET, a 4-roomed verandah COTTAGE, with garden, and good supply of water, 8s. per week; also, a 6-roomed HOUSE. Apply at Barrell's corn store.

PROPERTIES TO BE LET.
NORTH SHORE—Family Residence, containing 6 large rooms, with kitchen and garden; rent, £90
NORTH SHORE—Cottage, 6 rooms, orchard, garden, large paddock; £70.

FOR SALE.
NORTH SHORE—Land, Milson's Point, near Captain M'Leod's; £2 10s per foot
NORTH SHORE—Near the Reserve, half-acre lots; £35
NORWOOD and PETERSHAM—Allotments, 100 to 300 feet deep, from 8s per foot, close to the Railway Station
NORTH SHORE—Waterside Allotments, 25s per foot.
GEORGE PILE, Jun.,
Estate Agent, 60, Margaret-street.

PROPERTIES TO LET.
ARTHUR CUBITT'S
"CITY AND SUBURBAN HOUSE REGISTER,"
for OCTOBER,
contains the most minute details of all the properties enumerated in the following list, and can be had free of charge, upon application at the office,
8, Bridge-street.

Semi-detached House, Double Bay, 8 rooms, &c.
Detached Villa, Edgecliffe Road, 7 rooms and kitchen
The Grove, St. Peters, Cook's River, opposite 5-mile stone
House, No. 51, Lower George-street, 10 rooms and kitchen
Como, Potts Point, 8 rooms, kitchen, 2 servants' rooms
Holbrook, Kirribilli Point, North Shore, water frontage
Chemist's Shop, Camden, 6 rooms, double front
Fernbank, Edgecliff Road, 8 rooms, and garden laid out
Rockhampton House, Waverley, 9 rooms and kitchen
House, Ashfield, 10 rooms, bath-room, coach-house, and stabling; 7½ acres land; splendid view
Land, to Let or for Sale, with two cottages, Waverley
Hotel, Elizabeth-street; a well-known paying house
One House, Cleveland-street, Redfern, 4 rooms and kitchen
Family Mansion, Macquarie-street, fronting Inner Domain
Allotment of Land, Riley-street, Surry Hills, on lease
Three Furnished Houses, Manly Beach, facing the ocean
Lauriston-terrace, Phillip-street, 7 rooms, kitchens
Bunnerong House and Grounds, Botany
Two Houses, Elizabeth-street, Strawberry Hill, 4 rooms
Moorcliff, Miller's Point, commodious Residence
House, Balmain, 5 rooms and kitchen (for sale)
Randwick, Land for sale, 1½ acre
Two Cottages, Petersham, near Railway Station (for sale)
Willotte, Darling Point, commodious Family Residence
Duntocher Lodge, Glenmore Road, 7 rooms, &c.
Villa Residence, Double Bay, 7 rooms, good view
One House, Shepherd's Paddock, 4 rooms, kitchen
Two Houses, Cumberland-street North, 8 rooms, kitchen
House, Riley-street, Surry Hills, 6 rooms, kitchen
House and Grounds, Mossman's Bay
Darling Point, Springfield, Family Residence, 3 acres,
Double Bay, Cottage, 5 rooms, kitchen (also for sale)
Darlinghurst, Victoria-street, commodious Family Mansion
Elizabeth-street, Strawberry Hill, 4 rooms, kitchen, servant's room
Ditto ditto ditto, 6 rooms, kitchen, stable, &c.
Ditto ditto ditto, 8 rooms, kitchen
Elizabeth-street, House, 8 rooms, kitchen, &c.
George-street, Brickfield-hill, large Shop and Store
Glebe, Arundel-terrace, Cottage, 3 rooms, kitchen
Hunter-street, Shop and Dwelling, 6 rooms
2 Houses, Lower Fort-st, commodious Family Residences
Liverpool-street, Hyde Park, 7 rooms
Newtown, Shop and Dwelling, 5 rooms, kitchen
Redfern, Botany Road, 4 rooms, attic, kitchen
Randwick, Avoca Villa, 10 rooms, and 20 acres land
Waverley, Roxburgh Cottage, 5 rooms, kitchen, 5 acres
Furnished House, St. John's Road, Darlinghurst
Land for Sale, Moore Park
Stores and Offices in various parts of the City
Waverton, Cook's River.—Cottage and grounds
House, Albion-street, Surry Hills, 6 rooms, kitchen
2 Houses, Balmain, each 4 rooms and kitchen
House, Bourke-street, near William-street, 6 rooms
Ditto, Little Brisbane-street, 3 rooms
Ditto, Castlereagh-street, near Market-street, 5 rooms
Ditto, semi-detached, Crown-street, near Foveaux-street, 7 rooms
Ditto, Macleay-street, 9 rooms, bathroom, kitchen
Ditto, Elizabeth-street North, 10 rooms, kitchen, servant's room
3 ditto, ditto ditto, 6 ditto, ditto ditto
House, Harrington-street, 5 rooms, kitchen, &c.
Ditto, Riley-street, near William-street, 6 rooms, kitchen
2 ditto, Victoria-street, Surry Hills, 4 rooms, kitchen
Ditto, Heathfield, Woollahra, commodious Residence.
ARTHUR CUBITT,
House Agent, Bridge-street.

SHOPS to LET, newly-erected, in Crown-street, between Goulburn and Campbell streets. Rent, £1.

SPRINGFIELD, Waverley; six rooms, good outbuildings, and paddock. A. Mitchell, Circular Quay.

SPRINGFIELD, DARLING POINT.—This excellent suburban villa, (lately the residence of J. S. Willis, Esq.), with garden and ground (3 acres), is now to LET. Rent moderate. Cards to view can be had on application to Arthur Cubitt, house agent, Bridge-street.

TO LET, several HOUSES in Wentworth-place, and Abercrombie-street. Apply 8, Bligh-street.

TO LET, the STAR INN, Toll-gate, Newtown. Apply on the premises.

TO LET, a HOUSE of six rooms and kitchen; rent, 16s. Inquire Native Home, Brisbane-street.

TO LET, HOUSES and COTTAGES, 4 rooms and kitchen; yard and water. Ultimo House, Ultimo.

TO LET, SHOP, suit any trade; also, new 4-room Cottages, near Raglan-st., Botany Road, Waterloo.

TO LET, a 6-roomed HOUSE, Redfern-street, Redfern. Mrs. M'Intosh, Chippen-st., Chippendale.

TO LET, 5-stalled STABLE, Coach-house, and loft; rent moderate. 203, Clarence-street.

TO LET, Surry Hills, Lansdowne-terrace, 6 ROOMS; 12s per week. H. Vaughan, 149, King-street East.

TO LET, HOUSES, Redfern, 3 rooms; 4s per week. H. Vaughan, 149, King-street East.

TO LET, SHOP and Dwelling, York-street, near the Markets; 30s per week. H. Vaughan, 149, King-st.

TO LET, Randwick, opposite St. Jude's Church, a COTTAGE, 7 rooms, coachhouse, stable, &c.

TO BE LET, Australian INN, Parramatta-street. Doing a snug little business.

TO LET, HOUSES, 6 rooms, kitchen, laundry, garden, back entrance. Ida-terrace, Glebe R oad.

TO LET, healthy commodious HOUSES, New South Head Road, through the toll-bar. 18s. and 16s.

TO LET, 359, Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst, twelve ROOMS, in thorough repair. Apply next door.

TO LET, Nos. 33½ and 37, Prince-street. Apply Beehive Inn, Prince-street.

TO LET, SALISBURY HOTEL, Paddington, corner house; good stand; low rent. C. Bate, 165, Pitt-st.

TO LET, 2, Downshire-place, Paddington, 6 rooms; front garden; rent low. C. Bate, 165, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a HOUSE of 6 rooms, with water. Apply A. Steel, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, a HOUSE of 3 rooms, with water. Apply A. Steel, Devonshire-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, 4-roomed HOUSE. Low rent. Apply No. 2, Margaret-lane, Margaret-street.

TO LET, No. 147, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo, 6 rooms, 14s per week. Apply at 153.

TO LET or SELL, at Norwood, Petersham, a detached COTTAGE. Apply at Station.

TO LET, GRAZING. Apply to Mr. Walsh, family butcher, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, 4-roomed COTTAGE, with Stable, Raglan-street, South Sydney. Rent, 9s. 4, Alma-street.

TO LET, COTTAGE, 46, Derwent-street, Glebe, 4 rooms and kitchen, yard and garden.

TO LET, comfortable 3-roomed COTTAGE, Chippen-street, Chippendale. Apply Mr. Scully, stables, op.

TO LET, HOUSES, 4 rooms and kitchen, Buckingham-street, Alfred Park. J. Outridge, 7, Belvoir-ter.

TO LET, HOUSE, 5 rooms, kitchen, &c. Apply 79, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, two HOUSES, Riley-street, Surry Hills. Levy and De Lissa, Bell's-chambers, 173, Pitt-st.

TO LET, new HOUSE, 4 rooms, oven; water and taxes paid. Hoddle, butcher, Buckingham-street.

TO LET, a COTTAGE, in Clarence-street, next Trimble's candle factory, 11s a week.

TO LET, No. 349, Crown-street, Surry Hills, 5 rooms and kitchen. Apply on the premises.

TO LET, 3-roomed HOUSE, with water and sewer laid on. Apply 219, Campbell-street.

TO LET, part of a HOUSE, unfurnished; rent moderate. 136, Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo.

TO LET, a 4-roomed HOUSE, Judge-street. F. Pierce, auctioneer, &c., 79, William-street.

TO LET, No. 3, Tudor-terrace, Crown-st., Surry Hills. 5 rooms, &c. Key at No. 6, Phillip's-ter., nr. above.

TO LET, a HOUSE in Hosking-place. Rent, 14s. Key at No. 15.

TO LET, at Pott's Point, a 4-room COTTAGE. Rent 10s week. Apply 141, Castlereagh-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, 6 rooms, No. 17, Marlborough-st., Surry Hills. Mrs. Hulle, 573, George-st. S. Rent 19s.

TO LET, HOUSE, with 8 rooms, in Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park, next Dr. Fullerton's.

TO LET, the ADELPHI THEATRE, for Divine Service. Apply Wilson and Hubbe, Victoria Theatre.

TO LET, No. 258, Clarence-street, near Druitt-street, containing five rooms, kitchen, and stable, with back entrance. Apply to Mr. O'Brien, broker, opposite.

TO LET, HOUSE of six rooms, a large yard, and stabling; water laid on. Apply to Mrs. Molloy, Athlone-place, off Parramatta-street.

TO LET, a six-roomed HOUSE, with stable attached; rent, 14s per week. Apply to James Steenson, 607, George-street South.

TO LET, 118, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo, containing 6 rooms, and kitchen, with cooking stove. Key at Mr. Clark's, butcher, opposite.

TO LET, Craigstone COTTAGE, Point-street, Pyrmont; 4 rooms, in thorough repair. Apply to Major Christie, next door.

TO LET, two COTTAGES, Murray-street, Pyrmont, containing each 5 rooms and kitchen. Richardson and Wrench, 142, Pitt-street.

TO LET, ARNMORE COTTAGE, containing eight rooms; out-offices, good water, and large paddock, &c. Rent low. Apply to James Pearce, Randwick.

TO LET, the HOUSE and GROUNDS (18 acres) of Lancefield, St. Peters, Cook's River Road. Apply on the premises, or to J. G. Church, Esq., opposite.

TO LET, at Peacock's Point, Balmain, one of those recently erected HOUSES, roofed with Australian tiles, 5 rooms, kitchen, verandah, balcony, &c.; fine view of the harbour; 12s 6d week. F. Smith, op. Royal Hotel.

TO LET, 6-roomed HOUSE, with every convenience, fronting Victoria Park, 14s. per week; also 4-roomed HOUSE, 11s. per week. Apply D. Jarman, Kent-terrace, Newtown Road.

TO LET, first-class commodious HOTEL, in the city, containing 15 rooms, stabling, &c., with sale of Lease, License, bar fittings, and furniture, &c., £40; rent very low; a bargain. Apply H. Vaughan, 149, King-st. East.

TO LET, a HOUSE and SHOP, 149, Kent-street North, near Gas-lane, containing 7 rooms, kitchen, &c. Apply Charles Kelsey, Queensland Hotel, Erskine-street.

TO DRAPERS.—To LET, SHOP, corner O'Connell-street and Newtown Road, with counter and fixtures, complete; gas laid on. Apply W. C. Fallick, ironmonger, Pitt-street, near Market-street.

TO LET, BROMLEY VILLA, Oxford-street, Kingston, Newtown, containing eight rooms, kitchen, bath, wash-house, &c.; good supply of water. Apply Station-master, Newtown.

TO LET, 2-stall STABLE, with good harness room and loft, yard and water. Suitable for a cabman. Rent, only 8s per week. Apply 5, Little Brisbane-street, off South Head Road.

TO BE LET, or for SALE, furnished, that desirable RESIDENCE, at Rose Bay, lately occupied by H. Levick, Esq. For terms apply to Dangar, Gedye, and Co., 21, Macquarie-place.

TO LET, detached COTTAGE, Glebe Road, containing hall, dining and sitting rooms, 4 bedrooms, kitchen, washhouse, stable, coachhouse, verandah and garden in front. Apply M. A. Benjamin, next door.

TO LET, Balmain, Mount Shamrock, a comfortable VILLA RESIDENCE, well situated, and close to the Ferry. Apply to E. W. Cameron, Ewenton, Balmain.

TO LET, VILLA RESIDENCE, with 9 rooms, &c., at Waverley
HOUSE, with 6 rooms, &c., Belmore-terrace, Paddington
OFFICES over Mercantile Bank, George-street: and at Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street.
Apply to E. Vickery.

TO LET, ELIZABETH VILLA, Norwood, three minutes' walk from Petersham Railway Station, containing six large rooms, kitchen, servant's room; pantry, laundry, and cellar, with garden and paddock. Apply at Monono Lodge, near the premises; or to W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

TO LET, that well-known and old-established house, the SHIP HOTEL, situated in Sussex-street, in close proximity to all the principal wharfs. Always full of boarders. Proprietor leaving on account of ill-health in the family. Incoming moderate. Apply to S. Levin, 164, King-street; or on the premises.

TO LET, at Manly, fifteen minutes' walk from Pier, a 4-room COTTAGE, with Orchard of three acres, over 200 trees in full bearing, all choice, and in good order; flower and kitchen garden, paddock; large cow-shed, piggery, and a never-failing creek of the best of water. Rent, £30. J. H., 154, William-street.

TO LET or SELL, that delightfully situated Family RESIDENCE, on the eastern side, and adjacent to the Hunter's Hill Wharf. The house contains nine rooms, outhouses, &c., and the garden and shrubbery, bounded by the river, are stocked with the choicest trees; steamers call fourteen times daily. Every facility exists in the neighbourhood for obtaining supplies.

TO LET, GEORGE'S HALL, consisting of stone house of eleven good rooms, exclusive of kitchen, laundry, stables, &c. Garden stocked with fruit trees, and about 150 acres of cultivation and pasture land. This fine estate is situated on the banks of George's River, and is distant only about three miles from Fairfield Railway Station, or fourteen miles by the Road from Sydney. Apply to James Laidley, 251, George-street.

TO LET, a beautiful Waterside RESIDENCE, belonging to, and at present occupied by, Colonel Richardson, situate at the east of the city, Double Bay, containing dining and drawing rooms, 4 bedrooms; has detached kitchen, servant's room, laundry, coach-house, 3-stall stable, coachman's and gardener's rooms, bath-house, &c., garden, and an acre of ground. Immediate possession can be had.
W. P. Woolcott, Bell's-chambers.

WEST-STREET, DARLINGHURST.—To LET, snug 3-roomed COTTAGE, kitchen, &c. C. H. May, 109, Elizabeth-street.

418, PITT-STREET, new 10-roomed HOUSE, coach-house, stable; bath; gas. Rent, £2.

OFFICES TO LET, at 247, George-street, Nos. 2 and 3 on second floor of Belmore-chambers, lately occupied as the Necropolis Office, with fireproof safe, use of lavatory, closets, &c.; water laid on. Apply on the premises; or to the Under-Secretary for Lands.

QUEEN'S-PLACE.—To LET, the large and commodious STORE, No. 27, Queen's-place, Pitt-street North, containing floored cellar, and three flats above. Apply Mr. Josiah Mullens, 131, Pitt-street.

TO MERCHANTS.—OFFICES, Stores, to LET. Apply W. Watkin's office, Custom-house Buildings.

TO LET, Grocery and Produce STORE, established 13 years. Reduced rent. C. Bate, 165, Pitt-street.

TO LET, old-established Grocery and Produce STORE, suburbs; rare chance. C. Bate, 165, Pitt-street.

TO BE LET, those eligible STORES, 88, Clarence-street, recently occupied by Dangar, Dangar, and Co. For particulars apply to Dangar, Gedye, and Co., 21, Macquarie-place.

YORK-STREET.—To LET, the spacious Stone STORE, No. 89, York-street, lately in the occupation of C. K. Moore, Esq., containing three extensive floors, with water laid on, and every convenience. Immediate possession can be given. Apply to Mr. Josiah Mullens, 131, Pitt-street.

TO LET, a piece of GROUND, suitable for a Market Garden, situate near Rushcutter's Bay, about three acres; rent 20s. a week. Apply to Mr. Dummer, William-street.

TO LET, a Market GARDEN (lately occupied by J. Keep), containing 5 acres of good land and 3-roomed cottage, opposite the Halfway House, Botany. Apply to W. Williamson, Belfast Wine Vaults, Botany Road.

TO BE LET, OR SOLD, the LIBERTY PLAINS ESTATE, Haslem Creek, comprising about 1400 acres. A portion of this estate (200 acres) was sold to the Government for a necropolis, and the Parramatta Railway runs through it, a station being at Haslem Creek. This property abuts the Parramatta and Liverpool main roads, besides being approached by the railway on either side; a portion of this land was formerly under cultivation. As the new cattle-slaughtering and sale yards are intended to be erected close to this estate, its proximity renders it most desirable for grazing paddocks. For further particulars and plans apply to A. Cohen, Cohen's Hotel, Wynyard-square.

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